

Style Manual

An official guide to the form and style of Federal Government publishing | 2016

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(TITLE 44, U.S.C.)

§ 1105. Form and style of work for departments

The Director of the Government Publishing Office shall determine the form and style in which the printing or binding ordered by a department is executed, and the material and the size of type used, having proper regard to economy, workmanship, and the purposes for which the work is needed.

(Pub. L. 90–620, Oct. 22, 1968, 82 Stat. 1261; Pub. L. 113–235, div. H, title I, § 1301(c)(1), Dec. 16, 2014, 128 Stat. 2537.)

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Based on 44 U.S. Code, 1964 ed., § 216 (Jan. 12, 1895, ch. 23, § 51, 28 Stat. 608).

AMENDMENTS

2014—Pub. L. 113–235 substituted "Director of the Government Publishing Office" for "Public Printer".

About This Manual

The GPO Style Manual, as it is popularly known, is issued under the authority of section 1105 of title 44 of the U.S. Code, which requires the Director of the GPO to "determine the form and style in which the printing . . . ordered by a department is executed, . . . having proper regard to economy, workmanship, and the purposes for which the work is needed." The Manual is prepared by the GPO Style Board, composed of proofreading, printing, and Government documents specialists from within GPO, where all congressional publications and many other key Government documents are prepared.

The first GPO STYLE MANUAL appeared in 1894. It was developed originally as a printer's stylebook to standardize word and type treatment, and it remains so today. Through successive editions, however, the Manual has come to be widely recognized by writers and editors both within and outside the Federal Government as one of the most useful resources in the editorial arsenal. And now in the 21st century, writers and editors are using the Manual in the preparation of the informational content of Government publications that appear in digital formats.

Writers and editors whose disciplines have taught them aspects of style different from those found in the GPO Style Manual will appreciate the difficulty of establishing a single standard. Users of this Manual should consider it instead as a general guide. Its rules cannot be regarded as rigid, for the printed word assumes many shapes and variations in final presentation, and usage changes over time as language evolves. Periodically the Manual is updated, as this edition has been, to eliminate obsolete standards, update form and usage, and adjust the guidance for document preparation and appearance to current custom.

Comments and suggestions from users of the GPO STYLE MANUAL are welcomed. All such correspondence may be emailed to the GPO Style Board at gpostyle@gpo.gov.

vi About This Manual

A digital version of this Manual appears on GPO's **govinfo** at https://www.govinfo.gov/gpo-style-manual. Revisions and updates are made to the online version of this Manual periodically. Accordingly, that document rather than the printed edition should be consulted as the most up-to-date version available.

For the purposes of the GPO STYLE MANUAL, examples provided throughout both the printed and digital versions are to be given the same weight as the enumerated rules.

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About This Manual vii

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GPO's Digital Information Initiatives

In the digital age, GPO is responsible for providing public access to the digital versions of many of the official documents it prints, as well as—to the greatest extent possible—the digital versions of Government publications that are not printed but are otherwise made available on other Federal websites. GPO recognizes that a Federal author today often begins the content creation process at a computer, and frequently publishes the final document to the web without creating a print version that will make its way to a user's hands or a library's shelves.

GPO Access

To accommodate this transition in Federal publishing strategies while preserving GPO's core responsibility for ensuring public access to Government publications, Congress enacted Public Law 103–40, the Government Printing Office Electronic Information Access Enhancement Act of 1993, which required GPO to establish access to key Government publications in digital format and provide a system of storage to ensure permanent public access to the information they contain. Opened to the public in 1994, the resulting website, *GPO Access*, was GPO's entrance into the digital age. In 2003, the National Archives and Records Administration formally recognized GPO as an affiliate archive for the digital content on the *GPO Access* site. *GPO Access* operated for 15 years before it was retired following the introduction of GPO's Federal Digital System (FDsys).

Federal Digital System (FDsys)

To meet continued public demand for access to digital Government publications, provide for an increased range of search and retrieval options, and ensure the preservation of official Government information content in the 21st century, GPO embarked on the construction of a more comprehensive online capability, called the Federal Digital System, or FDsys, available at www.fdsys.gov.

FDsys was launched as a beta website in 2009 and permanently replaced *GPO Access* in 2011. FDsys provides free access to hundreds of thousands

of official Federal Government publications in digital format from all three branches of the Federal Government, including congressional bills, the Congressional Record, the Federal Register, the Compilation of Presidential Documents, the U.S. Code, the Code of Federal Regulations, and opinions from more than 100 Federal courts. In 2016, GPO reached a milestone of two billion retrievals of digital Government information from FDsys (the equivalent of nine retrievals per second over seven years of operation).

govinfo beta website

In February 2016, GPO launched the next generation of digital public access, **govinfo** (at www.govinfo.gov) as a public beta website to eventually replace the FDsys public website. **govinfo** is a redesign of FDsys featuring a modern, easy-to-use look and feel that syncs with the need of today's Government information users for quick and effective digital access across a variety of digital platforms. It was developed with a focus on implementing feedback from users and improving overall search and access to FDsys content. The redesigned, mobile-friendly website incorporates state-of-the-art innovative technologies and includes several new features for an overall enhanced user experience. **govinfo** is the new front door to accessing the same official, preserved content that GPO has made available through *GPO Access* and FDsys for more than two decades.

The key new features of **govinfo** include the capability to link related content, new ways to browse content, a new open-source search engine, enhancements to the search filters, and more options for sharing pages and content on social media.

Digital preservation

Content in FDsys and **govinfo** is preserved to ensure permanent availability in electronic form. As a preservation repository, GPO follows archival system standards to ensure long-term preservation and access to digital content. GPO's digital stewardship vision is to operate a standards-based preservation repository and to implement user-friendly, responsive, and innovative technologies to ensure that all archived content information can be obtained, rendered, used, and understood by the designated community into the future.

In 2015, GPO began pursuing certification of its flagship system as a Trustworthy Digital Repository for Government information under ISO 16363: Audit and Certification of Trustworthy Digital Repositories.

Authentication of digital documents

The increasing use of documents in digital format poses a special challenge in verifying authenticity, because digital technology makes such documents easy to alter or copy in unauthorized or illegitimate ways. GPO assures users that the publications available from GPO websites are as official and authentic as publications that have been printed by GPO for many years. GPO digital systems operate with established trust relationships between all parties in digital transactions. A visible digital signature, viewed as the GPO Seal of Authenticity signified by an eagle, verifies document integrity and authenticity on GPO online Federal documents. The visible digital signature on PDF documents on FDsys and **govinfo** signifies a guarantee that the information in the document is official, authentic, and secure.

XML bulk data repository

Since the launch of FDsys, GPO has worked with partners in the legislative and executive branches to expand the availability of Government information content in support of an open and transparent government. One such effort involves making content available in machine-readable Extensible Markup Language (XML) format for bulk download. The effort began in 2009 and has grown to nine collections now available through GPO's bulk data repository at www.gpo.gov/fdsys/bulkdata. The repository features data collections including text, summary, and status information for bills introduced in the House of Representatives and the Senate, the annual official and unofficial digital versions of the Code of Federal Regulations, the Federal Register, the U.S. Government Manual, and the Public Papers of the Presidents of the United States.

Information available on GPO's XML bulk data repository helps maximize the ways this data can be used or repurposed by users. Making information available in XML permits data to be reused and repurposed for mobile web applications, data mashups, and other analytical tools by third-party providers, contributing to efforts supporting openness and transparency in government.

Catalog of U.S. Government Publications (CGP)

GPO is responsible for creating a catalog and index for all public documents published by the Federal Government that are not confidential in character. This work serves libraries and the public nationwide and enables people to locate desired Government publications in all formats. The public interface for accessing these cataloging records is the Catalog of U.S. Government Publications (CGP), which is available in digital format at http://catalog.gpo. gov. Using the CGP, anyone can freely access descriptive information for historical and current Government publications as well as digital links to their full content. Print versions of U.S. Government publications may be found by contacting a Federal depository library: https://catalog.gpo.gov/fdlpdir/FDLPdir.jsp.

Ben's Guide to the U.S. Government

Ben's Guide, available at http://bensguide.gpo.gov, provides learning tools for K–12 students, parents, and educators. The site provides age-specific explanations about how the Federal Government works, explains the use of the primary source materials available on FDsys and **govinfo**, and explains GPO's role in the Federal Government.

Online U.S. Government Bookstore

Government information users may also locate and order publications available for sale in both print and digital—including eBook—formats through GPO's Publication and Information Sales Program. Orders may be placed online securely at https://bookstore.gpo.gov.

Applicability of the GPO STYLE MANUAL to digital publications

The rules of grammar, spelling, punctuation, and related matters, as stated in this Manual, will serve well when preparing documents for digital access. Most of the documents on FDsys and **govinfo** are derived from databases used in the printing of Government publications. As the availability of Government publications in digital formats continues to grow, the rules as stated in this Manual will continue to be GPO's standard for all document preparation, whether for conventional printing or digital access.

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1. Advice to Authors and Editors

The GPO STYLE MANUAL is intended to facilitate the production of Government publications. Careful observance of the following suggestions will aid in expediting your publication and reduce costs.

- **1.1.** Making changes after submission of copy delays the production of the publication and adds to the expense of the work; therefore, copy must be carefully edited before being submitted to the Government Publishing Office.
- **1.2.** Legible copy, not faint reproductions, must be furnished.
- **1.3.** Copy should be on one side only with each sheet numbered consecutively. If both sides of copy are to be used, a duplicate set of copy must be furnished.
- **1.4.** To avoid unnecessary expense, it is advisable to have each page begin with a new paragraph.
- **1.5.** Proper names, signatures, figures, foreign words, and technical terms should be written plainly.
- **1.6.** Chemical symbols, such as Al, Cl, Tl are sometimes mistaken for A1, C1, T1. Editors must indicate whether the second character is a letter or a figure.
- **1.7.** Footnote reference marks in text and tables should be arranged consecutively from left to right across each page of copy.
- **1.8.** Photographs, drawings, and legends being used for illustrations should be placed in the manuscript where they are to appear in the publication. They should be on individual sheets, as they are handled separately during typesetting.
- **1.9.** If a publication is composed of several parts, a scheme of the desired arrangement must accompany the first installment of copy.
- **1.10.** To reduce the possibility of costly blank pages, avoid use of new odd pages and halftitles whenever possible. Generally these refinements should be limited to quality bookwork.

1.11. Samples should be furnished if possible. They should be plainly marked showing the desired type, size of type page, illustrations if any, paper, trim, lettering, and binding.

- **1.12.** In looseleaf or perforated-on-fold work, indicate folio sequence, including blank pages, by circling in blue. Begin with first text page (title). Do not folio separate covers or dividers.
- **1.13.** Indicate on copy if separate or self-cover. When reverse printing in whole or in part is required, indicate if solid or tone.
- **1.14.** Avoid use of oversize fold-ins wherever possible. This can be done by splitting a would-be fold-in and arranging the material to appear as facing pages in the text. Where fold-ins are numerous and cannot be split, consider folding and inserting these into an envelope pasted to the inside back cover.
- **1.15.** Every effort should be made to keep complete jobs of over 4 pages to signatures (folded units) of 8, 12, 16, 24, or 32 pages. Where possible, avoid having more than two blank pages at the end.
- **1.16.** Indicate alternative choice of paper on the requisition. Where possible, confine choice of paper to general use items carried in inventory as shown in the <u>GPO Paper Catalogue</u> (https://www.gpo.gov/pdfs/customers/GPOPaperCatalogue0614.pdf).
- **1.17.** If nonstandard trim sizes and/or type areas are used, indicate head and back margins. Otherwise, GPO will determine the margins.
- **1.18.** Customers should submit copy for running heads and indicate the numbering sequence for folios, including the preliminary pages.
- **1.19.** Corrections should be made on first proofs returned, as later proofs are intended for verification only. All corrections must be indicated on the "R" (revise) set of proofs, and only that set should be returned to GPO.
- **1.20.** Corrections should be marked in the margins of a proof opposite the indicated errors, not by writing over the print or between the lines. All queries on proofs must be answered or no change will be made.

1.21. The following GPO publications relate to material included in this Manual.

Government Paper Specification Standards

The purpose of these standards is to achieve compliance with relevant statutes regarding printing papers; address environmental, workplace safety, and paper longevity issues; and achieve maximum savings in the Government's paper purchases. <u>2011</u> (https://www.gpo.gov/pdfs/customers/sfas/vol12/vol_12.pdf).

GPO Paper Samples

This publication is a supplement to Government Paper Specification Standards. It includes samples of papers used by GPO. Used as a planning aid and guide in selecting an adequate grade, weight, and color of paper for a job of printing. 2011.

1.22. Corrections made to proofs should be indicated as follows:

	-		
0	Insert period	rom.	Roman type
٨	Insert comma	caps.	Caps—used in margin
:	Insert colon		Caps—used in text
;	Insert semicolon	C+AC	Caps & small caps—used in margin
3	Insert question mark		Caps & small caps—used in text
!	Insert exclamation mark	A.C.	Lowercase—used in margin
=/	Insert hyphen	/	Used in text to show deletion or
V	Insert apostrophe		substitution
A. S.	Insert quotation marks	4	Delete
4	Insert 1-en dash	3	Delete and close up
쏬	Insert 1-em dash	w.f.	Wrong font
#	Insert space		Close up
Id>	Insert () points of space	コ	Move right
skill	Insert shilling	⊏	Move left
V	Superior	П	Move up
Λ	Inferior	L	Move down
(/)	Parentheses	11	Align vertically
[/]	Brackets	=	Align horizontally
	Indent 1 em	コニ	Center horizontally
	Indent 2 ems	Ħ	Center vertically
Ħ	Paragraph	eq.#	Equalize space—used in margin
no II	No paragraph	W	Equalize space—used in text
tr	Transpose 1—used in margin		Let it stand—used in text
\sim	Transpose ² —used in text	stet.	Let it stand—used in margin
sp	Spell out	8	Letter(s) not clear
ital	Italic—used in margin	runover	Carry over to next line
	Italic—used in text	run bock	Carry back to preceding line
l.f.	Boldface—used in margin	out, see apy	Something omitted—see copy
~~~	Boldface—used in text	3/3	Question to author to delete ³
.A. €.	Small caps—used in margin	^	Caret—General indicator used
-	Small caps—used in text		to mark position of error.

¹In lieu of the traditional mark "tr" used to indicate letter or number transpositions, the striking out of the incorrect letters or numbers and the placement of the correct matter in the margin of the proof is the preferred method of indicating transposition corrections.

²Corrections involving more than two characters should be marked by striking out the entire word or number and placing the correct form in the margin. This mark should be reserved to show transposition of words.

³The form of any query carried should be such that an answer may be given simply by crossing out the complete query if a negative decision is made or the right-hand (question mark) portion to indicate an affirmative answer.

```
reset 8 st. C& SC
                            TYPOGRAPHICAL ERRORS)
              It does not appear that the earliest printers had e
       any method of v correcting errors v before v the form
          was on the press, The learned The learned cor-
            rectors of the first two centuries of printing were
         motproofreaders in our sense, they where rather;
            what we should term office editors Their labors
        not were chiefly to see that the proof corresponded to
            the copy, but that the printed page was correct
       in its latinity that the words were there, and state that the sense was right. They cared but little
            about orthography, bad letters, or purely printers $13/5
            errors, and when the text seemed to them wrong
            they consulted fresh authorities or altered it on
            their own responsibility. Good proofs, in the
       not/) modern sense, were impossible until professional
            readers were employed imen who had first a
            printer's education, and then spent many years
          in the correction of proof. The orthography of
            English, which for the past century has under =
            gone little change, was very fluctuating until after
            the publication of Johnson's Dictionary, and capi-
            tals, which have been used with considerable reg-
            ularity for the past 80 years, were previously used
        on the miss or hit plan. The approach to regu-
          Harity, so far as we have, may be attributed to the
            growth of a class of professional proofreaders, and
            it is to them that we owe the correctness of mod-
       #/ ern printing. More er ors have been found in the Bible than in any other one work. For many gen-
            erations it was frequently the case that Bibles
            were brought out stealthily, from fear of govern-
         ____mental interference. They
                                               were frequently (out, see cop
            printed from imperfect texts, and were often mod-
            ified to meet the views of those who publised &
       O#themThe story is related that a certain woman
           in Germany, who was the wife of a Printer, and le wife
            had become disgusted with the continual asser-
  Softnom tions as the superiority of man over woman which
            she had heard, hurried into the composing room
            while her husband was at supper and altered a
         sentence in the Bble, \text{Which \text{Vhe Ywas \text{Vprinting, \text{Vso } \text{\text{\text{\text{\text{V}/\text{\text{\text{V}/\text{\text{\text{V}/\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{V}}}}}}
           that it read Narr instead of Herr, thus making (2/3)
the verse read "And he shall be thy fool" instead
            of "and he shall be thy lord." The word not
            was omitted by Barker, the king's printer in En-
            gland in 1632, in printing the seventh commandment, o
He was fined (23)000 on this account.
```

NOTE.—The system of marking proofs can be made easier by the use of an imaginary vertical line through the center of the type area. The placement of corrections in the left-hand margin for those errors found in the left-hand portion of the proof and in the right-hand margin for right-side errors prevents overcrowding of marks and facilitates corrections.

# Job planning

- 2.1. New publications are evaluated by application specialists who review their requirements and design the necessary formats. Each format is made to conform exactly to the copy's specifications for page dimensions, line length, indentions, typefaces, etc. Upon completion, sample pages are produced and submitted to the customer. At this time, customer agencies are requested to indicate precise details of any style changes because this set of pages serves as a guide for the copy preparer, the beginning of actual production.
- 2.2. Changes in the needs of the library community have led to a move toward uniform treatment of the component parts of publications. In developing standards to guide publishers of Government documents, consideration has been given to the changing needs of those who seek to produce, reference, index, abstract, store, search, and retrieve data. Certain identifying elements will be printed on all publications in accordance with this Manual and with standards developed by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI).

Publications such as books and pamphlets should contain:

- (a) Title and other title information;
- (b) Name of department issuing or creating the publication;
- (c) Name of author(s) and editor(s) (department or individual);
- (d) Date of issuance;
- (e) Availability (publisher, printer, or other source and address);
- (f) Superintendent of Documents classification and stock numbers, if applicable; and
- (g) International Standard Book Number (ISBN).

(See ANSI Standard Z39.15, Title Leaves of a Book.)

Reports of a scientific or technical nature should contain:

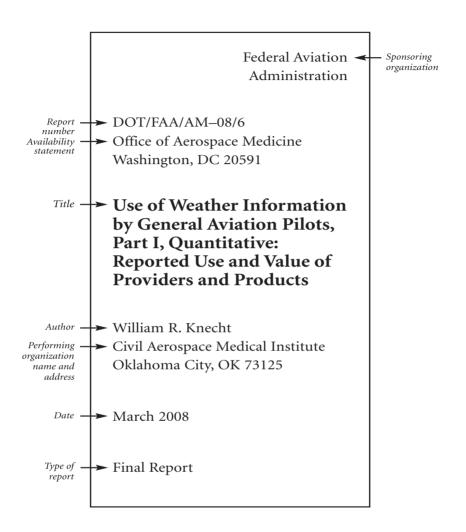
- (a) Title and other title information;
- (b) Report number;
- (c) Author(s);
- (d) Performing organization;
- (e) Sponsoring department;
- (f) Date of issuance:
- (g) Type of report and period covered;
- (h) Availability (publisher, printer, or other source and address); and
- (i) Superintendent of Documents classification and stock numbers if applicable.

(See ANSI/NISO Standard Z39.18—2005 (R2010), Scientific and Technical Reports—Preparation, Presentation, and Preservation.)

Journals, magazines, periodicals, and similar publications should contain:

- (a) Title and other title information;
- (b) Volume and issue numbers;
- (c) Date of issue:
- (d) Publishing or sponsoring department;
- (e) Availability (publisher, printer, or other source and address);
- (f) International Standard Serial Number; and
- (g) Superintendent of Documents classification and stock numbers if applicable.

(See ANSI Standard Z39.1, American Standard Reference Data and Arrangement of Periodicals.)



#### Notes:

- (1) This sample report cover is reduced in size.
- (2) In this sample, items are justified left. Other cover designs and typefaces are acceptable.
- (3) This sample page was prepared according to the guidelines of the American National Standards Institute, www.ansi.org. Users of ANSI standards are cautioned that all standards are reviewed periodically and subject to revision.

# Makeup

**2.3.** The design and makeup of a publication is the responsibility of the publisher. However, when the following elements occur in Government publications, they generally appear in the sequence listed below. The designation "new odd page" generally refers to bookwork and is not required in most pamphlet- and magazine-type publications.

- (a) False title (frontispiece, if any, on back).
- (b) Frontispiece, faces title page.
- (c) *Title page* (new odd page).
- (d) Back of title, blank, but frequently carries such useful bibliographic information as list of board members, congressional resolution authorizing publication, note of editions and printings, GPO imprint if departmental imprint appears on title page, sales notice, etc.
- (e) Letter of transmittal (new odd page).
- (f) Foreword (new odd page), differs from a preface in that it is an introductory note written as an endorsement by a person other than the author. An introduction differs from a foreword or a preface in that it is the initial part of the text; if the book is divided into chapters, it should be the first chapter.
- (g) Preface (new odd page), by author.
- (h) Acknowledgments (new odd page), if not part of preface.
- (i) *Contents* (new odd page), immediately followed by list of illustrations and list of tables, as parts of contents.
- (j) Halftitle, new odd page preceding first page of text.
- (k) Text, begins with page 1 (if halftitle is used, begins with p. 3).
- (l) Glossary (new odd page).
- (m) Bibliography (new odd page).
- (n) Appendix (new odd page).
- (o) *Index* (new odd page).

**2.4.** Preliminary pages use small-cap Roman numerals. Pages in the back of the book (index, etc.), use lowercase Roman numerals.

- **2.5.** Booklets of 32 pages or less can be printed more economically with a self-cover. A table of contents, title page, foreword, preface, etc., is not usually necessary with so few pages. If some of this preliminary matter is necessary, it is more practical to combine them (e.g., contents on cover; or contents, title, and foreword on cover 2).
- **2.6.** Widow lines (lines less than full width of measure) at top of pages are to be avoided, if possible, but are permitted if absolutely necessary to maintain uniform makeup and page depth. Rewording to fill the line is a preferred alternative.
- 2.7. Paragraphs may start on the last line of a page whenever necessary. If it is found necessary to make a short page, the facing page should be of approximate equal depth.
- **2.8.** A blank space or sink of 6 picas should be placed at the head of each new odd or even page of 46-pica or greater depth; pages with a depth of from 36 to 45 picas, inclusive, will carry a 5-pica sink; pages less than 36 picas, 4 picas.
- **2.9.** When centered top folios are used, the folio on a new page is set 2 points smaller than the top folios, centered at the bottom, and enclosed in parentheses.
- **2.10.** When running heads with top folios are used, running heads are included in overall page depth. However, first pages of chapters and other pages with bottom folios do not include the folios as part of the overall page depth.
- **2.11.** Jobs that have bottom folios will align them in the margin, including those on preliminary pages. If at all possible, avoid use of running heads in conjunction with bottom folios.
- **2.12.** Contents, list of illustrations, preface, or any other matter that makes a page in itself will retain normal 6-pica sink.
- **2.13.** Footnote references are repeated in boxheads or in continued lines over tables, unless special orders are given not to do so.

**2.14.** When a table continues, its headnote is repeated without the word *Continued.* 

- **2.15.** A landscape or broadside table that continues from an even to an odd page must be positioned to read through the center (gutter) of the publication when its size is not sufficient to fill both pages.
- **2.16.** A broadside table of less than page width will center on the page.
- **2.17.** Centerheads, whether in boldface, caps, caps and small caps, small caps, or italic, should have more space above than below. Uniform spacing should be maintained throughout the page.
- **2.18.** In making up a page of two or more columns, text preceding a page-width illustration will be divided equally into the appropriate number of columns above the illustration.
- **2.19.** All backstrips should read down (from top to bottom).

# **Copy preparation**

- **2.20.** At the beginning of each job the proper formats must be plainly marked. New Odd or New Page, Preliminary, Cover, Title, or Back Title should also be plainly indicated.
- **2.21.** Copy preparers must mark those things not readily understood when reading the manuscript. They must also mark the correct element identifier code for each data element, as well as indicate other matters of style necessary to give the publication good typographic appearance.
- **2.22.** Preparers must indicate the proper subformat at the beginning of each extension, verify folios, and plainly indicate references, footnotes, cut-ins, etc.
- **2.23.** Quoted or extract matter and lists should be set smaller than text with space above and below. Quotation marks at the beginning and end of paragraphs should be omitted. If the same type size is used, quoted matter should be indented 2 ems on both sides with space top and bottom, and initial and closing quotes should be omitted.
- **2.24.** In congressional hearings, the name of the interrogator or witness who continues speaking is repeated following a head set in boldface,

a paragraph enclosed in parentheses, or a paragraph enclosed in brackets.

In a head set in boldface, the title "Mr." is not used, and "the Honorable" preceding a name is shortened to "Hon." Street addresses are also deleted. Example: "Statement of Hon. John P. Blank, Member, American Bar Association, Washington, DC".

**2.25.** Paragraph or section numbers (or letters) followed by figures or letters in parentheses will close up, as "section 7(B)(1)(*a*)," "paragraph 23(*a*)," "paragraph b(7)," "paragraph (*a*)(2)"; *but* "section 9(a) (1) and (2)", "section 7 *a* and *b*". In case of an unavoidable break, division will be made after elements in parentheses, and no hyphen is used.

# Capitalization

**2.26.** The customer should indicate use of capital and lowercase letters.

# Datelines, addresses, and signatures

**2.27.** Copy preparers must mark caps, small caps, italic, abbreviations, indentions, and line breaks where necessary. (For more detailed instructions, see Chapter 16 "Datelines, Addresses, and Signatures.")

#### Decimals and common fractions

**2.28.** In figure columns containing both decimals and common fractions, such decimals and/or fractions will not be aligned. The columns will be set flush right.

# "Et cetera," "etc.," and "and so forth"

**2.29.** In printing a speaker's language, the words *and so forth* or *et cetera* are preferred, but in "FIC & punc." matter *etc.* is acceptable. If a quoted extract is set in type smaller than that of the preceding text and the speaker has summed up the remainder of the quotation with the words *and so forth* or *et cetera*, these words should be placed at the beginning of the next line, flush and lowercase, and an em dash should be used at the end of the extract.

# Folioing and stamping copy

**2.30.** Folios should be placed in the upper right corner, preferably half an inch from the top.

# Headings

**2.31.** The element identifier codes to be used for all headings must be marked. Caps, caps and small caps, small caps, caps and lowercase, sentence case, or italic must be prepared. (See rule 3.53.)

# **Pickup**

**2.32.** The jacket number of a job from which matter is to be picked up must be indicated. New matter and pickup matter should conform in style.

#### Sidenotes and cut-in notes

**2.33.** Sidenotes and cut-in notes are set each line flush left and ragged right, unless otherwise prepared, and are always set solid. Sidenotes are usually set in 6 point, 4½ picas wide. Footnotes to sidenotes and text should be set 21½ picas.

SEC. 920. Abuse of the rule.

An alleged violation of the rule relating to admission to the floor presents a question of privilege (III, 2624, 2625; VI, 579), but not a higher question of privilege than an election case (III, 2626). In one case where an ex-Member was abusing the privilege . . . .

# Signs, symbols, etc.

- **2.34.** All signs, symbols, dashes, superiors, etc., must be clearly marked. Names of Greek letters must be indicated, as they are frequently mistaken for italic letters or symbols.
- **2.35.** Some typesetting systems produce characters that look the same as figures. A lowercase l resembles a figure 1 and a capital O looks like a figure 0. Questionable characters will be printed as figures unless otherwise marked.

# Letters illustrating shape and form

**2.36.** Use the same font for text and capital letters that convey shape and form, e.g., U-shape(d), A-frame, T-bone, and I-beam.

**2.37.** Plurals are formed by adding an apostrophe and the letter *s* to letters illustrating shape and form, such as T's and Y's. *Golf tee(s)* should be spelled, as shape is not indicated.

**2.38.** A capital letter is used in *U-boat*, *V*–8, and other expressions which have no reference to shape or form.

# Fol. lit. and FIC & punc.

**2.39.** After submittal to GPO, manuscript copy is stamped "Fol. lit." or "FIC & punc." The difference between these two typesetting instructions is explained thus:

Copy is followed when stamped "Fol. lit." (follow literally). Copy authorized to be marked "Fol. lit." must be thoroughly prepared by the requisitioning agency as to capitalization, punctuation (including compounding), abbreviations, signs, symbols, figures, and italic. Such copy, including even obvious errors, will be followed. The lack of preparation on copy so designated will, in itself, constitute preparation. "Fol. lit." does not include size and style of type or spacing.

Obvious errors are corrected in copy marked "FIC & punc." (follow, including capitalization and punctuation).

- **2.40.** Bill copy will be followed as supplied and treated as "FIC & punc." (See rule 2.39.) This data is transmitted to the GPO with formatting codes in place, requiring minimal copy preparation.
- **2.41.** Copy preparer's instructions, which accompany each job, are written to cover the general style and certain peculiarities or deviations from style. These instructions must be followed.

#### **Abbreviations**

**2.42.** In marking abbreviations to be spelled, preparers must show what the spelled form should be, unless the abbreviations are common. An unfamiliar abbreviation, with spelled-out form unavailable, will not be changed.

# Type composition

**2.43.** Operators and revisers must study carefully the rules governing composition.

- **2.44.** In correcting pickup matter, the operator must indicate plainly on the proof what portion, if any, was actually reset.
- **2.45.** Every precaution must be taken to prevent the soiling of proofs, as it is necessary for the reviser to see clearly every mark on the margin of a proof after it has been corrected.
- **2.46.** Queries intended for the author are not to be corrected. Such queries, however, are not to be carried on jobs going directly to press.

# Leading and spacing

- **2.47.** Spacing of text is governed by the leading, narrow spacing being more desirable in solid than in leaded matter.
- **2.48.** Solid matter (text) is defined as those lines set without horizontal space between them. Leaded text is defined as lines separated by 1 or 2 points of space.
- **2.49.** A single justified word space will be used between sentences (key one space when typing). This applies to all types of composition.
- **2.50.** Center or flush heads set in caps, caps and small caps, small caps, or boldface are keyed with regular justified spaces between words.
- **2.51.** Centerheads are set apart from the text by the use of spacing. More space is always inserted above a heading than below. In 10-point type, the spacing would be 10 points over and 8 points under a heading; in 8- and 6-point type, the spacing would be 8 points above and 6 points below.
- **2.52.** Unless otherwise marked, flush heads are separated from text by 4 points of space above and 2 points of space below in solid matter, and by 6 points of space above and 4 points of space below in leaded matter.
- **2.53.** Full-measure numbered or lettered paragraphs and quoted extracts are not separated by space from adjoining matter.

**2.54.** Extracts that are set off from the text by smaller type or are indented on both sides or indented 3 ems on the left side (courtwork only) are separated by 6 points of space in leaded matter and by 4 points of space in solid matter.

- **2.55.** Extracts set solid in leaded matter are separated from the text by 6 points.
- **2.56.** Flush lines following extracts are separated by 6 points of space in leaded matter and by 4 points in solid matter.
- **2.57.** Footnotes and legends are leaded if the text is leaded, and are solid if the text is solid.
- **2.58.** Leaderwork is separated from text by 4 points above and 4 points below

#### Indents

- **2.59.** In measures less than 30 picas, the paragraph indent is 1 em. Paragraph indents in cut-in matter are 3 ems, overs are 2 ems. Datelines and signatures are indented in multiples of 2 ems. Addresses are set flush left.
- **2.60.** In measures 30 picas or wider, the paragraph indent is 2 ems. Paragraph indents in cut-in matter are 6 ems, overs are 4 ems. Datelines and signatures are indented in multiples of 2 ems. Addresses are set flush left.
- **2.61.** In measures less than 30 picas, overruns in hanging indents are 1 em more than the first line. To avoid conflict with an indent that follows, such as a subentry or paragraph, the overrun indent is made 1 em more than the following line.
- **2.62.** In measures 30 picas or wider, overruns in hanging indents are 2 ems more than the first line. To avoid conflict with an indent that follows, such as a subentry or paragraph, the overrun indent is made 2 ems more than the following line.
- **2.63.** Indents of matter set in smaller type should be the same, in points, as that of adjoining main-text indented matter.

**2.64.** Two-line centerheads are centered, but heads of three or more lines are set with a hanging indent.

**2.65.** Overs in flush heads are indented 2 ems in measures less than 30 picas, and 3 ems in wider measures.

#### Legends for illustrations

- **2.66.** It is preferred that legends and explanatory data consisting of one or two lines are set centered, while those with more than two lines are set with a hanging indent. Legends are set full measure regardless of the width of the illustration. Paragraph style is acceptable.
- **2.67.** Legend lines for illustrations that appear broad or turn page (landscape) should be printed to read up; an even-page legend should be on the inside margin and an odd-page legend on the outside margin.
- **2.68.** Unless otherwise indicated, legends for illustrations are set in 8-point roman, sentence case.
- **2.69.** Periods are used after legends and explanatory remarks beneath illustrations. However, legends without descriptive language do not use a period. (See rule 8.116.)
- **2.70.** At the beginning of a legend or standing alone, *Figure* preceding the identifying number or letter is set in caps and small caps and is not abbreviated.

FIGURE 5, not Fig. 5

FIGURE A, not Fig. A

- **2.71.** If a chart carries both a legend and footnotes, the legend is placed above the chart.
- **2.72.** Letter symbols used in legends for illustrations are set in lowercase italic without periods.

# **Proofreading**

- **2.73.** All special instructions, layouts, and style sheets must be included with the first installment of each job.
- **2.74.** If the proofreader detects inconsistent or erroneous statements, it is their responsibility to query them.

**2.75.** All queries appearing on the copy must be carried to the author's set of proofs.

- **2.76.** Proofs that are illegible or are in any manner defective must be called to the attention of the deskperson.
- **2.77.** The manner in which correction marks are made on a proof is of considerable importance. Straggling, unsymmetrical characters, disconnected marks placed in the margin above or below the lines to which they relate, irregular lines leading from an incorrect letter or word to a correction, large marks, marks made with a blunt pencil, indistinct marks, and frequent use of the eraser to obliterate marks hastily or incorrectly made are faults to be avoided. The transposition mark should not be used in little-known words or in figures. It is better to cancel the letters or figures and write them in the margin in the order in which they are to appear.
- **2.78.** In reading proof of wide tables, the proofreader should place the correction as near as possible to the error.
- **2.79.** To assure proper placement of footnotes, the proofreader and reviser must draw a ring around footnote references on the proofs, then check off each corresponding footnote number.
- **2.80.** Proofreaders must not make important changes in indents or tables without consulting the referee.
- **2.81.** Follow the marks of the copy preparer, as they are in a position to know more about the peculiarities of a job than one who reads but a small portion of it.
- **2.82.** Any proposed deviation from the prepared manuscript must be queried to the referee.
- **2.83.** All instructions on copy must be carried on proof by readers.
- **2.84.** Folios of copy must be run by the proofreader and marked on the proof.
- **2.85.** All instructions, comments, and extraneous notes on both copy and proofs that are not intended to be set as part of the text must be circled.

# Revising galley proofs

2.86. The importance of revising proofs cannot be overemphasized. Although a reviser is not expected to read proof, it is not enough to follow the marks found on the proof. The reviser should detect errors and inconsistencies and must see that all corrections have been properly made and that words or lines have not been transposed or eliminated in making the corrections.

- **2.87.** A reviser must not remodel the punctuation of the proofreaders or make any important changes. If an important change should be made, the reviser must submit the proposed change to the supervisor for a decision.
- **2.88.** In the body of the work, new pages must be properly indicated on the proof. (For new-page information, see rule 2.3 "Makeup.")
- **2.89.** All instructions and queries on proofs must be transferred to the revised set of proofs.

# **Revising page proofs**

- **2.90.** Page revising requires great diligence and care. The reviser must see that the rules governing the instructions of previous workers have been followed.
- **2.91.** The reviser is responsible for marking all bleed and off-center pages.
- **2.92.** A blank page must be indicated at the bottom of the preceding page.
- **2.93.** Special care must be exercised in revising corrected matter. If it appears that a correction has not been made, the reviser should carefully examine each line on the page to see if the correction was inserted in the wrong place.
- **2.94.** The following rules must be carefully observed:
  - (a) See that the proof is clean and clear; request another if necessary.
  - (b) Verify that the galley proofs are in order and that the data on the galleys runs in properly to facilitate continuous makeup.

(c) Make sure that different sets of proofs of the same job are correctly marked in series ("R," "2R," "3R," etc.); where a sheet is stamped "Another proof," carry the same designating "R" on the corresponding clean proof. Advance the "R," "2R," "3R," etc., on each set of page proofs returned from the originating office.

- (d) Run the page folios, make sure they are consecutive and that the running heads, if used, are correct. Check connection pages. Verify correct sequence for footnote references and placement. It is imperative that footnotes appear or begin on the same page as their reference, unless style dictates that all footnotes are to appear together in one location.
- (e) Watch for dropouts, doublets, and transpositions.
- (f) Legend lines of full-page illustrations that appear broad should be printed to read up—the even-page legend on the binding or inside margin and the odd-page legend on the outside margin.
- (g) If a footnote is eliminated, do not renumber the footnotes; change footnote to read "Footnote eliminated."
- **2.95.** If a footnote is added in proof, use the preceding number with a superior letter added, as ^{15a}.
- **2.96.** If a table (with or without footnotes) ends a page that has footnotes to the text, the text footnotes fall at the bottom of the page, with a 50-point rule above them. (See rule 13.76.)

# Press revising

2.97. Press revising calls for the exercise of utmost care. The press reviser must be thoroughly familiar with the style and makeup of Government publications. They are required to OK all forms that go to press—bookwork, covers, jobwork, etc.—and must see that all queries are answered. Knowledge of the bindery operations required to complete a book or job and familiarity with all types of imposition, folds, etc., is helpful. The reviser must be capable of ascertaining the proper head, back, and side margins for all work, to ensure proper trimming of the completed job.

**2.98.** Although speed is essential when forms reach the press reviser, accuracy is still paramount and must not be sacrificed.

# Signature marks, etc.

- **2.99.** Unless otherwise indicated, signature marks are set in 6-point lowercase and indented 3 ems.
- **2.100.** Figures indicating the year should follow the jacket number in signature marks:

- **2.101.** When the allmark ( $\bigcirc$ ) and signature or the imprint and signature appear on same page, the signature line is placed below the allmark or imprint. (See rule 2.113.)
- **2.102.** The allmark is placed below the page, bulletin, or circular number but above the signature line, if both appear on the same page.
- **2.103.** Imprints and signature lines appearing on short pages of text are placed at the bottom of the page.
- **2.104.** On a congressional job reprinted because of a change, the House and Senate have approved the following styles:

```
House of Representatives: Senate: 

★17-234—16—2 17-235—16—2 ★(Star Print)
```

**2.105.** The following forms are used for signature marks in House and Senate documents and reports printed on session jackets:

```
H. Doc. 73, 16–1—2
S. Doc. 57, 16–2, pt. 1—2
S. Doc. 57, 16–2, vol. 1—2
H. Rept. 120, 16–2—8
S. Doc. 57, 16–2, vol. 1—2
S. Rept. 100, 16–2—9
```

**2.106.** In a document or report printed on other than a session jacket, use the jacket number, year, and signature number only, omitting the document or report number. (See rule 2.100.)

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**2.107.** For pasters or foldouts, the jacket number, the year, and the page to be faced by the paster or foldout are used as follows (note punctuation):

- **2.108.** On a paster or foldout facing an even page, the marks are placed on the lower right-hand side; on a paster or foldout facing an odd page, the marks are placed on the lower left-hand side.
- **2.109.** If more than one paster or foldout faces the same page, they are numbered as follows:

```
12-344—16 (Face p. 19) No. 1
12-344—16 (Face p. 19) No. 2
```

**2.110.** When a paster or foldout follows the text, the allmark is placed on the last page of the text and never on the paster or foldout.

### **Imprints**

- **2.111.** Unless otherwise stipulated, the GPO imprint must appear on all printed matter, with the exception of certain classified work.
- **2.112.** The full GPO imprint is used on the title page of a congressional speech.
- **2.113.** The imprint and allmark are not used together on any page; if one is used, the other is omitted.
- **2.114.** The imprint is not used on a halftitle or on any page of a cover, with the exception of congressional hearings.
- **2.115.** If there is a title page, the imprint is placed on the title page; but if there is no title page, or if the title page is entirely an illustration, the imprint is placed on the last page of the text 4 ems from flush right and below the bottom folio.
- **2.116.** The GPO logo is used only on GPO publications. If it is printed on page II, the full imprint is used on the title page; if it is printed on the title page, use the half imprint only, thus—Washington: 2016.

### **Imprint variations**

**2.117.** This is one style of an imprint that can appear on the title page.

For sale by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Publishing Office  $\,$ 

- •Internet: bookstore.gpo.gov•Phone: Toll Free 866–512–1800
  - •DC area 202-512-1800 Fax: 202-512-2104
  - ·Mail: Stop SSOP, Washington, DC 20402-0001
    - ·www.govinfo.gov
- **2.118.** In the event that a title page is not used, the imprint is printed on the last page and positioned flush left below the text.

For sale by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Publishing Office

- •Internet: bookstore.gpo.gov Phone: toll free 866-512-1800
- DC area 202-512-1800 Fax: 202-512-2250
- · Mail: Stop SSOP, Washington, DC 20402-0001
- · www.govinfo.gov
- **2.119.** Outside-purchase publications are identified by the GPO logo at the beginning of the imprint line. These lines are positioned 4 ems from the right margin.
  - GPO U.S. GOVERNMENT PUBLISHING OFFICE: 2016—456–789
- **2.120.** Publications purchased outside that are reprinted by the GPO use an em dash in lieu of the GPO logo.
  - —U.S. GOVERNMENT PUBLISHING OFFICE: 2016—456-789
- **2.121.** Jobs set on outside purchase but printed by the GPO use an asterisk in lieu of the GPO logo.
  - *U.S. GOVERNMENT PUBLISHING OFFICE: 2016—456–789
- **2.122.** Publications produced from camera copy supplied to the GPO are identified by *cc* printed at the end of the line.
  - U.S. GOVERNMENT PUBLISHING OFFICE: 2016—123-456-cc

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## Reprints

**2.123.** To aid bibliographic identification of reprints or revisions, the dates of the original edition and of reprint or revision should be supplied by the author on the title page or in some other suitable place. Thus:

First edition July 2000 Original edition May 2000
Reprinted July 2005 Reprinted May 2005
First printed June 2000 Revised July 2007

Revised June 2005

**2.124.** The year in the imprint on cover, title page, or elsewhere is not changed from that in the original print, nor are the signatures changed, unless other revisions are necessary.

#### Sales notices

- **2.125.** The use of sales notices is discouraged.
- **2.126.** If there is a cover but no title page, the sales notice is printed on the cover. Unless otherwise indicated, if there is a title page, with or without a cover, the sales notice is printed at the bottom of the title page below a cross rule. If there is no cover or title page, any sales notice is printed at the end of the text, below the imprint, and the two are separated by a cross rule.

## **Franking**

**2.127.** The franking (mailing) privilege on covers for Government publications should be at least 1½ inches from the trim.

## Bibliographies or references

**2.128.** There are many styles available to bibliographers, for there are many classes of documents.

A Government bulletin citation, according to one authority, would be treated as follows:

Author's name (if the article is signed); title of article (in quotation marks); the publication (usually in italic), with correct references to volume, number, series, pages, date, and publisher (U.S. Govt. Pub. Off.).

### Therefore the example would read:

U.S. Department of the Interior, "Highlights in history of forest and related natural resource conservation," *Conservation Bulletin*, No. 41 (serial number not italic), Washington, U.S. Dept. of the Interior (*or* U.S. Govt. Pub. Off.), 1997. 1 p. (*or* p. 1).

## Another Government periodical citation would read as follows:

Kirwan, Patrick S., "New Qualified Plug-in Electric Drive Motor Vehicle Credit," *Internal Revenue Bulletin*, No. 2009-48, pp. 713–717 (November 30, 2009), Internal Revenue Service.

Clarity may be maintained by capitalizing each word in book titles, with only the first word in the title of articles.

## Other examples are:

Preston W. Slosson, *The Great Crusade And After: 1914–1928* (New York: Macmillan, 1930)

Edward B. Rosa, "The economic importance of the scientific work of the government," *J. Wash. Acad. Sci.* 10, 342 (1920)

or:

Preston W. Slosson, The Great Crusade and After: 1914–1928 (New York: Macmillan, 1930)

Edward B. Rosa, "The Economic Importance of the Scientific Work of the Government," J. Wash. Acad. Sci. 10, 342 (1920)

Note in this that the principal words in both book titles and titles of articles are capitalized. Consistency is more important in bibliographic style than the style itself.

The science of bibliography is covered in many texts, and the following references are available for study:

The Chicago Manual of Style, University of Chicago Press, Chicago, 2010 (www.chicagomanualofstyle.org/home.html).

Words Into Type, Prentice-Hall, New York, 1974.

## 3. Capitalization Rules

(See also Chapter 4 "Capitalization Examples" and Chapter 9 "Abbreviations and Letter Symbols")

3.1. It is impossible to give rules that will cover every conceivable problem in capitalization, but, by considering the purpose to be served and the underlying principles, it is possible to attain a considerable degree of uniformity. The list of approved forms given in chapter 4 will serve as a guide. Obviously such a list cannot be complete. The correct usage with respect to any term not included can be determined by analogy or by application of the rules.

## Historic or documentary accuracy

**3.2.** Where historic, documentary, technical, or scientific accuracy is required, capitalization and other features of style of the original text should be followed.

## **Proper names**

**3.3.** Proper names are capitalized.

Rome	John Macadam	Italy
Brussels	Macadam family	Anglo-Saxon

## **Derivatives of proper names**

**3.4.** Derivatives of proper names used with a proper meaning are capitalized.

Roman (of Rome) Johannean Italian

**3.5.** Derivatives of proper names used with acquired independent common meaning, or no longer identified with such names, are set lowercased. Since this depends upon general and long-continued usage, a more definite and all-inclusive rule cannot be formulated in advance.

roman (type) macadam (crushed rock) italicize brussels sprouts watt (electric unit) anglicize venetian blinds plaster of paris pasteurize

## Common nouns and adjectives in proper names

**3.6.** A common noun or adjective forming an essential part of a proper name is capitalized; the common noun used alone as a substitute for the name of a place or thing is not capitalized.

Massachusetts Avenue; the avenue Washington Monument; the monument Statue of Liberty; the statue Hoover Dam; the dam Boston Light; the light

Modoc National Forest; the national forest

Panama Canal; the canal

Soldiers' Home in Holyoke; the soldiers' home

Johnson House (hotel); Johnson house (residence)

Crow Reservation; the reservation

Cape of Good Hope; the cape

Jersey City

Washington City

but city of Washington; the city

Cook County; the county

Great Lakes: the lakes

Lake of the Woods; the lake

North Platte River: the river

Lower California

but lower Mississippi

Charles the First; Charles I

Seventeenth Census; the 1960 census

**3.7.** If a common noun or adjective forming an essential part of a name becomes separated from the rest of the name by an intervening common noun or adjective, the entire expression is no longer a proper noun and is therefore not capitalized.

Union Station: union passenger station Eastern States: eastern farming States United States popularly elected government

**3.8.** A common noun used alone as a well-known short form of a specific proper name is capitalized.

the Capitol building in Washington, DC; *but* State capitol building the Channel (English Channel) the Chunnel (tunnel below English Channel) the District (District of Columbia)

**3.9.** The plural form of a common noun capitalized as part of a proper name is also capitalized.

Seventh and I Streets
Lakes Erie and Ontario
Potomac and James Rivers
State and Treasury Departments
British, French, and United States Governments
Presidents Washington and Adams

**3.10.** A common noun used with a date, number, or letter, merely to denote time or sequence, or for the purpose of reference, record, or temporary convenience, does not form a proper name and is therefore not capitalized. (See also rule 3.39.)

abstract B	figure 7	room A722
amendment 5	first district (not	rule 8
apartment 2	congressional)	schedule K
appendix C	flight 007	section 3
article 1	graph 8	signature 4
book II	group 7	spring 1926
chapter III	mile 7.5	station 27
chart B	page 2	table 4
class I	paragraph 4	title IV
collection 6	part I	volume X
column 2	phase 3	ward 2
drawing 6	plate IV	
exhibit D	region 3	

**3.11.** The following terms are lowercased, even with a name or number.

aqueduct	irrigation project	shipway
breakwater	jetty	slip
buoy	levee	spillway
chute	lock	turnpike
dike	pier	watershed
dock	reclamation project	weir
drydock	ship canal	wharf

## Definite article in proper place names

**3.12.** To achieve greater distinction or to adhere to the authorized form, the word *the* (or its equivalent in a foreign language) is capitalized when used as a part of an official name or title. When such name or

title is used adjectively, *the* is not capitalized, nor is *the* supplied at any time when not in copy.

British Consul v. The Mermaid (title of legal case)

The Dalles (OR); The Weirs (NH); but the Dalles region; the Weirs streets

The Hague; but the Hague Court; the Second Hague Conference

El Salvador; Las Cruces; L'Esterel

The National Mall; The Mall (Washington, DC only)

The Gambia

but the Congo, the Sudan, the Netherlands

**3.13.** Rule 3.12 does not apply in references to newspapers, periodicals, vessels, airships, trains, firm names, etc.

the Washington Post the U–3
the Times the Los Angeles
the Atlantic Monthly the Hotel Roanoke
the Mermaid the National Photo Co.

## Particles in names of persons

**3.14.** In foreign names such particles as *d'*, *da*, *de*, *della*, *den*, *du*, *van*, and *von* are capitalized unless preceded by a forename or title. Individual usage, if ascertainable, should be followed.

Da Ponte; Cardinal da Ponte

Den Uyl; Johannes den Uyl; Prime Minister den Uyl

Du Pont; E.I. du Pont de Nemours & Co.

Van Rensselaer; Stephen van Rensselaer

Von Braun: Dr. Wernher von Braun

but d'Orbigny; Alcide d'Orbigny; de la Madrid; Miguel de la Madrid

**3.15.** In anglicized names such particles are usually capitalized, even if preceded by a forename or title, but individual usage, if ascertainable, should be followed.

Iustice Van Devanter; Reginald De Koven

Thomas De Quincey; William De Morgan

Henry van Dyke (his usage)

Samuel F. Du Pont (his usage); Irénée du Pont

**3.16.** If copy is not clear as to the form of such a name (for example, *La Forge* or *Laforge*), the two-word form should be used.

**3.17.** In names set in capitals, *de*, *von*, etc., are also capitalized.

## Names of organized bodies

**3.18.** The full names of existing or proposed organized bodies and their shortened names are capitalized; other substitutes, which are most often regarded as common nouns, are capitalized only in certain specified instances to indicate preeminence or distinction.

National governmental units:

U.S. Congress: 114th Congress; the Congress; Congress; the Senate; the House; Committee of the Whole, the Committee; *but* committee (all other congressional committees)

Department of Agriculture: the Department; Division of Publications, the Division; similarly all major departmental units; *but* legislative, executive, and judicial departments

Bureau of the Census: the Census Bureau, the Bureau; but the agency

Environmental Protection Agency: the Agency

Geological Survey: the Survey

Government Publishing Office: the Publishing Office, the Office

American Embassy, British Embassy: the Embassy; *but* the consulate; the consulate general

Treasury of the United States: General Treasury; National Treasury; Public Treasury; the Treasury; Treasury notes; New York Subtreasury, the subtreasury

Department of Defense: Military Establishment; Armed Forces; All-Volunteer Forces; but armed services

- U.S. Army: the Army; All-Volunteer Army; the Infantry; 81st Regiment; Army Establishment; the Army Band; Army officer; Regular Army officer; Reserve officer; Volunteer officer; but army shoe; Grant's army; Robinson's brigade; the brigade; the corps; the regiment; infantryman
- U.S. Navy: the Navy; the Marine Corps; Navy (Naval) Establishment; Navy officer; *but* naval shipyard; naval officer; naval station
- U.S. Air Force: the Air Force
- U.S. Coast Guard: the Coast Guard

French Ministry of Foreign Affairs; the Ministry; French Army; British Navy American Indian and Alaska Native federally recognized entities:

Shawnee Tribe, the Tribe; Cherokee Nation, the Nation; Alturas Indian Rancheria, the Rancheria; Cahuilla Band of Indians, the Band; Takotna Village, the Village; Akiak Native Community, the Community

International organizations:

United Nations: the Council; the Assembly; the Secretariat

Permanent Court of Arbitration: the Court; the Tribunal (only in the proceedings of a specific arbitration tribunal)

Hague Peace Conference of 1907: the Hague Conference; the Peace Conference; the Conference

Common-noun substitutes:

Virginia General Assembly: the assembly

California State Highway Commission: Highway Commission of California; the highway commission; the commission

Montgomery County Board of Health: the Board of Health, Montgomery County; the board of health; the board

Common Council of the City of Pittsburgh: the common council; the council Buffalo Consumers' League: the consumers' league; the league

Republican Party: the party

Southern Railroad Co.: the Southern Railroad; Southern Co.; Southern Road; the railroad company; the company

Riggs National Bank: the Riggs Bank; the bank

Metropolitan Club: the club

Yale School of Law: Yale University School of Law; School of Law, Yale University; school of law

**3.19.** The names of members and adherents of organized bodies are capitalized to distinguish them from the same words used merely in a descriptive sense.

a Representative (U.S.) a Shriner a Boy Scout

a Republican a Socialist a Knight (K.C., K.P., etc.)

an Elk an Odd Fellow a Federalist a Democrat

### Names of countries, domains, and administrative divisions

**3.20.** The official designations of countries, national domains, and their principal administrative divisions are capitalized only if used as part of proper names, as proper names, or as proper adjectives. (See Chapter 17, Principal Foreign Countries table.)

United States: the Republic; the Nation; the Union; the Government; also Federal, Federal Government; *but* republic (when not referring specifically to one such entity); republican (in general sense); a nation devoted to peace

New York State: the State, a State (a definite political subdivision of first rank); State of Veracruz; Balkan States; six States of Australia; State rights; *but* state (referring to a federal government, the body politic); foreign states; church and state: statehood; state's evidence Territory: territory of American Samoa, Guam, Virgin Islands; Yukon, Northwest Territories; the Territory(ies), Territorial

Dominion of Canada: the Dominion; but dominion (in general sense)

Ontario Province, Province of Ontario: the Province, Provincial; but province, provincial (in general sense)

3.21. The similar designations commonwealth, confederation (federal), government, nation (national), powers, republic, etc., are capitalized only if used as part of proper names, as proper names, or as proper adjectives.

> British Commonwealth, Commonwealth of Virginia: the Commonwealth; but a commonwealth government (general sense)

> Swiss Confederation: the Confederation: the Federal Council: the Federal Government; but confederation, federal (in general sense)

> French Government: the Government; French and Italian Governments: the Governments; but government (in general sense); the Churchill government; European governments

Cherokee Nation: the Nation; but Greek nation; American nations

National Government (of any specific nation); but national customs

Allied Powers, Allies (in World Wars I and II); but our allies, weaker allies; Central Powers (in World War I); but the powers; European powers

Republic of South Africa: the Republic; but republic (in general sense)

## Names of regions, localities, and geographic features

A descriptive term used to denote a definite region, locality, or geo-3.22. graphic feature is a proper name and is therefore capitalized; also for temporary distinction a coined name of a region is capitalized.

> the North Atlantic States the Continental Divide

the Gulf States Deep South the Central States Midsouth the Pacific Coast States the Far East the Lake States Far Eastern East North Central States the East Eastern North Central States Middle East Far Western States Middle Eastern Eastern United States Mideast

the West Mideastern (Asia) the Midwest Near East (Balkans, etc.) the Middle West the Promised Land

the Far West the Continent (continental Europe)

the Western Hemisphere

the Badlands (SD and NE) the North Pole

the Eastern Shore (Chesapeake Bay)

the North and South Poles Western Europe, Central Europe)
the Temperate Zone (political entities)

the Temperate Zone (political the Torrid Zone but

the East Side lower 48 (States)

Lower East Side (sections of a city) the Northeast corridor

**3.23.** A descriptive term used to denote direction or position is not a proper name and is therefore not capitalized.

north; south; east; west

northerly; northern; northward

eastern; oriental; occidental

east Pennsylvania

southern California

northern Virginia; but Northern Virginia (D.C. suburbs)

west Florida; but West Florida (1763-1819)

eastern region; western region

north-central region

east coast; eastern seaboard

northern Italy

southern France

but East Germany; West Germany (former political entities)

#### Names of calendar divisions

**3.24.** The names of calendar divisions are capitalized.

January; February; March; etc. Monday; Tuesday; Wednesday; etc. but spring; summer; autumn (fall); winter

## Names of holidays, etc.

**3.25.** The names of holidays and ecclesiastic feast and fast days are capitalized.

April Fools' Day Fourth of July; the Fourth

Arbor Day Halloween Armed Forces Day Hanukkah

Birthday of Martin Luther King, Jr. Inauguration Day (Federal)

Christmas Day, Eve Independence Day

Columbus Day Labor Day

Father's Day Lincoln's Birthday
Feast of the Passover; the Passover Memorial Day (also

Flag Day Decoration Day)

Mother's Day St. Valentine's Day
New Year's Day, Eve Thanksgiving Day
Patriot Day Veterans Day

Presidents Day Washington's Birthday

Ramadan Yom Kippur

Rosh Hashanah but election day, primary day

#### Trade names and trademarks

**3.26.** Trade names, variety names, and names of market grades and brands are capitalized. Some trade names have come into usage as generic terms (e.g., cellophane, thermos, and aspirin); when reference is being made to the formal company or specific product name, capitalization should be used. (See Chapter 4 "Capitalization Examples" trade names and trademarks.)

Choice lamb (market grade) Xerox (the company)
Red Radiance rose (variety) but photocopy (the process)

#### Scientific names

**3.27.** The name of a phylum, class, order, family, or genus is capitalized. The name of a species is not capitalized, even if derived from a proper name. (See rule 11.9.)

Arthropoda (phylum), Crustacea (class), Hypoparia (order), Agnostidae (family), *Agnostus* (genus)

Agnostus canadensis; Aconitum wilsonii; Epigaea repens (genus and species)

**3.28.** In scientific descriptions coined terms derived from proper names are not capitalized.

aviculoid menodontine

**3.29.** Any plural formed by adding *s* to a Latin generic name is capitalized.

Rhynchonellas Spirifers

**3.30.** In soil science the 12 soil orders are capitalized.

Alfisols Gelisols Oxisols
Andisols Histosols Spodosols
Aridisols Inceptisols Ultisols
Entisols Mollisols Vertisols

**3.31.** Capitalize the names of the celestial bodies as well as the planets.

Sun	Mars	Alpha Centauri
Moon	the Big Dipper	Orion
Saturn	Ceres	the Milky Way
Earth	Kepler-1647b	but the moons of Jupiter

**3.32.** In general, names of diseases, viruses, and syndromes are not capitalized. An exception is when the disease is named for the person who discovered it or the geographic location where the disease occurred.

Alzheimer('s) disease	Hodgkin lymphoma
cancer	Lyme disease
diabetes	measles
Down syndrome	Parkinson('s) disease
Ebola virus	West Nile virus

Zika virus

group A strep infection; hepatitis C; herpes B virus

## Historical or political events

**3.33.** Names of historical or political events used as a proper name are capitalized.

Battle of Bunker Hill	Holocaust, the	Renaissance
Christian Era	Middle Ages	the American
Cold War	New Deal	Revolution; the
D-Day	New Federalism	Revolution
Dust Bowl	New Frontier	V-E Day
Fall of Rome	Prohibition	War of 1812
Great Depression	Restoration	War on Poverty
Great Society	Reformation	

but Korean war; Vietnam war; Gulf war

#### Personification

**3.34.** A vivid personification is capitalized.

The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from New York; *but* I spoke with the chair yesterday.

For Nature wields her scepter mercilessly.

All of a sudden,

Time stood still.

### Religious terms

**3.35.** Words denoting the Deity except *who*, *whose*, and *whom*; names for the Bible and other sacred writings and their parts; names of confessions of faith and of religious bodies and their adherents; and words specifically denoting Satan are all capitalized.

Heavenly Father; the Almighty; Lord; Thee; Thou; He; Him; *but* himself; You, Your; Thy, Thine; [God's] fatherhood

Mass; Communion

Divine Father; but divine providence; divine guidance; divine service

Son of Man; Jesus' sonship; the Messiah; *but* a messiah; messiahship; messianic; messianize; christology; christological

Bible, Holy Scriptures, Scriptures, Word; Koran; Talmud; *also* Biblical; Scriptural; Koranic; Talmudic

New Testament; Ten Commandments

Gospel (memoir of Christ); but gospel music

Apostles' Creed

Episcopal Church; an Episcopalian; Catholicism; a Protestant

Christian; also Christendom; Christianity; Christianize

Black Friars; Brother(s); King's Daughters; Daughter(s); Ursuline Sisters; Sister(s)

Satan; the Devil; but a devil; the devils; devil's advocate

## **Titles of persons**

**3.36.** Civil, religious, military, and professional titles, as well as those of nobility, immediately preceding a name are capitalized.

President Obama Dr. Bellinger
Queen Elizabeth II Nurse Joyce Norton
Ambassador Acton Professor Leverett
Lieutenant Fowler Examiner Jones (law)

Chairman Williams Vice-Presidential candidate Smith *but* baseball player Harper; maintenance person Flow; foreperson Taylor

**3.37.** To indicate preeminence or distinction in certain specified instances, a common-noun title immediately following the name of a person or used alone as a substitute for it is capitalized.

Title of a head or assistant head of state:

Barack Obama, President of the United States: the President; the Presidentelect; the Executive; the Chief Magistrate; the Commander in Chief; ex-President Bush; former President Reagan; *similarly* the Vice President; the Vice-President-elect; ex-Vice-President Cheney

Terry McAuliffe, Governor of Virginia: the Governor of Virginia; the Governor; *similarly* the Lieutenant Governor; *but* secretary of state of Idaho; attorney general of Maine

Title of a head or assistant head of an existing or a proposed National governmental unit:

John Kerry, Secretary of State: the Secretary; *similarly* the Acting Secretary; the Under Secretary; the Assistant Secretary; the Director; the Chief or Assistant Chief; the Chief Clerk; *but* Secretaries of the military departments; secretaryship

Titles of the military:

General of the Army(ies): United States only; Supreme Allied Commander; General Joseph F. Dunford, Jr., Chairman, Joint Chiefs of Staff; Joint Chiefs of Staff; Chief of Staff, U.S. Air Force; the Chief of Staff; *but* the commanding general; general (military title standing alone not capitalized)

Titles of members of diplomatic corps:

Walter S. Gifford, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary: the American Ambassador; the British Ambassador; the Ambassador; the Senior Ambassador; Her Excellency; *similarly* the Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary; the Envoy; the Minister; the Chargé d'Affaires; the Chargé; Ambassador at Large; Minister Without Portfolio; *but* the consul general; the consul; the attaché

Title of a ruler or prince:

Elizabeth II, Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland: the Queen; the Crown; Her Most Gracious Majesty; Her Majesty; similarly the Emperor; the Sultan

Charles, Prince of Wales: the Prince; His Royal Highness

Titles not capitalized:

Charles F. Hughes, rear admiral, U.S. Navy: the rear admiral

Steven Knapp, president of The George Washington University: the president C.H. Eckles, professor of dairy husbandry: the professor

Barbara Prophet, chairwoman of the committee; the chairman; the chairperson; the chair

- **3.38.** In formal lists of delegates and representatives of governments, all titles and descriptive designations immediately following the names should be capitalized if any one is capitalized.
- **3.39.** A title in the second person is capitalized.

Your Excellency Mr. Chairman but not conversational salutations
Your Highness Madam Chairman my dear General
Your Honor Mr. Secretary my dear sir

## Titles of publications, papers, documents, acts, laws, etc.

**3.40.** In the full or short English titles of periodicals, series of publications, annual reports, historic documents, and works of art, the first word and all important words are capitalized.

Statutes at Large; Revised Statutes; District Code; Bancroft's History; Journal (House or Senate) (short titles); *but* the code; the statutes

Atlantic Charter; Balfour Declaration; but British white paper

Chicago's American; but Chicago American Publishing Co.

Reader's Digest; but New York Times Magazine; Newsweek magazine

Monograph 55; Research Paper 123; Bulletin 420; Circular A; Article 15: Uniform Code of Military Justice; Senate Document 70; House Resolution 45; Presidential Proclamation No. 24; Executive Order No. 24; Royal Decree No. 24; Public Law 89–1; Private and Union Calendars; Calendar No. 80; Calendar Wednesday; Committee Print No. 32, committee print; but Senate bill 416; House bill 61; Congressional Record

Annual Report of the Government Publishing Office, 2015; *but* seventh annual report, 19th annual report

Declaration of Independence; the Declaration

Constitution (United States or with name of country); constitutional; *but* New York State constitution: first amendment, 12th amendment

Kellogg-Briand Pact; North Atlantic Pact; Atlantic Pact; Treaty of Versailles; Jay Treaty; *but* treaty of peace, the treaty (descriptive designations); treaty of 1919

*United States* v. *Four Hundred Twenty-two Casks of Wine* (law) American Gothic, Nighthawks (paintings)

- **3.41.** All principal words are capitalized in titles of addresses, albums, articles, books, captions, chapter and part headings, editorials, essays, headings, headlines, motion pictures and plays (including television and radio programs), papers, short poems, reports, songs, subheadings, subjects, and themes. The foregoing are also quoted.
- **3.42.** In the short or popular titles of acts (Federal, State, or foreign) the first word and all important words are capitalized.

Revenue Act; Walsh-Healey Act; Freedom of Information Act; Classification Act; *but* the act; Harrison narcotic law; Harrison narcotic bill; interstate commerce law; sunset law

**3.43.** The capitalization of the titles of books, etc., written in a foreign language is to conform to the national practice in that language.

#### First words

**3.44.** The first word following a comma or a colon that introduces a complete sentence or a direct quotation is capitalized. (See also rule 3.45)

The question is, Shall the bill pass?

He asked, "And where are you going?"

The following question came up for discussion: What policy should be adopted? His only rule was this: Chickens are not allowed past the front parlor.

**3.45.** The first word following a colon, an exclamation point, or a question mark is not capitalized if the matter following is merely a supplementary remark making the meaning clearer.

Revolutions are not made: they come.

Intelligence is not replaced by mechanism: even the televox must be guided by its master's voice.

But two months dead! nay, not so much; not two.

What is this? Your knees to me? to your corrected son?

**3.46.** The first word of a fragmentary quotation is not capitalized.

She objected "to the phraseology, not to the ideas."

"The President," he said, "will veto the bill."

**3.47.** The first word of a line of poetry is capitalized.

Lives of great men all remind us

We can make our lives sublime.

**3.48.** The first word of a run-in list following a colon is not capitalized. (For lists that are not run in, see rule 8.28.)

There are three primary pigment colors: magenta, yellow, and cyan.

The vote was as follows: in the affirmative, 23; in the negative, 11; not voting, 3. His goals were these: (1) learn Spanish, (2) see the Grand Canyon, and (3) climb Mt. Everest.

**3.49.** The first word following *Whereas* in resolutions, contracts, etc., is not capitalized; the first word following an enacting or resolving clause is capitalized.

Whereas the Constitution provides . . . ; and

Whereas, moreover, . . . : Therefore be it

Whereas the Senate provided for the . . . : Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That . . . ; and be it further

Resolved (jointly), That . . .

```
Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring), That . . . . (Concurrent resolution, Federal Government.)

Resolved by the Senate of Oklahoma (the House of Representatives concurring therein), That . . . . (Concurrent resolution, using name of State.)

Resolved by the senate (the house of representatives concurring therein), That . . . . (Concurrent resolution, not using name of State.)

Resolved by the Assembly and Senate of the State of California (jointly), That . . . . (Joint resolution, using name of State.)

Resolved by the Washington Board of Trade, That . . .

Provided, That . . .

Provided, however, That . . .

And provided further, That . . .

Be it enacted. That . . .
```

#### Centerheads and sideheads

- **3.50.** Unless otherwise marked, centerheads are set in capitals, and sideheads are set in sentence case. In centerheads making two lines, wordbreaks should be avoided. The first line should be centered and set as full as possible.
- **3.51.** In heads set in caps, a small-cap *c* or *ac*, if available, is used in such names as *McLean* or *MacLeod*; otherwise a lowercase *c* or *ac* is used. In heads set in small caps, a thin space is used after the *c* or the *ac*.
- **3.52.** In such names as *LeRoy*, *DeHostis*, *LaFollette*, etc. (one-word forms only), set in caps, the second letter of the particle is made a small cap, if available; otherwise lowercase is used. In heads set in small caps, a thin space is used.
- **3.53.** In matter set in caps and small caps or caps and lowercase, capitalize all principal words, including parts of compounds which would be capitalized standing alone. The articles *a*, *an*, and *the*; the prepositions *at*, *by*, *for*, *in*, *of*, *on*, *per*, *to*, and *up*; the conjunctions *and*, *as*, *but*, *if*, *or*, and *nor*; and the second element of a compound numeral are not capitalized. (See also rule 8.133.)

World en Route to All-Out War Curfew To Be Set for 10 o'Clock (To capitalized in an infinitive verb) Man Hit With 2-Inch Pipe No-Par-Value Stock for Sale

Yankees May Be Winners in Zig-Zag Race

Ex-Senator Is To Be Admitted

Notice of Filing and Order on Exemption From Requirements

but Building on Twenty-first Street (if spelled)

One Hundred Twenty-three Years (if spelled)

Only One-tenth of Shipping Was Idle

Many 35-Millimeter Films in Production

Built-Up Stockpiles Are Necessary (*Up* is an adverb here)

The Per Diem Was Increased (*Per Diem* is used as a noun here); Lower Taxes per Person (*per* is a preposition here)

**3.54.** If a normally lowercased short word is used in juxtaposition with a capitalized word of like significance, it should also be capitalized.

Buildings On and Near the National Mall

**3.55.** In a heading set in caps and lowercase or in caps and small caps, a normally lowercased last word, if it is the only lowercased word in the heading, should also be capitalized.

All Returns Are In

**3.56.** Verbs and the first element of an infinitive are capitalized.

Controls To Be Applied

but Aid Sent to Disaster Area (to is a preposition here)

**3.57.** In matter set in caps and small caps, such abbreviations as *etc.*, *et al.*, and *p.m.* are set in small caps; in matter set in caps and lowercase, these abbreviations are set in lowercase.

Planes, Guns, Ships, etc. Planes, Guns, Ships, etc.

In re the 8 p.m. Meeting In re the 8 p.m. Meeting

James Bros. et al.

James, Nelson, et al.

**3.58.** Paragraph series letters in parentheses appearing in heads set in caps, caps and small caps, small caps, or in caps and lowercase are to be set as in copy.

SECTION 1.580(f)(1)

## Addresses, salutations, and signatures

**3.59.** The first word and all principal words in addresses, salutations, and signatures are capitalized. See Chapter 16 "Datelines, Addresses, and Signatures."

## Interjections

**3.60.** The interjection "O" is always capitalized. Other interjections within a sentence are not capitalized.

Sail on, O Ship of State! For lo! the days are hastening on. But, oh, how fortunate!

# 4. Capitalization Examples

A	Administration, with name; capitalized
A-bomb	standing alone if Federal unit:
abstract B, 1, etc.	Farmers Home
Academy:	Food and Drug
Air Force; the Academy	Maritime
Andover; the academy	Transportation Security
Coast Guard; the Academy	but Obama administration;
Merchant Marine; the Academy	administration bill, policy, etc.
Military; the Academy	Administrative Law Judge Davis; Judge
National Academy of Sciences; the	Davis; an administrative law judge
Academy of Sciences; the academy	Admiralty, British, etc.
Naval; the Academy	Admiralty, Lord of the
but service academies	Adobe Acrobat Reader
accord, Paris peace (see Agreement)	Adviser, Legal (Department of State)
accords, Helsinki	Africa:
Act (Federal, State, or foreign), short or	east
popular title or with number; the act:	East Coast
Affordable Care	north
Appropriations	South
Classification	South-West (Territory of)
Clear Skies	West Coast
Economy	African American (noun)
Flood Control	African-American (adjective)
Military Selective Service	Agency, if part of name; capitalized
No Child Left Behind	standing alone if referring to
Organic Act of Virgin Islands	Federal unit:
Panama Canal	Central Intelligence; the Agency
PATRIOT	Agent Orange
Revenue	Age(s):
Sarbanes-Oxley	Age of Discovery
Stockpiling	Dark Ages
Tariff	Elizabethan Age
Trademark	Golden Age (of Pericles only)
Walsh-Healey Act; but Walsh-Healey	Middle Ages
law (or bill)	but atomic age; Cambrian age; copper
act, labor-management relations	age; ice age; missile age; rocket age;
Acting, if part of capitalized title	space age; stone age; etc.
Active Duty	Agreement, with name; the agreement:
Adjutant General, the (see The)	General Agreement on Tariffs and
	Trade (GATT); the general agreemen

International Coffee Agreement; the Western Powers coffee agreement Allied (World Wars I and II): North American Free-Trade armies Governments Agreement (NAFTA) Status of Forces; but status-of-forces **Nations** agreements peoples United States-Canada Free-Trade Powers; the powers; but European Agreement; the free-trade agreement powers but the Geneva agreement; the Potsdam Supreme Allied Commander agreement; Paris peace agreement Allies, the (World Wars I and II); also Air Force members of Western bloc (political Air National Guard (see National) entity); but our allies; weaker allies, Base (with name); Air Force base (see etc Base: Station) al-Oaida Alzheimer('s) disease Civil Air Patrol; Civil Patrol; the patrol Command (see Command) Ambassador: One (Presidential plane) British, etc.; the Ambassador; the Senior Ambassador; His Excellency Reserve Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary; Reserve Officers' Training Corps Airport: LaGuardia; Reagan National; the Ambassador: Ambassador at the airport Large: an ambassador Alaska Native: amendment: Baker amendment the Native: but Ohio native, a native of Alaska, etc. Social Security Amendments of 1983; Al Jazeera 1983 amendments; the Social Security Alliance, Farmers', etc.; the alliance amendments; the amendments alliances and coalitions (see also powers): to the Constitution (U.S.); but First Amendment, 14th Amendment, etc.: Allied Powers; the powers (World Wars I and II) the Amendment Atlantic alliance American: Axis, the; Axis Powers; the powers Federation of Labor and Congress of Industrial Organizations (AFL-CIO); Benelux (Belgium, Netherlands, the federation Luxembourg) Gold Star Mothers, Inc.; Gold Star Big Four (European); of the Pacific Mothers: a Mother Big Three Central Powers; the powers (World Legion (see Legion) National Red Cross; the Red Cross War I) War Mothers: a Mother Coalition of the Willing AmeriCorps Program European Economic Community Fritalux (France, Italy, Benelux Amtrak (National Railroad Passenger countries) Corporation) Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; a North Atlantic Treaty Organization (see Organization) Mason: a Freemason

Annex, if part of name of building; the National Cemetery (see Cemetery) annex Arm, Infantry, etc. (military); the arm Antarctic Ocean (see Arctic: Ocean) Armed Forces (synonym for overall appendix 1, A, II, etc.; the appendix; but Military Establishment): Appendix II (when part of title); British Appendix II: 1 Education Directory Retirement Home (AFRH) appropriation bill (see also bill): of the United States armed services deficiency Department of Agriculture armistice for any governmental unit Armory, Springfield, etc.; the armory independent offices Army, American or foreign, if part of name; aquaculture; acquiculture capitalized standing alone only if Arab States referring to U.S. Army: Arabic numerals Active: Active-Duty Arboretum, National: the Arboretum Adjutant General, the Archipelago, Philippine, etc.; the All-Volunteer Band (see Band) archipelago Architect of the Capitol; the Architect branches; Gordon Highlanders; Royal Archivist of the United States: the Archivist Guards: etc. Arctic: Brigade, 1st, etc.; the brigade; Circle Robinson's brigade Command (see Command) currents Command and General Staff College Ocean zone (see College) Company A; A Company; the company but subarctic arctic (descriptive adjective): Confederate (referring to Southern Confederacy); the Confederates clothing Continental: Continentals conditions Corps, Reserve (see Corps) fox District of Washington (military); the grass night district Division, 1st, etc.; the division seas Engineers (the Corps of Engineers); the Area, if part of name; the area: Engineers; but Army engineer Cape Hatteras Recreational White Pass Recreation; etc. Establishment Field Establishment but area 2; free trade area; Metropolitan Field Forces (see Forces) Washington area; bay area; nonsmoking area Finance Department; the Department Arlington: Memorial Amphitheater; the Memorial General of the Army; but the general Amphitheater; the amphitheater General Staff; the Staff Memorial Bridge (see Bridge) Headquarters, 1st Regiment

¹ The colon is preferred; a dash is permissible; *but* a comma is too weak.

Headquarters of the; the headquarters	Astrophysical Observatory (see
Regiment, 1st, etc.; the regiment	Observatory)
Regular Army officer; a Regular	Atlantic (see also Pacific):
Revolutionary (American, British,	Charter (see Charter)
French, etc.)	coast
service	Coast States
Surgeon General, the (see Surgeon	community
General)	Destroyer Flotilla; the destroyer flotilla;
Volunteer; the Volunteers; a Volunteer	the flotilla
army:	Fleet (see Fleet)
Lee's army; <i>but</i> Clark's 5th Army	mid-Atlantic
mobile	North
mule, shoe, etc.	seaboard
of occupation; occupation army	slope
Red	South
Arsenal, Rock Island, etc.; the arsenal	time, standard time (see time)
article 15; but Article 15, when part of title:	but cisatlantic; transatlantic
Article 15: Uniform Code of	Attorney General (U.S. or foreign country)
Military Justice	but attorney general of Maine, etc.
Articles:	attorney, U.S.
of Confederation (U.S.)	Authority, capitalized standing alone if
of Impeachment; the articles	referring to Federal unit:
Asian American (noun)	National Shipping; the Authority
Asian-American (adjective)	Port Authority of New York and New
Assembly (see United Nations)	Jersey; the port authority; the
Assembly of New York; the assembly (see	authority
also Legislative Assembly)	Tennessee Valley; the Authority
Assistant, if part of capitalized title; the	Auto Train (Amtrak)
assistant	autumn
assistant, Presidential (see Presidential)	Avenue, Constitution, etc.; the avenue
Assistant Secretary (see Secretary)	Award:
Associate Justice (see Supreme Court)	Academy
Association, if part of name; capitalized	Distinguished Service
standing alone if referring to	Merit
Federal unit:	Mother of the Year
American Association for the	the award (see also decorations, etc.)
Advancement of Science; the	Axis, the (see alliances)
association	Ayatollah; an ayatollah
Federal National Mortgage (Fannie	
Mae); the Association	B
Young Women's Christian; the	baby boomer
association	Badlands (SD and NE)
	L Dark att Mares (suu Mates)

Baltic States (see States) battlefield, Bull Run, etc. Band, if part of name; the band: battleground, Manassas, etc. Army, Marine, Navy Bay, San Francisco Bay area; the bay area Belt, if part of name; the belt: Bank, if part of name; the bank; capitalized Bible standing alone if referring to international bank: Farm Export-Import Bank of the United States: Rust Ex-Im Bank: the Bank Sun Farm Loan Bank of Dallas: Dallas Farm but money belt Loan Bank: farm loan bank: farm loan Beltway, capitalized with name; the beltway bank at Dallas Bench (see Supreme Bench) Farmers & Mechanics, etc. Benelux (see alliances) Bible; Biblical; Scriptures; Ten Federal Land Bank of Louisville: Commandments; etc. (see also book) Louisville Federal Land Bank: land bank at Louisville: Federal land bank bicentennial Federal Reserve Bank of New York: bill, Kiess; Senate bill 217; House bill 31 (see Richmond Federal Reserve Bank; also appropriation bill) but Reserve bank at Richmond: Bill of Rights (historic document); but GI Federal Reserve bank: Reserve bill of rights bank; Reserve city Bizonia: bizonal: bizone First National, etc. Black (African American) German Central; the Bank Black Caucus (see Congressional) International Bank for Reconstruction bloc (see Western) block (grants) and Development; the Bank but blood bank, central reserve, soil bank Bluegrass region, etc. Bar, if part of name; Maryland (State) Bar Bluetooth Association; Maryland (State) bar; the B'nai B'rith State bar: the bar association Board, if part of name; capitalized standing alone only if referring to Federal or Barracks, if part of name; the barracks: international board: Carlisle Disciplinary (Leavenworth) Employees' Compensation Appeals Marine (District of Columbia) Federal Reserve (see Federal) but A barracks: barracks A: etc. Military Production and Supply Base, Andrews Air Force: Air Force base: (NATO) the base (see also Naval); but Sandia National Labor Relations Base of Directors (Federal unit); but board of directors (nongovernmental) Basin (see geographic terms) of Health of Montgomery County; Battery, the (New York City) Montgomery County Board of Health; Battle, if part of name; the battle: of Gettysburg; but battle at Gettysburg; the board of health; the board of Regents (Smithsonian) of Fallujah; of the Marne; of the of Visitors (Military and Naval Wilderness: of Waterloo: etc. Academies)

on Geographic Names	message
Railroad Retirement	performance-type
Boko Haram	President's
bond:	Budget of the United States Government,
Government	the Budget (publication)
savings	Building, if part of name; the building:
series EE	Capitol (see Capitol Building)
Treasury	Colorado
book:	House (or Senate) Office
books of the Bible	Investment
First Book of Samuel; etc.	Russell Senate Office
Good Book (synonym for Bible)	Cannon House Office
book 1, I, etc.; <i>but</i> Book 1, when part of title:	Pentagon
Book 1: The Golden Legend	the National Archives; the Archives
Boolean:	Treasury; Treasury Annex
logic	Bulletin 420; Farmers' Bulletin No. 420
operator	Bureau, if part of name; capitalized
search	standing alone if referring to Federal
border, United States-Mexican	or international unit:
Borough, if part of name: Borough of the	of Customs (name changed to U.S.
Bronx; the borough	Customs and Border Protection)
Botanic Garden (National); the garden (not	of Engraving and Printing
Botanical Gardens)	of Indian Affairs
Bowl, Dust, Rose, Super, etc.; the bowl	or maran rinario
Boy Scouts (the organization); a Boy Scout;	С
a Scout; Scouting; Eagle Scout;	C-SPAN
Explorer Scout	Cabinet, American or foreign, if part of
Branch, if part of name; capitalized	name or standing alone (see also
standing alone only if referring to a	foreign cabinets):
Federal unit:	British Cabinet; the Cabinet
Accounts	the President's Cabinet; the Cabinet;
Public Buildings	Cabinet officer, member
but executive, judicial, or legislative	Calendar, if part of name; the calendar:
branch	Consent; etc.
Bridge, if part of name; the bridge:	House
Arlington Memorial; Memorial;	No. 99; Calendars Nos. 1 and 2
Francis Scott Key; Key	of Bills and Resolutions
but Baltimore & Ohio Railroad bridge	Private
Brother(s) (adherent of religious order)	Senate
budget:	Unanimous Consent
department	Union
estimate	Wednesday (legislative)
Federal	Cambrian age (see Ages)

Camp Lejeune; David, etc.; the camp 2000 census Canal, with name: the canal: 2000 Census of Agriculture; the census Cross-Florida Barge of agriculture; the census Isthmian the 23d and subsequent decennial Panama censuses Cape (see geographic terms) Center, if part of name; the Center Capital, Capital City, National Capital (Federal); the center (non-Federal): (Washington, DC); but the capital Agricultural Research, etc.; the Center (Federal) (State) Capitol Building (with State name); the Kennedy Center for the Performing capitol Arts; the Kennedy Center; the Capitol, the (Washington, DC): Center (Federal) the Lincoln Center; the center (non-Architect of Federal) Building caucus room central Asia, etc. Chamber Central America Cloakroom Central Europe Central States dome Grounds central time (see time) Halls (House and Senate) century, first, 21st, etc. Halls of Congress Chairman, Chairwoman, Chair: Hill: the Hill of the Board of Directors; the Chairman (Federal): but chairman of Police (see Police) the board of directors (non-Federal) Power Plant of the Committee of the Whole House: Prayer Room Press Gallery, etc. the Chairman of the Federal Trade Commission; the rotunda Chairman Senate wing Vice stationery room chairman, chairwoman, chair Statuary Hall the well (House or Senate) (congressional): west front of the Appropriations Committee catch-22 of the Subcommittee on Banking but Chairman Rogers, Chairwoman Caucasian (see White) caucus: Republican; but Congressional Capito Black Caucus (incorporated name); Chair, the, if personified Sun Belt Caucus Chamber of Commerce; the chamber: of Ada; Ada Chamber of Commerce: CD the chamber of commerce Cemetery, if part of name: Arlington of the United States: U.S. Chamber of National; the cemetery Commerce: the chamber of Census: commerce: national chamber Twenty-third Decennial (title); Twenty-third (title); the census Chamber, the (Senate or House)

shammal 2 (TV), the shammal	Circular 420
channel 3 (TV); the channel	
Chaplain (House or Senate); but Navy	cities, sections of, official or popular names:
chaplain	East Side
chapter 5, II, etc.; but Chapter 5, when	French Quarter (New Orleans)
part of title: Chapter 5: Research and	Latin Quarter (Paris)
Development; Washington chapter,	North End
Red Cross	Northwest Washington, etc. (District
Chargé d'Affaires, British, etc.; the Chargé	of Columbia); the Northwest; <i>but</i>
d'Affaires; the Chargé	northwest (directional)
chart 2, A, II, etc.; but Chart 2, when part of	the Loop (Chicago)
legend: Chart 2.—Army strength	City, if part of corporate or popular name;
Charter, capitalized with name; the charter:	the city:
Atlantic	Kansas City; the two Kansas Citys
United Nations	Mexico City
cheese: Camembert, Cheddar, Parmesan,	New York City; but city of New York
Provolone, Roquefort, etc.	Twin Cities
Chief, if referring to head of Federal unit;	Washington City; but city of Washington
the Chief:	Windy City (Chicago)
Clerk	but Reserve city (see Bank)
Forester (see Forester)	civil action No. 46
Intelligence Office	civil defense
Judge	Civil War (see War)
Justice (U.S. Supreme Court); but chief	Clan, if part of tribal name; Clan
justice (of a State)	MacArthur; the clan
Magistrate (the President)	class 2, A, II, etc.; but Class 2 when part of
of Division of Publications	title: Class 2: Leather Products
of Engineers (Army)	Clerk, the, of the House of Representatives;
of Naval Operations	of the Supreme Court of the United
of Staff	States
Christian; Christendom; Christianity;	clerk, the, of the Senate
Christianize; but christen	client
church and state	client-server
church calendar:	cloud computing; the cloud
Christmas	coal sizes: pea, barley, buckwheat, stove, etc.
Easter	coalition; coalition force; coalition
Lent	members, etc.
Pentecost (Whitsuntide)	coast: Atlantic, east, gulf, west, etc.
Church, if part of name of organization or	Coast Guard, U.S.; the Coast Guard;
building	Coast Guard, C.S., the Coast Guard,  Coastguardsman Smith; but a
	coastguardsman; a guardsman;
Circle, if part of name; the circle: Arctic	Reserve
Logan	Coastal Plain (Atlantic and Gulf)
but great circle	

Code (in shortened title of a publication); the code. District Federal Criminal Internal Revenue (also Tax Code) International (signal) of Federal Regulations Penal: Criminal: etc. Pennsylvania State Radio Television Uniform Code of Military Justice United States ZIP Code (copyrighted) but civil code; flag code; Morse code codel (congressional delegation) collection, Brady, etc.; the collection collector of customs College, if part of name; the college: Armed Forces Staff Command and General Staff Gettysburg National War of Bishops but electoral college college degrees: bachelor of arts, master's, etc. Colonials (American Colonial Army); but colonial times, etc. Colonies, the: Thirteen Thirteen American Thirteen Original but 13 separate Colonies colonists, the Command, capitalize with name; the command: Air Force Materiel Army Central (CENCOM) Naval Space Zone of Interior

Commandant, the (Coast Guard or Marine

Corps only)

Commandos, the: Commando raid: a commando Commission (if part of name; capitalized standing alone if referring to Federal or international commission): International Boundary, United States and Canada of Fine Arts **Public Buildings** Commissioner, if referring to Federal or international commission; the Commissioner: Land Bank; but land bank commissioner loans of Customs and Border Protection U.S. (International Boundary Commission, etc.) but a U.S. commissioner Committee (or Subcommittee) (if part of name; the Committee, if referring to international or noncongressional Federal committee or to the Committee of the Whole, the Committee of the Whole House, or the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union): American Medical Association Committee on Education; the committee on education; the committee Appropriations, etc.; the committee; Subcommittee on Appropriations; the subcommittee; subcommittee of the Appropriations Committee Democratic National: the national committee: the committee: Democratic national committeeman Democratic policy committee; the committee Joint Committee on Printing; the Joint Committee; the committee; but a joint

committee

(7.170)	
of Defense Ministers (NATO); the	Concor
Committee (see also Organization,	Confederacy (of the South)
North Atlantic Treaty)	Confederate:
of One Hundred, etc.; the committee	Army
on Finance; the committee	flag
President's Advisory Committee on	Government
Management; the Committee	soldier
Republican National; the national	States
committee; the committee;	Confederation, Articles of
Republican national committeeman	Conference, if referring to governmental
Republican policy committee; the	(U.S.) or international conference:
committee	Bretton Woods; the Conference
Senate policy committee	Judicial Conference of the United
Subcommittee on Immigration; the	States; U.S. Judicial Conference;
subcommittee	Judicial Conference; the Conference
but Baker committee	Tenth Annual Conference of the
ad hoc committee	United Methodist Churches; the
conference committee	conference
Committee Print No. 32; Committee Prints	Congress (convention), if part of name;
Nos. 8 and 9; committee print	capitalized standing alone if referring
Common Cause	to international congress:
Common Core State Standards Initiative;	of Industrial Organizations
Common Core	of Parents and Teachers, National; the
Commonwealth:	congress
British Commonwealth; the	Congress (legislature), if referring to
Commonwealth	national congress:
of Australia	of Bolivia, etc.; the Congress
of Kentucky	of the United States; First, Second,
of Massachusetts	10th, 103d, etc.; the Congress;
of Pennsylvania	Library of
of Virginia	Congressional:
Communist Party; a Communist	Black Caucus; the Black Caucus; the
compact, U.S. marine fisheries, etc.; the	caucus
compact	Directory, the directory
Company, if part of name; capitalized	District, First, 10th, etc.; the First
standing alone if referring to unit of	District; the congressional district; the
Federal Government:	district
Procter & Gamble Co.; the company	Medal of Honor (see decorations)
Comptroller of the Currency; the	but congressional action, committee, etc
Comptroller	Congressman; Congresswoman;
Comptroller General (U.S.); the	Congressman at Large; Member of
Comptroller	Congress; Member; membership
Comsat	Conservative Party; a Conservative
	, a contact there

Constitution, with name of country; Rand Corp.; the corporation capitalized standing alone when Saint Lawrence Seaway Development referring to a specific national (American) constitution; but New York State St. Lawrence Seaway Management Constitution: the constitution (Canadian) constitutional Union Carbide Corp.; the corporation consul, British, general, etc. Virgin Islands consulate, British, etc. Corps, if part of name; the corps, all other Consumer Price Index (official title); the uses: price index; the index; but a Adjutant General's consumers' price index (descriptive) Army Reserve Continent, only if following name; Chemical North American Continent: the Finance continent: but the Continent Foreign Service Officer (see Foreign (continental Europe) Service) Continental: Judge Advocate General's Army; the Army Marine (see Marine Corps) Congress; the Congress Divide (see Divide) Medical Outer Continental Shelf Military Police Shelf; the shelf; a continental shelf Nurse continental Europe, United States, etc. of Cadets (West Point) of Engineers; Army Engineers; the Continentals (Revolutionary soldiers) Engineers; but Army engineer; the Convention, governmental (U.S.), international, or national political; corps the convention: Ordnance 89th National Convention of the Peace; Peace Corpsman; the corpsman American Legion Ouartermaster Reserve Officers' Training (ROTC) Constitutional (United States, 1787); the Convention VII Corps, etc. Democratic National; Democratic Signal Transportation Genocide (international) Youth on International Civil Aviation Republican National; Republican but diplomatic corps Universal Postal Union; Postal Union corpsman; hospital corpsman also International Postal; Warsaw corridor, Northeast Council, if part of name; capitalized copper age (see Ages) standing alone if referring to Federal Corporation, if part of name; the or international unit (see also United Corporation, if referring to unit of Federal Government: Nations): Commodity Credit Boston City; the council Her Majesty's Privy Council; the Privy Federal Deposit Insurance Council: the Council National Railroad Passenger (Amtrak)

National Security; the Council Tax Court: the court of Foreign Ministers (NATO); the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia: the court Council Covenant, League of Nations; the covenant of the Organization of American States; the Council Creed, Apostles'; the Creed Philadelphia City; the council Crown, if referring to a ruler; but crown counsel; general counsel colony, lands, etc. Current, if part of name; the current: County, Prince George's; county of Prince Humboldt George's; County Kilkenny, etc.; Loudoun and Fairfax Counties: the Japan county North Equatorial customhouse; customs official country czar: czarist Court (of law) capitalized if part of name; capitalized standing alone if referring D to the Supreme Court of the United D-Dav States, to the Court of Impeachment Dalai Lama (U.S. Senate), or to an international Dalles, The; but the Dalles region court: Dark Ages (see Ages) Circuit Court of the United States for the Daughters of the American Revolution; Tenth Circuit: Circuit Court for the a Daughter Tenth Circuit; the circuit court; the daylight saving time court; the tenth circuit Declaration, capitalized with name: Court of Appeals for the State of North of Independence; the Declaration Carolina, etc.; the Tenth Circuit Court of Panama: the declaration of Appeals; the court of appeals; the decorations, medals, etc., awarded by court United States or any foreign national Court of Claims; the court government; the medal, the cross, the Court of Impeachment, the Senate; the ribbon (see also Award): Court Air Medal District Court of the United States for Bronze Star Medal the Eastern District of Missouri; the Commendation Ribbon district court; the court Congressional Medal of Honor International Court of Justice: the Court Croix de Guerre Permanent Court of Arbitration; the Distinguished Flying Cross Court Distinguished Service Cross Superior Court of the District of Distinguished Service Medal Columbia; the superior court; the Good Conduct Medal court Legion of Merit Supreme Court of the United States (see Medal for Merit Supreme Court) Medal of Freedom Supreme Court of Virginia, etc.; the

Medal of Honor

supreme court; the court

Purple Heart Silver Star Medal Soldier's Medal Victoria Cross Victory Medal but oakleaf cluster also Carnegie Medal; Olympic Gold Medal; Mother of the Year; but gold medal Decree (see Executive); Royal Decree Deep South Defense Establishment (see Establishment) Deity, words denoting, capitalized Delegate (U.S. Congress) Delegates, Virginia House of delegate (to a conference); the delegate; the delegation Delta, Mississippi River; the delta Democratic Party; a Democrat Department, if part of name; capitalized standing alone if referring to a Federal or international unit: of Agriculture of the Treasury of Veterans Affairs Yale University Department of Economics; the department of economics; the department Department of New York, American Legion department: executive judicial legislative Depot, if part of name; the depot (see also Station) Depression, Great Deputy, if part of capitalized title; but the deputy

#### derivatives of proper names:

alaska seal (fur) angora wool angstrom unit argyle wool artesian well astrakhan fabric babbitt metal benday process bologna bordeaux bourbon whiskey bowie knife braille brazil nut brazilwood brewer's yeast bristolboard brussel sprouts brussels carpet bunsen burner burley tobacco canada balsam (microscopy) carlsbad twins (petrography) cashmere shawl castile soap cesarean section chantilly lace chesterfield coat china clay chinese blue collins (drink) congo red cordovan leather coulomb degaussing apparatus delftware derby hat diesel engine, dieselize neon light dixie cup dotted swiss epsom salt fedora hat frankfurter french chalk french dressing french-fried potatoes fuller's earth gargantuan gauss georgette crepe german silver gilbert glauber salt gothic type graham cracker herculean task

hessian fly

holland cloth hoolamite detector hudson seal (fur) india ink india rubber italic type jamaica ginger japan varnish iersev fabric iohnin test ioule knickerbocker kraft paper lambert leghorn hat levant leather levantine silk lilliputian logan tent london purple lyonnaise potatoes macadamized road mach (no period) number madras cloth maginot line (nonliteral) manila paper maraschino cherry mason jar maxwell melba toast mercerized fabric merino sheep molotov cocktail morocco leather morris chair murphy bed navy blue nelson, half nelson, etc. newton nissen hut norfolk jacket oriental rug oxford shoe panama hat parianware paris green parkerhouse roll pasteurized milk persian lamb petri dish pharisaic philistine photostat pitman arm pitot tube plaster of paris prussian blue

quisling stillson wrench myasthenia gravis quixotic idea surah silk Parkinson('s) disease auonset hut swiss cheese rembert wheel timothy grass post-traumatic stress disorder (PTSD) roentgen turkey red spina bifida roman candle turkish towel roman cement utopia, utopian Zika virus vandyke collar roman type Distinguished Service Medal, etc. (see russia leather vaseline venetian blind russian bath decorations) rutherford venturi tube District, if part of name; the district: sanforize victoria (carriage) saratoga chips vienna bread Alexandria School District No. 4: scotch plaid, but virginia reel school district No. 4 Scotch tape wedgwoodware (trademark) wheatstone bridge Congressional (with number) wilton rug shanghai Federal (see Federal) siamese twins zeppelin spanish omelet Los Angeles Water; the water district but customs district No. 2; first assembly dial-up district; public utility district Diet, Japanese (legislative body) District of Columbia: the District: diplomatic corps (see also Corps; service) Anacostia Flats; the flats Director, if referring to head of Federal or Arlington Memorial Bridge; the international unit: the Director: Memorial Bridge; the bridge District Director of Internal Revenue Children's Hospital; the hospital of the Government Publishing Office District jail; the jail; DC jail of the Fish and Wildlife Service Ellipse, the of National Intelligence Mall, The National: The Mall of the Mint Mayor (when pertaining to the District Office of Management and Budget of Columbia only) but director, board of directors Metropolitan Police; Metropolitan (nongovernmental) police officer; the police Director General of Foreign Service; the police court Director General: the Director Public Library; the library diseases and related terms (see rule 3.32): Reflecting Pool; the pool AIDS (acquired immunodeficiency Tidal Basin; the basin syndrome) Washington Channel; the channel Alzheimer('s) disease Divide, Continental (Rocky Mountains); autism, autism spectrum disorder (ASD) the divide cerebral palsy Divine Father; but divine guidance, divine Down syndrome providence, divine service Ebola virus Division, Army, if part of name: 1st Cavalry German measles Division; 1st Air Cavalry Division; the HIV (human immunodeficiency virus) division Hodgkin: lymphoma; disease Division, if referring to Federal Lyme disease governmental unit; the Division: Marfan syndrome Buick Motor Division; the division; Ménierè's disease a division of General Motors

Passport; the Division	easterner
but Trinity River division	Ebola virus
(reclamation); the division	eBook
Dixie	EE bond
docket No. 66; dockets Nos. 76 and 77	electoral college; the electors
Doctrine, Monroe; the doctrine; but	Elizabethan Age (see Ages)
Truman, Eisenhower doctrine	email (lowercase within a sentence)
doctrine, fairness	Email (uppercase "E" to start a sentence)
Document, if part of name; the document:	Emancipation Proclamation (see
Document No. 130	Proclamation)
Document Numbered One Hundred	Embassy, British, etc.; the Embassy
Thirty	Emperor, Japanese, etc.; the Emperor
draconian	Empire, Roman; the empire
drawing II, A, 3, etc.; but Drawing 2 when	Engine Company, Bethesda; engine
part of title: Drawing 2.—	company No. 6; No. 6 engine
Hydroelectric Power Development	company; the company
dumpster	Engineer officer, etc. (of Engineer Corps);
Dust Bowl (see Bowl)	the Engineers
_	Engineers, Chief of (Army)
E	Engineers, Corps of (see Corps)
Earth (planet)	Envoy Extraordinary and Minister
East:	Plenipotentiary; the Envoy; the
Coast (Africa)	Minister
Middle, Mideast (Asia)	Equator, the; equatorial
Near (Balkans)	Establishment, if part of name; the
Side of New York	establishment:
South Central States	Army
the East (section of United States)	Army Field
east:	Defense
Africa	Federal
coast (U.S.)	Military
Pennsylvania	Naval
Eastern:	Naval Establishments Regs
Gulf States	Navy
Middle, Mideastern (Asia)	Postal
North Central States	Regular
Shore (Chesapeake Bay)	Reserve
States	Shore
United States	but civil establishment; legislative
eastern:	establishment
France	Estate, Girard (a foundation); the estate
seaboard	estate, third (the commons); fourth
Wisconsin	(the press); tax; etc.

Excellency, His, Her; Their Excellencies Exchange, New York Stock; the stock exchange; the exchange Executive (President of United States): Chief Decree No. 100; Decree 100; but Executive decree; direction Mansion; the mansion; the White House Office; the Office Order No. 34; Order 34; but Executive order power executive: agreement branch communication department document paper privilege exhibit 2, A, II, etc.; but Exhibit 2, when part of title: Exhibit 2: Capital Expendition, Byrd; Lewis and Clark; the expedition Exposition, California-Pacific International, etc.; the fair; Texas State Fair fall (synonym for United States or other sovereign power): Depository Library Program but Federal	Eurodollar, euro	Fed, the (no period)
Exchange, New York Stock; the stock exchange; the exchange  Executive (President of United States): Chief Decree No. 100; Decree 100; but Executive decree; direction Mansion; the mansion; the White House Office; the Office Order No. 34; Order 34; but Executive order order order executive: agreement branch communication department document paper privilege exhibit 2, A, II, etc.; but Exhibit 2, when part of title: Exhibit 2: Capital Expendition, Byrd; Lewis and Clark; the expedition Exposition, California-Pacific International, etc.; the exposition  F F Fair Deal Fair, World's, etc.; the fair; Texas State Fair fall (season) Falls, Niagara; the falls Far East, Far Eastern; Far West (U.S.); but far western Farm, if part of name; the farm:  sovereign power): Depository Library Program but Federal depository Library, libraries Digital System District (Mexico) Establishment Government (of any national government) grand jury; the grand jury land bank (see Bank) Register (publication); the Register Reserve Soard, the Board; also Federal Reserve System, the System; Federal Reserve Soard Regulation W, but Federal regulation W but a federal form of government federally fellow, fellowship (academic) Field, Wrigley, Frank Wiley, etc.; the field figure 2, A, II, etc. (illustration); but Figure 2, when part of legend: Figure 2.— Market scenes firewall firm names: ACDelco Amazon America Online (AOL) Apple Bausch & Lomb Inc. BP Bristol-Myers Squibb Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co. Coldwell Banker Colgate-Palmolive Co. Comeast		_
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Fair Deal Fair, World's, etc.; the fair; Texas State Fair fall (season) Falls, Niagara; the falls Far East, Far Eastern; Far West (U.S.); but far western Farm, if part of name; the farm:  Amazon America Online (AOL) Apple Bausch & Lomb Inc. BP Bristol-Myers Squibb Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co. Coldwell Banker Colgate-Palmolive Co. Comcast	expedition	firm names:
Fair Deal Fair, World's, etc.; the fair; Texas State Fair fall (season) Falls, Niagara; the falls Far East, Far Eastern; Far West (U.S.); but far western Farm, if part of name; the farm:  America Online (AOL) Apple Bausch & Lomb Inc. BP Bristol-Myers Squibb Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co. Coldwell Banker Colgate-Palmolive Co. Comcast	Exposition, California-Pacific	ACDelco
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fall (season)  Falls, Niagara; the falls  Far East, Far Eastern; Far West (U.S.); but far western  Farm, if part of name; the farm:  Bristol-Myers Squibb Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co. Coldwell Banker Colgate-Palmolive Co. Comcast		Bausch & Lomb Inc.
Falls, Niagara; the falls  Far East, Far Eastern; Far West (U.S.); but far western  Farm, if part of name; the farm:  Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co. Coldwell Banker Colgate-Palmolive Co. Comcast		
Far East, Far Eastern; Far West (U.S.); but far western  Farm, if part of name; the farm:  Calson, The, scott & Co.  Coldwell Banker  Colgate-Palmolive Co.  Comcast	*	
far western Colgate-Palmolive Co. Farm, if part of name; the farm: Comcast	<u> </u>	
Farm, if part of name; the farm:  Colgate-Palmolive Co.  Comcast		Coldwell Banker
Conicast		Colgate-Palmolive Co.
I - l F I I I		Comcast
Johnson Farm; but Johnson's farm  DIRECTV		
San Diego Farm Dow Jones & Co., Inc.	•	
Wild Tiger Farm Dun & Bradstreet	-	Dun & Bradstreet
Fascist; fascism  Each on of our Country (Weshington)	*	eBay
Father of our Country (Washington) E.I. du Pont de Nemours & Co.		E.I. du Pont de Nemours & Co.
FDsys Facebook	rusys	Facebook

FedEx. flags, foreign: GlaxoSmithKline Tricolor (French) Union Iack (British) United Nations Hamilton Beach/Proctor Silex, Inc. Hartmarx Corp. Fleet, if part of name; the fleet: Hewlett-Packard Atlantic Houghton Mifflin Co. Channel Grand Ingersoll-Rand Co. High Seas Intel Corp. J.C. Penney Co., Inc. Marine Force Johns-Manville Corp. Naval Reserve Pacific Kennecott Exploration Co. 6th Fleet, etc. Kmart U.S. Libbey-Owens-Ford Co. LinkedIn flex fuel floor (House or Senate) Macmillan Co. Merck & Co., Inc. flyway; Canadian flyway, etc. Force(s), if part of name; the force(s): Merrill Lynch Active Forces Microsoft Pfizer Inc. Active-Duty Phelps Dodge Corp. Air (see also Air Force) PricewaterhouseCoopers All-Volunteer Armed Forces (synonym for overall Procter & Gamble Co. U.S. Military Establishment) Rand McNally & Co. Army Field Forces; the Field Forces Rolls-Royce Sun Microsystems Fleet Marine 3M Navy Battle (see Navy) Twitter Navy Scouting (see Navy) Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. Rapid Deployment Walmart Task Force 70; the task force; but task Wal-Mart Stores, Inc. force report United Nations Emergency; the Weyerhaeuser Co. Emergency Force; the Force; but Xerox Corp. United Nations police force YouTube foreign cabinets: First Family (Presidential) First Lady (wife of President) Minister of Foreign Affairs; Foreign Minister; the Minister First World War (see War) Ministry of Foreign Affairs; the Ministry flag code Office of Foreign Missions; the Office flag, U.S.: Old Flag, Old Glory Minister Plenipotentiary Stars and Stripes Premier Prime Minister Star-Spangled Banner Foreign Legion (French); the legion

Foreign Service; the Service: officer Officer Corps; the corps Reserve officer; the Reserve officer Reserve Officer Corps; the Reserve G Corps; the corps Staff officer: the Staff officer Staff Officer Corps; the Staff Corps; the Forest, if part of name; the national forest; the forest: Angeles National Black Coconino and Prescott National Forests but State and National forests (see System) gentile Forester (Chief of Forest Service); the Chief; also Chief Forester form 2, A, II, etc.; but Form 2, when part of title: Form 1040: Individual Income Tax Return; but withholding tax form Fort McHenry, etc.; the fort Foundation, if part of name; capitalized Area standing alone if referring to Federal Arroyo Atoll Bank Chemical; the foundation Ford: the foundation National Science: the Foundation Russell Sage; the foundation Founding Fathers; Founders/Founder (of this Nation, Country) four freedoms Bay Framers (of the U.S. Constitution; of the Bayou Bill of Rights) Beach Bench free world Bend Frisco (for San Francisco; no apostrophe) Bight Bluff Fritalux (see alliances) Fund, if part of name; capitalized standing

alone if referring to international or

Democracy (United Nations); the Fund

International Monetary; the Fund

United Nations fund:

but civil service retirement fund: highway trust fund; mutual security fund: national service life insurance fund; revolving fund

Gadsden Purchase Gallery of Art, National (see National) Gallup Poll; the poll Gambia, The GAO (Government Accountability Office) Geiger counter General Order No. 14; General Orders No. 14; a general order General Schedule Generation X Geographer, the (State Department) geographic terms (terms, such as those

listed below, 2 are capitalized if part of name; are lowercased in general sense (rivers of Virginia and Maryland)): Archipelago Cascade

Cave Cavern Channel: but Mississippi River channel(s) Basin, Upper (Lower) Cirque Colorado River, Coulee etc. (legal entity); Cove hut Hansen Crag flood-control basin: Crater Missouri River Creek basin (drainage); Crossroads upper Colorado Current (ocean River storage project feature) Cut Cutoff Dam Delta Desert Divide Dome (not geologic) Draw (stream) Borough (boro) Dune Bottom Escarpment Branch (stream) Estuary Brook Falls Butte Fault Flat(s) Canal: the canal (Panama) Floodway

Ford

Forest

Canyon

Cape

² List compiled with cooperation of the U.S. Board on Geographic Names.

Fork (stream)	Palisades	department, officials, -owned,
Gap	Park	publications, etc. (U.S. Government)
Geyser Glacier	Pass	1
Glen	Passage Peak	National and State Governments
Gorge	Peninsula	Printing Office (historical)
Gulch	Plain	Publishing Office (see Office)
Gulf	Plateau	
Gut	Point	U.S.; National; Federal; Tribal
Harbor	Pond	Government information product
Head Hill	Pool Dout (vystau body)	government:
Hogback	Port (water body) Prairie	Churchill
Hollow	Range (mountain)	
Hook	Rapids	Communist
Horn	Ravine	District (of Columbia)
Hot Spring	Reef	European governments
Icefield Ice Shelf	Reservoir	1 0
Inlet	Ridge River	Federal, State, and municipal
Island	Roads (anchorage)	governments
Isle	Rock	insular; island
Islet	Run (stream)	
Keys (Florida only)	Sea	local
Knob	Seaway	military
Lagoon Lake	Shoal Sink	seat of
Landing	Slough	State
Ledge	Sound	
Lowland	Spit	State and Provincial governments
Marsh	Spring	Territorial
Massif Mesa	Spur Strait	governmental
Monument	Stream	Governor:
Moraine	Summit	
Mound	Swamp	of Louisiana, etc.; the Governor; a
Mount	Terrace	Governor; State Governor(s);
Mountain	Thoroughfare	Governors' conference
Narrows Neck	Trench Trough	
Needle	Valley	of Puerto Rico; the Governor
Notch	Volcano	of the Federal Reserve Board; the
Oasis	Wash	Governor
Ocean	Waterway	Governor General of Canada; the Governor
Oxbow	Woods	,
		General
Geological Survey (see	e Survey)	govinfo (always bold)
GI bill of rights		grand jury (see Federal)
Girl Scouts (organizat	ion): a Girl Scout: a	Grange, the (National)
Scout; Scouting	,	grant, Pell
G-man		graph 2, A, II, etc.; but Graph 2, when part
Gold Star Mothers (se	e American)	of title: Graph 2.—Production levels
Golden Age (see Ages)		Great:
Golden Rule	)	Basin
	the first four books of	
	the first four books of	Depression
	ent; but gospel music	Divide
Government:		Lakes; the lakes; lake(s) traffic
British, etc.; the Go	vernment	Plains; <i>but</i> southern Great Plains

Seal (any nation)	Hemisphere, Eastern; Western; etc.; the
Society	hemisphere
War (see War)	Hezbollah
White Way (New York City)	High Church
great circle (navigation)	High Commissioner
Greater Los Angeles, Greater New York	High Court (see Supreme Court)
gross national product (GNP)	high definition
Group:	High School, if part of name: Western; the
G8 (Group of 8) (representatives of the	high school
eight leading industrial nations)	Highway No. 40; Route 40; State Route 9;
Helsinki Monitoring; the group	the highway
Military Advisory Group; the group	Hill (the Capitol)
Standing (see Organization)	Hispanic
World Bank	Holocaust, the (World War II); a holocaust
group 2, II, A, etc.; but Group 2, when part	Holy Scriptures; Holy Writ (Bible)
of title: Group II: List of Counties by	home page
States	Hoosier
Guard, National (see National)	Hospice, if part of name
guardsman (see Coast Guard; National	Hospital, if part of name; the hospital:
Guard)	Howard University
Gulf:	St. Elizabeths (no apostrophe)
Coast States; but gulf coast	but naval (marine or Army) hospital
of Mexico; the gulf	hospital corpsman (see corpsman)
States	House, if part of name:
Stream; the stream	Blair
	Johnson house (private residence)
Н	of Representatives; the House (U.S.)
Hague, The	Office Building (see Building)
Hall (U.S. Senate or House)	Ohio (State); the house
Halls of Congress	but both Houses; lower (or upper)
H-bomb; H-hour	House (Congress)
Headquarters:	House of Representatives (U.S.), titles of
Alaskan Command; the command	officers standing alone capitalized:
headquarters	Chairman (Committee of the Whole)
4th Regiment Headquarters; regimental	Chaplain
headquarters	Clerk; <i>but</i> legislative clerk, etc.
32d Division Headquarters; the division	Doorkeeper
headquarters	Official Reporter(s) of Debates
hearing examiner	Parliamentarian
Heaven (religious); heaven (place)	Postmaster
Heimlich maneuver	post office
hell (place)	Sergeant at Arms
Hells (no apostrophe) Canyon	original at IIIIIo

Speaker pro tempore	interface
Speaker; speakership	International Court of Justice; the Court
HUD (Department of Housing and Urban	international:
Development)	banks (see Bank)
Hudson's Bay Co.	boundary
Hurricane Andrew, Katrina, Rita, etc.	dateline
_	law
1	Morse code (see Code)
ice age (see Ages)	internet (lowercase within a sentence)
imam	Internet (uppercase "I" to start a sentence)
Independent Party; an Independent	Internet of Things
Indians (see 3.18):	Interstate 95; I–95; the interstate
Absentee Shawnee	Intracoastal Waterway; the waterway (see
Alaska (see Native)	also waterway)
Eastern (or Lower) Band of Cherokee;	intranet
the Band	intrastate
Five Civilized Tribes; the Tribes	Irish potato
Native Americans	Iron Curtain; the curtain
Shawnee Tribe; the Tribe	Islam; Islamic
Six Nations (Iroquois Confederacy)	Isthmian Canal (see Canal)
Tribe (if federally recognized)	Isthmus of Panama; the isthmus
Initiative, Caribbean Basin; but strategic	
defense initiative	J
Inquisition, Spanish; the Inquisition	Japan Current (see Current)
inspector general	Java (computer language)
Institute, if part of name; capitalized	Jersey cattle
standing alone if referring to Federal	Job Corps
or international organization:	Joint Chiefs of Staff; Chiefs of Staff
National Cancer; the Cancer Institute;	Joint Committee on Printing (see
the Institute	Committee)
National Institutes of Health; the	Journal clerk; the clerk
Institutes	Journal (House or Senate)
of International Law; the Institute	Judge Advocate General, the
Woman's; the institute	judge; chief judge; circuit judge; district
Institution, if part of name; capitalized	judge; <i>but</i> Judge Judy
standing alone if referring to	judiciary, the
Federal unit:	Justice; Justice Alito, etc.
Brookings; the institution	V
Carnegie; the institution	<b>K</b>
Smithsonian; the Institution	kaffiyeh (Arabic headdress)
insular government; island government	King of Thailand, etc.; the King
intercoastal waterway (see waterway)	Koran, the; Koranic
interdepartmental	Krugerrand

L	Lightship, if part of name; the lightship:
Laboratory, if part of name; capitalized	Grays Reef
standing alone if referring to Federal	North Manitou Shoal
unit: Forest Products; the Laboratory;	Light Station, if part of name; the light
but laboratory (non-Federal)	station; the station:
Lake: Erie, of the Woods, Great Salt; the lake	Minots Ledge
Lane, if part of name: Maiden; the lane	Watch Hill
Latino, Latina	Line(s), if part of name; the line(s):
Latter-day Saints	Greyhound (bus)
law, copyright law; Ohm's, etc.	Holland America (cruises)
League, Urban; the league	Maginot (fortification)
Legion:	line:
American; the Legion; a Legionnaire	Mason-Dixon line or Mason and
French Foreign; the legion	Dixon's line
Legislative Assembly, if part of name:	State
of New York; of Puerto Rico, etc.; the	listserv
legislative assembly; the assembly	Local:
legislative branch, clerk, session, etc.	Columbia Typographical Union,
Legislature:	Local 101
National Legislature (U.S. Congress);	International Brotherhood of Electrical
the Legislature	Workers Local 180; but local No. 180
Ohio Legislature; Legislature of Ohio;	local time, local standard time (see time)
the State legislature; the legislature	locator service
Letters Patent No. 378,964; but patent No.	Loop, the (see cities)
378,964; letters patent	Louisiana Purchase
Liberal Party; a Liberal	Low Church
Libertarian Party; a Libertarian	Lower, if part of name:
Liberty Bell	California (Mexico)
Librarian of Congress; the Librarian	Colorado River Basin
Library:	Egypt
Army; the library	Peninsula (of Michigan)
Harry S. Truman; the library	lower:
of Congress; the Library	48 (States)
Hillsborough Public; the library	House of Congress
Lieutenant Governor of Idaho, etc.; the	Mississippi
Lieutenant Governor	
Light, if part of name; the light:	M
Boston	Madam:
Buffalo South Pier Light 2; but light No.	Chair
2; light 2	Chairman
but Massachusetts Bay lights	Chairwoman
Lighthouse (see Light Station)	Magna Carta
	Majesty His Her Your Their Majesties

Majority Leader McConnell; Majority Merchant Marine Reserve: the Reserve: Leader McCarthy; but the majority but U.S. merchant marine: the merchant marine leader (U.S. Congress) Metroliner Mall, The National; The Mall (District of Columbia) Metropolitan Washington, etc.; but Mansion, Executive (see Executive) Washington metropolitan area map 3, A, II, etc.; but Map 2, when part of midcontinent region title: Map 2.—Railroads of Middle Middle Ages (see Ages) Middle Atlantic States Atlantic States Middle East; Mideast; Mideastern; Middle mariculture Marine Corps; the corps: Eastern (Asia) Marines (the corps); but marines Midwest (section of United States); Midwestern States; but midwestern (individuals) Reserve: the Reserve farmers, etc. also a marine; a woman marine; the Military Academy (see Academy) Military Establishment (see Establishment) women marines (individuals); soldiers, sailors, coastguardsmen, and marines milkshed, Ohio, etc. (region) millennials Maritime Provinces (Canada) (see Province) millennium Marshal (see Supreme Court) marshal (U.S.) Minister Plenipotentiary; the Minister; medals (see decorations) Minister Without Portfolio (see also Medicaid foreign cabinets) MediCal Ministry (see foreign cabinets) Minority Leader Reid; Minority Medicare Act; Medicare plan Medicare Plus Leader Pelosi; but the minority Medicare Program leader (U.S. Congress) Mint, Philadelphia, etc.; the mint Medigap minutemen (colonial) Member, if referring to Senator, missiles: capitalize such missile names as Representative, Delegate, or Resident Commissioner of U.S. Congress; also Hellfire, Sparrow, Tomahawk, Scud, Member at Large; Member of Trident, etc.: but cruise missile, air-to-Parliament, etc.; but membership; air missile, surface-to-air missile, etc. Mission, if part of name; the mission: member of U.S. congressional committee Gospel Memorial: but diplomatic mission; military mission; **Iefferson** Iones mission Lincoln Monument: Bunker Hill: the monument Vietnam WWII Grounds; the grounds (Washington Korean Monument) Franklin D. Roosevelt etc.; the memorial National (see National) Washington; the monument (District of Columbia)

Mountain States	Park Service
mountain states	Park, Yellowstone, etc.; Yellowstone Park;
(see time)	the national park; the park
Moving Pictures Experts Group (MPEG)	Treasury; the Treasury
Mr. Chairman; Mr. Secretary; etc.	War College
Mujahedeen	Woman's Party
mullah	Zoological Park (see Zoological)
Museum, capitalize with name; the	national:
museum:	agency check (NAC)
Field	anthem, customs, spirit, etc.
National	British, Mexican, etc.
National Air and Space; the Air Museum	defense agencies
National Museum of African American	stockpile
History and Culture	water policy
National Museum of the American	Native: Alaska; American; <i>but</i> Ohio native,
Indian	etc.
maian	Naval, if part of name:
N	Academy (see Academy)
Nation (synonym for United States); but a	Air Station (NAS) Patuxent River;
nation; nationwide; also French	Pensacola; etc.
nation, Balkan nations	Base Guam; the naval base
nation, in general, standing alone	Observatory (see Observatory)
National, in conjunction with capitalized	Reserve; the Reserve; a reservist
name:	Reserve Force; the force
Academy of Sciences (see Academy)	Reserve officer; a Reserve officer
Archives and Records Administration;	ŕ
the National Archives: the Archives	Shipyard (if preceding or following name):
Capital (Washington); the Capital; but	Brooklyn Naval Shipyard; Naval
national capital area	Shipyard, Brooklyn; <i>but</i> the naval
Endowment for the Arts; the	shipyard
Endowment	Volunteer Naval Reserve
Gallery of Art; the National Gallery;	War College; the War College; the college
the gallery	naval, in general sense:
Grange; the Grange	command (see Command)
Guard, Ohio, etc.; Air National; the	expenditures, maneuvers, officer,
National Guard; the Guard; a	service, stores, etc.
guardsman; Reserve; but a National	petroleum reserves; but Naval
Guard man; National Guardsman	Petroleum Reserve No. 2 (Buena
Legislature (see Legislature)	Vista Hills Naval Reserve); reserve No. 2
Muir Woods National Monument, etc.;	navel orange
the national monument; the	Navy, American or foreign, if part of name;
monument	capitalized standing alone only if
	referring to U.S. Navy:
Museum (see Museum)	Admiral of the; the admiral

Battle Force: the Battle Force: the force numbers capitalized if spelled out as part of Establishment: the establishment a name: Hospital Corps; hospital corpsman; the Air Force One (Presidential plane) Charles the First Committee of One Hundred Regular Seabees (construction battalion); a Twenty-third Census (see Census) 0 navy yard Observatory, capitalized with name: Nazi: Nazism Astrophysical; the Observatory Near East (Balkans, etc.) Lick; the observatory network (nongovernmental) New Deal: anti-New Deal Naval: the Observatory New England States Occident, the: occidental New Federalism Ocean, if part of name; the ocean: **New Frontier** Antarctic New World: but new world order Arctic North: Atlantic Atlantic North Atlantic, etc. Atlantic States Pacific Atlantic Treaty (see Treaty) Southern Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) South Pacific, etc. (see Organization) Southwest Pacific, etc. Equatorial Current (see Current) Oceanographer (the Hydrographer), Navy Korea Office, if referring to unit of Federal Pole Government: the Office: Slope (Alaska) Executive Star (Polaris) Foreign and Commonwealth (U.K.) the North (section of United States) Government Printing; the Printing north: Office (historical) Africa Government Publishing; the Publishing Ohio, Virginia, etc. Office: the Office north-central region, etc. Naval Oceanographic Northeast corridor of Chief of Naval Operations northern Ohio of General Counsel Northern States of Management and Budget northerner of Personnel Management Northwest Pacific of the Secretary (Defense); Secretary's Northwest Territory (1799) Office Northwest, the (section of the United States) Patent and Trademark Northwest Washington (see cities) but New York regional office (including Northwestern: branch, division, or section therein); States the regional office; the office United States

or.	D
officer:	Basin
Army	coast
Marine; but naval and marine officers	Coast States
Navy; Navy and Marine officers	Northwest
Regular Army; Regular; a Regular	rim
Reserve	seaboard
Old Dominion (Virginia)	slope
Old South	South
Old World	States
Olympic Games; Olympiad; XXXI Olympic	time, Pacific standard time (see time)
Games	but cispacific; transpacific
ombudsman, Maryland (State)	pan-American games; but Pan American
online	Day
Operation Iraqi Freedom, Desert Storm	Pan American Union (renamed; see
Order of Business No. 56 (congressional	Organization of American States)
calendar)	Panel, the Federal Service Impasses
Ordnance:	(Federal), etc.; the Panel
Corps (see Corps)	Panhandle of Texas; Texas Panhandle; the
Department; the Department	panhandle; etc.
Organization, if part of name; capitalized	papers, Woodrow Wilson, etc.; the papers;
standing alone if referring to	<i>but</i> white paper
international unit:	Parish, Caddo, etc.; but parish of Caddo
International Labour (ILO)	(Louisiana civil division); the parish
North Atlantic Treaty (NATO):	Park, Fairmount, etc.; the park (see also
Chiefs of Staff	National)
Committee of Defense Ministers	Park Police, U.S.; park policeman
Council	Park Service
Council of Foreign Ministers	Park, Zoological (see Zoological)
Defense Committee	Parkway, George Washington Memorial;
Military Committee	the memorial parkway; the parkway
Pact	Parliament, Houses of; the Parliament
Regional Planning Group; the Group	Parliamentarian (U.S. Senate or House)
Standing Group; the Group	part 2, A, II, etc.; but Part 2, when part of
of American States (OAS)	title: Part 2: Iron and Steel Industry
United Nations Educational, Scientific,	Party, if part of name; the party
and Cultural (UNESCO)	Pass, Brenner, capitalized if part of name;
but nongovernmental organization (NGO)	the pass
Orient, the; oriental (objects)	patent (see Letters Patent)
Osama bin Laden	Peninsula Upper (Lower) (Michigan); the
Outer Continental Shelf (see Continental)	peninsula
(	Penitentiary, United States; the penitentiary
P	petrodollar
Pacific (see also Atlantic):	phase 2; phase I
	r, r

Philippines, Republic of the Preserve, Sullys Hill, National Game Pilgrim Fathers (1620); the Pilgrims; a Presidency (office of the head of Government) President: Place, if part of name: Jefferson Place; the of the United States: the Executive: the Chief Magistrate; the Commander Plains (Great Plains), the in Chief; the President-elect; ex-President: former President: also controlled materials preceding name of any other country; the President of 5-year Marshall (European Recovery Program) Federal or international unit Planetarium, Fels, Hayden; the planetarium but president of the Norfolk Southern plant, United States Steel, etc. Railway; president of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York plate 2, A, II, etc.; but Plate 2, when part of title: Plate 2.-Rural Structures Presidential assistant, authority, order, Plaza, Union Station (Washington, DC); proclamation, candidate, election, the plaza timber, year, etc. Prime Minister (see foreign cabinets) Pledge of Allegiance; the pledge Pole: North, South; the pole; subpolar Prison, New Jersey State; the prison Privy Council, Her Majesty's (see Council) Pole Star (Polaris); polar star Police, if part of name; the police: Prize, Nobel, Pulitzer, etc.; the prize Capitol Proclamation, Emancipation; Presidential Park, U.S. Proclamation No. 24: Proclamation No. 24; the proclamation; but White House Presidential proclamation political action committee (PAC) political parties and adherents (see specific Program, if part of name: political party) European Recovery Pool, Northwest Power, etc.; the pool **Fulbright** Mutual Defense Assistance Pope; but papal, patriarch, pontiff, primate but universal military training; Port, if part of name; Port of Norfolk; Norfolk Port; the port (see Authority) government bailout Post Office, Chicago, etc.; the post office Progressive Party; a Progressive P.O. Box (with number); but post office box Project: Gutenberg (in general sense) Manhattan Postmaster General PostScript; but a postscript Vote Smart Powers, if part of name; the powers (see Proposition 13 Prosecutor; Special Prosecutor (Federal) also alliances): Allied (World Wars I and II) Province, Provincial, if referring to an administrative subdivision: Ontario Axis (World War II) Province: Province of Ontario: Western but European powers Maritime Provinces (Canada); the Province precinct; first, 10th precinct Premier (see foreign cabinets)

Proving Ground, Aberdeen, etc.; the Brahman proving ground Buddhist Public Law: Public Law 110-161, etc. Catholic: Catholicism: but catholic Public Printer: the Government Printer: (universal) the Printer (historical) Christian public utility district (see District) Christian Science Pueblo, Santa Clara; the pueblo (place); Evangelical United Brethren Hindu: Hinduism the Pueblo (Tribe) Purchase, Gadsden, Louisiana, etc. Islam: Islamic Puritan; puritanical **Iewish** Pyrrhic victory Latter-day Saints Muslim: Shiite: Sunni Q New Thought Quad Cities (Davenport, Rock Island, Protestant; Protestantism Moline, East Moline, and Bettendorf) Scientology query Seventh-day Adventists queue Seventh Day Baptists Sikh R Zoroastrian Radio Free Europe/Radio Liberty Renaissance, the (era) Railroad, Alaska: the railroad Report, if part of name (with date or Ranch, King, etc.; the ranch number); the annual report; Range, Cascade, etc. (mountains); the range the report: Rebellion, if part of name; the rebellion: 2015 Report of the Chief of the Forest Boxer Service Whisky 9/11 Commission Report Reconstruction period (post-Civil War) Annual Report of the Secretary of Red army Defense for the year ended Red Cross, American, American National September 30, 2015 Reds, the; a Red (political) President's Economic Report; the Reformatory, Michigan; the reformatory **Economic Report** Refuge, Blackwater National Wildlife, etc.; Railroad Retirement Board Annual Blackwater Refuge; the refuge Report, 2015; but annual report of region, north-central, etc.; first region, the Railroad Retirement Board 10th region; region 7; midcontinent Report No. 31 Regular Army, Navy; a Regular (see also United States Reports (publication) officer) Reporter, the (U.S. Supreme Court) regulation: Representative; Representative at Large greenhouse gas (U.S. Congress); U.N. W (see also Federal Reserve Board) Republic, capitalized if part of name; but Veterans Entitlements Regulations capitalized standing alone if referring religious terms: to a specific government: Baha'i Czech **Baptist** 

French	Revised Statutes (U.S.); Supplement to the
Irish	Revised Statutes; the statutes; Statutes
of Bosnia and Herzegovina	at Large (U.S.)
of Panama	Revolution, Revolutionary (if referring to
of the Philippines	the American, French, or English
Slovak	Revolution) (see also War)
also the American Republics; South	rim; the Pacific rim
American Republics; the Latin	Road, if part of name: Benning; the road
American Republics; the Republics	Roman numerals, common nouns used
Republican Party; a Republican	with, not capitalized:
Reservation (forest, military, or Indian), if	book II; chapter II; part II; etc.
part of name; the reservation:	but Book II: Modern Types (complete
Hill Military	heading); Part XI: Early Thought
Standing Rock	(complete heading)
Reserve, if part of name; the Reserve (see	Route 66, State Route 9 (highways)
also Air Force; Army Corps; Coast	rule 21; rule XXI; but Rule 21, when part of
Guard; Foreign Service; Marine	title: Rule 21: Renewal of Motion
Corps; Merchant Marine; Naval;	Rules:
National Guard):	of the House of Representatives; but rules
Active	of the House; House rule X
Air Force	Standing Rules of the Senate
Army	(publication); but rules of the Senate
bank (see Bank)	also Commission rules
Board, Federal (see Federal)	
city (see Bank)	<b>S</b>
components	Sabbath; Sabbath Day
Enlisted	savings bond (see bond)
Establishment	schedule 2, A, II, etc.; but Schedule 2, when
Inactive	part of title; Schedule 2: Open and
Naval	Prepay Stations
officer	School, if part of name; the school:
Officers' Training Corps	any school of U.S. Armed Forces
Ready	Hayes
Retired	Pawnee Indian
Standby	Public School 13; P.S. 13
Strategic	school district (see District)
Reserves, the; reservist	Scriptures; Holy Scriptures (the Bible)
Resolution, with number; the resolution:	Seabees (see Navy)
House Joint Resolution 3	seaboard, Atlantic, eastern, etc.
Senate Concurrent Resolution 18	seasons:
War Powers Resolution (short title)	autumn (fall)
but Tonkin resolution	spring
	summer
	winter

	Sermon on the Mount
seaway (see geographic terms; Corporation)	
Second World War (see War)	server
Secretariat (see United Nations)	Service, if referring to Federal unit; the
Secretaries of the Army and the Navy; but	Service:
Secretaries of the military	Extension
departments; secretaryship	Federal Mediation and Conciliation
Secretary, head of national governmental	Fish and Wildlife
unit:	Foreign (see Foreign Service)
of Defense; of State; etc.; the Secretary	Forest
of State for Foreign Affairs (British); for	Internal Revenue
the Commonwealth, etc.; the	Marshals
Secretary	National Park
of the Smithsonian Institution; the	Natural Resources Conservation
Secretary	Postal
also the Assistant Secretary; the	Secret (Homeland Security)
Executive Secretary	Selective (see also System); but selective
Secretary General; the Secretary General:	service, in general sense; selective
Organization of American States	service classification 1–A, 4–F, etc.
United Nations	Senior Executive
section 2, A, II, etc.; but Section 2, when	service:
part of title: Section 2: Test	airmail
Construction Theory	Army
Selective Service (see Service; System)	city delivery
Senate (U.S.), titles of officers standing	consular
alone capitalized:	customs
Chaplain	diplomatic
Chief Clerk	employment (State)
Doorkeeper	extension (State)
Official Reporter(s)	general delivery
Parliamentarian	naval
Postmaster	Navy
President of the	parcel post
President pro tempore	postal field
Presiding Officer	rural free delivery; rural delivery; free
Secretary	delivery
Sergeant at Arms	special delivery
Senate, Ohio (State); the senate	star route
Senator (U.S. Congress); but lowercased if	Shelf, Continental (see Continental)
referring to a State senator, unless	ship of state (unless personified)
preceding a name	Sister(s) (adherent of religious order)
senatorial	Six Nations (see Indians)
Sergeant at Arms (U.S. Senate or House)	Smithsonian Institution (see Institution)
0 (2.2.00)	

Social Security Administration (U.S.),	special agent
application, check, number, pension,	specialist
trust fund, system, etc.	Special Order No. 12; Special Orders, No.
Socialist Party; a Socialist	12; a special order
Society, if part of name; the society:	Spirit of '76 (painting); but spirit of '76 (in
American Cancer Society, Inc.	general sense)
of the Cincinnati	Sputnik
soil bank	Square, Lafayette, etc.; the square
soil orders (see rule 3.30)	Staff, Foreign Service (see Foreign Service);
Soldiers' Home; the soldiers' home; (see	Air (U.K.)
Armed Forces Retirement Home)	standard time (see time)
Solicitor for the Department of Labor, etc.;	Star of Bethlehem
the Solicitor	Star-Spangled Banner (see flag)
Solicitor General (Department of Justice)	State:
Son of Man (Christ)	Champion
Sons of the American Revolution	government
(organization); a Son; a Real Son	legislature (see Legislature)
South:	line, Iowa; Ohio-Indiana, etc.
American Republics (see Republic)	New York
American States	of Israel
Atlantic	of Maryland
Atlantic States	of the Union Message/Address
Deep South (U.S.)	of Veracruz
Korea	out-of-State (adjective); but out-of-stater
Midsouth (U.S.)	prison
Pacific	Vatican City
Pole	state:
the South (section of United States);	church and
Southland	of the art: state-of-the-art technology
Southeast Asia	welfare
southern California, southeastern	also downstate, instate, multistate,
California, etc.	statehood, statehouse, stateside,
Southern States	statewide, substate, tristate, upstate
Southern United States	State's attorney
southerner	state's evidence
Southwest, the (section of United States)	states' rights (international)
space shuttle; the shuttle	States:
space station	Arab
spam (email)	Balkan
Spanish-American War (see War)	Baltic
Speaker of the House of Representatives;	East North Central
the Speaker	East South Central

Eastern; but eastern industrial States stone age (see Ages) Eastern Gulf storage facility Eastern North Central, etc. Stream, Gulf (see Gulf; geographic terms) Far Western Street, if part of name; the street: Gulf: Gulf Coast I Street (not Eye Street) Lake 110th Street Latin American U Street (not You Street) lower 48 subcommittee (see Committee) Middle subtropical, subtropic(s) (see tropical) Middle Atlantic summit meeting; Earth summit Middle Western Sun: a sun Midwestern Super Bowl Mountain Superfund; the fund Superintendent, if referring to head of New England North Atlantic Federal unit; the Superintendent: Northwestern, etc. of Documents (Government Organization of American Publishing Office) Pacific of the Naval (or Military) Academy Pacific Coast Supplement to the Revised Statutes (see rights (U.S.) Revised Statutes) South American Supreme Bench; the Bench; also High South Atlantic Bench; High Tribunal Southern Supreme Court (U.S.); the Court; also High Court; titles of officers standing alone the six States of Australia; a foreign state Thirteen Original; original 13 States capitalized: Western; but western Gulf; western Associate Justice farming States Chief Justice Clerk Station, if part of name; the station; not Marshal capitalized if referring to surveying or similar work: Reporter Grand Central but Ohio Supreme Court; the supreme Naval Air Engineering court Surgeon General, the (Air Force, Army, television station WSYR-TV Navy, and Public Health Service) Union; Union Depot; the depot WAMU station; station WMAL; radio Survey, if part of name of Federal unit; the station WSM; broadcasting station Survey: Geodetic; Geological WISV System, if referring to Federal unit; the station 9: substation A System: Statue of Liberty; the statue Federal Home Loan Bank; the System Federal Reserve; the System Statutes at Large (U.S.) (see also Revised Statutes) National Forest; the System Stealth: bomber, fighter National Highway; Interstate Highway; Stockpile, Strategic National the System

National Park; the System Thirteen Original States National Trails; the System Thruway, New York State; the thruway National Wild and Scenic Rivers: the Alaska, Alaska standard System Atlantic, Atlantic standard Regional Metro System; Metro system Selective Service (see also Service) central, central standard State and National forests eastern, eastern daylight, eastern daylight saving (no s), eastern standard but Amtrak railway system; Amtrak Greenwich mean time (GMT) system; the system Hawaii-Aleutian standard also Federal land bank system local, local standard mountain, mountain standard table 2, II, A, etc.; but Table 2, when part of Pacific, Pacific standard title: Table 2: Degrees of Land universal Deterioration title 2, II, A, etc.; but Title 2, when part of task force (see Force) title: Title 2: General Provisions Team, USAREUR Technical Assistance, Tomb. etc.: the team Grant's: the tomb television station (see Station) of the Unknowns; of the Unknown Telnet Soldier: Unknown Soldier's Tomb: Ten Commandments the tomb (see also Unknown Soldier) Territorial, if referring to a political Tower, Eiffel, etc.; the tower subdivision Township, Union; township of Union Territory: trade names and trademarks: Northwest (1799); the territory Blu-Rav MasterCard Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands; Coca-Cola TiVo U-Haul Pacific Islands Trust Territory; the Dr Pepper Hersheypark UNIX trust territory; the territory iPhone VISA iPod Yahoo! Yukon, Northwest Territories; the iTunes ZIP Code (Postal) Territory(ies), Territorial (Canada) Trade Representative (U.S.) but territory of: American Samoa, Guam, transatlantic; transpacific; trans-Siberian, Virgin Islands etc.; but Transjordan; Trans-Alaska The, part of name, capitalized: Treasurer, Assistant, of the United States; The Dalles; The Gambia; The Hague; the Assistant Treasurer: but assistant The Weirs: but the Dalles Dam: the treasurer at New York, etc. Dalles region; the Hague Conference; Treasurer of the United States; the Treasurer the Weirs streets but the Adjutant General; the National Treasury notes; Treasurys Treasury, of the United States; General; Archives: the Archives: the Times: the National; Public Mermaid Treaty, if part of name; the treaty: Third World Thirteen American Colonies, etc. (see North Atlantic; North Atlantic Defense Colonies)

of Versailles	but a painters union; printers union
but treaty of 1919	United Nations:
triad	Charter; the charter
Tribe; Tribal (federally recognized)	Educational, Scientific, and Cultural
(see Indians)	Organization (UNESCO) (see
Tribunal, standing alone capitalized only in	Organization)
minutes and official reports of a	Food and Agriculture Organization
specific arbitration; also High	(FAO)
Tribunal; the Tribunal (Supreme	General Assembly; the Assembly
Court)	International Children's Emergency
Tropic of Cancer, of Capricorn; the Tropics	Fund (UNICEF)
tropical; neotropic, neotropical, sub-	International Court of Justice; the Court
tropic(s), subtropical	Permanent Court of Arbitration (see
Trust, Power, etc.	Court)
trust territory (see Territory)	Secretariat, the
Tunnel, Lincoln, etc.; the tunnel; but	Secretary General
irrigation, railroad, etc., tunnel	Security Council; the Council
Turnpike, Pennsylvania, etc.; the turnpike	World Employment Conference
Twin Cities (Minneapolis and St. Paul)	World Health Organization (WHO);
	the Organization
U	universal:
U-boat	military training (see Program)
Under Secretary, if referring to officer of	time (see time)
Federal Government; the Under	University, if part of name: Stanford; the
Secretary:	university
of Agriculture	Unknown Soldier; Unknown of World War
of State	II; World War II Unknown;
of the Treasury	Unknown of Korea; Korea
Uniform Code of Military Justice (see Code)	Unknown; the Unknowns (see also
Union (if part of proper name; capitalized	Tomb)
standing alone if synonym for United States or if referring to international	Upper, if part of name:
	Colorado River Basin
unit): Columbia Typographical	Egypt
	Peninsula (of Michigan)
European Pan American (former name; <i>see</i>	but upper House of Congress
Organization of American States)	U.S.S.R. (former Union of Soviet Socialist
Station; <i>but</i> union passenger station;	Republics)
union freight station	v
Teamsters; the Teamsters; the	Valley, Shenandoah, etc.; the valley; <i>but</i> the
union; <i>also</i> the Auto Workers, etc.	valleys of Virginia and Maryland
Universal Postal; the Postal Union	V–E Day; V–J Day; V-chip
Woman's Christian Temperance	veteran World War II. Vietnam

Veterans Affairs, Department of (see	War College, National (see College)
Department)	War Mothers (see American)
Vice Chairman, etc. (same as Chairman)	ward 1, 2, etc.; first, 11th, etc.
vice consul, British, etc.	Washington's Farewell Address
Vice President (same as President)	water district (see District)
Voice of America; the Voice	waterway, inland, intercoastal, etc.; but
volume 2, A, II, etc.; but Volume 2, when	Intracoastal Waterway
part of title; Volume 2: Five Rivers in	web (lowercase within a sentence):
America's Future	#address
	#page
W	site
War, if part of formal name:	Web (upper case "W" to start a sentence)
Between the States	Week, Fire Prevention; etc.
Civil	Weirs, The; <i>but</i> the Weirs streets
First World War; World War I; World	welfare state
War; Great War; Second World War;	West:
World War II	Bank (Jordan)
for Independence (1776)	Coast (Africa); but west coast (U.S.)
French and Indian (1754–63)	End, etc. (section of city)
Mexican	Europe (political entity)
of 1812	Far West; Far Western States
of the Rebellion; the rebellion	Florida (1763–1819)
on Crime	Middle (United States); Midwest
on Drugs	South Central States, etc.
on Poverty	the West (section of United States; also
on Terrorism, Global	world political entity)
Revolutionary; of the Revolution; the	west, western Pennsylvania
Revolution	Western:
Seven Years'	bloc
Six-Day (Arab-Israeli)	civilization
Spanish-American	countries
the two World Wars	Europe(an) (political entity)
also post-World War II	Hemisphere; the hemisphere
war, descriptive or undeclared:	ideas
cold, hot	Powers
European	States
French and Indian wars	United States
Indian	World
Korean	but far western; western farming States
Persian Gulf; Gulf	(U.S.)
third world; world war III	westerner
Vietnam	Whip, Majority; Minority
with Mexico	Whisky Rebellion (see Rebellion)

White (see Caucasian)	Y
White House:	year, calendar, fiscal
Blue Room	Your Excellency; Your Honor; Your
East Room	Majesty; etc.
Oval Office	Youth Corps; the Corps
Police (see Police)	_
Red Room	Z
Rose Garden	Zika virus
State Dining Room	ZIP Code number; ZIP+4
white paper, British, etc.	Zone, if part of name; the zone:
Wi-Fi	British (in Germany)
Wilderness, capitalized with name; San	Canal (Panama)
Joaquin Wilderness, CA; the	Eastern, Western (Germany)
wilderness; <i>but</i> the Wilderness	Frigid
(Virginia battlefield)	Hot (infectious area)
Wood, if part of name:	of Interior (see Command)
Belleau	Temperate, Torrid; the zone
County	U.S. Foreign Trade; Foreign
Fort Leonard	Trade Zone; but the foreign trade
World: New, Old, Third; but free world	zone, free trade zone
World Bank; the Bank	zone:
World Series	Arctic
World War (see War)	eastern standard time
World War II veteran	no-fly
world wide web, the web	polar
	tropical
X	Zoological Park (National); the zoo;
x ray (note: no hyphen)	the park

**5.1.** GPO uses Webster's Third New International Dictionary as its guide for the spelling of words not appearing in the GPO STYLE MANUAL. Colloquial and dialect spellings are not used unless required by the subject matter or specially requested. The tendency of some producers of computer-assisted publications to rely on the limited capability of some spell-checking programs adds importance to this list.

## Preferred and difficult spellings

**5.2.** In addition to indicating the preferred forms of words with variant spellings, the list also contains other words frequently misspelled or causing uncertainty.

	•		
Α	adviser	ambidextrous	athenaeum
abattoir	advisor (law)	amoeba	attester
aberration	adz	ampoule	autogiro
abetter	aegis	analog	awhile (for some
abettor (law)	aesthetic	analogous	time)
abridgment	affect (influence, v.)	anemia	a while (a short
absorb (take in)	effect (result,	anesthetic	time)
adsorb (adhesion)	finish, n., v.)	aneurysm	ax
abysmal	afterward(s)	anomalous	aye
a cappella	afterword	anonymous	В
accede (yield)	aging	antediluvian	backward
exceed (surpass)	aid (n., v.)	antibiotics (n.)	baloney (nonsense)
accepter	aide	antibiotic (adj.)	bologna (sausage)
acceptor (law)	aide-de-camp	anyway (adv.)	bandanna
accessory	albumen (egg)	anywise (adv.)	bargainer
accommodate	albumin	appall, -ed, -ing	bargainor (law)
accordion	(chemistry)	appareled, -ing	baritone
accouter	align	aquatic	bark (boat)
accursed	allottee	aqueduct	barreled, -ing
acetic (acid)	all ready (prepared)	archaeology	bastille
ascetic (austere)	already (previous)	arrester	bathyscaph
acknowledgment	all right	artifact	battalion
acoustic	altogether	artisan	bazaar (event)
adapter	(completely)	ascendance, -ant	bizarre (strange or
adjurer	all together	ascent (rise)	absurd)
adjuster	(collectively)	assent (consent)	behoove
ad nauseam	aluminum	assassinate	beneficent

benefited, -ing calligraphy channeled, -ing consummate bettor (wagerer) callus (n.) chaperon(e) contradicter callous (adi.) control, -lable, -ling beveled, -ing chautaugua chauvinism biased, -ing calorie converter chiffonier blessed canceled, -ing conveyor bloc (group) cancellation chile con carne cookie candor chili (pepper) block (grants) cornetist canister blond(e) chiseled, -ing corollary cannot chlorophyll corvette bluing cigarette born (birth) canoeing councilor (of cantaloupe citable council) borne (carried) canvas (cloth) cite (quote) bouillon (soup) counselor site (place) canvass (solicit) bullion (metal) (adviser) capital (city, money) clamor boulder counseled, -ing climactic (climax) capitol (building) bourgeoisie cozy carabao (sing., pl.) climatic (climate) crawfish breach (gap) carat (gem weight) cocaine creneled, -ing breech (lower part) caret (omission coconut brier crystaled, -ing mark) cocoon crystalline briquet, -ted, -ting karat (gold weight) coleslaw Britannia crystallize colloguy carbureted, -ing broadax cudgeled, -ing carburetor colossal bronco cyclopedia Caribbean combated, -ing brunet(te) czar caroled, -ing commenter buccaneer carotene commentor (law) buncombe darndest carrot commingle bunion debarkation cartilage commiserate bur decaffeinated complement caster (roller) burned decalogue castor (oil) (complete) bus, bused, buses, defense casual (informal) compliment busing deliverer causal (cause) (praise) butadiene deliveror (law) catalog, -ed, -ing confectionery demagogue cataloger confidant(e) confident (sure) caffeine demarcation catsup calcareous confirmer de minimis caviar calcimine dependent confirmor (law) caviled, -er, -ing caldron descendant (n., adj.) center conjurer calendar desecrater centipede connecter desiccate calender (paper centrifugal connector (road) desuetude finish) cesarean connoisseur caliber chairmaned (suspended) consecrator destitute (bereft) caliper chaise longue; consensus calk (spike) lounge consignor detractor

consulter

develop, -ment

caulk (seal)

chancellor

F device (contrivance) duffelbag engraft devise (convey) dullness enroll, -ed, -ing, fantasy dumbfound dextrous (syllable farther (distance) -ment enshade division) dwelt further (degree) ensheathe diaeresis favor dyeing (coloring) diaeretic dying (death) ensnare fecal diuretic (water pill) ensure (guarantee) feces E fetal insure (protect) diagramed, -ing eastward entrench fetish diagrammatic ecstasy entrepreneur fetus dialed, -ing edema dialogue entrust fiance(e) edgewise fiber entwine dialysis electronics (n.) envelop (v.) fiche (microfiche) diaphragm electronic (adi.) diarrhea envelope (n.) filigree eleemosynary finable dickey enwrap elicit (to draw) dietitian finagle eon illicit (illegal) diffuser epaulet, -ed, -ing financier embarrass dike epiglottis fiord embed dilettante epilogue flammable (not embellish inflammable) dinghy (boat) equaled, -ing emboweled, -ing flection diphtheria erysipelas emboweler fledgling discreet (prudent) escallop emigrant (go from) discrete (distinct) escapable flextime immigrant (go flier disheveled, -ing esophagus into) etiology flotage disc (computer) emigree dispatch evacuee flotation eminent (famous) dissension evanescent fluorescent imminent (soon) distention eviscerate focused, -ing distill, -ed, -ing, emoji folderol evocative employee -ment exhibitor forbade enameled, -ing forbear (endurance) distributor exhilarate encage exonerate forebear (ancestor) diverter encase divorcee (masc., exorbitant foresee encave fem.) expellant forgettable enclasp exposé (n., forgo (relinquish) doctoral enclose doctrinaire exposure) forego (precede) enclosure format, formatted, doggerel expose (v., to lay encumber formatting dossier open) doweled, -ing encumbrance exsiccate forswear encyclopedia downward extant (in existence) fortissimo dreadnought endorse, -ment extent (range) forward (ahead) dreamed endwise foreword (preface) extoll, -ed, -ing drought enfeeble eveing fricassee enforce, -ment fuchsia dueled, -ing eyrie

н fueler inferable kidnapped, -ing hallelujah infold kidnapper fulfill, -ed, -ing, hara-kiri ingenious (skillful) kilogram -ment harass ingenuous (simple) knapsack fulsome harebrained innocuous kopek fungus (n., adj.) healthful (for innuendo kumquat funneled, -ing health) inoculate furor healthy (with inquire, inquiry fuse (all meanings) labeled, -ing health) install, -ed, -ing, fuselage lacquer heinous -ment fusillade landward hemoglobin installation lath (wood) G hemorrhage instill, -ed, -ing lathe (machine) hiccup gaiety insure (protect) laureled highfalutin ensure (guarantee) gaily leukemia hijack intelligentsia galosh leveled, -ing homeopath interceptor gamboled, -ing leveler homogeneity interment (burial) garrote liable (responsible) homogeneous internment (iail) libel (legal) gauge (mixed uniformly) intern liaison gazetteer homogenous (of intervener libelant gelatin similar origin) intervenor (law) libeled, -ing genealogy homologue intransigent (n., adj.) libelee generalissimo hors d'oeuvre in vitro libeler germane hypocrisy in vivo license glamorous hypotenuse iridescent licenser (issuer) glamour italic licensor (grantor) glycerin licorice idiosyncrasy gobbledygook J likable idle (inactive) goodbye jalopy lilliputian idol (statue) govinfo ialousie linage (lines) idyll (always bold) jerry-(built) lineage (descent) imminent (soon) graveled, -ing jury-(rigged) liquefy eminent (famous) jeweled, -ing, -er gray liquor impaneled, -ing grievous jewelry liqueur impasse judgeship groveled, -ing liter imperiled, -ing judgment gruesome livable impostor jujitsu guarantee (n., v.) loath (reluctant) impresario guaranty (n., law) juxtaposition loathe (detest) imprimatur guerrilla (warfare) Κ lodestar inculcate gorilla (ape) karat lodestone indict (to accuse) guesstimate kerneled, -ing indite (to compose) lodgment guttural kerosene

inequity (unfairness)

iniquity (sin)

gypsy

ketchup

logistics (n.)

logistic (adj.)

louver millenary (1,000) octet perquisite (privilege) luster offal prerequisite millinery (hats) offense lvonnaise millennium (requirement) personal (individual) minable omelet personnel (staff) missilery ophthalmology madam perspective (view) misspell opossum Mafia prospective miter orangutan maim (expected) orbited, -ing mnemonic maize (corn) petaled, -ing moccasin ordinance (law) maze (labyrinth) pharaoh ordnance modeled, -ing maneuver pharmacopeia (military) modeler manifold phoenix mold organdy manikin (dwarf) phlegm mollusk overseas or oversea mannequin (model) phony molt mantel (shelf) phosphorus (n.) moneys pajamas mantle (cloak) phosphorous (adj.) monogramed, -ing palate (mouth) marbleize photostated monologue palette (colors) marijuana pickax mortise pallet (bed or marshaled, -ing picnicking movable freight) marshaler pipet mucilage paleontology marveled, -ing plaque mucus (n.) paneled, -ing marvelous plastics (n.) mucous (adj.) paraffin material (goods) plastic (adj.) Muslim paralleled, -ing materiel (military) pledger mustache parallelepiped meager pledgor (law) parceled, -ing medaled, -ing plenitude Ν partisan medalist pliers naphtha pastime medieval plow Navajo patrol, -led, -ling meme poleax Nazism peccadillo metaled, -ing pollination neophyte pedant (n.) metalize pommeled, -ing niacin pedantic (adj.) meteorology pontoon nickel peddler (weather) porcelaneous niter penciled, -ing metrology practice (n., v.) nonplused pendant (n.) (weights and precedence northward measures) pendent (u.m.) (priority) Novocain percent meter precedents (usage) (trademark) mil (1/1000 inch) peremptory prerogative novocaine mill (1/1000 dollar) (decisive) pretense (anesthetic) mileage preemptory preventive 0 (preference) miliary principal (chief) (tuberculosis) obbligato perennial principle milieu obloguy periled, -ing (proposition) milk cow ocher permittee privilege

sextet

proffer programmatic programmed, -mer, -ming prologue promissory pronunciation propel, -led, -ling propellant (n.) propellent (adj.) prophecy (n.) prophesy (v.) ptomaine pubic (anatomy) pulmotor pusillanimous

### Q

quarreled, -ing quartet quaternary questionnaire queue

#### R

raccoon racket (all meanings) rapprochement rarefy rarity ratable rational (adj.) rationale (n.) rattan raveled, -ing reconnaissance reconnoiter recyclable referable refuse registrar reinforce relater relator (law)

remodeler

renaissance reparable repellant (n.) repellent (adj.) requester requestor (law) rescission responder (electronics) responser (electronics) reveled, -er, -ing rhyme, rhythmic RIFing, RIFed, RIFs rivaled, -ing roweled, -ing ruble

### S

saccharin (n.) saccharine (adj.) sacrilegious salable sandaled, -ing savable savanna savior Saviour (Christ) scalloped, -ing schizophrenia scion (horticulture) scurrilous seismology selvage (edging) salvage (save) sentineled, -ing separate (v., adj.) sepulcher seriatim settler settlor (law) sewage (waste) sewerage (drain

system)

Shakespearean shellacking shoveled, -ing shriveled, -ing sideward signaled, -ing siphon site (place) cite (quote) sizable skeptic skillful skulduggery sleight (deft) slight (meager) smolder sniveled, -ing snorkel soliloguy sometime (formerly) some time (some time ago) some times (at times) southward spacious (space) specious (deceptive) specter spirituous (liquor) spirochete spoliation stationary (fixed) stationery (paper) statue (sculpture) stature (height) statute (law) staunch stenciled, -ing stenciler stifling

stratagem

stubbornness stultify stupefy subpoena, -ed subtlety succor sulfur (also derivatives) sulfanilamide sulfureted, -ing supererogation surfeit surreptitious surveillance swiveled, -ing sylvan synonymous syrup

# Т

taboo tactician tasseled, -ing tattoo taxied, -ing technique teetotaler tercentenary theater therefor (for it) therefore (for that reason) thiamine thralldom thrash (beat) thresh (grain) threshold tie, tied, tying timber (wood) timbre (tone) tinseled, -ing titer tonsillitis tormenter

V

totaled, -ing
toward
toweled, -ing
toxemia
trafficking
trammeled, -ing
tranquilize(r)
tranquillity
transcendent
transferable
transferor
transferred
transonic
transponder
(electronics)
transshipment
traveled, -ing
traveler
travelogue

triptych
trolley
troop (soldiers)
troupe (actors)
troweled, -ing
tryptophan
tularemia
tunneled, -ing
tunneler
turquoise
typify
tyrannical
tyro

unctuous

unwieldy

upward

uremia

usable

vacillate valance (drape) valence (chemistry) veld veranda vermilion vicissitude victualed, -ing victualer vilify villain visa, -ed, -ing vitamin vitrify volcanism voluntarism votable

W wainscoting warranter warrantor (law) warranty weeviled, -ing welder westward whimsy whiskey, -s willful withe woeful woolen woolly worshiped, -er, -ing

vying

# Anglicized and foreign words

**5.3.** Diacritical marks are not used with anglicized words.

abaca aide memoire a la carte a la king a la mode angstrom aperitif applique apropos auto(s)-da-fe  B blase boutonniere brassiere	caique canape cause celebre chateau cliche cloisonne comedienne comme ci comme ca communique confrere consomme cortege coulee coup de grace coup d'état	critique critiquing  D debacle debris debut debutante decollete dejeuner denouement depot dos-a-dos  E eclair eclat	etude  F facade faience faux pas fete fiance (masc., fem.) frappe  G garcon glace grille gruyere  H
С	coupe	ecru	habitue
cabana	creme	elan	Inditue
cafe	crepe	elite	1
cafeteria	crepe de chine	entree	ingenue

J jardiniere L laissez faire litterateur	N naive naivete nee	pousse cafe premiere protege (masc., fem.) puree	seance senor smorgasbord soiree souffle
<b>M</b> materiel matinee	opera bouffe opera comique	rale recherche regime	suede T
melange melee menage	papier mache piece de resistance pleiade	risque role rotisserie	table d'hote tete-a-tete tragedienne
mesalliance metier moire	porte cochere porte lumiere portiere	roue <b>S</b> saute	<b>V</b> vicuna vis-a-vis

**5.4.** Foreign words carry the diacritical marks as an essential part of their spelling.

à l'américaine	chargé d'affaires	entrepôt	passé (masc., fem.)
attaché	congé	exposé	pâté
béton	crédit foncier	longéron	père
blessé	crédit mobilier	mañana	piña
calèche	curé	maté	précis
cañada	déjà vu	mère	raisonné
cañon	détente	nacré	résumé
chargé	doña	outré	touché

### **Plural forms**

**5.5.** Nouns ending in *o* immediately preceded by a vowel add *s* to form the plural; nouns ending in *o* preceded by a consonant add *es* to form the plural, except as indicated in the following list.

albinos	falsettos	merinos	sextodecimos
armadillos	gauchos	mestizos	sextos
avocados	ghettos	octavos	siroccos
banjos	halos	octodecimos	solos
cantos	indigos	pianos	tangelos
cascos	infernos	piccolos	tobaccos
centos	juntos	pomelos	twos
didos	kimonos	provisos	tyros
duodecimos	lassos	quartos	virtuosos
dynamos	magnetos	salvos	zeros
escudos	mementos		

**5.6.** When a noun is hyphenated with an adverb or preposition, the plural is formed on the noun.

comings-in hangers-on markers-up fillers-in listeners-in passers-by goings-on lookers-on swearers-in

**5.7.** When neither word is a noun, the plural is formed on the last word.

also-rans go-betweens run-ins come-ons higher-ups tie-ins

**5.8.** In forming the plurals of compound terms, the significant word takes the plural form.

Significant word first: rights-of-way
adjutants general secretaries general
aides-de-camp sergeants at arms
ambassadors at large sergeants major
attorneys at law solicitors general
attorneys general surgeons general

billets-doux

bills of fare

brothers-in-law

chargés d'affaires

life for the formula of the standard of th

chiefs of staff assistant comptrollers general commanders in chief assistant surgeons general

comptrollers general

consuls general Significant word last:
courts-martial assistant attorneys
crepes suzette assistant commissioners
daughters-in-law assistant corporation counsels
governors general assistant directors

grants-in-aid assistant directors
grants-in-aid assistant general counsels
heirs at law brigadier generals
inspectors general deputy judges
men-of-war deputy sheriffs

men-of-war deputy judges
menisters-designate general counsels
mothers-in-law judge advocates
motaries public judge advocate general counsels

notaries public judge advocate generals
pilots-in-command lieutenant colonels
postmasters general major generals
presidents-elect provost marshals

prisoners of war provost marshal generals reductions in force quartermaster generals

trade unions under secretaries vice chairmen men employees secretaries-treasurers women aviators

Both words equally significant:

Bulletin Nos. 27 and 28 *not* Bulletin Nos. 27 and 28 *but* Bulletin No. 27 or 28

coats of arms masters at arms men buyers No word significant in itself:

forget-me-nots hand-me-downs jack-in-the-pulpits man-of-the-earths pick-me-ups will-o'-the-wisps

**5.9.** Nouns ending with *ful* form the plural by adding *s* at the end; if it is necessary to express the idea that more than one container was filled, the two elements of the solid compound are printed as separate words and the plural is formed by adding *s* to the noun.

five bucketfuls of the mixture (one bucket filled five times) five buckets full of earth (separate buckets) three cupfuls of flour (one cup filled three times) three cups full of coffee (separate cups)

**5.10.** The following list comprises other words the plurals of which may cause difficulty.

addendum, addenda adieu, adieus

agendum, agenda alga, algae

alumnus, alumni (masc.); alumna,

alumnae (fem.)

antenna, antennas (antennae,

zoology)

appendix, appendixes aquarium, aquariums automaton, automatons

axis, axes

bandeau, bandeaux basis, bases bateau, bateaux

beau, beaus cactus, cactuses calix, calices cargo, cargoes

chassis (singular and plural)

cherub, cherubs cicatrix, cicatrices

Co., Cos.

consortium, consortia corrigendum, corrigenda

crisis, crises

curriculum, curriculums, curricula datum (singular), data (plural, but singular in collective sense) desideratum, desiderata dilettante, dilettanti

dogma, dogmas ellipsis, ellipses

equilibrium, equilibriums (equilibria, scientific) erratum, errata

executrix, executrices flambeau, flambeaus

focus, focuses parenthesis, parentheses folium, folia phenomenon, phenomena formula, formulas phylum, phyla forum, forums plateau, plateaus fungus, fungi podium, podiums genius, geniuses procès-verbal, procès-verbaux genus, genera radius, radii radix, radixes gladiolus (singular and plural) referendum, referendums helix, helices hypothesis, hypotheses sanatorium, sanatoriums index, indexes (indices, scientific) sanitarium, sanitariums insigne, insignia septum, septa italic (singular and plural) sequela, sequelae Kansas Citys seraph, seraphs lacuna, lacunae seta, setae larva, larvae ski, skis larvnx, larvnxes stadium, stadiums lens, lenses stimulus, stimuli lira, lire stratum, strata locus, loci stylus, styluses madam, mesdames syllabus, syllabuses Marys symposium, symposia matrix, matrices synopsis, synopses maximum, maximums, maxima tableau, tableaus medium, mediums or media taxi, taxis memorandum, memorandums, terminus, termini memoranda testatrix, testatrices minimum, minimums, minima thesaurus, thesauri minutia, minutiae thesis, theses monsieur, messieurs thorax, thoraxes

## Endings "ible" and "able"

opus, opera

nucleus, nuclei

octopus, octopuses

oasis, oases

## **5.11.** The following words end in *ible*; other words in this class end in *able*.

vertebra, vertebras (vertebrae,

zoology)

virtuoso, virtuosos

vortex, vortexes

abhorrible	appetible	coctible	combustible
accendible	apprehensible	coercible	comestible
accessible	audible	cognoscible	commonsensible
addible	avertible	cohesible	compactible
adducible	bipartible	collapsible	compatible
admissible	circumscriptible	collectible(s)	competible

distractible inexpressible compossible impersuasible comprehensible divertible implausible infallible divestible infeasible impossible compressible divisible inflexible conducible imprescriptible docible infractible conductible imputrescible inaccessible confluxible edible infrangible congestible educible inadmissible infusible effectible innascible contemptible inapprehensible controvertible effervescible inscriptible inaudible conversable (oral) eligible incircumscriptible insensible conversible eludible incoercible instructible (convertible) erodible incognoscrible insubmergible evasible incombustible convertible insuppressible eversible convincible incommiscible insusceptible corrigible evincible incompatible intactible exemptible corrodible incomprehensible intangible corrosible exhaustible incompressible intelligible inconcussible interconvertible corruptible exigible incontrovertible credible expansible interruptible crucible explosible inconvertible intervisible invendible cullible expressible inconvincible decoctible extensible incorrigible invertible deducible fallible invincible incorrodible feasible invisible deductible incorruptible fencible incredible irascible defeasible flexible indefeasible defectible irreducible defensible fluxible indefectible irrefrangible forcible indefensible irremissible delible indelible frangible irreprehensible deprehensible fungible indeprehensible irrepressible depressible descendible fusible indestructible irresistible gullible indigestible irresponsible destructible indiscernible irreversible horrible diffrangible indivertible ignitible legible diffusible mandible indivisible digestible illegible indocible marcescible dimensible immersible immiscible inducible miscible discernible ineffervescible impartible negligible discerpible nexible impatible ineligible discerptible omissible discussible impedible ineludible inevasible dispersible imperceptible ostensible dissectible inexhaustible partible impermissible distensible inexpansible passable (open) imperscriptible

passible (feeling)	reflectible	sensible	transmissible
perceptible	reflexible	sponsible	transvertible
perfectible	refrangible	suasible	tripartible
permissible	remissible	subdivisible	unadmissible
persuasible	renascible	submergible	uncorruptible
pervertible	rendible	submersible	un exhaustible
plausible	reprehensible	subvertible	unexpressible
possible	repressible	suggestible	unintelligible
prehensible	reproducible	supersensible	unresponsible
prescriptible	resistible	suppressible	unsusceptible
producible	responsible	susceptible	vendible
productible	reversible	suspensible	vincible
protrusible	revertible	tangible	visible
putrescible	risible	tensible	vitrescible
receptible	runcible	terrible	
redemptible	sconcible	thurible	
reducible	seducible	traducible	

## Endings "ise," "ize," and "yze"

**5.12.** A large number of words have the termination *ise*, *ize*, or *yze*. The letter *l* is followed by *yze* if the word expresses an idea of loosening or separating, as *analyze*; all other words of this class, except those ending with the suffix *wise* and those in the following list, end in *ize*.

advertise	compromise	excise	prise (to force)
advise	demise	exercise	prize (to value)
affranchise	despise	exorcise	reprise
apprise (to inform)	devise	franchise	revise
apprize (to	disenfranchise	improvise	rise
appraise)	disfranchise	incise	supervise
arise	disguise	merchandise	surmise
chastise	emprise	misadvise	surprise
circumcise	enfranchise	mortise	televise
comprise	enterprise	premise	

# Endings "cede," "ceed," and "sede"

**5.13.** Only one word ends in *sede* (supersede); only three end in *ceed* (exceed, proceed, succeed); all other words of this class end in *cede* (precede, secede, etc.).

### **Doubled consonants**

**5.14.** A single consonant following a single vowel and ending in a monosyllable or a final accented syllable is doubled before a suffix beginning with a vowel.

bag, bagging red, reddish but

format, formatting rob, robbing total, totaled, totaling input, inputting transfer, transferred travel, traveled, traveling

**5.15.** If the accent in a derivative falls upon an earlier syllable than it does in the root word, the consonant is not doubled.

refer, reference prefer, preference infer, inference

### Indefinite articles

**5.16.** The indefinite article *a* is used before a consonant and an aspirated *h*; *an* is used before a silent *h* and all vowels except *u* pronounced as in *visual* and *o* pronounced as in *one*.

a historic occasion an herbseller but
a hotel an hour an H-U-D directive
a human being an honor a HUD directive
a humble man an onion
a union an oyster

**5.17.** When a group of initials begins with *b*, *c*, *d*, *g*, *j*, *k*, *p*, *q*, *t*, *u*, *v*, *w*, *y*, or *z*, each having a consonant sound, the indefinite article *a* is used.

a BLS compilation a GAO limitation a WWW search a CIO finding a UFO sighting

**5.18.** When a group of initials begins with *a*, *e*, *f*, *h*, *i*, *l*, *m*, *n*, *o*, *r*, *s*, or *x*, each having a vowel sound, the indefinite article *an* is used.

an AEC report an NSC (en) proclamation an FCC (ef) ruling an RFC (ahr) loan

**5.19.** Use of the indefinite article *a* or *an* before a numerical expression is determined by the consonant or vowel sound of the beginning syllable.

an 11-year-old an VIII (eight) classification

a onetime winner a IV-F (four ef) category (military draft)

a III (three) group a 4–H Club

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## Geographic names

**5.20.** The spelling of geographic names must conform to the decisions of the U.S. Board on Geographic Names (BGN) (http://geonames. usgs.gov). In the absence of such a decision, the U.S. Directory of Post Offices is to be used.

**5.21.** If the decisions or the rules of the BGN permit the use of either the local official form or the conventional English form, it is the prerogative of the originating office to select the form that is most suitable for the matter in hand; therefore, in marking copy or reading proof, it is required only to verify the spelling of the particular form used. GPO's preference is for the conventional English form. Copy will be followed as to accents, but these should be consistent throughout the entire job.

### Nationalities, etc.

- **5.22.** The table on Demonyms in Chapter 17 "Useful Tables" shows forms to be used for nouns and adjectives denoting nationality.
- **5.23.** In designating the natives of the States, the following forms will be used.

Alabamian	Kentuckian	North Dakotan
Alaskan	Louisianian	Ohioan
Arizonan	Mainer	Oklahoman
Arkansan	Marylander	Oregonian
Californian	Massachusettsan	Pennsylvanian
Coloradan	Michiganian	Rhode Islander
Connecticuter	Minnesotan	South Carolinian
Delawarean	Mississippian	South Dakotan
Floridian	Missourian	Tennessean
Georgian	Montanan	Texan
Hawaii resident	Nebraskan	Utahn
Hoosier	Nevadan	Vermonter
(Indiana)	New Hampshirite	Virginian
Idahoan	New Jerseyan	Washingtonian
Illinoisan	New Mexican	West Virginian
Iowan	New Yorker	Wisconsinite
Kansan	North Carolinian	Wyomingite

### **5.24.** Observe the following forms:

Alaska Native

Asian American

Black or African American

Hispanic or Latino

Native American or American Indian

Native Hawaiian

Pacific Islander

Puerto Rican

White

### **Native American words**

**5.25.** Words, including Tribal and other proper names of Indian, Alaska Native, Hawaiian, and other groups, are to be followed literally as to spelling and the use of spaces, diacriticals, hyphens, etc.

### **Transliteration**

**5.26.** In the spelling of nongeographic words transliterated from Chinese, Japanese, or any other language that does not have a Latin alphabet, copy is to be followed literally.

## 6. Compounding Rules

(See also Chapter 7 "Compounding Examples")

- 6.1. A compound word is a union of two or more words, either with or without a hyphen. It conveys a unit idea that is not as clearly or quickly conveyed by the component words in unconnected succession. The hyphen is a mark of punctuation that not only unites but also separates the component words; it facilitates understanding, aids readability, and ensures correct pronunciation. When compound words must be divided at the end of a line, such division should be made leaving prefixes and combining forms of more than one syllable intact.
- **6.2.** In applying the rules in this chapter and in using the list of examples in the following chapter, "Compounding Examples," the fluid nature of our language should be kept in mind. Word forms constantly undergo modification. Although it is often the case that hyphenated compound words eventually lose their hyphen, many of them start out unhyphenated.
- **6.3.** The rules, therefore, are somewhat flexible. Exceptions must necessarily be allowed. Current language trends continue to point to closing up certain words which, through either frequent use or widespread dissemination through modern media exposure, have become fixed in the reader's mind as units of thought. The tendency to merge two short words continues to be a natural progression toward better communication.

### **General rules**

**6.4.** In general, omit the hyphen when words appear in regular order and the omission causes no ambiguity in sense or sound.

banking hours	eye opener	real estate
blood pressure	fellow citizen	rock candy
book value	living costs	training ship
census taker	palm oil	violin teacher
day laborer	patent right	

**6.5.** Words are usually combined to express a literal or nonliteral (figurative) unit idea that would not be as clearly expressed in unconnected succession.

afterglow forget-me-not right-of-way bookkeeping gentleman whitewash

cupboard newsprint

**6.6.** A derivative of a compound retains the solid or hyphenated form of the original compound unless otherwise indicated.

coldbloodedness outlawry Y-shaped footnoting praiseworthiness ill-advisedly railroader

**6.7.** A hyphen is used to avoid doubling a vowel or tripling a consonant, except after the short prefixes *co*, *de*, *pre*, *pro*, and *re*, which are generally printed solid. (See also rules 6.29 and 6.32.)

cooperation semi-independent shell-like deemphasis brass-smith hull-less preexisting Inverness-shire but

anti-inflation thimble-eye co-occupant micro-organism ultra-atomic cross section

# Solid compounds

**6.8.** Print solid two nouns that form a third when the compound has only one primary accent, especially when the prefixed noun consists of only one syllable or when one of the elements loses its original accent.

airship cupboard footnote bathroom dressmaker locksmith bookseller fishmonger workman

**6.9.** Print solid a noun consisting of a short verb and an adverb as its second element, except when the use of the solid form would interfere with comprehension.

blowout builddown flareback breakdown cooldown giveaway hangover runoff but holdup setup cut-in makeready showdown phase-in markoff run-in thowaway tradeoff pickup sit-in

**6.10.** Compounds beginning with the following nouns are usually printed solid.

bookmillsnoweyeplaywayhorseschoolwoodhouseshopwork

**6.11.** Compounds ending in the following are usually printed solid, especially when the prefixed word consists of one syllable.

berry keeping room bird land shop blossom light site board like skin boat line smith book load stone borne maid store bound maker tail box making tight boy man time (not clock) brained ward master bug mate ware bush mill water cam mistress way craft monger wear field over weed fish wide owner flower but #ownership wise fly person woman girl picker wood grower work picking headed piece worker hearted plane working holder hopper power worm house proof worthy writer keeper roach

**6.12.** Print solid *any, every, no,* and *some* when combined with *body, thing,* and *where.* When *one* is the second element, print as two words if meaning a single or particular person or thing. To avoid mispronunciation, print *no one* as two words at all times.

anybody everywhere somebody anything evervone something anywhere somewhere nobody anyone nothing someone everybody nowhere everything no one

but any one of us may stay; every one of the pilots is responsible; every body was accounted for

**6.13.** Print compound personal pronouns as one word.

herself oneself yourself
himself ourselves
itself themselves
myself thyself

**6.14.** Print as one word compass directions consisting of two points, but use a hyphen after the first point when three points are combined.

northeast north-northeast southwest south-southwest

also north-south alignment

#### Unit modifiers

**6.15.** Print a hyphen between words, or abbreviations and words, combined to form a unit modifier immediately preceding the word modified, except as indicated in rule 6.16 and elsewhere throughout this chapter. This applies particularly to combinations in which one element is a present or past participle.

agreed-upon standards Federal-State-local cooperation Baltimore-Washington road German-English descent collective-bargaining talks guided-missile program contested-election case hearing-impaired class contract-bar rule high-speed line cost-of-living increase large-scale project drought-stricken area law-abiding citizen English-speaking nation long-term loan fire-tested material line-item veto

long-term-payment loan low-cost housing lump-sum payment most-favored-nation clause multiple-purpose uses no-par-value stock one-on-one situation part-time personnel rust-resistant covering service-connected disability state-of-the-art technology supply-side economics tool-and-die maker up-or-down vote

U.S.-owned property; U.S.-flagship 1-inch diameter; 2-inch-diameter

a 4-percent increase, the 10-percent

hut

4 percent citric acid

4 percent interest. (Note the absence of an article: a, an, or the. The word of is understood here.)

6.16. Where meaning is clear and readability is not aided, it is not necessary to use a hyphen to form a temporary or made compound. Restraint should be exercised in forming unnecessary combinations of words used in normal sequence.

> atomic energy power bituminous coal industry child welfare plan civil rights case civil service examination durable goods industry flood control study free enterprise system ground water levels high school student elementary school grade income tax form interstate commerce law land bank loan land use program life insurance company mutual security funds

national defense appropriation

natural gas company per capita expenditure Portland cement plant production credit loan public at large public utility plant real estate tax small businessman Social Security pension soil conservation measures special delivery mail parcel post delivery speech correction class

but no-hyphen rule (readability aided); not no hyphen rule

6.17. Print without a hyphen a compound predicate (either adjective or noun) whose second element is a present participle.

> The duties were price fixing. The effects were far reaching.

The shale was oil bearing. The area is used for beet raising.

**6.18.** Print without a hyphen a compound predicate adjective the second element of which is a past participle. Omit the hyphen in a predicate modifier of comparative or superlative degree.

The area is drought stricken. This material is fire tested.

The paper is fine grained. The cars are higher priced.

Moderately fine grained wood. The reporters are better informed.

**6.19.** Print without a hyphen a two-word modifier the first element of which is a comparative or superlative.

better drained soil but

best liked books uppercrust society
higher level decision lowercase, uppercase type

highest priced apartment upperclassman larger sized dress bestseller (noun) better paying job lighter-than-air craft lower income group higher-than-market price

**6.20.** Do not use a hyphen in a two-word unit modifier the first element of which is an adverb ending in *ly*, nor use hyphens in a three-word unit modifier the first two elements of which are adverbs.

eagerly awaited moment but
wholly owned subsidiary ever-normal granary
unusually well preserved specimen
very well defined usage ever-rising flood
still-new car
longer than usual lunch period still-lingering doubt
not too distant future well-known lawyer
most often heard phrase well-kept secret

**6.21.** Proper nouns used as unit modifiers, either in their basic or derived form, retain their original form; but the hyphen is printed when combining forms.

Latin American countries Seventh-day Adventists

North Carolina roads bu

a Mexican American Minneapolis-St. Paul region
South American trade North American-South American

Spanish-American pride sphere

Winston-Salem festival French-English descent

African-American program Washington-Wilkes-Barre route
Anglo-Saxon period or Washington/Wilkes-Barre

Franco-Prussian War route

**6.22.** Do not confuse a modifier with the word it modifies.

elderly clothesman well-trained schoolteacher
old-clothes man elementary school teacher
competent shoemaker preschool children (kindergarten)

wooden-shoe maker pre-school children (before school)

field canning factory rezoned wastesite tomato-canning factory hazardous-waste site

brave servicemen

service men and women but

light blue hat (weight) common stockholder
light-blue hat (color) stock ownership
average taxpayer small businessman
income-tax payer working men and women
American flagship (military) steam powerplant site
American-flag ship meat packinghouse owner

**6.23.** Where two or more hyphenated compounds have a common basic element but this element is omitted in all but the last term, the hyphens are retained.

2- to 3- and 4- to 5-ton trucks

2- by 4-inch boards, but boards 2 to 6 inches wide

8-, 10-, and 16-foot boards

6.4-, 3.1-, and 2-percent pay raises

moss- and ivy-covered walls, not moss and ivy-covered walls

long- and short-term money rates, not long and short-term money rates

but twofold or threefold, not two or threefold

goat, sheep, and calf skins, not goat, sheep, and calfskins

intrastate and intracity, not intra-state and -city

American owned and managed companies

preoperative and postoperative examination

**6.24.** Do not use a hyphen in a unit modifier consisting of a foreign phrase.

ante bellum days ex officio member per diem employee bona fide transaction per capita tax prima facie evidence

**6.25.** Do not print a hyphen in a unit modifier containing a letter or a numeral as its second element.

abstract B pages class II railroad point 4 program article 3 provisions grade A milk ward D beds

**6.26.** Do not use a hyphen in a unit modifier enclosed in quotation marks unless it is normally a hyphenated term, but quotation marks are not to be used in lieu of a hyphen.

"blue sky" law but

"good neighbor" policy right-to-work law "tie-in" sale line-item veto

**6.27.** Print combination color terms as separate words, but use a hyphen when such color terms are unit modifiers.

bluish green bluish-green feathers dark green iron-gray sink orange red silver-gray body

**6.28.** Do not use a hyphen between independent adjectives preceding a noun.

big gray cat a fine old southern gentleman

## Prefixes, suffixes, and combining forms

**6.29.** Print solid combining forms and prefixes, except as indicated elsewhere.

afterbirth infrared peripatetic *Anglo*mania interview planoconvex antedate polynodal *intra*spinal antislavery introvert postscript biweekly. isometric preexist macroanalysis *by*law proconsul circumnavigation mesothorax pseudoscholastic *cis*alpine metagenesis reenact cooperate *micro*phone retrospect contraposition misstate *semi*official countercase monogram *step* father deenergize multicolor subsecretary demitasse neophyte *super*market excommunicate nonneutral thermocouple extracurricular offset transonic foretell outbake transship heroicomic overactive tricolor ultraviolet hypersensitive pancosmic hypoacid paracentric unnecessary inbound underflow particoated

**6.30.** Print solid combining forms and suffixes, except as indicated elsewhere.

portable geography innermost coverage manhood partnership operate selfish lonesome plebiscite meatless homestead northward twentyfold outlet clockwise spoonful wavelike

kilogram procurement

**6.31.** Print solid words ending in *like*, but use a hyphen to avoid tripling a consonant or when the first element is a proper name.

lifelike girllike Scotland-like lilylike bell-like McArtor-like

**6.32.** Use a hyphen or hyphens to prevent mispronunciation, to ensure a definite accent on each element of the compound, or to avoid ambiguity.

anti-hog-cholera serum re-creation (create again)

co-occurrence re-lay (lay again)
co-op re-sign (sign again)
mid-decade re-sorting (sort again)
multi-ply (several plies) re-treat (treat again)

non-civil-service position un-ionized non-tumor-bearing tissue un-uniformity

pre-midcourse review

pre-position (before) but
pro-choice rereferred
pro-life rereviewed

re-cover (cover again)

**6.33.** Use a hyphen to join duplicated prefixes.

re-redirect sub-subcommittee super-superlative

**6.34.** Print with a hyphen the prefixes *ex*, *self*, and *quasi*.

ex-governor quasi-argument ex-serviceman quasi-corporation ex-son-in-law quasi-young

ex-vice-president

self-control but self-educated selfhood quasi-academic selfsame

**6.35.** Unless usage demands otherwise, use a hyphen to join a prefix or combining form to a capitalized word. (The hyphen is retained in words of this class set in caps.)

anti-American non-Federal

pro-British

un-American but

non-Government nongovernmental neo-Nazi overanglicize post-World War II transatlantic

or post-Second World War

## **Numerical compounds**

**6.36.** Print a hyphen between the elements of compound numbers from twenty-one to ninety-nine and in adjective compounds with a numerical first element.

twenty-one three-and-twenty
twenty-first two-sided question
6-footer multimillion-dollar fund
6-foot-11-inch man 10-dollar-per-car tax
24-inch ruler thirty- (30-) day period

3-week vacation

8-hour day but

10-minute delay one hundred twenty-one

20th-century progress 100-odd
3-to-1 ratio foursome
5-to-4 vote threescore
.22-caliber cartridge foursquare
2-cent-per-pound tax \$20 million airfield
four-in-hand tie second grade children

**6.37.** Print without a hyphen a modifier consisting of a possessive noun preceded by a numeral. (See also rule 8.14.)

1 month's layoff 3 weeks' vacation 1 week's pay 1 minute's delay 2 hours' work but a 1-minute delay **6.38.** Print a hyphen between the elements of a fraction, but omit it between the numerator and the denominator when the hyphen appears in either or in both.

one-thousandth twenty-three thirtieths
two-thirds twenty-one thirty-seconds
two one-thousandths three-fourths of an inch

**6.39.** A unit modifier following and reading back to the word or words modified takes a hyphen and is printed in the singular.

```
motor, alternating-current, 3-phase, 60-cycle, 115-volt glass jars: 5-gallon, 2-gallon, 1-quart belts: 2-inch. 1¼-inch. ½-inch. ¼-inch
```

## Civil and military titles

**6.40.** Do not hyphenate a civil or military title denoting a single office, but print a double title with a hyphen.

ambassador at large secretary-treasurer assistant attorney general sergeant at arms commander in chief treasurer-manager comptroller general under secretary

Congressman at Large but under-secretaryship

major general vice president

notary public but vice-presidency

secretary general

Development-designate

**6.41.** The adjectives *elect* and *designate*, as the last element of a title, require a hyphen.

President-elect (Federal) ambassador-designate Vice-President-elect (Federal) minister-designate Secretary of Housing and Urban

### Scientific and technical terms

**6.42.** Do not print a hyphen in scientific terms (names of chemicals, diseases, animals, insects, plants) used as unit modifiers if no hyphen appears in their original form.

carbon monoxide poisoning whooping cough remedy

guinea pig raising bi

hog cholera serum Russian-olive plantings methyl bromide solution Douglas-fir tree

stem rust control

equivalent uranium content

**6.43.** Chemical elements used in combination with full-size figures use a hyphen; chemical symbols do not.

polonium-210 ²³⁵U ²³⁴U₉₂ uranium-235 ⁹⁰Sr

**6.44.** Note use of hyphens and closeup punctuation in chemical formulas.

9-nitroanthra(1,9,4,10)bis(1)oxathiazone-2,7-bisdioxide Cr-Ni-Mo 2.4-D

**6.45.** Print a hyphen between the elements of technical or contrived compound units of measurement.

candela-hour light-year work-year crop-year passenger-mile but kilowatthour

horsepower-hour staff-hour

# Improvised compounds

**6.46.** Print with a hyphen the elements of an improvised compound.

blue-pencil (v.) George "Pay-As-You-Go" Miller 18-year-old (n., u.m.) stick-in-the-mud (n.)

know-it-all (n.) let-George-do-it attitude know-how (n.) how-to-be-beautiful course

lick-the-finger-and-test-the-wind hard-and-fast rule

economics penny-wise and pound-foolish policy

make-believe (n., u.m.) first-come-first-served basis one-man-one-vote principle *but* a basis of first come, first served

roll-on/roll-off ship

**6.47.** Use hyphens in a prepositional-phrase compound noun consisting of three or more words.

cat-o'-nine-tails	man-of-war	but
government-in-exile	mother-in-law	heir at law
grant-in-aid	mother-of-pearl	next of kin
jack-in-the-box	patent-in-fee	officer in charge

**6.48.** When the corresponding noun form is printed as separate words, the verb form is always hyphenated.

cold-shoulder blue-pencil cross-brace

**6.49.** Print a hyphen in a compound formed of repetitive or conflicting terms and in a compound naming the same thing under two aspects.

boogie-woogie	hanky-panky	young-old
comedy-ballet	murder-suicide	but
dead-alive	nitty-gritty	bowwow
devil-devil	pitter-patter	dillydally
even-stephen	razzle-dazzle	hubbub
farce-melodrama	walkie-talkie	nitwit
fiddle-faddle	willy-nilly	riffraff

**6.50.** Use a hyphen in a nonliteral compound expression containing an apostrophe in its first element.

asses'-eyes bull's-eye crow's-nest ass's-foot cat's-paw

**6.51.** Use a hyphen to join a single capital letter to a noun or a participle.

H-bomb C-section but
I-beam V-necked x ray
T-shaped S-iron x raying
U-boat T-square S turns
C-chip X-ed out

**6.52.** Print idiomatic phrases without hyphens.

come by insofar as nowadays inasmuch as Monday week

## 7. Compounding Examples

- 7.1. The following examples are based on the rules for compounding found in chapter 6. Obviously, this list or any other list of compound words could not possibly be a complete reference due to sheer volume. However, an analogy of the words listed with like prefixes and suffixes together with an application of the rules will result in easier handling of those compound words not listed.
- **7.2.** In order to keep the list from becoming cumbersome, certain restrictions had to be adopted.
- **7.3.** The listing of hyphenated compounds ending in *ed* was kept to a minimum. The rationale was to provide one or two examples under a keyword rather than needless repetition.
- **7.4.** Similarly, many two-word forms which create no difficulty were omitted.
- **7.5.** Care was exercised to achieve fuller coverage of solid compounds, particularly when the adopted form is different than that of Webster's Third New International Dictionary. This dictionary is GPO's guide for spelling with the exception of those words listed in rule 5.2. It is not GPO's guide to compounding.
- **7.6.** A distinction exists between words used in a literal sense and a non-literal sense. With few exceptions, one-word forms usually express a nonliteral interpretation, while two-word forms invariably convey a literal meaning. For example, a person may have an interesting *sideline* or hobby, but be forced to sit on the *side line* during periods of inactivity.
- 7.7. Distinction should also be made in the compounding of two words to form an adjective modifier and the use of the same words as a predicate adjective; e.g., "crystal-clear water," but "the spring water is crystal clear"; "fire-tested material," but "the material is fire tested."

**7.8.** Caution should be exercised when distinguishing whether a succession of words is being used as a compound or whether they simply appear together. Consider, for example, "We know *someone* should do it and who that *some one* ought to be."

- **7.9.** Combining forms and prefixes are usually printed solid. For greater readability, the hyphen is sometimes used to avoid doubling a vowel (*anti-inflation*, *naso-orbital*); to facilitate a normally capitalized word (*mid-April*, *non-European*); to assure distinct pronunciation of each element of a compound or ready comprehension of intended meaning (*contra-ion*, *un-ionized*); or to join a combining form or prefix to a hyphenated compound (*equi-gram-molar*, *pro-mother-in-law*).
- **7.10.** As nouns and adjectives, *holdup*, *calldown*, *layout*, *makeup*, and similar words should be printed solid. Their *er* derivatives, (*holderup*, *caller-down*, *layer-out*, and *maker-up*) require hyphens. Such compounds as *run-in*, *run-on*, and *tie-in* resist quick comprehension when solid. They are therefore hyphenated.
- **7.11.** Words spelled alike but pronounced differently, such as *tear-dimmed* and *tearsheet*, *wind tunnel* and *windup*, are listed under the same keyword.
- **7.12.** Words printed flush in the following list combine with the words which follow to indicate solid or hyphenated compounds. A spacemark (#) appearing before an indented entry indicates a two-word form, but two-word forms appearing in the adjective position usually take a hyphen.
- **7.13.** To indicate word function, several abbreviations have been appended. They are: *adv.*, adverb; *n.*, noun; *v.*, verb; *u.m.*, unit modifier; *pref.*, prefix; *c.f.*, combining form; and *conj.*, conjunction.

A	addle	-cooled (u.m.)	-slaked (u.m.)
A	brain	course	sleeve
BC(s) (n.)	head	crew	space
-B-C (u.m.)	pate	-dried (u.m.)	speed
-bomb	add-on (n., u.m.)	-driven (u.m.)	stream
-day	adeno (c.f.)	drome	strike
-flat	all one word	drop	strip
-frame	aero (c.f.)	-dry (u.m., v.)	#time (radio and
-pole	-otitis	fare	TV)
-sharp	rest one word	-floated (u.m.)	wave
-snarp a	afore	flow	woman
	all one word	foil	worthy
borning, etc.	after (c.f.)	-formed (u.m.)	alder-leaved (u.m.)
	all one word	frame	ale
while (adv.)	agar-agar	freight	cup
abdomino (c.f.) all one word	age	gap	-fed (u.m.)
	less	glow	glass
able	long	hammer	alkali#land
-bodied (u.m.)	-old (u.m.)	head	all
-minded (u.m.) about-face	-stricken (u.m.)	hole	-absorbing (u.m.)
	-weary (u.m.)	hose	-aged (u.m.)
above	agribusiness	lane	-American
-cited (u.m.)	ague	lift	-clear (n., u.m.)
deck	-faced (u.m.)	#line (line for air)	-fired (u.m.)
-found (u.m.)	-plagued (u.m.)	line (aviation)	-flotation
-given (u.m.)	-sore (u.m.)	liner	(mining)
ground (u.m.)	aide-de-camp	link	#fours
-mentioned (u.m.)	air	locked	#in
-named (u.m.)	bag	mail	-inclusive (u.m.)
-said (u.m.)	base	mark (v.)	mark (printing)
-water (u.m.)	bill	marker	-out (u.m.)
-written (u.m.)	blast	mass	-possessed (u.m.)
absentminded	-blasted (u.m.)	minded	-round (u.m.)
ace-high (u.m.)	blown	park	spice
acid	brake	path	-star (u.m.)
fast	brush	photo	time (u.m.)
-treat (v.)	burst	port (all	wise
works	cargo	meanings)	alleyway
ack-ack	-clear (u.m.)	#raid	allo (c.f.)
acre	coach	scoop	all one word
-foot	-condition (all	ship	almsgiver
-inch	forms)	show	along
actino (c.f.)	-cool (v.)	sick	ship
all one word	0001 (1.)	SICK	Sk

shore	food	-life	arc
side	angio (c.f.)	-missile-missile	-over (n., u.m.)
alpen	all one word	(u.m.)	-weld (v.)
glow	angle	missile	arch (pref.)
stock	hook	-New#Deal, etc.	band
alpha	meter	personnel	bishop
-cellulose	wing	trust, etc.	duke
-iron	worm	rest one word	enemy
-naphthol	Anglo (c.f.)	antro (c.f.)	-Protestant
also-ran (n., u.m.)	-American, etc.	all one word	archeo (c.f.)
alto	rest one word	anvil	all one word
cumulus	anhydr(o) (c.f.)	-faced (u.m.)	archi (pref.)
relievo	all one word	-headed (u.m.)	all one word
stratus	ankle	any	archo (c.f.)
amber	bone	body	all one word
-clear (u.m.)	-deep (u.m.)	how	areo (c.f.)
-colored (u.m.)	jack	one	all one word
-tipped (u.m.)	ant	#one (one thing	aristo (c.f.)
ambi (c.f.)	eater	or one of	all one word
all one word	hill	a group)	arithmo (c.f.)
amidships	ante (pref.)	place (adv.)	all one word
amino	#bellum, etc.	aorto (c.f.)	arm
#acid	-Christian, etc.	all one word	band
as prefix, all one	#mortem	apo (pref.)	bone
word	mortem	all one word	chair
ampere	(nonliteral)	apple	hole
-foot	rest one word	cart	lift
-hour	antero (c.f.)	jack	pit
meter	all one word	#juice	plate
-minute	anthra (c.f.)	sauce	rack
-second	all one word	-scented (u.m.)	rest
amphi (pref.)	anthropo (c.f.)	April-fool (v.)	-shaped (u.m.)
all one word	all one word	aqua	armor
amylo (c.f.)	anti (pref.)	culture	-clad (u.m.)
all one word	-American, etc.	lung	-piercing (u.m.)
anchor	-choice	marine	plate
hold	christ	meter	-plated (u.m.)
#light	god	puncture	smith
plate	-hog-cholera	tint	arm's-length (u.m.)
angel	(u.m.)	tone	arrow
		aquo (c.f.)	head
cake	-icer	aquo (C.1.)	iicad
-	-ıcer -imperial	-ion	-leaved (u.m.)

	1		
-shaped (u.m.)	authorship	breaker	staff
shot	auto (c.f.)	cap	stage
-toothed (u.m.)	-logon	chain	stairs
arseno (c.f.)	matic#backup	charge	stamp
all one word	-objective	-country (u.m.)	stay
art-colored (u.m.)	-observation	cross	stitch
arterio (c.f.)	-omnibus	date	stop
all one word	-ophthalmoscope	down (n., u.m.)	strap
arthro (c.f.)	rest one word	drop	-streeter
all one word	awe	face	stretch (n.)
artillery	-bound (u.m.)	feed	string
man	-filled (u.m.)	fill	strip (book)
woman	-inspired (u.m.)	fire	stroke
asbestos	some	flap	-swath (v.)
-covered (u.m.)	ax	flash	swept
-packed (u.m.)	-adz	flow	swing
ash	-grinding (u.m.)	-focus (v.)	tack
bin	hammer	furrow	talk
can	head	ground	tender
-colored (u.m.)	-shaped (u.m.)	hand	tenter
-free (u.m.)	axletree	haul	-titrate (v.)
-gray (u.m.)	axo (c.f.)	-in (n., u.m.)	track (v.)
#heap	all one word	lash	trail
pan	azo (c.f.)	list (v.)	up (n., u.m.)
pile	-orange	log	wall
pit	-orchil	lotter	wash
tray	-orseilline	packer (n.)	water
assembly	rest one word	paddle (v.)	backer
#line		pay	-down
man	В	payment	-off
#room	B-flat	pedal (v.)	-up
astro (c.f.)	baby	plate	bag
all one word	#boomer	rest	boy
attorney#at#law	face (n.)	road	-cheeked (u.m.)
audio	#food	run	girl
frequency	sit (v.)	saw	pipe
gram	sitter	scatter	-shaped (u.m.)
meter	back	set	baggage
tape	ache	shift	man
visual	band	slide	#rack
auri (c.f.)	bite (v.)	space	#room
-iodide	biter	spin	#train
rest one word	bone	spread	bailout (n., u.m.)

bake oven -wound (u.m.) bare robe off (n., u.m.) bare shop -armed (u.m.) back tub beater beat park (literal) park (literal) park (literal) pallow bark stand bare stand bare stand string -tailed (u.m.) bare shope had (u.m.) bare bandy ball ball ball ball ball ball ball bal				
pan shop bald back tub beater batter skeeper spread (u.m.)  pan shop bald back tub beater batter shop beater batter shop ball tub beater batter shop beater batter shop ball faced bone batter shop battle batter shop beater batter shop ball field handed ax -all on beater batter shop beatty beauty beauty -blind (u.m.) -clad (u.m.)	bake	tender	bath	hide
shop  bald  faced faced head (n.)  faced bone head (n.)  faced bone battercake battercake ball  foot faced handed faced feld handed faced front feld faced handed faced fallen (u.m.)  fellen (u.m.)  fellen (u.m.)  foot fallen (u.m.)  fellen (u.m.)  foot  fallen (u.m.)  foot park (nonliteral)  park (literal) player point (n., u.m.)  player point (n., u.m.)  stock peel  ballot#box  fallen (u.m.)  band  barley  aid  corn box mow cutter saw barnstormer box cutter  #water saw barnstormer barned (u.m.)  bard  barrel string head string -tailed (u.m.)  wagon -shaped (u.m.)  ball ball -legged (u.m.)  bandy  ball ball ball ball ball ball ball ba	oven	-wound (u.m.)	mat	
bald         back         tub         beater           faced         bone         batswing (cloth)         -out           ball         foot         battle         beauty           field         handed         ax         -blind (u.m.)           #game         legged         -fallen (u.m.)         -clad (u.m.)           -like         necked         front         #shop           park (nonliteral)         worn         ground         beaverpelt           park (literal)         barge-laden (u.m.)         -scarred (u.m.)         bed           park (literal)         barge-laden (u.m.)         ship         beaverpelt           park (literal)         barge-laden (u.m.)         ship         beaverpelt           park (literal)         bark         ship         beaverpelt           pair         (literal)         beaverpelt         bead           ball (u.m.)         -tanned (u.m.)         baybolt         chair           band         barely         beach         clothes           corn         comber         cord           box         mow         head         cover           stand         barrel         flush         fellow	pan		robe	off (n., u.m.)
faced head (n.) faced ball faced ball foot battle ax barley beauty beaut	shop	-armed (u.m.)	#towel	trap
head (n.) ball foot battle field handed ax -blind (u.m.) -like park (nonliteral) player point (n., u.m.) stock peel wagon chair ball barrel string head linen ball ball ball ball ball ball ball bal	bald	back	1	beater
ball         foot         battle         beauty           field         handed         ax         -blind (u.m.)           -like         necked         front         #shop           park (nonliteral)         worn         ground         beaverpelt           #park (literal)         barge-laden (u.m.)         -scarred (u.m.)         bd           player         bark         ship         board           point (n., u.m.)         cutter         stead         bug           stock         peel         wagon         chair           ballot#box         -tanned (u.m.)         baybolt         chamber           band         barley         beach         clothes           aid         corn         comber         cord           box         mow         head         cover           cutter         #water         wagon         -fallen (u.m.)           saw         barnstormer         bead         fallen (u.m.)           string         head         roll         frame           -tailed (u.m.)         -shaped (u.m.)         pad           bandy         ball         -shaped (u.m.)         pad           bandy         ball         <	faced	bone	batswing (cloth)	-out
field handed ax -blind (u.m.)  #game legged -fallen (u.m.) -clad (u.m.)  -like necked front #shop  park (nonliteral) worn ground beaverpelt  #park (literal) player point (n., u.m.) cutter stead bug  stock peel wagon chair  ballot#box -tanned (u.m.) baybolt cord  band barley beach clothes  aid corn comber cord  box mow head cover  cutter #water wagon -fallen (u.m.)  saw barnstormer bead fast  string head roll frame  string head roll frame  -tailed (u.m.) -roll (v.) beak lamp  wagon -shaped (u.m.) head linen  width base iron pad  bandy ball -shaped (u.m.) pan  ball -legged (u.m.) line filling post  and one word cod ridden  #paper basketball -fed (u.m.) rock  bar blind serter side  #paper basketball -fed (u.m.) rock  bar blind setter side  #bit -eyed (u.m.) -shaped (u.m.) sore  stalk space  bear spread	head (n.)	faced	battercake	-up
#game legged necked front #shop park (nonliteral) worn ground beaverpelt park (literal) barge-laden (u.m.) -scarred (u.m.) bed player bark ship board point (n., u.m.) cutter stead bug stock peel wagon chair ballot#box -tanned (u.m.) beach corn comber cord box mow head cover cutter #water wagon fast stand barrel flush fellow string head roll frame -tailed (u.m.) -roll (v.) beak lamp wagon shaped (u.m.) head linen width base iron pad ball -legged (u.m.) line filling post and book basi (c.f.) bas (c.f.)	ball	foot	battle	beauty
-like park (nonliteral) worn ground beaverpelt barge-laden (u.m.) -scarred (u.m.) bed point (n., u.m.) cutter stead bug stock peel wagon chair band barley bark corn comber cord box mow head cover fallen (u.m.) bard fast stand barrel stand barrel flush barge (u.m.) wagon -shaped (u.m.) ball ball ball ball ball ball ball bal	field	handed	ax	-blind (u.m.)
park (nonliteral)  park (literal)  player  point (n., u.m.)  stock  peel  bark  cutter  pand  barley  cord  barley  barley  barley  barley  barley  barley  barley  barley  barley  cord  barl	#game	legged	-fallen (u.m.)	-clad (u.m.)
#park (literal) player point (n., u.m.) stock ballot#box  bark  cutter peel  corn bark  barecy bark  barecy  comber cord box cutter stand stand string -railed (u.m.)  base  ball base  ball ball#bat ball ball#bat ball ball#bat ball ball#bat ball ball ball#bat band ball clegged (u.m.) band band ball dook basi (c.f.) note #paper side (stream) bared cover cutter  #water barnstormer bead fast fast fellow frame beak lamp beak linen pad beam plate filling post bangup (n., u.m.) bangup (n., u.m.) basketball band  #rest note all one word side (stream) basr bar bit code fowl stalk bear  #bit -eyed (u.m.) code fowl stalk bear  #bit -eyed (u.m.) bear  shaped (u.m.) bear side (stream) bare bind strile string board boar beach cord cord cord beach cord fast fast fast fellow frame bead linen fliling pad beak lamp pad beam plate plate post pad post post pad post post post post post post post post	-like	necked	front	#shop
player point (n., u.m.) stock  ballot#box  -tanned (u.m.)  bark  band  barley  corn  comber  cord  comber  cord  box  mow  cutter  #water  stand  barrel  stand  string  -tailed (u.m.)  base  ball  -shaped (u.m.)  ball  ball  -legged (u.m.)  band  band  baric (c.f.)  mote  all one word  point (n., u.m.)  stead  stead  bug  stead  bug  chair  baybolt  chamber  clothes  clothes  cord  comber  cord  comber  cord  comber  cord  cower  cutter  #water  #water  #wagon  barnstormer  bead  fast  fast  fellow  frame  flush  fellow  frame  beak  lamp  beak  lamp  bead  beak  line  filling  post  bangup (n., u.m.)  ball  ball#bat  beam  plate  -legged (u.m.)  bangup (n., u.m.)  basi (c.f.)  note  all one word  cod  ridden  #paper  side (stream)  bas-relief  bat  bind  setter  side  #bit  -eyed (u.m.)  -shaped (u.m.)  sore  side  fowl  stalk  space  spread	park (nonliteral)	worn	ground	beaverpelt
point (n., u.m.) stock peel stock peel wagon ballot#box band barley aid corn box cutter #water barnstormer band string balled (u.m.) base ball ball ball ball ball ball ball bal	#park (literal)	barge-laden (u.m.)	-scarred (u.m.)	bed
stock ballot#box -tanned (u.m.) band barley aid corn box mow cutter #water barnstormer baad barrel stand	player	bark	ship	board
ballot#box band barley beach clothes aid corn comber cord box mow head cover cutter #water wagon fast stand barrel flush fellow string head roll frame -tailed (u.m.) base iron pad ball ball ball ball ball ball -legged (u.m.) line filling post bangup (n., u.m.) basi (c.f.) bag #rest note all one word pad barrel flush fellow frame  bandy basi (c.f.) bag #rest note all one word side (stream) bas-relief bantamweight bar blind setter side #bit -eyed (u.m.) sore sore sore sore sore code fowl stalk space spread	point (n., u.m.)	cutter	stead	bug
bandbarleybeachclothesaidcorncombercordboxmowheadcovercutter#waterwagon-fallen (u.m.)sawbarnstormerbeadfaststandbarrelflushfellowstringheadrollframe-tailed (u.m.)-roll (v.)beaklampwagon-shaped (u.m.)headlinenwidthbaseironpadbandyball-shaped (u.m.)panballball#batbeamplate-legged (u.m.)linefillingpostbangup (n., u.m.)#line (surveying)-making (u.m.)quiltbookbasi (c.f.)bag#restnoteall one wordcodridden#paperbasketball-fed (u.m.)rockside (stream)bas-reliefpolesheetbantamweightbatpotsickbarblindsetterside*bit-eyed (u.m.)-shaped (u.m.)sorecodefowlstalkspacekeeperwingbearspread	stock	peel	wagon	chair
aid corn mow head cover cutter #water wagon -fallen (u.m.)  saw barnstormer bead fast fellow string head roll frame -tailed (u.m.) -roll (v.) beak lamp wagon -shaped (u.m.) head linen width base iron pad ball -legged (u.m.) line filling post bangup (n., u.m.) #line (surveying) -making (u.m.) quilt bank -minded (u.m.) bag #rest note all one word side (stream) bas-relief bantamweight bat bar blind sere fowl to sick shaped (u.m.) sore code keeper wing bars last fall combar spread	ballot#box	-tanned (u.m.)	baybolt	chamber
box mow head cover cutter #water barnstormer bead fast stand barrel flush fellow string head roll frame -tailed (u.m.) -roll (v.) beak lamp wagon -shaped (u.m.) head linen width base iron pad ball ball#bat beam plate -legged (u.m.) line filling post bangup (n., u.m.) #line (surveying) -making (u.m.) quilt bank -minded (u.m.) bean rail book basi (c.f.) bag #rest note all one word cod ridden #paper basketball -fed (u.m.) pole side (stream) basr-relief pole sheet bantamweight bat pot sick bar blind setter side #bit -eyed (u.m.) -shaped (u.m.) sore code fowl stalk space keeper wing bear spread	band	barley	beach	clothes
cutter saw barnstormer bead fast stand barrel flush fellow string head roll frame lamp wagon bandy ball ball ball ball bank -minded (u.m.) basi (c.f.) and base bank paper basketball bantamweight bar blind save barnstormer bandy barrel bantamweight bar ball barrel bantamweight bar barrel bank barrel bank barrel bank barrelief bantamweight barrelief bank barrelief side setter side setter side setter side setter side setter side setter side space spread	aid	corn	comber	cord
saw barnstormer barrel flush fellow string head roll frame -tailed (u.m.) -roll (v.) beak lamp wagon -shaped (u.m.) head linen width base iron pad bandy ball -shaped (u.m.) beam plate -legged (u.m.) line filling post bangup (n., u.m.) #line (surveying) -making (u.m.) quilt book basi (c.f.) bag #rest note all one word cod ridden #paper basketball -fed (u.m.) rock side (stream) bas relief pole sheet bantamweight bat pot sick bar blind setter side #bit -eyed (u.m.) sore code fowl stalk space keeper wing bear spread	box	mow	head	cover
stand string head roll flush fellow frame head roll frame  -tailed (u.m.) -roll (v.) beak lamp  wagon -shaped (u.m.) head linen  width base iron pad  ball -shaped (u.m.) pan  ball ball#bat beam plate  -legged (u.m.) line filling post  bangup (n., u.m.) #line (surveying) -making (u.m.) quilt  bank -minded (u.m.) bean rail  book basi (c.f.) bag #rest  note all one word cod ridden  #paper basketball -fed (u.m.) rock  side (stream) bas-relief pole sheet  bantamweight bat pot sick  bar blind setter side  #bit -eyed (u.m.) -shaped (u.m.) sore  code fowl stalk space  keeper wing bear spread	cutter	#water	wagon	-fallen (u.m.)
string head roll frame  -tailed (u.m.) -roll (v.) beak lamp  wagon -shaped (u.m.) head linen  width base iron pad  bandy ball ball#bat beam plate  -legged (u.m.) line filling post  bangup (n., u.m.) #line (surveying) -making (u.m.) quilt  bank -minded (u.m.) bean rail  book basi (c.f.) bag #rest  note all one word cod ridden  #paper basketball -fed (u.m.) rock  side (stream) bas-relief pole sheet  bantamweight bat pot sick  bar blind setter side  #bit -eyed (u.m.) -shaped (u.m.) sore  code fowl stalk space  keeper wing bear spread	saw	barnstormer	bead	fast
-tailed (u.m.)  -tailed (u.m.)  wagon  -shaped (u.m.)  base  bandy  ball  ball  -legged (u.m.)  bangup (n., u.m.)  bank  basi (c.f.)  note  #paper  basketball  #paper  basketball  bashetistic (stream)  bashetistic (stream)  bashetistic  bashetis  bashe	stand	barrel	flush	fellow
wagon width-shaped (u.m.)head ironlinenbandyball ball-shaped (u.m.)panball -legged (u.m.)ball #bat linebeam fillingplate postbangup (n., u.m.)#line (surveying) #line (surveying)-making (u.m.)quiltbank-minded (u.m.)beanrailbookbasi (c.f.)bag all one word#restnoteall one wordcodridden#paperbasketball-fed (u.m.)rockside (stream)bas-reliefpolesheetbantamweightbatpotsickbarblindsetterside#bit-eyed (u.m.)-shaped (u.m.)sorecodefowlstalkspacekeeperwingbearspread	string	head	roll	frame
width base iron pad pan ball pall pall pall pall pall pall pall	-tailed (u.m.)	-roll (v.)	beak	lamp
bandyball-shaped (u.m.)panballball#batbeamplate-legged (u.m.)linefillingpostbangup (n., u.m.)#line (surveying)-making (u.m.)quiltbank-minded (u.m.)beanrailbookbasi (c.f.)bag#restnoteall one wordcodridden#paperbasketball-fed (u.m.)rockside (stream)bas-reliefpolesheetbantamweightbatpotsickbarblindsetterside#bit-eyed (u.m.)-shaped (u.m.)sorecodefowlstalkspacekeeperwingbearspread	wagon	-shaped (u.m.)	head	linen
ball ball#bat line filling post post pangup (n., u.m.) #line (surveying) -making (u.m.) quilt pook pasi (c.f.) basi (c.f.) bask cod ridden #paper basketball post pot sick par blind setter side (stream) bat bat pot sick bar #bit -eyed (u.m.) sore code keeper wing baar post post post post post post post post	width	base	iron	pad
-legged (u.m.) bangup (n., u.m.) bank book note #line (surveying) -making (u.m.) bank book basi (c.f.) note #paper basketball #paper basketball bas-relief bantamweight bat bat bilind #bit -eyed (u.m.)  filling post quilt bean rail cod ridden rock ridden rock side (stream) sheet sheet bantamweight bat pot sick side #bit -eyed (u.m.) -shaped (u.m.) sore code keeper wing bear spread	bandy	ball	-shaped (u.m.)	pan
bangup (n., u.m.)#line (surveying) -minded (u.m.)-making (u.m.)quilt railbank-minded (u.m.)beanrailbookbasi (c.f.)bag#restnoteall one wordcodridden#paperbasketball-fed (u.m.)rockside (stream)bas-reliefpolesheetbantamweightbatpotsickbarblindsetterside#bit-eyed (u.m.)-shaped (u.m.)sorecodefowlstalkspacekeeperwingbearspread	ball	ball#bat	beam	plate
bangup (n., u.m.)#line (surveying) -minded (u.m.)-making (u.m.)quilt railbank-minded (u.m.)beanrailbookbasi (c.f.)bag#restnoteall one wordcodridden#paperbasketball-fed (u.m.)rockside (stream)bas-reliefpolesheetbantamweightbatpotsickbarblindsetterside#bit-eyed (u.m.)-shaped (u.m.)sorecodefowlstalkspacekeeperwingbearspread	-legged (u.m.)	line	filling	post
bank-minded (u.m.)beanrailbookbasi (c.f.)bag#restnoteall one wordcodridden#paperbasketball-fed (u.m.)rockside (stream)bas-reliefpolesheetbantamweightbatpotsickbarblindsetterside#bit-eyed (u.m.)-shaped (u.m.)sorecodefowlstalkspacekeeperwingbearspread		#line (surveying)	-making (u.m.)	quilt
note all one word cod ridden  #paper basketball -fed (u.m.) rock side (stream) bas-relief pole sheet bantamweight bat pot sick bar blind setter side  #bit -eyed (u.m.) -shaped (u.m.) sore code fowl stalk space keeper wing bear spread		-minded (u.m.)	_	rail
note all one word cod ridden #paper basketball -fed (u.m.) rock side (stream) bas-relief pole sheet bantamweight bat pot sick bar blind setter side #bit -eyed (u.m.) -shaped (u.m.) sore code fowl stalk space keeper wing bear spread	book	basi (c.f.)	bag	#rest
side (stream) bas-relief pole sheet bantamweight bat pot sick bar blind setter side  #bit -eyed (u.m.) -shaped (u.m.) sore code fowl stalk space keeper wing bear spread		all one word	cod	ridden
side (stream) bas-relief pole sheet bantamweight bat pot sick bar blind setter side  #bit -eyed (u.m.) -shaped (u.m.) sore code fowl stalk space keeper wing bear spread	#paper	basketball	-fed (u.m.)	rock
bantamweight bat pot sick bar blind setter side  #bit -eyed (u.m.) -shaped (u.m.) sore code fowl stalk space keeper wing bear spread	1 1	bas-relief		sheet
barblindsetterside#bit-eyed (u.m.)-shaped (u.m.)sorecodefowlstalkspacekeeperwingbearspread	` ′	bat	pot	sick
#bit -eyed (u.m.) -shaped (u.m.) sore code fowl stalk space keeper wing <b>bear</b> spread		blind		
codefowlstalkspacekeeperwingbearspread				
keeper wing <b>bear</b> spread			_	
				_
	_	-		_
post herd stand			_	

stead	belly	name (top rank)	#date
straw	ache	(n., u.m.)	day
time	band	bill	mark
bee	buster	back	place
bread	button	beetle	right
-eater	fed (u.m.)	broker	#year
herd	pinch	fold	biscuit-shaped
hive	belowstairs	head	(u.m.)
keeper	belt	hook	bismuto (c.f.)
line	-driven (u.m.)	poster	all one word
way	saw	sticker	bit
beechnut	bench	billet	coin
beef	fellow	-doux	-mapped
eater	-hardened (u.m.)	head	stock
#extract	made (u.m.)	billingsgate	bitter
-faced (u.m.)	mark (nonliteral)	bio (c.f.)	-ender
head	#mark (surveying)	-aeration	head
steak	warmer	-osmosis	sweet
bees	#warrant	rest one word	-tongued (u.m.)
wax	bentwing (n., u.m.)	birchbark	black
wing	benzo (c.f.)	bird	ball (nonliteral)
beet	all one word	bath	-bordered (u.m.)
field	berry-brown (u.m.)	bander	-eyed (u.m.)
#sugar	best	cage	guard
beetle	#man	call	jack
-browed (u.m.)	seller (n.)	catcher	leg
head	beta	#dog (literal)	list
stock	-glucose	dog (nonliteral)	mail
before	tron	-eyed (u.m.)	mark
-cited (u.m.)	between	-faced (u.m.)	#market (n.)
hand	decks	life	-market (u.m., v.)
-mentioned (u.m.)	whiles	lime	-marketer
-named (u.m.)	<b>bi</b> (pref.)	lore	out (n., u.m.)
behindhand	-iliac	mouthed	plate (printing)
bell	rest one word	seed	print
-bottomed (u.m.)	big	shot	-robed (u.m.)
crank	-eared (u.m.)	watcher	#sheep (all
-crowned (u.m.)	-eyed (u.m.)	bird's	meanings)
hanger	head (ego)	-eye	shirted
hop	horn (sheep)	#nest (literal) (n.)	snake
mouthed	-horned (u.m.)	-nest (n., u.m., v.)	strap (n.)
ringer	-leaguer	birth	-tie (u.m.)
wether	mouthed	bed	top

	i		i -
#widow	hound	bonnet	shop
blast	letting	book (nonliteral)	side
hole	mobile	bottle	swain
plate	-red (u.m.)	coat (n.)	wright
blasto (c.f.)	ripe	-eyed (u.m.)	yard
all one word	shed	gill	bob
bleach	shot	grass	cat
ground	spiller	-gray (u.m.)	sled
works	spot	-green (u.m.)	stay
blear	stain	-hot (u.m.)	tail
eye	stock	jack	white
-eyed (u.m.)	stream	jacket	bobby
-witted (u.m.)	sucker	nose	pin
blepharo (c.f.)	thirsty	-pencil (v.)	
all one word	-warm (u.m.)	point (oyster)	-soxer
blight-resistant	bloody	print	body
(u.m.)	-nosed (u.m.)	stocking	bearer
blind	-red (u.m.)	streak (nonliteral)	bending
-bomb (v.)	blossom	tongue (n.)	builder
-flying (u.m.)	-bordered (u.m.)	blunder	-centered (u.m.)
fold	-laden (u.m.)	buss	guard
-loaded (u.m.)	blow	head	-mind
#man	back	blunt	plate
spot	by (n., u.m.)		bog
stitch	cock	-edged (u.m.)	-eyed (u.m.)
story	down (n., u.m.)	-spoken (u.m.) boar	land
blink-eyed (u.m.)	gun		man
blithe-looking (u.m.)	hard (n.)	spear	trot (v.)
blitzkrieg	hole	staff	boil
block	iron	board	down (n., u.m.)
buster	lamp	#foot	off (n., u.m.)
head	off (n., u.m.)	rack	out (n., u.m.)
hole (v.)	out (n., u.m.)	walk	over (n., u.m.)
ship	pipe	boat	` ' '
blood	spray	builder	boiler
-alcohol (u.m.)	through (u.m.)	crew	-off
bath	torch	head	-out
beat	tube	hook	plate
curdling	up (n., u.m.)	house	works
-drenched (u.m.)	blue	loader	boiling#house
-giving (u.m.)	-annealed (u.m.)	owner	bold
guilty	beard (n.)	#people	face (printing)
-hot (u.m.)	blood	setter	-spirited (u.m.)
	I	I	I

bolt	mark	bow	brandy
cutter	mobile	back	-burnt (u.m.)
head	plate	bent	wine
hole	rack	grace	brass
-shaped (u.m.)	rest	head	-armed (u.m.)
strake	sale	knot	-bold (u.m.)
bomb	seller	legged	-smith
drop	shelf	-necked (u.m.)	works
fall	stack	pin	brave
shell	stall	shot	hearted
sight	stamp	sprit	-looking (u.m.)
thrower	stand	stave	-minded (u.m.)
-throwing (u.m.)	stitch	string	brazen
bone	-stitching (u.m.)	wow	-browed (u.m.)
ache	-taught (u.m.)	box	face
#ash	wright	car	bread
black	boom	haul	basket
breaker	town	head (printing)	crumb
-bred (u.m.)	truck	truck	earner
-dry (u.m.)	boondoggling	boxer	fruit
-eater	boot	-off	#knife
-hard (u.m.)	black		liner
head	hose	-up	plate
lace	jack	brachio (c.f.)	seller
meal	lace	all one word	stuff
set	last	brachy (c.f.)	#tray
shaker	leg	all one word	winner
-white (u.m.)	lick	brain	break
boobytrap	strap	cap	away (n., u.m.)
boogie-woogie	bore	child	ax
book	hole	-cracked (u.m.)	back (n., u.m.)
binder	safe	pan	bone (fever)
case	sight	sick	#circuit
dealer	bosom	-spun (u.m.)	down (n., u.m.)
#end	-deep (u.m.)	storm	-even (u.m.)
fair	-folded (u.m.)	-tired (u.m.)	fast
-fed (u.m.)	-making (u.m.)	wash	fast#room
fold	bottle	brake	front
-learned (u.m.)	-fed (u.m.)	drum	-in (n., u.m.)
-lined (u.m.)	neck	head	neck
list	-nosed (u.m.)	meter	off (n., u.m.)
lore	bottom#land	shoe	out (n., u.m.)
lover	boughpot	brandnew (u.m.)	point

	l <b>s</b>		1. ( )
through (n., u.m.)	bribe	bringer-up	-making (u.m.)
up (n., u.m.)	-free (u.m.)	bristle	stick
wind (n.)	giver	cone (u.m.)	brother
breaker	taker	-pointed (u.m.)	hood
-down	bric-a-brac	broad	-in-law
-off	brick	acre	brow
-up	bat	ax	beat
breast	-built (u.m.)	band (n., u.m.)	point
band	-colored (u.m.)	-beamed (u.m.)	post
beam	kiln	brim	brown
bone	layer	cast	back
-deep (u.m.)	liner	cloth	-eyed (u.m.)
-fed (u.m.)	mason	head	out (n., u.m.)
feed	-red (u.m.)	#jump	print
-high (u.m.)	setter	leaf (n.)	brush
hook	work	-leaved (u.m.)	ball
mark	yard	loom	#holder
piece	bride	minded	off (n., u.m.)
pin	bed	-mouthed (u.m.)	-treat (v.)
plate	bowl	share (n., v.)	#up
plow	cake	sheet (n.)	brusher
rail	chamber	side	-off
rope	cup	sword	-up
work	groom	wife	buck
breath	knot	woven	eye
-blown (u.m.)	lace	broken	-eyed (u.m.)
-tainted (u.m.)	maiden	-down (u.m.)	horn
taking	stake	-legged (u.m.)	hound
breech	bridge	-mouthed (u.m.)	passer
block	builder	bromo (c.f.)	plate
cloth	head	all one word	pot
loader	pot	bronchio (c.f.)	saw
-loading (u.m.)	tree	all one word	shot
lock	#wall	broncho (c.f.)	skinned
pin	work	all one word	stall
plug	briefcase	broncobuster	stay
sight	bright	bronze	stove
breeze	-colored (u.m.)	-clad (u.m.)	tooth
-borne (u.m.)	-eyed (u.m.)	-covered (u.m.)	wagon
-lifted (u.m.)	brilliant	-red (u.m.)	wash
-swept (u.m.)	-cut (u.m.)	broom	bucketshaped (u.m.)
way	-green (u.m.)	#handle	buff
•	brine-soaked (u.m.)	-leaved (u.m.)	-tipped (u.m.)
	·		

	1	I	
ware	-foot	saw	cabbagehead
-yellow (u.m.)	bumble	stock	cabinet
bug	bee	strap	maker
bear	foot	-weld (v.)	making
bite	kite	butter	cable-laid (u.m.)
-eyed (u.m.)	bung	ball	caco (c.f.)
build	hole	-colored (u.m.)	all one word
down (n., u.m.)	start	fat	cage#bird
up (n., u.m.)	burn	fingers	cake
built	-in (n., u.m.)	head	baker
-in (u.m.)	out (n., u.m.)	milk	bread
-up (u.m.)	up (n., u.m.)	mouth	-eater
bulb-tee (u.m.)	burned-over (u.m.)	nut	mixer
bulbo (c.f.)	burner-off	print	-mixing (u.m.)
all one word	burnt	-rigged (u.m.)	pan
bulk	-out (u.m.)	scotch	walk
head	-up (u.m.)	-smooth (u.m.)	calci (c.f.)
-pile (v.)	bus	-yellow (u.m.)	all one word
weigh (v.)	boy	button	calk-weld (v.)
bull	#conductor	-eared (u.m.)	call
baiting	driver	-headed (u.m.)	back (n., u.m.)
dog	fare	hold	box
doze	girl	hole	down (n., u.m.)
-faced (u.m.)	line	hook	-in (n., u.m.)
fight	load	mold	note
frog	bush	by	-off (n., u.m.)
head		-and-by	out (n., u.m.)
-mouthed (u.m.)	beater	-the-way (n.,	-over (n., u.m.)
neck	buck	u.m.)	up (n., u.m.)
nose	fighter	-your-leave (n.,	camshaft
pen	-grown (u.m.)	u.m.)	camel
ring	hammer	rest one word	back (rubber)
#terrier			-backed (u.m.)
toad	-leaguer	С	case
-voiced (u.m.)	ranger	C	driver
whack	whacker	-sharp	-faced (u.m.)
whip	bustup (n., u.m.)	-star	camel's-hair (u.m.)
bullet	busy	-tube	camp
head	body	cab	fire
maker	-fingered (u.m.)	driver	ground
proof	head	fare	stool
bull's	butt	#owner	can
-eye (nonliteral)	-joint (v.)	stand	capper

	l • 1	I	l ,
not	jacker	woven	caster
#opener	lot	carpo (c.f.)	-off
canalside	-mile	-olecranal	-out
candle	owner	rest one word	castlebuilder
bomb	pool	carriage-making	(nonliteral)
-foot	port	(u.m.)	cat
holder	sick	carrot	back
-hour	wash	-colored (u.m.)	beam
lighter	carbo (c.f.)	head (nonliteral)	bird
lit	all one word	juice	call
-meter	carbol (c.f.)	top (nonliteral)	-eyed (u.m.)
power	all one word	carry	face (n.)
-shaped (u.m.)	carcino (c.f.)	all (n., u.m.)	fall
stand	all one word	around (n., u.m.)	gut
stick	card	back (n., u.m.)	head
wick	case	forward (n.)	hole
wright	-index (u.m., v.)	-in (n., u.m.)	hook
candystick	player	out (n., u.m.)	-ion
cane	sharp	over (n., u.m.)	like
-backed (u.m.)	stock	cart	nap
brake	cardio (c.f.)	load	nip
crusher	-aortic	wheel (coin)	-o'-nine-tails
cutter	rest one word	whip	stitch
#sugar	care	wright	walk
canker	free	case	CAT scan
-eaten (u.m.)	giver	bearer	catch
-mouthed (u.m.)	-laden (u.m.)	finding	all (n., u.m.)
cannonball	taker	hammer	-as-catch-can
canvas-covered	-tired (u.m.)	harden	(u.m.)
(u.m.)	worn	load	cry
cap	carpet	mated	penny
-flash (v.)	bagger	worker	plate
nut	beater	caser-in	up (n., u.m.)
screw	#cleaner	cashflow	weight
sheaf	-cleaning (u.m.)	cast	word
shore	-covered (u.m.)	away (n., u.m.)	cater
car	fitter	back (n., u.m.)	corner
barn	layer	-by (u.m.)	wauling
break	-smooth (u.m.)	off (n., u.m.)	cat's
builder	-sweeping (u.m.)	out (n., u.m.)	-eye (nonliteral)
fare	weaver	-ridden (u.m.)	-paw (nonliteral)
goose	-weaving (u.m.)	-weld (v.)	cattle
hop	web		#boat

feed -raising (u.m.)  yak  cerebro (c.f.)  cauliflower  -eared (u.m.)  #ware  cereto (c.f.)  all one word  cerebro (c.f.)  chartbook  chartbook  cutter  chattermark  chead  cheapskate  lip  parer
yak cerebro (c.f.) chartbook cutter cauliflower -ocular chattermark head -eared (u.m.) rest one word cheapskate lip #ware certificate holder check parer
cauliflower     -ocular     chattermark     head       -eared (u.m.)     rest one word     cheapskate     lip       #ware     certificate holder     check     parer
-eared (u.m.) rest one word cheapskate lip #ware certificate holder check parer
#ware certificate holder check parer
r mare
1.
causeway cervico (c.f.) bite plate
cave -occipital forger chemico (c.f.)
dweller -orbicular hook all one word
-dwelling (u.m.) rest one word -in (n., u.m.) chemo (c.f.)
#fish cess list all one word
-in (n., u.m.) pipe mark <b>cherry</b>
cease-fire (n., u.m.) pit nut -colored (u.m.)
cedar-colored (u.m.) pool off (n., u.m.) stone (nonliteral)
celi (c.f.) chaffcutter out (n., u.m.) #stone (literal)
all one word chain passer (n.) chestnut
celio (c.f.) #belt point -colored (u.m.)
all one word -driven (u.m.) rack -red (u.m.)
cell #gang rail <b>chicken</b>
cement stitch rein bill
-covered (u.m.) <b>chair</b> ring -billed (u.m.)
mason fast roll #breast
-temper (v.) mender rope breasted
census person row #coop
#taker -shaped (u.m.) sheet #farm
-taking warmer strap feed
center chalk string heart
#field (sports) cutter up (n., u.m.) pox
head (printing) line washer #yard
line -white (u.m.) weigher <b>chief</b>
most <b>chamber</b> writer #justice
piece maid <b>checker</b> -justiceship
-second woman -in #mate
centi (c.f.) changeover -off child
all one word chapfallen -out bearing
centimeter-gram- chapelgoing -up bed
second char cheek birth
centri (c.f.) broiler bone care
all one word coal strap crowing
centro (c.f.) pit cheerleader hood
all one word woman cheese kind
cephalo (c.f.) charge burger life
all one word #book cake -minded (u.m.)

ridden	out (n., u.m.)	circuitbreaker	pan
#support	point	circum (pref.)	pit
wife	strap	arctic, pacific,	works
chill-cast (u.m., v.)	chole (c.f.)	etc.	clean
chin	all one word	-Saturnal, etc.	-cut (u.m.)
band	chondro (c.f.)	rest one word	handed
-bearded (u.m.)	-osseous	cirro (c.f.)	out (n., u.m.)
-chin	rest one word	all one word	-shaved (u.m.)
cloth	chop	cis (pref.)	-smelling (u.m.)
cough	-chop	alpine	up (n., u.m.)
-high (u.m.)	stick	atlantic	clear
rest	chowchow	-trans (u.m.)	cole
strap	Christ	rest one word	-cut (u.m.)
china	-given (u.m.)	city	cut (forestry) (n.,
-blue (u.m.)	-inspired (u.m.)	-born (u.m.)	v.)
#shop	like	-bred (u.m.)	-eyed (u.m.)
ware	chromo (c.f.)	folk	headed
Chinatown	all one word	#man	-sighted (u.m.)
chipmunk	chrono (c.f.)	scape	up (n., u.m.)
chiro (c.f.)	all one word	clam	wing
all one word	chuck	bake	clearinghouse
chisel	hole	shell	cleft
-cut (u.m.)	plate	clampdown (n.,	-footed (u.m.)
-edged (u.m.)	wagon	u.m.)	-graft (v.)
#maker	church	clap	client/server
chitchat	#choir	net	cliff
chitter-chatter	goer	trap	dweller
chloro (c.f.)	like	clasphook	-dwelling (u.m.)
all one word	work	class	hanger
chock	yard	book	side
ablock	churn	-conscious (u.m.)	top
-full (u.m.)	-butted (u.m.)	#consciousness	-worn (u.m.)
chocolate	milk	#day	clinch-built (u.m.)
-brown (u.m.)	cigar	work	clink-clank
-coated (u.m.)	case	claw	clinker-built (u.m.)
#maker	cutter	bar	clip
choir	-shaped (u.m.)	-footed (u.m.)	-clop
boy	cigarette	hammer	-edged (u.m.)
#master	#holder	hatchet	sheet
choke	#maker	-tailed (u.m.)	clipper-built (u.m.)
bore	-making (u.m.)	clay	cloak
chain	cine (c.f.)	bank	-and-dagger (n.,
damp	all one word	-colored (u.m.)	u.m.)

40.000	clover	l chin	colored (u.m.)
room		ship	-colored (u.m.)
clock	bloom	#tar	-growing (u.m.)
case	leaf	#truck	pot
face	seed	yard	room
-minded (u.m.)	sick	coastside	cofferdam
setter	club	coat	cogwheel
#speed	#car	hanger	coin-operated
watcher	foot	rack	(u.m.)
close	hand	tailed	cold
bred	haul	cob	blooded
-connected (u.m.)	mobile	head	-chisel (v.)
cross	ridden	meal	cuts
-cut (u.m.)	room	shed	-draw (v.)
down (n.)	root	web	finch
-fertilize (v.)	-shaped (u.m.)	cock	-flow (v.)
fisted	co (pref.)	bill	-forge (v.)
handed	-op	brain	frame
-knit	exist, operate, etc.	crow	-hammer (v.)
minded	processor	eye	-hammered (u.m.)
mouthed	rest one word	fight	pack
out (n., u.m.)	coach	head	-press (v.)
up (n., u.m.)	-and-four	pit	-roll (v.)
closed	builder	#robin	-rolled (u.m.)
-circuit (u.m.)	whip	spur	-short (u.m.)
#end	coal	sure	-shortness
#shop	bag	-tailed (u.m.)	-shoulder (v.)
cloth-backed (u.m.)	bed	up (n., u.m.)	type (printing)
clothes	bin	cockleshell	#war
bag	-black (u.m.)	cockscomb	#wave
basket	breaker	cod	-work (v.)
brush	#car	bank	cole
#closet	dealer	fishing	seed
horse	digger	head	slaw
pin	-faced (u.m.)	#liver	coli (c.f.)
line	hole	piece	all one word
press	-laden (u.m.)	pitchings	collar
rack	#loader	smack	bag
#tree	#mine	code	band
cloud	#oil	#name	bone
base	pit	-named (u.m.)	colo (c.f.)
burst	rake	coffee	all one word
cap	sack (astron. only)	break	color
-hidden (u.m.)	shed	cake	bearer
macii (u.iii.)	) Siled		Searci

11: 1			l #
blind	contra (pref.)	cork	#septum
#blindness	-acting	-lined (u.m.)	-off
fast	-approach	screw	act, propaganda,
-free (u.m.)	-ion rest one word	corn	top, etc.
#line	cook	bin	as combining
type (printing)	book	bread	form, one word
(n.)		cake	,,,,,,,,
-washed (u.m.)	off (n., u.m.)	cob	country
comb-toothed	out (n., u.m.)	cracker	-born (u.m.)
(u.m.)	shack	crib	-bred (u.m.)
come	stove	crusher	folk
-along (tool)	coolheaded	cutter	people
back (n., u.m.)	cooped	dodger	side
-between (n.)	-in (u.m.)	-fed (u.m.)	wide
down (n.)	-up (u.m.)	husk	county
-off (n., u.m.)	cop	loft	#seat
-on (n., u.m.)	#out (v.)	meal	wide
-out (n.)	out (n.)	#pone	court
-outer	copper	stalk	bred
uppance	-bottomed (u.m.)	starch	-martial
comic#book	-colored (u.m.)	corner	ship
command	head	bind	cousin
-line	-headed (u.m.)	post	hood
#prompt	#mine	corpsmember	-in-law
commander#in	nose	cost	cover
#chief	plate	#effective (n.)	alls
common	-plated (u.m.)	-effectiveness	let
-carrier	smith	wise	side
#law	works	costo (c.f.)	up (n., u.m.)
place	сору	all one word	cow
#sense (n.)	cat	cotton	barn
sense (u.m.)	cutter	-clad (u.m.)	bell
weal	desk	-covered (u.m.)	catcher
wealth	#editor	-growing (u.m.)	-eyed (u.m.)
companionship	fitter	#mill	gate
compressed#file	holding	mouth (snake)	hand
comptime	reader	packer	herd
cone	right	picker, ing	hide
-shaped (u.m.)	writer	seed	hitch
speaker	coral	sick	lick
conference#room	-beaded (u.m.)	countdown (n., u.m.)	path
Congressman#at	-red (u.m.)	counter	pen
Č .	100 (0.111.)	#check (banking)	#pony
#Large		"check (ballking)	"POII)

pox	creep	bred	legs
puncher	hole	breed	-level (v.)
shed	mouse	-bridge (v.)	-license (v.)
sucker	crepe#de#chine	-brush (v.)	lift (v.)
crab	crestfallen	-carve (v.)	lock
cake	crew	-channel (u.m.)	lots
catcher	cut	-check	mark
eater	member	-claim	member
faced	cribstrap	-compound (v.)	patch
hole	crime	-connect (v.)	path
meat	fighter	-country (u.m.)	plow (v.)
stick	solver	-cultivate (v.)	-pollinate (v.)
crack	wave	current	-purpose (n.)
down (n., u.m.)	crisscross	-curve (math.) (n.)	-question
#house	crook	cut	rail
jaw	all one word	-date (v.)	-reaction
pot	crooked	-drain (v.)	-refer (v.)
-the-whip (n.,	-foot (n.)	-dye (v.)	-reference
u.m.)	-legged (u.m.)	-dyeing (n.)	road
up (n., u.m.)	-nosed (u.m.)	-examine (v.)	row
cradle	crop	-eye (n., u.m.)	-service
side	-bound (u.m.)	-eyed (u.m.)	-shaft
#snatcher	-haired (u.m.)	fall	-slide
song	head	feed	-staff
cranio (c.f.)	mark	-fertile (u.m.)	-sterile
all one word	-year	-fertilize (v.)	-stitch
crank	cross	-fiber (u.m.)	-stone
case	-appeal	file	-stratification
-driven (u.m.)	arm	fire	-sue (v.)
pin	band	flow	-suc (v.) -surge (v.)
pit	bard	foot	talk
shaft	beam	-grained (u.m.)	tie
crapehanger	bearer	hair	town
crashdive (v.)	bedded	hand	track
crazy	belt	hatch	trail
bone	bench	haul	tree
cat	-bidding	head	
cream	bill (bird)		under (n., u.m.) -vote
cake		-immunity	walk
-colored (u.m.)	#bill (legal)	-index (u.m.)	waik web
creditworthiness	bind bolt	-interrogate (v.)	web wind
creek	bond	-interrogatory	wind word
bed		-invite (v.) legged	word
side	bones	legged	

crow	glass	-stained (u.m.)	star
bait	-in (n., u.m.)	damping-off (n.,	-to-day (u.m.)
bar	off (n., u.m.)	u.m.)	worker
foot	out (n., u.m.)	dancehall	de (pref.)
crowd	rate (u.m.)	danger#line	-air
funding	throat	dare	icer
sourcing	-toothed (u.m.)	-all (n., u.m.)	-ink
crownbar	-under (u.m.)	devil	-ion
crow's	-up (n., u.m.)	say	centralize,
-foot (nonliteral)	cutter	dark	energize, etc.
-nest (nonliteral)	-built (u.m.)	-eyed (u.m.)	rest one word
crybaby	-down	horse (nonliteral)	dead
crypto (c.f.)	head	room (n.)	-alive
-Christian, etc.	-off	-skinned (u.m.)	beat (n.)
rest one word	-out	dash	born
crystal	-rigged (u.m.)	plate	-burn (v.)
-clear (u.m.)	-up	wheel	#center
-girded (u.m.)	cuttlebone	data	-cold (u.m.)
-smooth (u.m.)	cyano (c.f.)	bank	-dip (v.)
cubbyhole	all one word	base	-drunk (u.m.)
cumulo (c.f.)	cyber	set	-ender
all one word	bullying	date	eye (n.)
cup	security	lined	-eyed (u.m.)
bearer	cyclecar	mark	fall
cake	cyclo (c.f.)	daughter-in-law	head
ful	-olefin	dawn	-heated (u.m.)
head	rest one word	-gray (u.m.)	-heater
curb	cysto (c.f.)	streak	-heavy (u.m.)
side	all one word	day	latch
stoner	cyto (c.f.)	beam	#load
cure-all (n., u.m.)	all one word	bed	lock
curly	_	break	pan
head	D	-bright (u.m.)	-roast (v.)
locks (n.)	D	care	weight (n., u.m.)
currycomb	-Day	dream	wood
cussword	-major	-fly (aviation) (v.)	death
custom	-plus-4-day	-flying (u.m.)	bed
-built (u.m.)	dairy	going	blow
-made (u.m.)	-fed (u.m.)	lighted	day
-tailored (u.m.)	-made (u.m.)	lit	-divided (u.m.)
cut	daisy#chain	long (u.m.)	-doom (v.)
away (n., u.m.)	damp	mark	#house
back (n., u.m.)	proofing	side	-struck (u.m.)

trap	desk	dice	-indirect
watch	#room	cup	direction-finding
-weary (u.m.)	top (n., u.m.)	play	(u.m.)
decision	dessert	die	dirt
#making (n.)	#fork	-away (u.m.)	-cheap (u.m.)
-making (u.m., v.)	#knife	back	fast
deckhand	spoon	case	-incrusted (u.m.)
deep	deutero (c.f.)	-cast (u.m., v.)	plate
-affected (u.m.)	all one word	caster	dirty
-cut (u.m.)	devil	-cut (u.m., v.)	-faced (u.m.)
-felt (u.m.)	-devil	cutter	-minded (u.m.)
-freeze (u.m., v.)	dog (a marine)	hard (n., u.m.)	#work
-frying (u.m.)	-inspired (u.m.)	head	dis (pref.)
going	-ridden (u.m.)	#proof (philately)	all one word
-grown (u.m.)	dew	(n.)	disc drive
-laid (u.m.)	beam	setter	dish
most	cap	sinker	cloth
mouthed	-clad (u.m.)	-square (u.m.)	#cover
-rooted (u.m.)	claw	stock	pan
#sea	damp	diesel	rack
-seated (u.m.)	-drenched (u.m.)	-driven (u.m.)	rag
-set (u.m.)	drop	-electric (u.m.)	#towel
-sunk (u.m.)	fall	dillydally	washer
-voiced (u.m.)	-fed (u.m.)	dim	disk
water (u.m.)	-laden (u.m.)	-lighted (u.m.)	jockey
deer	lap	lit	pack
drive (n.)	point	out (n., u.m.)	plow
-eyed (u.m.)	dextro (c.f.)	diner-out	-shaped (u.m.)
food	all one word	ding	ditch
herd	di (pref.)	bat	bank
horn	all one word	dong	digger
hound	dia (pref.)	dining#room	rider
meat	all one word	dinitro (c.f.)	side
stalker	dialog#box	#spray	dive
stand	dial-up	rest one word	-bomb (v.)
tick	diamond	dip	#bomber
dehydr(o) (c.f.) all one word	back	-dye (v.)	do
demi (pref.)	-backed (u.m.)	-grained (u.m.)	-all (n., u.m.)
-Christian, etc.	-shaped (u.m.)	head	-gooder
-incognito	diazo (c.f.)	stick	-little (n., u.m.)
rest one word	-oxide	dipper-in	-nothing (n.,
dermato (c.f.)	rest one word	direct	u.m.)
all one word		-connected (u.m.)	
un one woru	1	1	1

dock	door	cross (nonliteral)	draft
hand	bed	deal (v.)	drag
head	bell	-decker	face
side	case	dipper	fall
worker	check	(nonliteral)	feed
dog	frame	-duty (u.m.)	filled
bite	head	-dye (v.)	flow
-bitten (u.m.)	jamb	-edged (u.m.)	fold
breeder	keeper	-ender	grade
cart	knob	-entendre	gradient
catcher	knocker	handed	growth
#days	mat	-headed (u.m.)	hanging
-drawn (u.m.)	nail	header	haul
-ear (v.)	#opener	-jointed	hearted
-eared (u.m.)	plate	-leaded (u.m.)	hill
face (soldier)	post	-quick (u.m.)	lead
-faced (u.m.)	-shaped (u.m.)	-sided	load
fall	sill	#space (v.)	lock (n.)
fight	step	#take	look
#food	stop	talk	most
-headed (u.m.)	dope	tone (printing)	payment
hole	fiend	tree	pour
leg	passer	-trouble	rate
#owner	pusher	-up (u.m., v.)	right
race	sheet	#work	river
shore	dorsi (c.f.)	dough	rush
sled	all one word	boy	shore
-tired (u.m.)	dorso (c.f.)	-colored (u.m.)	side
tooth	-occipital	mixer	sitting
-toothed (u.m.)	rest one word	nut	slip
trick	dot	down	slope
trot	-matrix	beat	-soft (u.m.)
watch	#pitch	by	spout
-weary (u.m.)	double	cast	stage
doll	-barrel (n., u.m.)	check	stairs
face	-barreled (u.m.)	coast	state
-faced (u.m.)	-bitt (v.)	come	stream
dollyhead	-breasted (u.m.)	-covered (u.m.)	street
donkey	-charge (v.)	crier	stroke
back	check (n., v.)	cry	sun (adv., u.m.)
-drawn (u.m.)	checked (u.m., v.)	curved	swing
-eared (u.m.)	-chinned (u.m.)	cut	take
doomsday	-click	dale	throw

thrust	draw	dream	-forge (v.)
time	-arch (n.)	-haunted (u.m.)	front
town	arm	land	hammer
trampling	back	lore	head
trend	bar	world	kick
trodden	beam	dredge#net	leaf (n., u.m.)
turn	bench	dressup (n., u.m.)	leg
valley	bolt	dressing#room	off (n., u.m.)
weigh	bore	drift	out (n., u.m.)
weight	bridge	#boat	sonde
wind	cut	bolt	stitch
draft	down (n., u.m.)	meter	drug
age (allowance)	file	-mining (u.m.)	-addicted (u.m.)
#age	gate	#net	mixer
-exempt (u.m.)	gear	pin	passer
drag	glove	wind	pusher
bar	head	drill	seller
bolt	horse	case	#user
net	knife	-like	drum
pipe	knot	stock	beat
rope	link	drip	fire
saw	loom	cock	head
staff	net	-drip	stick
wire	off (n., u.m.)	-dry (u.m., v.)	-up (n., u.m.)
dragger	out (n., u.m.)	sheet	dry
-down	pin	stick	-burnt (u.m.)
-in	plate	drive	#cell
-out	point	away (n., u.m.)	clean
-up	sheet	belt	-cure (v.)
dragon	span	bolt	dock
-eyed (u.m.)	stop	by (n., u.m.)	-dye (v.)
fly	string	cap	-farm (v.)
#piece	tongs	head	farming (n.,
drain	tube	-in (n., u.m.)	u.m.)
cleaner	drawer	pipe	gulch
pipe	-down	screw	(nonliteral)
plug	-in	#shaft	lot
tile	-off	way	-pack (u.m., v.)
drainage	-out	drop	-rotted (u.m.)
#area	drawing	away (n., u.m.)	-salt (v.)
#basin	#board	bolt	wash
way	#room	cloth	duck
		-down	bill

-billed (u.m.)	-free (u.m.)	witness	catcher
bore	dwelling#house	earth	fare
#breast	dye	bank	pot
foot (tool)	mixer	born	pout
-footed (u.m.)	stuff	-bred (u.m.)	skin
pin	works	fall	spear
pond	dys (pref.)	fast	egg
walk	all one word	-fed (u.m.)	beater (all
due	E	fill	meanings)
-in (n., u.m.)	E-minor	grubber	cup
out (n., u.m.)	e	#house	eater
duffelbag	Book	kin	fruit
dug	-commerce	lit	head (nonliteral)
out (n.)	file	mover	hot (n.)
-up (u.m.)	Government	nut	nog
dull	Library	quake	plant
-edged (u.m.)	mail	-shaking (u.m.)	-shaped (u.m.)
head	eagle	slide	shell
-looking (u.m.)	#eye	-stained (u.m.)	-white (u.m.)
-witted (u.m.)	-eyed (u.m.)	wall	eight
dumdum	ear	east	-angled (u.m.)
dumb	ache	bound	#ball
bell	cap	-central (u.m.)	fold
waiter	drop	going	penny (nail)
dump	drum	-northeast	-ply (u.m.)
car	flap	#side	score
cart	guard	-sider	-wheeler
site	hole	-southeast	elbowchair
duo (c.f.)	lap	Eastertime	elder
all one word	lobe	easy	#brother
dust	mark	going	-leaved (u.m.)
bag	#muff	mark (n.)	electro (c.f.)
bin	phone	-rising (u.m.)	-optics
brush	-piercing (u.m.)	-spoken (u.m.)	-osmosis
cloth	plug	eavesdrop	-ultrafiltration
-covered (u.m.)	ring	ebbtide	rest one word
fall	screw	edge	embryo (c.f.)
-gray (u.m.)	shot	#plane	all one word
-laden (u.m.)	sore	shot	empty
pan	splitting	ways	handed
storm	tab	wise	-looking (u.m.)
duty	wax	eel	en
bound	wig	cake	#banc

	1 1/ 1/	l	1 "
#gros	-numbered (u.m.)	#rights	#opener
#route	song	-serviceman	peep
encephalo (c.f.)	-tempered (u.m.)	-trader	pit
all one word	ever	-vice-president	point
end	-abiding (u.m.)	extra	service
-all (n., u.m.)	bearing	-alimentary	shade
bell	blooming	-American	shield
game	-constant (u.m.)	bold	shot
-measure (v.)	-fertile (u.m.)	-Britannic	sick
ender	glade	-condensed (u.m.)	sight
-on	going	curricular	sore
-up	green	-fine (u.m.)	spot
endo (c.f.)	lasting	hazardous	-spotted (u.m.)
all one word	more	judicial	stalk
engine	-normal (u.m.)	-large (u.m.)	strain
#shop	-present (u.m.)	-long (u.m.)	string
-sized (u.m.)	-ready (u.m.)	marginal	tooth
work	sporting (biol.)	mural	wash
#worker	which	ordinary	#weariness
#yard	every	polar	wink
entero (c.f.)	day (n., u.m.)	-strong (u.m.)	witness
all one word	#day (each day)	territorial	_
entry	one (all)	vascular	F
#book	#one (distributive)	eye	F
way	#time	#appeal	-flat
envelope	evil	ball	-horn
#holder	doer	bank	-sharp
#maker	#eye	bar	fable
epi (pref.)	-eyed (u.m.)	blink	#book
all one word	-faced (u.m.)	-blurred (u.m.)	teller
equi (c.f.)	-looking (u.m.)	bolt	face
-gram-molar	minded (u.m.)	brow	-arbor (v.)
rest one word	sayer	-conscious (u.m.)	cloth
ere	speaker	cup	-harden (v.)
long	wishing	flap	-hardened (u.m.)
now	ex	glance	lifting
errorproof	#cathedra	glass	mark
erythro (c.f.)	cathedral	hole	-off (n.)
all one word	communicate	lash	-on (n., u.m.)
even	-Governor	lens	plate
glow	#libris	lid	up (n., u.m.)
handed	#officio	mark	fact
minded	#post#facto	-minded (u.m.)	book

finding	bearer	#piece (naut.)	head
sheet	#belt	#plate	-leaved (u.m.)
fade	fare	-setting (u.m.)	stitch
away (n., u.m.)	fold	fast	-stitched (u.m.)
-in (n., u.m.)	foot	-anchored (u.m.)	-stitching
out (n., u.m.)	-jet	back	-tongue (v.)
fail-safe	-leaved (u.m.)	-dyed (u.m.)	weight
faint	marker	going	wing (moth)
hearted	-shaped (u.m.)	hold	fed-up (u.m.)
-voiced (u.m.)	-tailed (u.m.)	-moving (u.m.)	feeble
fair	fancy	-read (v.)	-bodied (u.m.)
ground	-free (u.m.)	-reading (u.m.)	minded
-lead (n., u.m.)	-loose (u.m.)	fat	feed
minded	-woven (u.m.)	back	back (n., u.m.)
play	-wrought (u.m.)	-bellied (u.m.)	bag
-skinned (u.m.)	far	-free (u.m.)	bin
#trade	-aloft (u.m.)	-soluble (u.m.)	box
fairy	away (n., u.m.)	father	crusher
folk	-borne (u.m.)	-confessor	cutter
hood	-distant (u.m.)	-in-law	head
tale	-eastern (u.m.)	land	lot
faithbreaker	-famed (u.m.)	fault	mixer
fall	fetched	finder	pipe
away (n., u.m.)	flung (u.m.)	line	rack
back (n., u.m.)	gone	slip	store
#guy	-off (u.m.)	faux#pas	stuff
-in (n., u.m.)	#out	fax	feeder
out (n., u.m.)	-reaching (u.m.)	-and-voice#	-in
-plow (v.)	seeing	mailbox	-up
-sow (v.)	-seen (u.m.)	#modem	fellow
trap	-set (u.m.)	-on-demand	craft
fallow#land	sight	fear	ship
false	farm	-free (u.m.)	rest two words
-bottomed (u.m.)	-bred (u.m.)	nought	felt
#face	hand	-pursued (u.m.)	cutter
-faced (u.m.)	hold	-shaken (u.m.)	-lined (u.m.)
hood	owner	feather	packer
-tongued (u.m.)	people	bed (v.)	fence
fame	place	bedding	post
-crowned (u.m.)	stead	bone	#row
-thirsty (u.m.)	worker	brain	fern
fan	fashion	edge	-clad (u.m.)
back	-led (u.m.)	-footed (u.m.)	leaf

11()	mod (n, ma)		hose
-leaved (u.m.)	-red (u.m.)	-set (u.m.)	
ferro (c.f.)	-tempered (u.m.)	finger breadth	lit
-carbon-titanium	fig		pit
-uranium	bar	-cut (u.m.)	place
rest one word	eater	hold	plow
ferry	leaf	hole	plug
boat	shell	hook	-polish (v.)
#car	figure	mark	power
#slip	head	nail	proof
fever	-of-eight (u.m.)	parted	-red (u.m.)
less	#work (printing)	post	-resistant (u.m.)
-stricken (u.m.)	file	print	safe
trap	card	shell	side
-warm (u.m.)	-hard (u.m.)	space	spout
fiber	name	spin	trap
-faced (u.m.)	setter	stall	truck
glass	-soft (u.m.)	tip	wall
#optics	fill	fire	warden
stitch	-in (n., u.m.)	arm	firm
Fiberglas	out (n., u.m.)	back (n.)	-footed (u.m.)
(copyright)	-up (n., u.m.)	ball	-set (u.m.)
fibro (c.f.)	filler	bell	-up (n., u.m.)
-osteoma	cap	bolt	first
rest one word	-in	bomb	#aid
fickleminded	-out	brand	-aider
fiddle	-up	brat	-born (u.m.)
back	film	break	-class (u.m.)
-faddle	cutter	brick	comer
head	goer	-burnt (u.m.)	hand (u.m.)
-shaped (u.m.)	going	-clad (u.m.)	-made (u.m.)
stick	#paper	coat	-named (u.m.)
string	slide	cracker	-nighter
field	strip	crest	-rate (u.m.)
ball	-struck (u.m.)	-cure (v.)	fish
glass	fin	damp	back
goal	back	#drill	bed
-strip	-shaped (u.m.)	-eater	-bellied (u.m.)
fierce	fine	fall	bolt
-eyed (u.m.)	-cut (u.m., v.)	fang	bone
-looking (u.m.)	-draw (v.)	fighter	bowl
fiery	-drawn (u.m.)	guard	cake
-flaming (u.m.)	-featured (u.m.)	-hardened (u.m.)	eater
-hot (u.m.)	-looking (u.m.)	horse	eye

-eyed (u.m.)	stick	top	wall
fall	flame	-topped (u.m.)	water
#farm	-colored (u.m.)	woods	floor
-fed (u.m.)	-cut (v.)	flax	beam
food	out (n.)	drop	cloth
garth	proof	-leaved (u.m.)	head
hook	-retardant	-polled (u.m.)	lamp
-joint (v.)	thrower	seed	mat
kill	flannelmouth	flea	mop
#ladder	flap	bite	#show
meal	cake	-bitten (u.m.)	space
mouth	doodle	trap	stain
plate	-eared (u.m.)	fleet	walker
pond	jack	foot	#wax
pool	flare	-footed (u.m.)	-waxing (u.m.)
pot	back (n., u.m.)	wing	flophouse
pound	out (n., u.m.)	flesh	floppy#disc
trap	path	brush	flour
weir	up (n., u.m.)	hook	bag
works	flash	-pink (u.m.)	bin
fisher	back (n., u.m.)	pot	#mill
folk	bulb	#wound	sack
man	card	fleur-de-lis	#sifter
people	gun	flextime	flow
fishyback (n., u.m.)	lamp	flight	chart
fit	pan	crew	meter
out (n.)	point	-hour	off (n., u.m.)
strip	flat	path	sheet
five	back	-test (v.)	through (n.,
bar	(bookbinding)	flimflam	u.m.)
fold	bed (printing)	flip	flower
-ply (u.m.)	-bottomed (u.m.)	-flap	bed
-pointed (u.m.)	car	-flop	bud
-reeler	-compound (v.)	-up (n., u.m.)	-crowned (u.m.)
score	fold	flood	#grower
flag	foot (n.)	cock	-hung (u.m.)
bearer	hat	flow	#piece
pole	head	gate	pot
post	iron	lamp	-scented (u.m.)
-raising (u.m.)	nose	lighting	#shop
ship	out (n., u.m.)	mark	flue-cure (v.)
-signal (v.)	-rolled (u.m.)	#plain	fluid
staff	sawn	tide	-compressed (u.m.)

	1	1 -	1
extract (pharm.)	#fish	brake	worn
(n.)	foam	breadth	for (pref.)
glycerate	bow	bridge	all one word
fluo (c.f.)	-crested (u.m.)	candle	fore
all one word	-white (u.m.)	fall	-age
fluoro (c.f.)	fog	-free (u.m.)	-and-aft (n., u.m.)
all one word	bound	gear	-and-after (n.)
flush	bow	-grain	-edge
-cut (u.m.)	dog	hill	-end
-decked (u.m.)	eater	hold	-exercise
-decker	-hidden (u.m.)	lambert	word
gate	horn	licker	rest one word
fluvio (c.f.)	#light	light(s)	forest
all one word	-ridden (u.m.)	lining	-clad (u.m.)
fly	fold	locker	-covered (u.m.)
away	-in	loose	#land
back	up (n., u.m.)	mark	side
ball	folk	note	fork
-bitten (u.m.)	#dance	pad	head
blow	lore	path	lift
blown	song	pick	-pronged (u.m.)
-by-night (n.,	follow	plate	tail
u.m.)	-on	-pound	-tailed (u.m.)
catcher	through (n.,	-pound-second	form
eater	u.m.)	print	fitting
-fish (v.)	up (n., u.m.)	race	#work (printing)
-fisher	follower-up	rail	forth
-fisherman	food	rest	coming
#fishing	-fasted (u.m.)	rope	right
flap	-fasting (v.)	scald	with
-free (u.m.)	packer	-second	fortune
leaf	store	slogger	#hunter
paper	stuff	sore	teller
sheet	foolhardy	stalk	forty-niner
speck	foolscap	stall	foul
-specked (u.m.)	foot	step	#line
tier	-and-mouth	stick	-looking (u.m.)
trap	(u.m.)	stock	mouthed
weight	ball	stool	-spoken (u.m.)
wheel	band	-ton	-tongued (u.m.)
winch	bath	walk	up (n., u.m.)
flying	blower	wall	fountainhead
#boat	board	-weary (u.m.)	
	1	1	1

four	thinker	-free (u.m.)	skin
-bagger	trader	-hardy (u.m.)	-trimmed (u.m.)
-eyed (u.m.)	wheel (u.m., v.)	-heaving (u.m.)	fuse
flusher	wheeler (n.)	-killed (u.m.)	box
fold	#will (n.)	lamp	#gauge
-footed (u.m.)	will (u.m.)	line	plug
-in-hand (n.,	freedom#fighter	fruit	
u.m.)	freeze	cake	G
-masted (u.m.)	down (n., u.m.)	#fly	G
-master	out (n., u.m.)	growing	-major
penny (nail)	up (n., u.m.)	#shop	-man
-ply (u.m.)	freight	stalk	-minor
score	#house	frying#pan	-sharp
some	-mile	fuel	gabfest
square	#room	#line	gad
-wheeler	#train	#oil	about (n., u.m.)
fox	fresh	full	fly
-faced (u.m.)	-looking (u.m.)	back	gaff-topsail
hole	-painted (u.m.)	-bellied (u.m.)	gag
hound	water	blood	-check (v.)
#hunting	frog	-bound (u.m.)	#order
skinned	belly	-duplex	root
tailed	-eyed (u.m.)	face	#rule
trot	face	-fashioned (u.m.)	gain
fracto (c.f.)	man	-flowering (u.m.)	say
all one word	mouth	-grown (u.m.)	-sharing (u.m.)
frame-up	nose	-handed (u.m.)	galact(o) (c.f.)
free	pond	-headed (u.m.)	all one word
booter	tongue	-lined (u.m.)	gallbladder
born	(medicine)	#load	galley#proof
drop	front	mouth	(printing)
-for-all (n., u.m.)	-end (u.m.)	-strength (u.m.)	galvano (c.f.)
-grown (u.m.)	-focused (u.m.)	-text	all one word
hand (drawing)	runner	-time (u.m.)	game
handed	stall	fundraising	bag
hold	-wheel (u.m.)	funlover	cock
lance	fronto (c.f.)	funnel	gang
loader	-occipital	form	boss
-minded	-orbital	-shaped (u.m.)	plank
masonry	rest one word	fur	saw
#post	frost	-clad (u.m.)	garnet-brown
-spoken (u.m.)	bite	coat	(u.m.)
standing (u.m.)	bow	-lined (u.m.)	

gas	gelatino (c.f.)	glass	goat
bag	bromide	blower	-bearded (u.m.)
bomb	chloride	#ceiling	-eyed (u.m.)
-driven (u.m.)	gem	cutter	herd
field	cutter	-eater	goat's
-fired (u.m.)	-set (u.m.)	-eyed (u.m.)	-hair
firing	#stone	-hard (u.m.)	-horn
fitter	genito (c.f.)	house	God
-heated (u.m.)	all one word	works	-conscious (u.m.)
-laden (u.m.)	gentle	glauco (c.f.)	-fearing (u.m.)
lamp	folk	all one word	-forsaken (u.m.)
lighted	-looking (u.m.)	glidepath	-given (u.m.)
line (auto)	man	globetrotter	head
#line (queue)	-mannered (u.m.)	glosso (c.f.)	-man
lock	mouthed	all one word	-ordained (u.m.)
#main	-spoken (u.m.)	glow	-sent (u.m.)
#mask	woman	lamp	-sped (u.m.)
meter	geo (c.f.)	meter	speed
works	all one word	gluc(o) (c.f.)	-taught (u.m.)
gastro (c.f.)	germ-free (u.m.)	all one word	god
-omental	gerrymander	glue	child
rest one word	get	pot	daughter
gate	away (n., u.m.)	stock	father
house	#off	glycero (c.f.)	head
keeper	-together (n.,	all one word	hood
leg (u.m.)	u.m.)	glyco (c.f.)	less
pin	up (n., u.m.)	all one word	mother
post	ghost	go	parent
tender	-haunted (u.m.)	-ahead (n., u.m.)	send
works	write (v.)	-around (n., u.m.)	ship
gauge pin	gilt-edge (u.m.)	-as-you-please	son
gear	ginger	(u.m.)	sonship
box	#ale	-back (n., u.m.)	goggle-eyed (u.m.)
case	bread	-between (n.)	goings-on
-driven (u.m.)	-colored (u.m.)	by (n.)	gold
fitter	snap	cart	beater
-operated (u.m.)	spice	-devil (n.)	brick (shirker)
set	give	-getter	#brick (of real gold)
shift	-and-take (n.,	-getting (n., u.m.)	-bright (u.m.)
wheel	u.m.)	-off (n., u.m.)	-brown (u.m.)
gelatin	away (n., u.m.)	goal	digger
-coated (u.m.)	glacio (c.f.)	post	#dust
-making (u.m.)	all one word	#setter	-filled (u.m.)

foil	-owned (u.m.)	-covered (u.m.)	(community)
-inlaid (u.m.)	wide	cutter	-clad (u.m.)
leaf	governmentwide	flat	-eyed (u.m.)
plate (v.)	(State, city, etc.)	-green (u.m.)	gage (plum)
-plated (u.m.)	•		
•	grab -all (n., u.m.)	hop nut	gill
-plating (u.m.)	` ' '		grocer horn
smithing	#bag hook	plot	
-wrought (u.m.)		roots (nonliteral)	keeper
golden	rope	#roots (literal) widow	-leaved (u.m.)
-fingered (u.m.)	grade		sand (geology)
-headed (u.m.)	finder	grave	sick
good	mark •	clothes	stuff
-bye	grain	digger	sward
-for-nothing (n.,	-cut (u.m.)	side	town
u.m.)	field	stead	(community)
-looker	-laden (u.m.)	gravel	#wood (literal)
-looking (u.m.)	mark	-blind (u.m.)	wood (forest)
-natured (u.m.)	sick	stone	greyhound
#will (kindness)	gram	gray	grid
will (salable	-fast (u.m.)	back (n., u.m.)	iron
asset)	-meter	beard (n.)	lock
goose	-molecular	-clad (u.m.)	griddlecake
bone	-negative (u.m.)	coat (n.)	grillroom
bumps	-positive (u.m.)	-eyed (u.m.)	grip
-cackle	grand	-haired (u.m.)	sack
#egg	aunt	head	wheel
-eyed (u.m.)	child, etc.	-headed (u.m.)	gross
flesh	stand	out (n., u.m.)	-minded (u.m.)
-footed (u.m.)	grant-in-aid	grease	#weight
herd	grape	#gun	ground
mouth	fruit	#pit	breaking
neck	#juice	proof	hog
pimples	-leaved (u.m.)	great	mass
rump	seed	-aunt	nut
step	stalk	coat	path
wing	vine	-eared (u.m.)	plot
gospel	graph	-grandchild, etc.	speed
like	alloy	-headed (u.m.)	#water
-true (u.m.)	#paper	heart	wave
Government	grapho (c.f.)	mouthed	work
(U.S. or	all one word	green	group-connect (v.)
foreign)	grass	back (n., u.m.)	grownup (n., u.m.)
-in-exile	-clad (u.m.)	belt	grubstake

- 1			1 .
guard	-shy (u.m.)	dresser	-ripe
house	sight	-fibered (u.m.)	-shy
plate	stock	lock	-sole (v.)
rail	wale	pin	staff
guest	gut	#ribbon	stitch
chamber	less	space (printing)	-strength (u.m.)
house	string	splitting	title
room	gutter	spring	tone (printing)
guided-missile	blood	streak	track
(u.m.)	-bred (u.m.)	stroke (printing)	-true
guidepost	snipe	#trigger	-truth
guider-in	spout	half	-weekly (u.m.)
gum	gymno (c.f.)	-and-half (n.,	-yearly (u.m.)
boil	all one word	u.m.)	hallmark
chewer	gyneco (c.f.)	-afraid	ham
digger	all one word	-alive	shackle
drop	gyro	-angry	string
-gum	#horizon	back (football)	hammer
lac	#mechanism	-backed (u.m.)	cloth
-saline (n.)	#pelorus	-baked (u.m.)	dress (v.)
shoe	plane, compass,	-bound (u.m.)	-hard (u.m.)
gun	etc.	caste	-harden (v.)
#barrel		-clear	-hardened (u.m.)
bearer	Н	cock (v.)	head
blast	Н	cocked	lock
builder	-bar	(nonliteral)	#thrower
cotton	-beam	-dark	toe
crew	-bomb	#day	-weld (v.)
deck	-hour	deck	-wrought (u.m.)
fight	hack	-decked (u.m.)	hand
fire	barrow	-decker	bag
flint	hammer	-feed (v.)	ball
lock	log	hearted	bank (v.)
paper	saw	-hourly (u.m.)	barrow
pit	hailstorm	-life	bill
play	hair	#load	book
point	band	-loaded (u.m.)	-bound (u.m.)
powder	breadth	-mast	bow
rack	brush	-miler	brake
-rivet (v.)	-check (n.)	-monthly (u.m.)	breadth
runner	cloth	-on (n., u.m.)	brush
shop	cut (n.)	pace	-built (u.m.)
shot	do	penny	car

-carry (v.)	reading	harbor	harvesttime
cart	saw	master	has-been (n.)
-carve (v.)	scrape (v.)	side	hashmark
clap	set	hard	hat
clasp	shake	-and-fast (u.m.)	band
-clean (v.)	spade	back (beetle)	box
crank	spike	-baked (u.m.)	brim
cuff	splice	-bitten (u.m)	brush
-cut (v.)	split	-boiled (u.m.)	cleaner
-embroidered	spring	case	pin
(u.m.)	spun	copy (n.)	rack
-fed (v.)	-stamp (v.)	core	rail
fold	stand	#disc	stand
grasp	stitch	#drive	#tree
grenade	stroke	fist (n.)	hatchback
grip	stuff	handed	hatchet-faced (u.m.)
guard	-tailored (u.m.)	hat (n.)	haul
gun	tap	-hit (u.m.)	about (n., u.m.)
-held (u.m.)	tool	-looking (u.m.)	away (n., u.m.)
-high (u.m.)	-tooled (u.m.)	mouthed	back (n.)
hold	-tooling (u.m.)	nose	have-not (n., u.m.)
hole	truck	pan	haversack
-in-hand (u.m.)	weave	-pressed (u.m.)	hawk
kerchief	wheel	-set (u.m.)	bill
-knit (v.)	worked	#shell (n.)	-billed (u.m.)
-knitter	woven	ship	head
laid	write (v.)	spun	-nosed (u.m.)
-letter (v.)	written	stand	hawse
lift (truck)	wrought	tack	hole
liner	hands#free	top (auto)	pipe
made	handlebar	ware	hay
-me-down (n.,	hang	-won (u.m.)	band
u.m.)	dog	#work	cap
mix (v.)	nail	-working (u.m.)	cart
mold (v.)	net	wrought	cock
mower	out (n., u.m.)	hare	#fever
off (n., u.m.)	up (n.)	brain	field
out (n., u.m.)	hanger	foot	fork
pick (v.)	-back	hound	lift
post	-on	-mad (u.m.)	loft
press	-up	harness-making	market
print	happy-go-lucky	(u.m.)	mow
rail	hara-kiri	harum-scarum	rack

rake	phone	nut	hedge
rick	plate	quake	born
-scented (u.m.)	post	seed	breaker
seed	quarters	sick	#fund
stack	rail	sore	hog
wire	reach	string	hop
hazardous	rest	struck	pig
#waste#site	ring	throb	row
hazel	rope	-throbbing (u.m.)	#trimmer
-eyed (u.m.)	set	-weary (u.m.)	heel
nut	shake	hearth	ball
he-man	sill	rug	band
head	space	warming	block
ache	spin	heat	cap
achy	spring	drops	fast
band	stall	#pump	grip
bander	stand	#rash	pad
block	start	-resistant (u.m.)	path
cap	stick	stroke	plate
chair	stock	treat (v.)	post
cheese	stream	-treating (u.m.)	print
chute	strong	#wave	ring
cloth	waiter	heaven	stay
count	wall	bound	strap
dress	wind	-inspired (u.m.)	tap
-ender	header-up	-sent (u.m.)	helio (c.f.)
first	heal-all (n., u.m.)	heaver	all one word
frame	healthcare	-off	helpmeet
gate	heart	-out	helter-skelter
gear	ache	-over	hema (c.f.)
hunter	aching	heavy	all one word
lamp	beat	back	hemato (c.f.)
ledge	block	-duty (u.m.)	all one word
lighting	blood	-eyed (u.m.)	hemi (pref.)
liner	break	-footed (u.m.)	all one word
lock	burn	handed	hemo (c.f.)
long	deep	-looking (u.m.)	all one word
master	felt	-set (u.m.)	hemp
mistress	free (u.m.)	#water	seed
mold	grief	weight (n., u.m.)	string
most	heavy	hecto (c.f.)	hemstitch
note	leaf	all one word	hen
-on (u.m.)	-leaved (u.m.)		bill

coop	high	hind	-nosed (u.m.)
-feathered (u.m.)	ball	brain	pen
house	binder	cast	sty
pecked	born	gut (n.)	-tie (v.)
roost	bred	head	wash
hence	brow (nonliteral)	leg	-wild (u.m.)
forth	-caliber (u.m.)	most	hog's-back (geol.)
forward	-class (u.m.)	quarter	hogshead
hepato (c.f.)	-density	saddle	hoistaway (n.)
all one word	flier (n.)	sight	hold
hepta (c.f.)	flying (u.m.)	wing	all (n., u.m.)
all one word	-foreheaded	hip	back (n., u.m.)
here	(u.m.)	bone	-clear (n., u.m.)
about	#frequency	mold	down (n., u.m.)
after	handed	shot	fast (n., u.m.)
at	-hat (v.)	hippo (c.f.)	off (n., u.m.)
by	jinks	all one word	out (n., u.m.)
from	lander	histo (c.f.)	up (n., u.m.)
in	#light (literal)	all one word	holder
inabove	light (nonlit.)	hit	-forth
inafter	-minded (u.m.)	-and-miss (u.m.)	-on
inbefore	-power (u.m.)	-and-run (u.m.)	-up
into	-pressure (u.m., v.)	-or-miss (u.m.)	hole
of	-priced (u.m.)	hitchhiker	#in#one
on	#proof	hoarfrost	-high (u.m.)
to	-reaching (u.m.)	hoary-haired (u.m.)	-in-the-wall (n.)
tofore	-rigger (n.)	hob	through
under	rise (building)	goblin	hollow
unto	road	nail	back
upon	#seas	nob	(bookbinding)
with	-speed (u.m.)	hobbyhorse	-backed (u.m.)
herringbone	stepper	hockshop	-eyed (u.m.)
hetero (c.f.)	-tension (u.m.)	hocus-pocus	faced
-ousia, etc.	#tide	hod#carrier	-ground (u.m.)
rest one word	-up (u.m.)	hodgepodge	holo (c.f.)
hexa (c.f.)	#water	hog	all one word
all one word	higher-up (n.)	back	holy
hi-fi	hill	-backed (u.m.)	#day
hide	culture	-faced (u.m.)	stone
-and-seek (n.,	(farming)	fat	home
u.m.)	side	frame	-baked (u.m.)
away (n., u.m.)	top	hide	body
out (n., u.m.)		nose (machine)	born
	ı	1	ı

brew builder dipped dipped all one word blood blood comer moon coming mouthed bill cake felt (u.m.) bill cake felt (u.m.) bill cake felt (u.m.) boon blood felt sucker blower dog felt sucker blower dog from front bound stay dog front front bound stay dog front furnishings (n.) front furnishing fur	bred	drop	dozer	hot
#buyer comer moon horn brain cake feld (u.m.) pot blende felt sucker blower dog folk freeze (u.m., v.) honor pipe head (n.) furnishings (n.) #guard grown hood horse horn hood horse hood hood horse hood hood horse hood hood hood horse hood hood hood hood hood hood hood hoo	brew	eater	horehound	bed
comer coming mouthed bill cake feld (u.m.) pot blende blende folk sucker blower folk sweet seved (u.m., v.) honor pipe head (n.) front bound furnishings (n.) #guard tip pack patch horse plate lander cap back patch horse lander wink maker hoof owner beat wowner sick nose seker ladder spun stead spun stead spun stead spun stead stretch up (n., u.m.) fight hoof lander woven food hook seker pin hoof woven woven - off laugh - coat all one word hoops comb hooperchest hope comb hooperchest hope comb hopeschest hope comb - colored (u.m.) hope comb hopeschest hope comb - colored (u.m.) hoper #trade	builder	-laden (u.m.)	hormono (c.f.)	blood
comer coming mouthed bill cake feld (u.m.) pot blende blende folk sucker blower folk sweet seved (u.m., v.) honor pipe head (n.) front bound furnishings (n.) #guard tip pack patch horse plate lander cap back patch horse lander wink maker hoof owner beat wowner sick nose seker ladder spun stead spun stead spun stead spun stead stretch up (n., u.m.) fight hoof lander woven food hook seker pin hoof woven woven - off laugh - coat all one word hoops comb hooperchest hope comb hooperchest hope comb hopeschest hope comb - colored (u.m.) hope comb hopeschest hope comb - colored (u.m.) hoper #trade	#buyer	lipped	all one word	-blooded (u.m.)
-fed (u.m.) felt sucker sweet -eyed (u.m.) foot blower dog frotk sweet -eyed (u.m.) front bound stay -mix (u.m.) furnishings (n.) #guard tip pack going #man hood horse back -press (v.) life mold beat dealer spot swork (v). fowner beat dealer spot seeker ladder printed (u.m.) #page plate -printed (u.m.) frule hook hair hourglass head pin hoof stead spun -nosed (u.m.) stead pin hooker woven -off laugh -cleaning (u.m.) fhomo (c.f.) -on meat coat mint dress homo (c.f.) hoop -colored (u.m.) hooper #trade blower -eyed (u.m.) blower -eyed (u.m.) fipp head (n.) hor pack pack pack pack pack pack pack pack	•		horn	brain
felt sucker sweet sweet sweet sweet sweet stad spin spin stretch up (n) spot seeker sick nose seeker sick nose sick nose stad pin stretch up (n) spun stead pin stretch up (n) spun stead stretch up (n) spun stead pin stretch up (n) spun stead showe (c.f.) span showe (c.f.) sapiens show of comb showe (c.f.) span show of comb show of comb show of comb show of comb shope scut show strated thing show of comb shope scut show of the same show of comb shope scut show of comb shope scut show of this span show of comb shop of comb shop scut show of this show of comb shope scut show of this show of comb shope scut show this show of comb shop of this show of comb shope scut show this show of comb shop show of this show of comb shop show of this show of comb shop show this show of comb shop show of this show of comb shop show of this show of this show of comb shop show of this show of the	coming	mouthed	bill	cake
folk freeze (u.m., v.) front front bound furnishings (n.) going grown hood lander life made maker ownership plate pook pook plate pook pook pook pook pook pook pook poo	-	pot	blende	-cold
folk freeze (u.m., v.) front front bound furnishings (n.) going grown hood lander life made maker ownership plate pook pook plate pook pook pook pook pook pook pook poo	felt	sucker	blower	dog
freeze (u.m., v.) front fornt fornt furnishings (n.) going grown lander	folk	sweet	-eyed (u.m.)	
furnishings (n.) going	freeze (u.m., v.)	honor		head (n.)
going grown hood horse plate plate plate plate iffe mold breaker rod (nonliteral) rod (nonl	front	bound	stay	-mix (u.m.)
going grown hood horse back -press (v.) life mold breaker rod (nonliteral) maker hoof cloth -rolled (u.m.) maker hoof beat dealer spot spot spot seeker ladder horse sick nose herd breaking spun stead pin hoof town hooker woven hooker woven dealer laugh rocken hoof builder stretch up (n., u.m.) homeo (c.f.) -on meat coat all one word hoopstick honey seeker lood hope from meat sapiens hoof comb choper of fin, u.m.)  hoof plate hoof cloth -rolled (u.m.) fight hotelkeeper houndshark hourglass house breaking broken breaking broken builder stretch up (n., u.m.) -hour #call call or ever play father face mother owner shower father face mother owner scotch shoe parent thief pest father fa	furnishings (n.)	#guard	tip	pack
grown life cap back press (v.) life mold wink car rod (nonliteral) maker hoof cloth rolled (u.m.) owner beat dealer spot spot spot print fight hoors  #page plate plate rolled (u.m.) #rule hook hair hourglass seeker ladder head breaking spun ronsed (u.m.) stead pin hoof builder stretch up (n., u.m.) race father word home (c.f.)  #mowo (c.f.) hoop rolled (u.m.) pox race mother owner of thome focument of toad hopper dum.)  hoop rouse dum.) pox race mother owner father pest plant  #rule hood hair hourglass hour print hourdshark hourglass house breaking broken builder broken builder stretch up (n., u.m.) -hour #call cleaner coat dress father pond father father father pond father father power-year hold home coat dress father power-year hold home power-year hold home power-year hold humbour scotch #sense (n.) owner race mother owner parent pest parent thief pest plant		#man	hornyhanded	patch
life mold breaker rod (nonliteral) made wink car -roll(v.) maker hoof cloth -rolled (u.m.) spot work (v).  #page print fight house plate -printed (u.m.) flesh houndshark #rule hook hair house seeker ladder head house sick nose herd breaking spun -nosed (u.m.) hide broken stead pin hoof builder stretch up (n., u.m.) -hour #call town hooker jockey cleaner woven -off laugh -cleaning (u.m.) home (c.f.) -on meat coat all one word -over play father #legalis -up pond furnishing(s) (n.) #sapiens hoopstick power-pour home (c.f.) -ousia, etc. rest one word hoper #strade plant		hood	horse	plate
made wink car -roll (v.)  maker hoof cloth -rolled (u.m.)  maker beat dealer spot -work (v).  #page print fight house hook hair houndshark hourglass  #rule hook hair hourglass  seeker ladder head house herd broken broken hoof stead pin hoof builder  stretch up (n., u.m.) hoor builder  stretch up (n., u.m.) -hour #call  town hooker jockey cleaner  woven -off laugh -cleaning (u.m.)  homeo (c.f.) -on meat coat all one word -out mint dress  homo (c.f.) hop power-year hold hold hooker  #legalis -up pond furnishing(s) (n.)  #sapiens hoopstick power-hour guest homo (c.f.) -ousia, etc. about (n., u.m.) race mother owner comb hope#chest thief pest plant	•	cap	back	-press (v.)
maker hoof cloth spot rolled (u.m.)  maker beat dealer spot spot spot hotelkeeper fight hotelkeeper plate plate plate ladder head house sick nose herd stretch up (n., u.m.) pox homo (c.f.) hop scotch sapiens hoogs, etc. rest one word hope frumen fight hoof spot more fight hoof plate post of (n., u.m.) pox comb hoper furnishing (s) (n.) spot plate	life	mold	breaker	rod (nonliteral)
maker owner beat mark print page plate plate plate seeker sick spun stead stretch town woven woven -off homeo stretch all one word homo legalis spun sapiens homo (c.f.) homo stagins homo (c.f.) homo stagins homo (c.f.) -ousia, etc. rest one word honey -colored (u.m.) hoper seeker sick spun stead spun shoof sbreaking broken breaking broken breaking broken steaking broken streken stead spot stretch spin shoof spickey cleaner -cleaning (u.m.) coat dress father steal spot spot spot spot spot spot spot spot	made	wink	car	-roll (v.)
#ownership mark fair -work (v).  #page plate print fight hotelkeeper plate -printed (u.m.) flesh houndshark  #rule hook hair hourglass  seeker ladder head house  sick nose herd breaking  spun -nosed (u.m.) hide broken  stead pin hoof builder  stretch up (n., u.m.) -hour #call  town hooker jockey cleaner  woven -off laugh -cleaning (u.m.)  homeo (c.f.) -on meat coat  all one word -out mint dress  homo -over play father  #legalis -up pond furnishing(s) (n.)  #sapiens hoopstick power-hour guest  homo (c.f.) hop power-year hold  homey scotch #sense (n.) owner  -colored (u.m.) toad shoe parent  comb hopper #trade plant	maker	hoof	cloth	-rolled (u.m.)
#ownership mark print fight hotelkeeper plate plate -printed (u.m.) flesh houndshark hourglass seeker ladder head house sick nose herd breaking spun -nosed (u.m.) hide builder stretch up (n., u.m.) -hour #call town hooker jockey cleaner woven -off laugh -out mint dress homo (c.f.) -on meat coat all one word hoopstick power-hour #sapiens hoof hoopstick power-hour guest homo (c.f.) hop power-year hold husband rest one word honey scotch #sense (n.) comb hope#chest thief pest plant	owner	beat	dealer	spot
#page plate print plate printed (u.m.) flesh houndshark hourglass house seeker ladder head proken proken sick nose herd proken proken stead pin hoof builder stretch up (n., u.m.) pox power-year plant proken power parent post of (n., u.m.) pox parent post of parent post plant post of parent post of plant plant post of parent post of parent post of plant plant post of parent post of parent post of plant post of parent post of plant plant post of parent post of parent post of plant plant post of parent post of parent post of plant post of parent post of plant post of parent post of parent post plant post of parent post	#ownership	mark	fair	-work (v).
plate #rule hook hair houndshark hourglass seeker ladder head head house sick nose herd breaking broken stead pin hoof builder stretch up (n., u.m.) -hour #call town hooker jockey cleaner woven -off laugh -cleaning (u.m.) homeo (c.f.) -on meat coat dress homo (c.f.) hoopstick power-hour #sapiens hoopstick power-hour guest homo (c.f.) hop power-year hold husband rest one word honey scotch #sense (n.) com part trade plant	=	print	fight	hotelkeeper
seeker ladder head house sick nose herd breaking spun -nosed (u.m.) hide broken stead pin hoof builder stretch up (n., u.m.) -hour #call town hooker jockey cleaner woven -off laugh -cleaning (u.m.) homeo (c.f.) -on meat coat all one word -out mint dress homo -over play father #legalis -up pond furnishing(s) (n.) #sapiens hoopstick power-hour guest homo (c.f.) hop power-year hold -ousia, etc. about (n., u.m.) pox husband rest one word honey -colored (u.m.) comb hope#chest thief pest -cured (u.m.) hopper #trade		-printed (u.m.)	flesh	_
seeker sick nose herd breaking broken stead pin hoof builder stretch up (n., u.m.) hoof laugh coat dress homo (c.f.) hoop power-hour stapiens hoop tick homo (c.f.) hop power-year hold rest one word hope (c.f.) about (n., u.m.) pox husband rest one word hope (c.f.) about (n., u.m.) pox comb hope#chest thief pest plant	#rule	hook	hair	hourglass
spun stead pin hoof builder  stretch up (n., u.m.) hoor stead pin hooker  town hooker jockey cleaner  woven -off laugh -cleaning (u.m.)  homeo (c.f.) -on meat coat  all one word -out mint dress  homo -over play father  #legalis -up pond furnishing(s) (n.)  #sapiens hoopstick power-hour guest  homo (c.f.) hop power-year hold  -ousia, etc. about (n., u.m.) pox husband  rest one word fin, u.m.) race mother  honey scotch #sense (n.) owner  -colored (u.m.) toad shoe parent  comb hopper #trade plant	seeker	ladder	head	
spun stead pin hoof builder stretch up (n., u.m.) -hour #call town hooker jockey cleaner woven -off laugh -cleaning (u.m.) homeo (c.f.) -on meat coat all one word -out mint dress homo -over play father #legalis -up pond furnishing(s) (n.) #sapiens hoopstick power-hour guest homo (c.f.) hop power-year hold -ousia, etc. about (n., u.m.) pox husband rest one word off (n., u.m.) race mother honey scotch #sense (n.) owner -colored (u.m.) toad shoe parent comb hopper #trade plant	sick	nose	herd	breaking
stead pin up (n., u.m.) hoof #call town hooker jockey cleaner woven -off laugh -cleaning (u.m.) homeo (c.f.) -on meat coat all one word -out mint dress homo -over play father #legalis -up pond furnishing(s) (n.) #sapiens hoopstick power-hour guest homo (c.f.) hop power-year hold -ousia, etc. about (n., u.m.) pox husband rest one word fin., u.m.) race mother honey scotch #sense (n.) owner -colored (u.m.) toad shoe parent comb hopper #trade plant	spun	-nosed (u.m.)	hide	broken
town woven -off laugh -cleaning (u.m.)  homeo (c.f.) -on meat coat  all one word -out mint dress  homo -over play father  #legalis -up pond furnishing(s) (n.)  #sapiens hoopstick power-hour guest  homo (c.f.) hop power-year hold  -ousia, etc. about (n., u.m.) pox husband  rest one word f(n., u.m.) race mother  honey scotch #sense (n.) owner  -colored (u.m.) toad shoe parent  comb hopper #trade plant	*	pin	hoof	builder
woven homeo (c.f.) all one word homo -over #legalis #sapiens homo (c.f.) hop -ousia, etc. rest one word honey -colored (u.m.) comb hope#chest hope homeo (c.f.) hope -cured (u.m.) hope -cured (u.m.) hope -cured (u.m.) hope -colored (u.m.) hope -cured (u.m.) hope -cured (u.m.) -colored (u.m.) hope -cured (u.m.) -colored (u.m.) hope -cured (u.m.) -colored (u.m.) -cured (u.m.) -cured (u.m.) -colored (u.m.) -cleaning (u.m.) -colored (u.m.)	stretch	up (n., u.m.)	-hour	#call
homeo (c.f.)-onmeatcoatall one word-outmintdresshomo-overplayfather#legalis-uppondfurnishing(s) (n.)#sapienshoopstickpower-hourguesthomo (c.f.)hoppower-yearhold-ousia, etc.about (n., u.m.)poxhusbandrest one wordoff (n., u.m.)racemotherhoneyscotch#sense (n.)owner-colored (u.m.)toadshoeparentcombhope#chestthiefpest-cured (u.m.)hopper#tradeplant	town	hooker	jockey	cleaner
homeo (c.f.)-onmeatcoatall one word-outmintdresshomo-overplayfather#legalis-uppondfurnishing(s) (n.)#sapienshoopstickpower-hourguesthomo (c.f.)hoppower-yearhold-ousia, etc.about (n., u.m.)poxhusbandrest one wordoff (n., u.m.)racemotherhoneyscotch#sense (n.)owner-colored (u.m.)toadshoeparentcombhope#chestthiefpest-cured (u.m.)hopper#tradeplant	woven	-off	laugh	-cleaning (u.m.)
homo-overplayfather#legalis-uppondfurnishing(s) (n.)#sapienshoopstickpower-hourguesthomo (c.f.)hoppower-yearhold-ousia, etc.about (n., u.m.)poxhusbandrest one wordoff (n., u.m.)racemotherhoneyscotch#sense (n.)owner-colored (u.m.)toadshoeparentcombhope#chestthiefpest-cured (u.m.)hopper#tradeplant	homeo (c.f.)	-on	meat	The state of the s
#legalis #sapiens homo (c.f.) -ousia, etc. rest one word honey -colored (u.m.) comb hope#chest hope #legalis -up pond pond furnishing(s) (n.) guest hodd hope power-year hold hopex hows husband race mother mother owner  #sense (n.) owner parent pest pest pest plant	all one word	-out	mint	dress
#sapiens hoopstick power-hour guest homo (c.f.) hop power-year hold hold hosp about (n., u.m.) pox husband mother for scotch foney scotch foney hope hope hope hope hope hope hope hope	homo	-over	play	father
#sapiens hoopstick power-hour guest homo (c.f.) hop power-year hold -ousia, etc. about (n., u.m.) pox husband rest one word off (n., u.m.) race mother honey scotch #sense (n.) owner -colored (u.m.) toad shoe parent comb hope#chest thief pest -cured (u.m.) hopper #trade plant	#legalis	-up	pond	furnishing(s) (n.)
-ousia, etc.  rest one word  honey  -colored (u.m.)  comb  hope#chest	-	hoopstick	power-hour	guest
rest one word     off (n., u.m.)     race     mother       honey     scotch     #sense (n.)     owner       -colored (u.m.)     toad     shoe     parent       comb     hope#chest     thief     pest       -cured (u.m.)     hopper     #trade     plant	homo (c.f.)	hop	power-year	hold
rest one wordoff (n., u.m.)racemotherhoneyscotch#sense (n.)owner-colored (u.m.)toadshoeparentcombhope#chestthiefpest-cured (u.m.)hopper#tradeplant	-ousia, etc.	about (n., u.m.)	pox	husband
-colored (u.m.) toad shoe parent comb hope#chest thief pest cured (u.m.) hopper #trade plant		off (n., u.m.)	race	mother
comb hope#chest thief pest plant hopper #trade plant	honey	scotch	#sense (n.)	owner
comb hope#chest thief pest cured (u.m.) hopper #trade plant	-colored (u.m.)	toad	shoe	parent
-curcu (u.iii.)		hope#chest	thief	pest
1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-cured (u.m.)	hopper	#trade	plant
dew burn whip -raising (u.m.)	dew	burn	whip	-raising (u.m.)

ridden	hydro#station	pack	in (pref.)
top	hygro (c.f.)	plant	active (u.m.)
trailer	all one word	plow	breeding
wares	hyper (pref.)	quake	depth (u.m.)
warming	-Dorian, etc.	#storm	hospital (u.m.)
wife	linked	#water	migration (u.m.)
how	text	ideo (c.f.)	service
-do-you-do (n.)	rest one word	-unit	(u.m.), etc.
ever	hypo (c.f.)	rest one word	inch
soever	all one word	idle	-deep (u.m.)
hub	hystero (c.f.)	headed	-long (u.m.)
	-oophorectomy	-looking (u.m.)	meal
cap -deep (u.m.)	-salpingo-oopho-	-minded (u.m.)	-pound
humankind	rectomy	ileo (c.f.)	-pound -ton
humble	rest one word	all one word	
	resi one wora		worm
bee	1	ilio (c.f.) all one word	index-digest
-looking (u.m.)	т	ill	indigo
mouthed	I		-blue (u.m.)
-spirited (u.m.)	-bar	-advised (u.m.)	-carmine (u.m.)
humdrum	-beam	-being (n.)	Indo (c.f.)
hump	-iron	-born (u.m.)	china
back	-rail	-bred (u.m.)	chinese
-shouldered	ice	#breeding (n.)	-European, etc.
(u.m.)	berg	-doing (n., u.m.)	infra (pref.)
humpty-dumpty	blind	-fated (u.m.)	-anal
hunchback	#blindness	-humored (u.m.)	-auricular
hundred	blink	-looking (u.m.)	-axillary
fold	block	-treat (v.)	-esophageal
-legged (u.m.)	bone	-use (v.)	-umbilical
-percenter	breaker	#will	rest one word
-pounder	cap	-wisher	ink
weight	-clad (u.m.)	-wishing (u.m.)	-black (u.m.)
hung-up (u.m.)	-cold (u.m.)	in	mixer
hunger	-cooled (u.m.)	-and-in (u.m.)	pot
-mad (u.m.)	-covered (u.m.)	-and-out (u.m.)	slinger
-worn (u.m.)	#cream	-and-outer	spot
hurly-burly	fall	-being (u.m.)	-spotted (u.m)
hush	#fishing	-flight (u.m.)	stain
-hush	floe (island)	-house	stand
#money	flow (current)	-law (n.)	well
up (n., u.m.)	-free (u.m.)	asmuch, sofar	inner
hydro (c.f.)	maker	#re, #rem, #situ,	-city (u.m.)
all one word	melt	etc.	#man
l		1	ı

	ı	1	
spring	ivory	jerry	off (n., u.m.)
ino (c.f.)	-tinted (u.m.)	-build (v.)	rock
all one word	type (photog.)	builder	jungle
insect-borne (u.m.)	-white (u.m.)	-built (u.m.)	-clad (u.m.)
inter (pref.)	ivy	jet	-covered (u.m.)
-American, etc.	-clad (u.m.)	#airliner	#gym
rest one word	-covered (u.m.)	#airplane	side
intra (pref.)	J	-black (u.m.)	junkpile
-atomic, etc.	J-bolt	lag	jury
rest one word	jack	liner	#box
intro (pref.)	ass	port	-fixing (u.m.)
all one word	hammer	-powered (u.m.)	-rigged (u.m.)
Irish	head	prop	just#in#time
-American (u.m.)	-in-the-box	-propelled (u.m.)	juxta (c.f.)
-born (u.m.)	knife	#propulsion	-ampullar
iron	-of-all-trades	stream	-articular
#age	-o'-lantern	wash	rest one word
back	-plane (v.)	jewel	
-braced (u.m.)	pot	-bright (u.m.)	K
clad	rabbit	-studded (u.m.)	K
fisted		jib	-ration
-free (u.m.)	screw	head	-term
handed	jail h:d	-o-jib	keel
hard	bird	stay	block
-lined (u.m.)	house .	jig	fat
mold	jam	-a-jig	haul
-red (u.m.)	nut	back	-laying (u.m.)
shod	packed	-drill (v.)	#line
shot (mineral)	Java	saw	keepsake
(u.m.)	#applets	job	kerato (c.f.)
#shot (golf)	Beans	#lot	all one word
side	Script	seeker	kettle
-willed (u.m.)	jaw	#shop	drum
works	bone	site	stitch
ironer-up	breaker	joggle#piece	key
island	-locked (u.m.)	joint#owner	board
-born (u.m.)	twister	joulemeter	bolt
-dotted (u.m.)	jay	journmeter	hole
	hawk	hop	lock
iso (c.f.)	walk	ride	note
-octane	jelly	stick	
-oleic	bean		punch
-osmosis	roll	jump	ring
rest one word		master	seat

- <b>4</b>	l-man	lemu alela	l hala
stone	knee	knuckle	hole
stop	-braced (u.m.)	bone	-hour
word	brush	buster	house
worker	cap	-deep (u.m.)	lighter
kick	-deep (u.m.)	-kneed (u.m.)	lit
about (n., u.m.)	-high (u.m.)	L	post
back (n., u.m.)	hole		shade
-in (n., u.m.)	-jerk (u.m.)	L	stand
off (n., u.m.)	pad	-bar	wick
out (n., u.m.)	pan	-beam	land
up (n., u.m.)	strap	-block	#base
killjoy	knick	-shaped	-based (u.m.)
kiln	knack	-square	#bird
-dry (u.m., v.)	point	labio (c.f.)	borne
eye	knight	all one word	fall
hole	-errant	laborsaving	fast
rib	head	lace	fill
stick	hood	-edged (u.m.)	flood
tree	knitback	#edging	form
kilo (pref.)	knock	wing (insect)	grabber
gram-meter	about (n., u.m.)	-winged (u.m.)	-grant (u.m.)
voltampere	away (n., u.m.)	worked	holding
watthour	down (n., u.m.)	lackluster	lady
rest one word	-knee (n.)	ladder-backed	locked
kindheart	-kneed (u.m.)	(u.m.)	look
king	off (n., u.m.)	lady	lord
bolt	-on (n., u.m.)	beetle	lubber
#crab	out (n., u.m.)	finger	mark
head	up (n., u.m.)	killer	mass
hood	knocker	ship	mine
hunter	-off	lake	#office
maker	-up	bed	owner
piece	knot	front	-poor (u.m.)
pin	hole	lander	right
kins	horn	shore	scape
folk	know	side	sick
people	-all (n., u.m.)	lameduck	side
kiss-off (n., u.m.)	-how (n., u.m.)	(nonliteral)	slide
kite	-it-all (n., u.m.)	(n., u.m.)	slip
flier	-little (n., u.m.)	lamp	spout
flying	-nothing (n.,	black	storm
knapsack	u.m.)	-blown (u.m.)	wash
1	ĺ	-foot	wire
	I	I	I

wrack	most	-filled (u.m.)	lee-bow (v.)
lantern-jawed	lattice	-gray (u.m.)	leech
(u.m.)	#stitch	-in (n., u.m.)	eater
lap	work	line	#rope
belt	laughing	#line (medical,	left
-lap	#gas	naut. only)	-bank (v.)
robe	stock	off (n., u.m.)	#field (sports)
streak	launch	out (n., u.m.)	-hand (u.m.)
top	#pad	#pencil	-handed (u.m.)
weld (v.)	site	time	-hander
-welded (u.m.)	laundry#room	leaden	most
-welding (u.m.)	law	-eyed (u.m.)	-sided (u.m.)
large	-abiding (u.m.)	pated	wing (political)
-eyed	book	-souled (u.m.)	leg
-handed (u.m.)	breaker	leader#line	band
-minded (u.m.)	-fettered (u.m.)	leaf	puller
mouthed	giver	bud	rope (v.)
-scale (u.m.)	#office	-clad (u.m.)	work
lark	suit	-eating (u.m.)	lend-lease (n., u.m.)
-colored (u.m.)	lawnmower	-shaped (u.m.)	length
spur	lay	stalk	ways
laryngo (c.f.)	away (n., u.m.)	lean	wise
all one word	back (n., u.m.)	-faced (u.m.)	lepto (c.f.)
last	-by (n.)	-looking (u.m.)	all one word
-born (u.m.)	down (n., u.m.)	-to (n., u.m.)	let
-cited (u.m.)	-minded (u.m.)	leap	down (n., u.m.)
-ditcher	off (n., u.m.)	frog	off (n., u.m.)
-named (u.m.)	on (n., u.m.)	#year	up (n., u.m.)
latch	out (n., u.m.)	lease	letter
bolt	up (n., u.m.)	back (n., u.m.)	bomb
key	layer	hold	#carrier
string	-on	leased-line	drop
late	-out	leather	gram
-born (u.m.)	-over	back	head
comer	-up	-backed (u.m.)	-perfect (u.m.)
-lamented (u.m.)	lazy	-bound (u.m.)	press
-maturing (u.m.)	bones	-brown (u.m.)	space
latero (c.f.)	boots	-covered (u.m.)	writer
all one word	#guy	head	leuc(o) (c.f.)
lath-backed (u.m.)	legs	neck	all one word
lathe-bore (v.)	lead	side	liberal-minded
latter	-alpha	ware	(u.m.)
-day (u.m.)	-burn (v.)	leavetaking	(4,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
auj (4.111.)		1	

lieutenant	handed	link	nut
#colonel	house#keeping	up (n., u.m.)	out (n., u.m.)
-colonelcy	(nautical)	#up (v.)	pin
#governor	#housekeeping	lion	ring
-governorship	(domestic)	-bold (u.m.)	step
life	mouthed	-headed (u.m.)	stitch
belt	-producing (u.m.)	hearted	up (n., u.m.)
blood	ship	-maned (u.m.)	washer
boat	-struck (u.m.)	lip	locker#room
#buoy	weight (n., u.m.)	read	lode
#cycle	-year	service	star
-cycle (u.m.)	lighter-than-air	stick	stone
drop	(u.m.)	listener-in	log
float	like	litho (c.f.)	book
giver	-looking (u.m.)	-offset	in
giving	-minded (u.m.)	rest one word	jam
guard	lily	little	on
hold	handed	-known (u.m.)	off
jacket	-shaped (u.m.)	neck (clam)	roll
long	-white (u.m.)	-used (u.m.)	sheet
#net	lime	live	loggerhead
raft	#juice	#load	logo (c.f.)
ring	kiln	long	all one word
saver	lighter	stock	long
-size (u.m.)	pit	#stream	-awaited (u.m.)
-sized (u.m.)	quat	#wire	beard (n.)
span	stone	wire (nonliteral)	-bearded (u.m.)
spring	wash	liver	-billed (u.m.)
stream	water	-brown (u.m.)	bow
style	linch	-colored (u.m.)	cloth
tide	bolt	wurst	-distance (u.m.)
time	pin	living#room	-drawn (u.m.)
vest	line	loadmeter	felt
weary (u.m.)	-bred (u.m.)	loanword	hair (n.)
lift-off (n., u.m.)	-breed (v.)	lob	-haired (u.m.)
light	casting	fig	hand (nonliteral)
-armed (u.m.)	crew	lolly	-handed (u.m.)
-clad (u.m.)	cut (printing)	lobster-tailed (u.m.)	-handled (u.m.)
-colored (u.m.)	finder	lock	head (n.)
-drab (u.m.)	-item (u.m.)	box	horn (cattle)
-draft (u.m.)	up (n., u.m.)	fast	-horned (u.m.)
face (printing)	walker	hole	johns
-footed (u.m.)		jaw	#jump
	l .	I and the second	I and the second

leaf	loud	lumbo (c.f.)	maiden
-leaved (u.m.)	mouthed	-ovarian	hair
-legged (u.m.)	#speaker (orator)	rest one word	head
legs (n.)	speaker (radio)	lumen-hour	hood
-lived (u.m.)	-voiced (u.m.)	lunch	#name
mouthed	love	box	mail
-necked (u.m.)	bird	#hour	bag
nose (n.)	born	room	clad
-nosed (u.m.)	-inspired (u.m.)	time	clerk
-past (u.m.)	#knot	lying-in (n., u.m.)	guard
play (records)	lorn		-order (u.m.)
playing (u.m.)	seat	M	pouch
run (u.m.)	sick	M-day	room
shoreman	low	macebearer	slot
spun	born	machine	truck
standing (u.m.)	boy	-finished (u.m.)	main
stitch	bred	gun	frame
#term (n.)	brow (nonliteral)	-hour	mast
-term (u.m.)	browed	-made (u.m.)	pin
wave (radio)	(nonliteral)	#shop	sail
ways	-built (u.m.)	#work	sheet
wool (sheep)	down (n., u.m.)	macro (c.f.)	spring
look	-downer	all one word	stay
down (n., u.m.)	-lander	mad	stream
-in (n., u.m.)	-lived (u.m.)	brain	(nonliteral)
out (n., u.m.)	-lying (u.m.)	cap	top
over (n., u.m.)	-power (u.m.)	man (n.)	topmast
#over (v.)	-pressure (u.m.)	#money	#yard
through (n.,	rise	made	major
u.m.)	#water	-over (u.m.)	-domo
looker-on	lower	-up (u.m.)	#league
loop	case (printing)	magnetite	-leaguer
hole	#deck	-basalt	-minor
#knot	most	-olivinite	make
stitch	lug	-spinellite	-believe (n., u.m.)
loose	bolt	magneto (c.f.)	fast (n.)
leaf (u.m.)	mark	-optics	over
mouthed	sail	rest one word	ready (printing)
-tongued (u.m.)	lukewarm	mahjong	shift
lop	lumber	maid	up (n., u.m.)
-eared (u.m.)	jack	#of#honor	weight
sided	#room	servant	maker
			-off

-up	plies	match	medico (c.f.)
space	-sided (u.m.)	book	all one word
making#up	mapreader	head	medio (c.f.)
mal (c.f.)	marble	-lined (u.m.)	all one word
all one word	head	mark	medium
man	-looking (u.m.)	safe	-brown (u.m.)
back	-topped (u.m.)	stick	-size(d) (u.m.)
-child	-white (u.m.)	maxi (n.)	weight (n., u.m.)
-created (u.m.)	mare's	maxi (pref.)	meek
-day	-nest	all one word	-eyed (u.m.)
eater	-tail	May	hearted
-fashion (u.m.)	mark	#Day	-spirited (u.m.)
-grown (u.m.)	down (n., u.m.)	-day (u.m.)	meetingplace
handle	off (n., u.m.)	pole	megalo (c.f.)
hater	shot	tide	all one word
-high (u.m.)	up (n., u.m.)	may	melon
hole	marker	be (adv.)	grower
-hour	-down	beetle	-laden (u.m.)
killer	-off	day (distress call)	-shaped (u.m.)
kind	-up	hap	melt
-made (u.m.)	marketplace	mealymouth	down (n., u.m.)
-minute	marrowbone	mean	water
-of-war (ship)	marsh	-acting (u.m.)	men
power	buck	-spirited (u.m.)	folk
servant	mallow	time	kind
-size (u.m.)	(confection)	(meanwhile)	meningo (c.f.)
slaughter	#mallow (plant)	#time	all one word
slayer	mass	(astronomical)	menu-driven
stealer	-minded (u.m.)	tone (u.m.)	merry
stopper	-produce (v.)	while	-go-round
trap	mast	meat	-meeting
-woman	-brown (u.m.)	ball	-minded (u.m.)
-year	head	cutter	meshbag
manic-depressive	master	-eater	meso (c.f.)
manifold	#at#arms	-fed (u.m.)	all one word
mantel	mind	hook	mess
piece	#of#ceremonies	-hungry (u.m.)	hall
shelf	piece	packer	kit
tree	ship	works	room
many	#stroke	wrapper	tin
-colored (u.m.)	#workman	mechanico (c.f.)	-up (n., u.m.)
-folded (u.m.)	mat-covered (u.m.)	all one word	meta (pref.)
-layered (u.m.)			all one word

	1	1	
metal	-sized (u.m.)	milli (c.f.)	mock
ammonium	splitter	gram-hour	-heroic (u.m.)
-clad (u.m.)	weight	rest one word	#turtle
-coated (u.m.)	midi (n.)	mincemeat	up (n., u.m.)
-lined (u.m.)	midi (pref.)	mind	mocker-up
works	all one word	#healer	mocking
meter	mighty-handed	-healing (u.m.)	stock
-amperes	(u.m.)	reader	-up (u.m.)
-kilogram	mil-foot	set (n.)	mold
-kilogram-second	mild	sight	made (u.m.)
metro (c.f.)	-cured (u.m.)	mine	#shop
all one word	-mannered (u.m.)	field	mole
mezzo	-spoken (u.m.)	layer	catcher
graph	mile	ship	-eyed (u.m.)
relievo	-long (u.m.)	sweeper	head
soprano	-ohm	thrower	hill
tint	post	works	money
micro (c.f.)	-pound	mini (n.)	bag
-organism	-ton	mini (pref.)	changer
rest one word	-wide (u.m.)	all one word	getter
mid (c.f.)	milk	minor	grubber
-American, etc.	-fed (u.m.)	#league	lender
-April	head	-leaguer	-mad (u.m.)
day	#run	minute#book	maker
-decade	shake	mirror	saver
-dish	shed	-faced (u.m.)	monkey
-ice	sick	scope	-faced (u.m.)
-level	sop	mis (pref.)	nut
-1958	-white (u.m.)	all one word	pod
-Pacific, etc.	mill	mischiefmaking	pot
-Victorian, etc.	cake	mist	shine
rest one word	course	bow	#wrench
middle	dam	-clad (u.m.)	mono (c.f.)
-aged (u.m.)	feed	-covered (u.m.)	-ideistic
breaker	hand	fall	-iodo
brow (nonliteral)	-headed (u.m.)	miter	-iodohydrin
-burst (v.)	pond	#box	-ion
buster	post	-lock (v.)	-ousian
#ear	race	mix	rest one word
#ground	ring	blood	month
man (nonliteral)	stock	up (n.)	end
most	stream	mixing#room	long (u.m.)
-of-the-roader	wright	mizzenmast	

	l alad (1, m)		music
moon	-clad (u.m.)	-eaten (u.m.)	
beam	-green (u.m.)	hole	lover
blind	-grown (u.m.)	trap	-mad (u.m.)
#blindness	head	mouth	maker
blink	-lined (u.m.)	-filling (u.m.)	room
born	most-favored-nation	-made (u.m.)	musico (c.f.)
-bright (u.m.)	(u.m.)	piece	all one word
eye	moth	wash	musk
face	ball	muck	#deer
gazing	-eaten (u.m.)	rake (v.)	melon
glow	hole	raker	#ox
head	proof	sweat	rat
lighter	mother	muco (c.f.)	mutton
lit	board	all one word	#chop (meat)
-mad (u.m.)	hood	mud	chop (shape)
path	-in-law	bank	fist
rise	-of-pearl	bath	head
sail	moto (c.f.)	-colored (u.m.)	myria (c.f.)
set	all one word	flat	all one word
shade	motor	flow	mytho (c.f.)
shine	bike	guard	all one word
shot	bus	head	myxo (c.f.)
sick	cab	hole	all one word
struck	cade	lark	
tide	car	sill	N
walker	coach	slinger	nail
-white (u.m.)	cycle	-splashed (u.m.)	bin
moosecall	-driven (u.m.)	stain	brush
mop	jet	sucker	head
head	-minded (u.m.)	track	-headed (u.m.)
stick	#scooter	#turtle	#hole
up (n., u.m.)	ship	mule	print
mopper-up	truck	back	puller
mopping-up (u.m.)	van	#deer	rod
morning	moundbuilder	skinner	-shaped (u.m.)
#sickness	mountain	multi (c.f.)	-studded (u.m.)
#star	-high (u.m.)	all one word	name
tide	side	multiple-purpose	-calling (u.m.)
mosquito	top	(u.m.)	-dropping (u.m.)
-free (u.m.)	-walled (u.m.)	muscle	plate
#net	mouse	bound	sake
moss	-brown (u.m.)	power	nano (c.f.)
back	-eared (u.m.)	1	all one word
	1	I	un one word

	1 1	l 1:	.:1.
naptime	worked	clip	side
narco (c.f.)	ne'er-do-well	dealer	tide
all one word	neo (c.f.)	#editor	walker
narrow	-Greek, etc.	letter	nimble
-mouthed (u.m.)	rest one word	#media	-fingered (u.m.)
minded	nephro (c.f.)	paper	footed
naso (c.f.)	all one word	paper#work	nimbostratus
-occipital	nerve	photo	(clouds)
-orbital	ache	print	nine
rest one word	-celled (u.m.)	reader	fold
nationwide	-racked (u.m.)	reel	#holes
native-born (u.m.)	net	sheet	-lived (u.m.)
navy-blue (u.m.)	ball	stand	pin
naysayer	braider	story	score
near	-veined (u.m.)	teller	nitpicker
by	work	nick	nitro (c.f.)
-miss	#worth	-eared (u.m.)	-hydro-carbon
sighted	nettle	name	rest one word
neat's-foot (u.m.)	fire	nickel	no
neck	foot	plate (v.)	-account (n., u.m.)
band	some	-plated (u.m.)	-fault
bone	neuro (c.f.)	-plating (u.m.)	-fee
-breaking (u.m.)	all one word	type	-good (n., u.m.)
cloth	never	night	-hitter (n.)
-deep (u.m.)	-ending (u.m.)	-black (u.m.)	how
fast	more	#blindness	#man's land
guard	theless	cap	#one
-high (u.m.)	new	-clad (u.m.)	-par (u.m.)
hole	born	clothes	-par-value (u.m.)
lace	-car (u.m.)	club	-show (n., u.m.)
line	comer	dress	-thoroughfare (n.)
mold	-created (u.m.)	fall	whit
tie	fangled	-fly (aviation) (v.)	-year (funds)
necro (c.f.)	-fashioned (u.m.)	-flying (u.m.)	noble
all one word	-front (v.)	gown	-born (u.m.)
needle	-made (u.m.)	-grown (u.m.)	-featured (u.m.)
bill	-mown (u.m.)	hawk	` ′
case	-rich (u.m.)	long (u.m.)	heartedness
-made (u.m.)	newlywed	mare	-looking (u.m.)
nose (pliers)	news	#school	-minded (u.m.)
point	boy	shade	nol-pros (v.)
-shaped (u.m.)	case	#shift	non
-sharp (u.m.)	cast	shirt	-civil-service (u.m.)
	I	I	1

_		1 .	İ
-European, etc.	notwithstanding	-ovate (u.m.)	print
interactive	novel	-shaped (u.m.)	put
-pros (v.)	-reading (u.m.)	-triangular (u.m.)	-reckoning (n.)
#sequitur, etc.	#writer	occipito (c.f.)	saddle
-tumor-bearing	-writing (u.m.)	-otic	scape
(u.m.)	nucleo (c.f.)	rest one word	scour
as prefix, one	all one word	ocean	scum
word	nut	-born (u.m.)	-season
none	breaker	borne	set
such	-brown (u.m.)	-girdled (u.m.)	shoot
theless	cake	going	shore
noon	cracker	side	side
day	hatch	-spanning (u.m.)	site
tide	hook	octo (c.f.)	-sorts (n.)
time	pecker	all one word	spring
north	pick	odd	stage
-central (u.m.)	-shaped (u.m.)	-jobber	street
east	shell	-job man	take
going	sweet	-looking (u.m.)	-the-record (u.m.)
most		man (arbiter)	type
-northeast	0	-numbered (u.m.)	-wheel (n.)
-sider	oak	off	-wheeler (n.)
-sider nose	oak -beamed (u.m.)	off -and-on (u.m.)	-wheeler (n.) -white (u.m.)
nose	-beamed (u.m.)	-and-on (u.m.)	-white (u.m.)
<b>nose</b> bag	-beamed (u.m.) -clad (u.m.)	-and-on (u.m.) beat	-white (u.m.) #year
nose bag bleed	-beamed (u.m.) -clad (u.m.) -green (u.m.)	-and-on (u.m.) beat cast	-white (u.m.) #year office
nose bag bleed bone	-beamed (u.m.) -clad (u.m.) -green (u.m.) #leaf	-and-on (u.m.) beat cast center (u.m.)	-white (u.m.) #year office #boy
nose bag bleed bone dive	-beamed (u.m.) -clad (u.m.) -green (u.m.) #leaf -leaved (u.m.)	-and-on (u.m.) beat cast center (u.m.) color (u.m.)	-white (u.m.) #year office #boy holder
nose bag bleed bone dive down (n., u.m.)	-beamed (u.m.) -clad (u.m.) -green (u.m.) #leaf -leaved (u.m.) oar	-and-on (u.m.) beat cast center (u.m.) color (u.m.) -colored (u.m.)	-white (u.m.) #year office #boy holder seeker
nose bag bleed bone dive down (n., u.m.) gay	-beamed (u.m.) -clad (u.m.) -green (u.m.) #leaf -leaved (u.m.) oar -footed (u.m.)	-and-on (u.m.) beat cast center (u.m.) color (u.m.) -colored (u.m.) cut (printing)	-white (u.m.)  #year  office  #boy  holder  seeker -seeking (u.m.)
bag bleed bone dive down (n., u.m.) gay guard	-beamed (u.m.) -clad (u.m.) -green (u.m.) #leaf -leaved (u.m.) oar -footed (u.m.)	-and-on (u.m.) beat cast center (u.m.) color (u.m.) -colored (u.m.) cut (printing) day	-white (u.m.) #year  office #boy holder seeker -seeking (u.m.) oftentimes
nose bag bleed bone dive down (n., u.m.) gay guard -high (u.m.)	-beamed (u.m.) -clad (u.m.) -green (u.m.) #leaf -leaved (u.m.) oar -footed (u.m.) lock oarsman	-and-on (u.m.) beat cast center (u.m.) color (u.m.) -colored (u.m.) cut (printing) day -fall (v.)	-white (u.m.) #year  office #boy holder seeker -seeking (u.m.) oftentimes ofttimes
nose bag bleed bone dive down (n., u.m.) gay guard -high (u.m.) hole	-beamed (u.m.) -clad (u.m.) -green (u.m.) #leaf -leaved (u.m.) oar -footed (u.m.) lock oarsman oat	-and-on (u.m.) beat cast center (u.m.) color (u.m.) -colored (u.m.) cut (printing) day -fall (v.) -flavor (n., u.m.)	-white (u.m.) #year  office #boy holder seeker -seeking (u.m.) oftentimes ofttimes ohm
bag bleed bone dive down (n., u.m.) gay guard -high (u.m.) hole -led (u.m.)	-beamed (u.m.) -clad (u.m.) -green (u.m.) #leaf -leaved (u.m.) oar -footed (u.m.) lock oarsman oat bin	-and-on (u.m.) beat cast center (u.m.) color (u.m.) -colored (u.m.) cut (printing) day -fall (v.) -flavor (n., u.m.)	-white (u.m.) #year  office #boy holder seeker -seeking (u.m.) oftentimes ofttimes ohm -ammeter
bag bleed bone dive down (n., u.m.) gay guard -high (u.m.) hole -led (u.m.) over (n., u.m.)	-beamed (u.m.) -clad (u.m.) -green (u.m.) #leaf -leaved (u.m.) oar -footed (u.m.) lock oarsman oat bin cake	-and-on (u.m.) beat cast center (u.m.) color (u.m.) -colored (u.m.) cut (printing) day -fall (v.) -flavor (n., u.m.) -flow -go (n.)	-white (u.m.) #year  office #boy holder seeker -seeking (u.m.) oftentimes ofttimes ohm -ammeter meter
bag bleed bone dive down (n., u.m.) gay guard -high (u.m.) hole -led (u.m.) over (n., u.m.) pipe	-beamed (u.m.) -clad (u.m.) -green (u.m.) #leaf -leaved (u.m.) oar -footed (u.m.) lock oarsman oat bin cake -fed (u.m.)	-and-on (u.m.) beat cast center (u.m.) color (u.m.) -colored (u.m.) cut (printing) day -fall (v.) -flavor (n., u.m.) -flow -go (n.) going	-white (u.m.) #year  office #boy holder seeker -seeking (u.m.) oftentimes ofttimes ohm -ammeter meter -mile
bag bleed bone dive down (n., u.m.) gay guard -high (u.m.) hole -led (u.m.) over (n., u.m.) pipe ring	-beamed (u.m.) -clad (u.m.) -green (u.m.) #leaf -leaved (u.m.) oar -footed (u.m.) lock oarsman oat bin cake -fed (u.m.) meal	-and-on (u.m.) beat cast center (u.m.) color (u.m.) -colored (u.m.) cut (printing) day -fall (v.) -flavor (n., u.m.) -flow -go (n.) going grade	-white (u.m.) #year  office #boy holder seeker -seeking (u.m.) oftentimes ofttimes ohm -ammeter meter -mile oil
bag bleed bone dive down (n., u.m.) gay guard -high (u.m.) hole -led (u.m.) over (n., u.m.) pipe ring -thumbing (u.m.)	-beamed (u.m.) -clad (u.m.) -green (u.m.) #leaf -leaved (u.m.) oar -footed (u.m.) lock oarsman oat bin cake -fed (u.m.) meal seed	-and-on (u.m.) beat cast center (u.m.) color (u.m.) -colored (u.m.) cut (printing) day -fall (v.) -flavor (n., u.m.) -flow -go (n.) going grade hand	-white (u.m.) #year  office #boy holder seeker -seeking (u.m.) oftentimes ofttimes ohm -ammeter meter -mile oil #burner
bag bleed bone dive down (n., u.m.) gay guard -high (u.m.) hole -led (u.m.) over (n., u.m.) pipe ring -thumbing (u.m.) up (n., u.m.)	-beamed (u.m.) -clad (u.m.) -green (u.m.) #leaf -leaved (u.m.) oar -footed (u.m.) lock oarsman oat bin cake -fed (u.m.) meal seed oathbreaker	-and-on (u.m.) beat cast center (u.m.) color (u.m.) -colored (u.m.) cut (printing) day -fall (v.) -flavor (n., u.m.) -flow -go (n.) going grade hand -hours	-white (u.m.) #year  office #boy holder seeker -seeking (u.m.) oftentimes ofttimes ohm -ammeter meter -mile oil #burner cake
bag bleed bone dive down (n., u.m.) gay guard -high (u.m.) hole -led (u.m.) over (n., u.m.) pipe ring -thumbing (u.m.) up (n., u.m.) wheel	-beamed (u.m.) -clad (u.m.) -green (u.m.) #leaf -leaved (u.m.) oar -footed (u.m.) lock oarsman oat bin cake -fed (u.m.) meal seed oathbreaker object-oriented	-and-on (u.m.) beat cast center (u.m.) color (u.m.) -colored (u.m.) cut (printing) day -fall (v.) -flavor (n., u.m.) -flow -go (n.) going grade hand -hours line	-white (u.m.) #year  office #boy holder seeker -seeking (u.m.) oftentimes ofttimes ohm -ammeter meter -mile oil #burner cake can
bag bleed bone dive down (n., u.m.) gay guard -high (u.m.) hole -led (u.m.) over (n., u.m.) pipe ring -thumbing (u.m.) up (n., u.m.) wheel note	-beamed (u.m.) -clad (u.m.) -green (u.m.) #leaf -leaved (u.m.) oar -footed (u.m.) lock oarsman oat bin cake -fed (u.m.) meal seed oathbreaker object-oriented oblong	-and-on (u.m.) beat cast center (u.m.) color (u.m.) -colored (u.m.) cut (printing) day -fall (v.) -flavor (n., u.m.) -flow -go (n.) going grade hand -hours line loading	-white (u.m.) #year  office #boy holder seeker -seeking (u.m.) oftentimes ofttimes ohm -ammeter meter -mile oil #burner cake can cloth

fod (u m )	-skinned (u.m.)	open	other
-fed (u.m.) field	wood	open -air (u.m.)	wise
	#wood (color)	-arr (u.m.)	#world
-forming (u.m.) -harden (v.)	omni (c.f.)	-armed (u.m.)	worldly
hole	all one word	-back (u.m.)	oto (c.f.)
meal		` ′	all one word
	-and-off (n., u.m.)	band (yarn)	out
paper		cast	
proofing	board (u.m.)	cut (mining) -end (u.m.)	-and-out (u.m.)
seed	-go (n.)	-end (u.m.) -ended	-and-outer (n.)
#shale	going		-loud (u.m.)
skinned	line#service	-faced (u.m.)	-Machiavelli, etc.
-soaked (u.m.)	site	handed	migration
spill (n.)	noun, adjective,	#house	-of-date (u.m.)
stove	one word	minded	-of-door(s) (u.m.)
-temper (v.)	once	mouthed	-of-State (u.m.)
tightness	-over (n.)	#shop	-of-the-way (u.m.)
#well	-run (u.m.)	side (u.m.)	placement
old	one	-sided (u.m.)	-to-out (u.m.)
-fashioned (u.m.)	-armed (u.m.)	worked	as prefix, one
-fogy (u.m.)	-decker	opera	word
-growing (u.m.)	-eyed (u.m.)	goer	outer
-looking (u.m.)	fold	going	-city (u.m.)
#maid	-half	#house	#man
-maidish (u.m.)	-handed (u.m.)	operating#system	most
#man	ness	ophthalmo (c.f.)	wear
-new	-piece (u.m.)	all one word	outward
style (printing)	self	orange	-bound (u.m.)
timer	-sided (u.m.)	ade	-bounder
#woman	-sidedness	colored (u.m.)	ovate
-young	signed (u.m.)	peel	-acuminate (u.m.)
oleo	-step (dance)	-red (u.m.)	-oblong (u.m.)
#gear	-striper	stick	ovato (c.f.)
margarine	time (formerly)	orchard#house	-oblong
#oil	(u.m.)	orderly#room	-orbicular
#strut	-time (one action)	organo (c.f.)	rest one word
as combining	(u.m.)	all one word	oven
form, one word	-two-three	ornitho (c.f.)	baked
olive	-way (u.m.)	all one word	dried
-brown (u.m.)	onion	orrisroot	peel
-clad (u.m.)	peel	ortho (c.f.)	ware
-drab (u.m.)	skin	all one word	over
-growing (u.m.)	op-ed	osteo (c.f.)	age (surplus)
#oil	(newspaper)	all one word	

age (older) (n.,	cloth	pan	parimutuel
u.m.)	horse	-American, etc.	park
all (n., u.m.)	-laden (u.m.)	-broil (v.)	#forest
-the-counter	sack	#ice	land
(u.m.)	saddle	rest one word	way
as combining	staff	Pan	part
form, one word	thread	#American Union	-finished (u.m.)
owl-eyed (u.m.)	up (n., u.m.)	hellenic	#owner
ox	packing#box	panel-lined (u.m.)	-time (u.m.)
biter	padlock	panic-stricken	-timer (n.)
blood (color)	paddlefoot	(u.m.)	#way
bow	page	panto (c.f.)	parti (c.f.)
brake	-for-page (u.m.)	all one word	all one word
cart	#proof (printing)	panty hose	party#line
cheek		paper	parvi (c.f.)
eye	painkiller	back (n.)	all one word
-eyed (u.m.)	painstaking	#box	pass
gall	paint	#carrier	back (n.)
harrow	box	cutter	book
hide	brush		
horn	mixer	hanger	key out (n., u.m.)
shoe	pot	shell (n., u.m.)	` ′ ′
tail	spray	-shelled (u.m.)	port
#team	stained (u.m.)	-thin (u.m.)	through (n.,
	pale	weight	u.m.)
oxy (c.f.)	belly	-white (u.m.)	way
all one word	-blue (u.m.)	papier#mache	word
oyster	buck	para (c.f. or pref.)	passenger-mile
bed	-cheeked (u.m.)	-analgesia	passer(s)-by
#crab	-faced (u.m.)	-anesthesia	passion
house	-looking (u.m.)	legal	-driven (u.m.)
root	-reddish (u.m.)	medic	-feeding (u.m.)
seed	paleo (c.f.)	rest one word	-filled (u.m.)
shell	-Christian, etc.	parcel	#play
-white (u.m.)	rest one word	#carrier	paste
Р	pallbearer	-plate (v.)	down (n., u.m.)
-	palm	#post	pot
pace	-green (u.m.)	parchment	up (n., u.m.)
maker	#leaf	-covered (u.m.)	pastureland
#setter	#oil	#maker	patent-in-fee
-setting (u.m.)	-shaded (u.m.)	-making (u.m.)	path
pachy (c.f.)	palmi (c.f.)	parieto (c.f.)	breaker
all one word	all one word	-occipital	finder
pack		rest one word	way
builder			,

all one word patri (c.f.)     bloom blow (color)     -mark (v.)     petro (c.f.)       patrol (c.f.)     -colored (u.m.)     -a-liner     -occipital       man     pear!     weight     -oryctology       #wagon     -eyed (u.m.)     winkle     pharmaco (c.f.)       patry (ake)     fishing     worth     pharmaco (c.f.)       pawn     -pure (u.m.)     pent-up (u.m.)     pharyngo (c.f.)       pawn     -set (u.m.)     penta (c.f.)     -oral       shop     -studded (u.m.)     -acetate     rest one word       paw     -white (u.m.)     penta (c.f.)     -oral       shop     -studded (u.m.)     -acetate     rest one word       paw     -white (u.m.)     penta (c.f.)     -oral       acetate     rest one word     phase       rest one word     phase       in (n., u.m.)     rest one word     phase       in (n., u.m.)     phase     -in (n., u.m.)       weight     -oral     -coral     -coral       rest one word     phase     -in (n., u.m.)       peac     peet     peet     -red (u.m.)       pot     pheno (c.f.)     -red (u.m.)       pet (u.m.)     petall     petall     philo (c.f.)       per     -strew (u.		ı		
patri (c.f.) all one word         blow (color) colored (u.m.)         penny ca-liner        occipital rest one word pharmaco (c.f.)           man         pearl        eyed (u.m.) weight         -oryctology winkle         rest one word pharmaco (c.f.)           pawn         -pure (u.m.)         worth         pharyngo (c.f.)         -esophageal           pawn         -pure (u.m.)         pent-up (u.m.)         -esophageal         -oral           shop         -studded (u.m.)         -acetate         -oral         rest one word         phase           pay         -white (u.m.)         -acetate         rest one word         phase           back (n., u.m.)         peat         -cord (u.m.)         -crofed (u.m.)         -cord         rest one word         phase           back (n., u.m.)         peat         pepper         -in (n., u.m.)         -esophageal         -oral         rest one word         phase         -esophageal         -oral         rest one word         phase         -esophageal         -oral         rest one word         phase         -in (n., u.m.)         rest one word         phase         -in (n., u.m.)         -unt (n., u.m.)         -unt (n., u.m.)         -esophageal         -in (n., u.m.)         -unt (n., u.m.)         -unt (n., u.m.)         -unt (n., u.m.)         -unt (n., u.m.)<	patho (c.f.)	peach	holder	#point
all one word         -colored (u.m.)         rea-liner pincher         rest one word pharmaco (c.f.)           patrol         pearl         weight         -oryctology           #wagon         -eyed (u.m.)         winkle         rest one word           pawn         -pure (u.m.)         pent-up (u.m.)         -esophageal           pawn         -white (u.m.)         penta (c.f.)         -esophageal           pay         -white (u.m.)         -a-cetate         rest one word           phase         pearl         -esophageal         -oral           rest one word         phase           pay         -white (u.m.)         -esophageal           pord         phase         -esophageal           pord         phase         -in (n., u.m.)         -esophageal           pept         -in (u.m.)         -esophageal         -oral           pepper         -in (u.m.)         -esophageal </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>-mark (v.)</td> <td>_</td>			-mark (v.)	_
patrol         pear-shaped (u.m.)         pincher         pharmaco (c.f.)           man         -cyed (u.m.)         weight         -oryctology           pattycake         fishing         worth         pharyngo (c.f.)           pawn         -pure (u.m.)         pent-up (u.m.)         -esophageal           broker         -set (u.m.)         pent a (c.f.)         -oral           shop         -studded (u.m.)         -acetate         rest one word           pay         -white (u.m.)         rest one word         phase           back (n., u.m.)         peat         -coral         rest one word           paye         -white (u.m.)         -acetate         rest one word           phase         -in (n., u.m.)         meter         -in (n., u.m.)           day         stack         mint         -wound (u.m.)         -wound (u.m.)           dirt         pebble         pot         pheno (c.f.)         all one word           dirt         pebble         pot         philo (c.f.)         all one word           dirt         pebble         pot         philo (c.f.)         -rest one word           philo (c.f.)         per         -French, etc.         rest one word           philo (c.f.) <td>patri (c.f.)</td> <td>· · ·</td> <td>penny</td> <td>•</td>	patri (c.f.)	· · ·	penny	•
man #wagon	all one word			
#wagon pattycake fishing worth pharyngo (c.f.)  pawn -pure (u.m.) pent-up (u.m.) pent-up (u.m.)  broker -set (u.m.) pent (u.m.) pent (c.f.) -oral  shop -studded (u.m.) -set one word  pay -white (u.m.) peat  check -roofed (u.m.) corn meter  day stack mint pebble pot pharyngo (c.f.)  load -paved (u.m.) -rad (u.m.) petall one word  off (n., u.m.) out (n., u.m.) peeloff (n., u.m.) peeplalk pillo (c.f.)  #raise peep #annum rest one word  pay stack mint -wound (u.m.) pent (u.m.) petalk philo (c.f.)  all one word  philo (c.f.) -French, etc. rest one word  philo (c.f.) all one word  philo (c.f.) all one word  phospho (c.f.) -offset  sulfide -oxidation  nut knife pod manship -insular rest one word  phospho (c.f.) -offset  shooter #name rest one word phrasemark (music)  piacket head shooter #name rest one word  phospho (c.f.) -offset  -insular rest one word  phospho (c.f.) -offset  -oxidation -oxidation  photo (c.f.) -oxidative  rest one word phrasemark (music)  phero (c.f.) all one word  phyllo (c.f.) all one word	patrol		•	
pattycake pawn -pure (u.m.) broker -set (u.m.) penta (c.f.) -esophageal penta (c.f.) -oral rest one word phase -in (n., u.m.) check -roofed (u.m.) pepper -in (n., u.m.) check -roofed (u.m.) petal corn meter out (n., u.m.) check -roofed (u.m.) petal corn meter out (n., u.m.) check -roofed (u.m.) petal corn meter out (n., u.m.) day stack mint -wound (u.m.) pebble pot pheno (c.f.) all one word off (n., u.m.) -strewn (u.m.) petalk pilo (c.f.) -red (u.m.) all one word philo (c.f.) -French, etc. rest one word philo (c.f.) -French, etc. rest one word philo (c.f.) all one word philo (c.f.) all one word phonobook pea sight (chemical) phono (c.f.) all one word phonobook pea (botanical) peer-to-peer current all one word phonobook phonobook pea (botanical) peer (botanical) phono (c.f.) all one word phonobook phonoboo	man	_	weight	-oryctology
pawn         -pure (u.m.)         pent-up (u.m.)         -esophageal           broker         -set (u.m.)         -set (u.m.)         penta (c.f.)         -oral           pay         -white (u.m.)         penta (c.f.)         -oral           back (n., u.m.)         peat         -cacetate         rest one word         phase           #check         -roofed (u.m.)         corn         meter           #cut         moss         #jelly         out (n., u.m.)         -wound (u.m.)           day         stack         mint         -wound (u.m.)         -wound (u.m.)           dirt         pebble         pot         -wound (u.m.)         -petall         #mound         -in (n., u.m.)         -petall         -in (n., u.m.)         -petall         -in (n., u.m.)         -petall         -in (n., u.m.)         -in (n., u.m.)         -in (u.m.)         -in (u.m.)         -in (u.m.) <td>#wagon</td> <td>I</td> <td></td> <td></td>	#wagon	I		
broker shop -studded (u.m.) -acetate rest one word phase -in (n., u.m.) check -roofed (u.m.) -roofed (u.m.) check -roofed (u.m.) stack mint -wound (u.m.) pebble out (n., u.m.) out (n., u.m.) peepf (n., u.m.) peep roll -rest one word phase -in (n., u.m.) people (u.m.) -red (u.m.) -red (u.m.) all one word philo (c.f.) -red (u.m.) -red (u.m.) all one word philo (c.f.) -rest one word philo (c.f.) all one word phonebook phono (c.f.) -rididen (u.m.) point permafrost permafrost permafrost pest all one word phrasemark (music) permafrost pest all one word phyllo (c.f.) all one word phyllo	pattycake			
shop pay -white (u.m.) back (n., u.m.) check -roofed (u.m.) moss #jelly out (n., u.m.) dirt pebble pot (n., u.m.) out (n., u.m.) sheet hole from sight coat pege green (u.m.) pea sight coat peger (botanical) per green (u.m.) hen -cancel (v.) pad garden from the fisher pod manship shooter sized (u.m.) peace back (n., u.m.) peace -roofed (u.m.) peat corn meter out (n., u.m.) petllw pot pheno (c.f.) all one word phlebo (c.f.) -French, etc. rest one word phlebo (c.f.) all one word phlebo (c.f.) all one word phlebo (c.f.) all one word phonebook phono (c.f.) all one word phonebo (c.f.) all	pawn	_		-esophageal
pay-white (u.m.)rest one wordphaseback (n., u.m.)peatpepper-in (n., u.m.)check-roofed (u.m.)cornmeter#cutmoss#jellyout (n., u.m.)daystackmint-wound (u.m.)dirtpebblepotpheno (c.f.)load-paved (u.m.)-red (u.m.)pheno (c.f.)off (n., u.m.)petolf (n., u.m.)peptalkphilo (c.f.)off (n., u.m.)peeloff (n., u.m.)peptalkphilo (c.f.)out (n., u.m.)peeloff (n., u.m.)peptalkphilo (c.f.)#raisepeep#annumrest one wordrolleyecentphlebo (c.f.)sheethole#centumall one word-TVshowcompoundphono (c.f.)#coalpeer-to-peercurrentall one wordcodpellmell#diemall one word-green (u.m.)pensalt (chemical)photo (c.f.)hen-cancel (v.)#se-offsetjacketheadsulfide-oxidationnutknifeperi (pref.)-oxidationpodmanship-insularrest one wordshooter#namerest one wordphrasemark (music)-sized (u.m.)pointpermafrostphreno (c.f.)stickpusherpestall one wordphreacerackhole-ridden (u.m.)all one word-blessed (u.m.)stockpetit </td <td>broker</td> <td></td> <td>penta (c.f.)</td> <td>-oral</td>	broker		penta (c.f.)	-oral
back (n., u.m.) check -roofed (u.m.) check -roofed (u.m.) day day dirt bady dirt load off (n., u.m.) out (n., u.m.)  #raise roll sheet hole -TV show sight coat coat pegleg coat coat pegleg coat coat pegleg coat coat pegleg coat coat pegled coat pellmell -green (u.m.) hen -cancel (v.) hole pea sint knife pod shooter -rin (n., u.m.) meter out (n., u.m.) peton (c.f.) all one word philo (c.f.)  #centum compound (chemical) phono (c.f.) all one word phono (c.f.) all one word photo (c.f.) all one word photo (c.f.) all one word photo (c.f.) -offset -oxidation -oxidative rest one word photo (c.f.) -offset -oxidation -oxidative rest one word photo (c.f.)  #coal -green (u.m.) pen salt (chemical) photo (c.f.) -offset -oxidation -oxidative rest one word phrasemark (music) phrasemark (music) phreno (c.f.)  #dem all one word photo (c.f.)  all one word phrasemark (music) phreno (c.f.)  all one word phrasemark (music) phreno (c.f.)  all one word phyllo (c.f.) all one word phyllo (c.f.) all one word phyllo (c.f.) all one word phyllo (c.f.) all one word phyllo (c.f.) all one word phyllo (c.f.) all one word phyllo (c.f.) all one word phyllo (c.f.) all one word phyllo (c.f.) all one word phyllo (c.f.) all one word phyllo (c.f.) all one word phyllo (c.f.) all one word phyllo (c.f.) all one word phyllo (c.f.) all one word phyllo (c.f.) all one word phyllo (c.f.) all one word phyllo (c.f.) all one word phyllo (c.f.) all one word	shop	-studded (u.m.)	-acetate	rest one word
check #cut moss #jelly out (n., u.m.)  day stack mint pot pheno (c.f.)  load -paved (u.m.) out (n., u.m.) peeloff (n., u.m.)  #raise peep #annum compound phone (c.f.)  sheet hole #centum all one word  -TV show compound phone (c.f.)  #coal peer-to-peer current all one word  coat pegleg (botanical) -green (u.m.) hen -cancel (v.) jacket head sulfide nut knife pod manship risck ppon manship risck ppon stick ppusher peace -shaped (u.m.)  breaker -blessed (u.m.) breaker -shaped (u.m.) breaker -loving (u.m.) maker #pipe penicl #jury all one word  #jury all one word  #jelly out (n., u.m.) #jelly pout (n., u.m.)  #jelly pout (n., u.m.) #jelly pout (n., u.m.)  #jelly pout (n., u.m.)  #jelly pout (n., u.m.)  #jelly pout (n., u.m.)  #jelly pout (n., u.m.)  #jelly pout (n., u.m.)  #jelly pout (n., u.m.)  -wound (u.m.)  -wound (u.m.)  -lound (u.m.)  #jelly  out (n., u.m.)  -wound (u.m.)  -wound (u.m.)  -lound (u.m.)  #jelly  out (n., u.m.)  -wound (u.m.)  -wound (u.m.)  -lound (u.m.)  #lone word  philo (c.f.)  -French, etc  rest one word  phlebo (c.f.)  -lound word  phono (c.f.)  all one word  phyllo (c.f.)  all one word	pay	-white (u.m.)	rest one word	phase
#cut moss stack mint -wound (u.m.)  dirt pebble pot pot pheno (c.f.)  load -paved (u.m.) -strewn (u.m.) peptalk philo (c.f.)  out (n., u.m.) peeloff (n., u.m.) peer -French, etc.  #raise peep #annum rest one word phlebo (c.f.)  sheet hole #centum all one word phono (c.f.)  #coal eper-to-peer current acoat peelge (botanical) phono (c.f.)  -green (u.m.) pen salt (chemical) phono (c.f.)  hen -cancel (v.) #se -offset head sulfide pod manship shooter #name rest one word phrasemark (music) peace -blessed (u.m.) point stick pusher peace -shaped (u.m.) breaker -shaped (u.m.) stock petit all one word physico (c.f.)  #all one word phono (c.f.) all one word phrasemark (music) phreno (c.f.) all one word physico (c.f.) all one word p	back (n., u.m.)	peat	pepper	-in (n., u.m.)
day dirt pebble pot pot pheno (c.f.) load -paved (u.m.) -red (u.m.) peptalk philo (c.f.) out (n., u.m.) peeloff (n., u.m.) peeloff (n., u.m.) peer -French, etc.  #raise peep #annum rest one word phlebo (c.f.) sheet hole #centum all one word -TV show compound (chemical) phono (c.f.)  #coal peer-to-peer (botanical) phono (c.f.) cod pellmell #diem all one word -green (u.m.) pen salt (chemical) phono (c.f.) hen -cancel (v.) #se -offset nut knife peri (pref.) -oxidative rest one word shooter #name rest one word phane (c.f.) all one word phospho (c.f.)  #coal pelmell #diem all one word phono (c.f.) all one word pho	check	-roofed (u.m.)	corn	meter
dirt load -paved (u.m.) off (n., u.m.) off (n., u.m.) out (n., u.m.) peeloff (n., u.m.) peeloff (n., u.m.)  roll sheet -TV show -TV show coat coat pegleg coat coat pegleg cod pellmell -read (u.m.) pen salt (chemical) per salt (chemical) per pheno (c.f.)  all one word phlebo (c.f.)  all one word phlebo (c.f.)  all one word phlebo (c.f.)  all one word phono (c.f.)  all one word phospho (c.f.)  all one word phospho (c.f.)  all one word phospho (c.f.)  all one word photo (c.f.)  all one word phrasemark (music) permafrost permafrost permafrost pest all one word phyllo (c.f.)  all one word	#cut	moss	#jelly	out (n., u.m.)
load off (n., u.m.) -strewn (u.m.) peptalk philo (c.f.) out (n., u.m.) peeloff (n., u.m.) peeloff (n., u.m.)  #raise peep #annum rest one word phlebo (c.f.)  #roll eye cent phlebo (c.f.)  #roal peer-to-peer coat pegleg (botanical) phono (c.f.)  #coal peer-to-peer (botanical) phospho (c.f.)  #coal pellmell #diem all one word phospho (c.f.)  #coal pellmell #diem all one word phospho (c.f.)  #rogeen (u.m.) pen salt (chemical) photo (c.f.)  #rogeen (u.m.) pen salt (chemical) photo (c.f.)  #rogeen (u.m.) point peri (pref.) -oxidation  #roged (u.m.) point permafrost pest all one word phrasemark (music)  #raise peep #annum rest one word phrasemark (music)  #roll eye cent peep #annum rest one word phrasemark (music)  #roll eye cent word phospho (c.f.)  #roll one word phrasemark (music)  #roll (u.m.) point permafrost pest all one word  #roll one word  #roll one word  #rost one word  #roll one word  #roll one word  #rost one w	day	stack	mint	-wound (u.m.)
off (n., u.m.) out (n., u.m.) peeloff (n., u.m.) peeloff (n., u.m.) peeloff (n., u.m.) peep  #raise  roll sheet -TV show sight coat coat pegleg cod pellmell -green (u.m.) hen jacket nut knife pod manship pod shooter -sized (u.m.) stick peace -blessed (u.m.) breaker -loving (u.m.) breaker -loving (u.m.) breaker -loving (u.m.) breaker -loving (u.m.) peeptalk peer peet annum rest one word phobo (c.f.)  -French, etcFrench, -French, -French, -Franch -French, -French, -French, -Franch -French, -French -Fren	dirt	pebble	pot	
out (n., u.m.) #raise peep #annum cent #num peeloff (n., u.m.) #raise peep  roll eye sheet -TV show compound coat coat peegleg cod -green (u.m.) hen -cancel (v.) jacket nut pod shooter -sized (u.m.) stick peac -blessed (u.m.) breaker -loving (u.m.) breaker -loving (u.m.) maker #raise  peep  #annum cent #annum cent #annum cent #annum cent #annum cent #annum rest one word phlebo (c.f.)  all one word phono (c.f.)  all one word phospho (c.f.)  all one word photo (c.f.)  all one word photo (c.f.)  -offset -oxidation -oxidation -oxidative rest one word phrasemark (music) permafrost pest all one word phreno (c.f.) all one word phreno (c.f.) all one word phyllo (c.f.) all one word	load	-paved (u.m.)	-red (u.m.)	all one word
#raise roll sheet -TV show pea sight coat coat -green (u.m.) hen jacket nut pod shooter -sized (u.m.) pod shooter -sized (u.m.) breaker -slow peace -blessed (u.m.) breaker -loving (u.m.) breaker -loving (u.m.) maker -timele  rest one word phlebo (c.f.) #centum coat compound (chemical) phono (c.f.)  #compound (chemical) phono (c.f.)  #liem salt (chemical) phospho (c.f.)  #liem salt (chemical) phospho (c.f.)  #liem salt (chemical) photo (c.f.)  #se -offset -oxidation -oxidation -oxidative rest one word phrasemark (music) permafrost pest hole -ridden (u.m.) petcock petit all one word physico (c.f.)  #jury all one word physico (c.f.)  #lien  #annum rest one word phono (c.f.)  #all one word phrasemark (music) phreno (c.f.)  #lien  #annum rest one word phospho (c.f.)  #all one word physico (c.f.)  #lien  #annum rest one word phospho (c.f.)  #lien #all one word physico (c.f.)  #lien #all one word	off (n., u.m.)	-strewn (u.m.)	peptalk	philo (c.f.)
roll sheet hole "centum all one word phonebook pea sight (chemical) phono (c.f.)  #coal peer-to-peer current all one word phospho (c.f.)  cod pellmell #diem all one word phospho (c.f.)  hen -cancel (v.) #se -offset peri (pref.) -oxidation nut knife peri (pref.) -oxidative rest one word shooter #name rest one word phrasemark (music)  -sized (u.m.) point permafrost peace rack hole -blessed (u.m.) breaker -shaped (u.m.) stock petit all one word physico (c.f.)  #phebo (c.f.)  all one word phono (c.f.)  #diem all one word phospho (c.f.)  all one word photo (c.f.)  -oxidation -oxidation -oxidative rest one word phrasemark (music)  permafrost pest all one word physico (c.f.)  all one word phyllo (c.f.)	out (n., u.m.)	peeloff (n., u.m.)	per	-French, etc.
sheet	#raise	peep	#annum	rest one word
rTV show sight (chemical) phonebook phono (c.f.)  #coal peer-to-peer current all one word phospho (c.f.)  cod pellmell #diem all one word  -green (u.m.) pen salt (chemical) photo (c.f.)  hen -cancel (v.) #se -offset  jacket head sulfide -oxidation  nut knife peri (pref.) -oxidative  pod manship -insular rest one word  shooter #name rest one word phrasemark (music)  resized (u.m.) point permafrost pest all one word  peace rack hole phyllo (c.f.)  -blessed (u.m.) script -ridden (u.m.) all one word  phylo (c.f.)  petit all one word  phylo (c.f.)  all one word  physico (c.f.)  all one word	roll	eye	cent	phlebo (c.f.)
peasight #coal(chemical) currentphono (c.f.)doat coat cod -green (u.m.)pegleg pellmell(botanical) #diemphospho (c.f.) all one word-green (u.m.) hen jacket nut pod shooterpen -cancel (v.) head knife manship#se sulfide peri (pref.) -insular rest one word permafrost permafrost permafrost pest hole -blessed (u.m.) breaker -loving (u.m.) makerpen -insular rest one word permafrost permafrost pest -ridden (u.m.) petickphylio (c.f.) all one word phylo (c.f.)peace -loving (u.m.) maker-shaped (u.m.) stockpetit grain physico (c.f.) all one word#jury insular permafrost pest -ridden (u.m.) petit grain physico (c.f.) all one word	sheet	hole	#centum	all one word
#coal peer-to-peer pegleg (botanical) phospho (c.f.) cod pellmell #diem all one word prospho (c.f.) pen salt (chemical) photo (c.f.) hen -cancel (v.) #se -offset jacket head sulfide -oxidation nut knife peri (pref.) -oxidative pod manship -insular rest one word shooter #name rest one word phrasemark (music) prick point permafrost phreno (c.f.) stick pusher pest all one word pheace rack hole periden (u.m.) breaker -shaped (u.m.) breaker -shaped (u.m.) maker trough grain photo (c.f.)  all one word phyllo (c.f.) all one word phyllo (c.f.) all one word physico (c.f.) all one word physico (c.f.) all one word	-TV	show	compound	phonebook
coat pegleg pellmell #diem all one word  -green (u.m.) pen salt (chemical) photo (c.f.)  hen -cancel (v.) #se -offset  jacket head sulfide -oxidation  nut knife peri (pref.) -oxidative  pod manship -insular rest one word  shooter #name rest one word phrasemark (music)  -sized (u.m.) point permafrost phreno (c.f.)  stick pusher pest all one word  peace rack hole phyllo (c.f.)  -blessed (u.m.) script -ridden (u.m.) all one word  breaker -shaped (u.m.) petcock phylo (c.f.)  -loving (u.m.) stock petit all one word  maker trough grain physico (c.f.)  #jury all one word	pea	sight	(chemical)	phono (c.f.)
cod pellmell #diem salt (chemical) hen -cancel (v.) #se -offset jacket head sulfide -oxidation nut knife peri (pref.) -oxidative pod manship -insular rest one word shooter #name rest one word phrasemark (music) pitick pusher pest all one word peace rack hole -blessed (u.m.) script -shaped (u.m.) breaker -shaped (u.m.) petick petit all one word maker trough grain physico (c.f.) #jury all one word	#coal	peer-to-peer	current	all one word
-green (u.m.) hen -cancel (v.) hen -cancel (v.) head sulfide sulfide -oxidation -oxidative pod shooter -sized (u.m.) stick peace -blessed (u.m.) breaker -loving (u.m.) maker -loving (u.m.) maker -cancel (v.)  #se -cancel (v.) #se -offset -oxidation -oxidative rest one word phrasemark (music) permafrost pest all one word phyllo (c.f.) all one word phylo (c.f.) all one word physico (c.f.)  grain #jury all one word physico (c.f.) all one word physico (c.f.) all one word physico (c.f.) all one word	coat	pegleg	(botanical)	phospho (c.f.)
hen	cod	pellmell	#diem	all one word
jacket head sulfide peri (pref.) -oxidation  nut knife pod manship -insular rest one word  shooter #name rest one word phrasemark (music)  -sized (u.m.) point permafrost phreno (c.f.)  stick pusher pest all one word  peace rack hole phyllo (c.f.)  -blessed (u.m.) script -ridden (u.m.) all one word  breaker -shaped (u.m.) petcock petit all one word  maker trough grain physico (c.f.)  #pipe pencil #jury all one word	-green (u.m.)	pen	salt (chemical)	photo (c.f.)
nut knife peri (pref.) -oxidative rest one word phrasemark (music) shooter #name rest one word phrasemark (music) -sized (u.m.) point permafrost phreno (c.f.) stick pusher pest all one word phyllo (c.f.) -loving (u.m.) stock petit all one word phylo (c.f.) petick petit all one word phylo (c.f.) all one word phylo (c.f.) petit all one word physico (c.f.) all one word physico (c.f.) all one word physico (c.f.) all one word	hen	-cancel (v.)	#se	-offset
pod manship -insular rest one word phrasemark (music) -sized (u.m.) point permafrost phreno (c.f.) stick pusher pest all one word phace rack hole phyllo (c.f.) -blessed (u.m.) script -ridden (u.m.) all one word breaker -shaped (u.m.) petcock phylo (c.f.) -loving (u.m.) stock petit all one word maker trough grain physico (c.f.)  #pipe pencil #jury all one word	jacket	head	sulfide	-oxidation
shooter #name rest one word phrasemark (music) -sized (u.m.) point permafrost phreno (c.f.) stick pusher pest all one word peace rack hole phyllo (c.f.) -blessed (u.m.) script -ridden (u.m.) all one word breaker -shaped (u.m.) petcock phylo (c.f.) -loving (u.m.) stock petit all one word maker trough grain physico (c.f.)  #pipe pencil #jury all one word	nut	knife	peri (pref.)	-oxidative
-sized (u.m.) stick peace peace -blessed (u.m.) breaker -loving (u.m.) maker  point pusher pest hole -ridden (u.m.) petcock petit all one word phyllo (c.f.) all one word phyllo (c.f.) all one word phylo (c.f.) petit all one word physico (c.f.) all one word	pod	manship	-insular	rest one word
stick pusher rack hole phyllo (c.f.) -blessed (u.m.) script -ridden (u.m.) all one word breaker -shaped (u.m.) petcock phylo (c.f.) -loving (u.m.) stock petit all one word maker trough grain physico (c.f.)  #pipe pencil #jury all one word	shooter	#name	rest one word	phrasemark (music)
peace rack hole phyllo (c.f.)  -blessed (u.m.) script -ridden (u.m.) all one word  breaker -shaped (u.m.) petcock phylo (c.f.)  -loving (u.m.) stock petit all one word  maker trough grain physico (c.f.)  #pipe pencil #jury all one word	-sized (u.m.)	point	permafrost	phreno (c.f.)
-blessed (u.m.) breaker -loving (u.m.) maker  script -shaped (u.m.) stock maker trough petit grain physico (c.f.)  #pipe  pencil  physico (c.f.)  physico (c.f.)  physico (c.f.)  all one word physico (c.f.)  all one word physico (c.f.)  all one word	stick	pusher	pest	all one word
breaker -shaped (u.m.) petcock phylo (c.f.) -loving (u.m.) stock petit all one word maker trough grain physico (c.f.)  #pipe pencil #jury all one word	peace	rack		phyllo (c.f.)
-loving (u.m.) stock petit all one word maker trough grain physico (c.f.) #pipe pencil #jury all one word	-blessed (u.m.)	script		all one word
maker trough grain physico (c.f.)  #pipe pencil #jury all one word	breaker	-shaped (u.m.)	*	phylo (c.f.)
#pipe pencil #jury all one word	-loving (u.m.)	stock	_	all one word
T-T	maker	trough	_	physico (c.f.)
time #boy #larceny	#pipe	pencil		all one word
time #box #areen/	time	#box	#larceny	

mbysis (s.f.)	piogo (c f)	n:llow	l nonny
physio (c.f.)	piezo (c.f.) -oscillator	pillow	penny
all one word		case	pine
phyto (c.f.)	rest one word	made	apple
all one word	pig	slip	-bearing (u.m.)
piano	-back (v.)	top	-clad (u.m.)
forte	-backed (u.m.)	pilot	#cone
graph	-bellied (u.m.)	#boat	-fringed (u.m.)
#player	belly	house	#needle
pick	-eyed (u.m.)	#light	#oil
aback	face	pin	-shaded (u.m.)
ax	-faced (u.m.)	ball	#tar
lock	foot	block	pink
-me-up (n., u.m.)	-footed (u.m.)	bone	-blossomed (u.m.)
off (n., u.m.)	headed	case	eye (n.)
over (n., u.m.)	herd	cushion	-eyed (u.m.)
#over (v.)	#iron	-eyed (u.m.)	pipe
pocket	out	fall	-drawn (u.m.)
pole	pen	feather	dream
shaft	root	fire	fitter
up (n., u.m.)	stick	fold	layer
picker-up	sty	head	line
picket#line	tailed	hold	-shaped (u.m.)
pickle-cured (u.m.)	wash	hole	stem
picture	pigeon	hook	walker
#book	gram	lock	welder
#writing	hole	paper	pisci (c.f.)
pie	-toed (u.m.)	point	all one word
bald	wing	prick	pistol-whipped (v.)
crust	piggyback	rail	piston
-eater	pike	setter	head
-eyed	-eyed (u.m.)	spot	#pin
marker	staff	stripe	#rod
pan	pile	-tailed (u.m.)	#valve
plant	driver	up (n., u.m.)	pit
#plate	-driving (u.m.)	wheel	#boss
-stuffed (u.m.)	hammer	pinch	#bull
#tin	up (n., u.m.)	back	-eyed (u.m.)
piece	#weave	bar	fall
-dye (v.)	woven	beck	head
#goods	pill	cock	-headed (u.m.)
meal	pusher	fist	hole
mold	rolling	-hit (v.)	mark
	taker	-hitter	-marked (u.m.)
	I .	I .	I

-rotted (u.m.)	plant	-seeking (u.m.)	pocket
saw	#food	-tired (u.m.)	book (purse)
side	life	-weary (u.m.)	#book (book)
pitch	site	pleo (c.f.)	-eyed (u.m.)
-black (u.m.)	plasterboard	all one word	knife
blende	plate	pleuro (c.f.)	-sized (u.m.)
#box	cutter	all one word	-veto (v.)
-colored (u.m.)	#glass	plow	poet
-dark (u.m.)	-incased (u.m.)	back (n., u.m.)	-artist
#darkness	layer	-bred (u.m.)	#laureate
fork	mark	hand	-painter
hole	#proof (printing)	horse	pointblank
-lined (u.m.)	-roll (v.)	pan	Point-to-Point
man	-rolled (u.m.)	point	poison-dipped
-marked (u.m.)	platy (c.f.)	-shaped (u.m.)	(u.m.)
out (n., u.m.)	all one word	share	pole
#pipe	play	shoe	arm
up (n., u.m.)	-act (v.)	sole	-armed (u.m.)
place	back (n., u.m.)	staff	ax
card	bill	#tail	burn
kick	book	wright	cat
plague-infested	boy	plug	-dried (u.m.)
(u.m.)	broker	-and-play	horse
plain	day	hole	-pile (v.)
back (fabric)	down (n., u.m.)	-in (n., u.m.)	setter
-bodied (u.m.)	fellow	tray	-shaped (u.m.)
clothes (u.m.)	goer	plumbline	sitter
clothesman	going	plume-crowned	-stack (v.)
-headed (u.m.)	ground	(u.m.)	star
-looking (u.m.)	mate	pluri (c.f.)	timber
-spoken (u.m.)	off (n., u.m.)	all one word	trap
woven (u.m.)	pen	pluto (c.f.)	-vault (v.)
plane	reader	all one word	#vaulter
#curve	room	pneumato (c.f.)	policy
load	script	-hydato-genetic	maker
-mile	suit	(u.m.)	making
-parallel (u.m.)	thing	rest one word	politico (c.f.)
table (surveying)	time	pneumo (c.f.)	-orthodox
plani (c.f.)	wright	all one word	rest one word
all one word	#yard	pock	poll
plano (c.f.)	pleasure	mark	book
all one word	-bent (u.m.)	-marked (u.m.)	#parrot
	#boat	-pit (v.)	#tax
	1	1 * ` ′	T

poly (c.f.) #mortem (literal)   powder -fixing (u.f.)	m.)
all one word mortem -blue (u.m.) #index	
poor (nonliteral) box list	
-blooded (u.m.) #partum #house -support (	u.m.)
farm #school (military) #keg tag	
-spirited (u.m.) traumatic #mill <b>prick</b>	
pop -traumatic #room -eared (u.1	n.)
corn (PTSD) -scorched (u.m.) mark	
eye audit, graduate, <b>power</b> seam	
gun etc. boat priesthood	
up (n., u.m.) as prefix, one #mower <b>prime</b>	
poppy word -operated (u.m.) #minister	
-bordered (u.m.) postal#card pack -ministeri	al
cock <b>pot</b> plant (u.m.)	
-red (u.m.) ash <b>praise</b> -ministers	hip
seed bellied -deserving (u.m.) -ministry	
pork boil -spoiled (u.m.) prince	
barrel (n., u.m.) eye worthiness hood	
#chop hanger <b>pre</b> (pref.) -priest	
fish herb -Incan, etc. <b>print</b>	
#pie hole audit, existing, cloth	
port hook etc. out	
cullis hunter rest one word script	
fire latch president printing	
folio lid -elect -in (n., u.n	n.)
hole luck #pro#tempore #ink	
hook pie <b>press</b> #office	
manteau pourri #agent -out (n., u.	m.)
-mouthed (u.m.) rack -agentry <b>prison</b>	
side #roast board bound	
#wine shot feeder -free (u.m.	.)
post potato#field -forge (v.) -made (u.r	n.)
#bellum <b>poultry</b> -made (u.m.) prisoner-of-	war
#boat #keeper mark (u.m.)	
card -keeping (u.m.) pack (v.) <b>prize</b>	
-Christian, etc. #raiser plate fighter	
-cold-war (u.m.) -raising (u.m.) #proof (printing) #ring	
#diem #yard <b>preter</b> (pref.) taker	
-free (u.m.) <b>pound</b> all one word winner	
haste cake <b>price</b> -winning	(u.m.)
#hospital -foolish (u.m.) #cutter <b>pro</b>	. ,
(military) -foot -cutting (u.m.) -Ally, etc.	
#meridiem worth #fixer -choice	

#football ata			may (a.f.)
#football, etc.	-osteomalacia	punctureproof	pyo (c.f.)
#forma	-owner	pup#tent	all one word
-life	rest one word	pure	pyro (c.f.)
#rata	psycho (c.f.)	blood	all one word
#tem	-organic	bred	Q
#tempore	rest one word	#line (biological)	Q
as prefix, one	ptero (c.f.)	purple	-boat
word	all one word	-blue (u.m.)	-fever
problem-solver	public	-clad (u.m.)	quadri (c.f.)
procto (c.f.)	hearted	-colored (u.m.)	-invariant
all one word	-minded (u.m.)	heart (wood)	rest one word
profit	-spirited (u.m.)		quarrystone
-and-loss (u.m.)	#works	purse	quarter
-sharing (u.m.)	pug	making	-angled (u.m.)
prong	nose	-proud (u.m.)	back
buck	-pile (v.)	#strings	-bloom (u.m.)
-hoe (v.)	pull	push	#boards
horn	back (n., u.m.)	button	-bound (u.m.)
-horned (u.m.)	#box	card	-breed (u.m.)
proof	down (n., u.m.)	cart	-cast (u.m.)
#press	-in (n., u.m.)	off (n., u.m.)	-cast (u.m.)
read	off (n., u.m.)	-pull (u.m.)	deck
reader	-on (n., u.m.)	up (n., u.m.)	
room	out (n., u.m.)	pussy	-miler
sheet	-push (u.m.)	cat	#note
prop	through (n.,	foot	pace
jet	u.m.)	#willow	-phase (u.m.)
wash	up (n., u.m.)	put	saw (v.)
proso (c.f.)	_	back (n., u.m.)	staff
all one word	puller	off (n., u.m.)	stretch
proto (c.f.)	-in		-yearly (u.m.)
-Egyptian, etc.	-out	-on (n., u.m.)	quartermaster
rest one word	pulp	out (n., u.m.)	#general
proud	board	-put (n.)	-generalship
hearted	wood	-up (n., u.m.)	quasi
-looking (u.m.)	punch	putter	all hyphened
-minded (u.m.)	board	-forth	queen#bee
psalmbook	bowl	-in	quick
pseudo (c.f.)	card	-off	-change (u.m., v.)
-Messiah, etc.	-drunk (u.m.)	-on	-drawn (u.m., v.)
-occidental	mark	-out	freeze (u.m., v.)
-official	-marked (u.m.)	-through	lime
-orthorhombic	out (n.)	-up	sand
	1	-	I .

	l •1	1	l 1: ,
set	rail	rat	-redirect
silver	bird	bite	evaluate, process,
step	car	catcher	etc. rest one word
#time	guard	hole	
-witted (u.m.)	head	-infested (u.m.)	reading#room
quin (c.f.)	-ridden (u.m.)	#race	read
all one word	road	-tailed (u.m.)	out (n.)
quit	setter	-tight (u.m.)	through (n., u.m.)
claim	splitter	trap	real
rent	#train	rate	time (n.)
	way#maker	#cutter	-time (u.m.)
R	wayman	-cutting (u.m.)	ready
rabbit	rain	-fixing (u.m.)	-built (u.m.)
-backed (u.m.)	band	payer	-handed (u.m.)
-eared (u.m.)	-beaten (u.m.)	-raising (u.m.)	made (u.m.)
#fever	bow	setting	-mix (u.m.)
#foot	check	rattle	#reference
skin	coat	brain	room
race	drop	snake	-witted (u.m.)
	fall	trap	rear
about (n., u.m.)	#forest	raw	#end
course	-soft (u.m.)	boned	guard
goer	spout	-edged (u.m.)	most
horse	storm	hide	view (u.m.)
track	wash	-looking (u.m.)	ward
way	water	razor	reception#room
radarscope	rakeoff (n., u.m.)	back	recordbreaker
radio	ram	-billed (u.m.)	recti (c.f.)
generally two	jet	#blade	all one word
words except	rod	edge	recto (c.f.)
the following forms	shackle	-keen (u.m.)	all one word
	ranch	-sharp (u.m.)	red
frequency	#hand	strop	bait (v.)
isotope	house	razzle-dazzle	-billed (u.m.)
telegraph	random-access	re (pref.)	-blooded (u.m.)
telephone	(u.m.)	-cover (cover	buck
rag	range	again)	cap (porter)
bolt	finder	-create (create	coat (n.)
#doll	#light	again), etc.	eye (n.)
-made (u.m.)	rider	-cross-	-eyed (u.m.)
sorter	rapid	examination	-faced (u.m.)
tag	#fire	-ice	-haired (u.m.)
time	#transit	-ink	handed

head (n.)	-clad (u.m.)	-porous (u.m.)	-test (v.)
-hot (u.m.)	-looking (u.m.)	-shaped (u.m.)	` '
-legged (u.m.)	rickrack	side	way
#line (literal)	ridge		-weary (u.m.) rock
out (n., u.m.)	band	sight stand	
		stick	abye bottom
-skinned (u.m.)	pole		
tape (nonliteral)	top	-tailed (u.m.)	(nonliteral)
#tape (literal)	riffraff rifleshot	-up (n., u.m.)	#climber
-throated (u.m.)	1111001101	worm .	-climbing (u.m.)
-yellow (u.m.)	rig	rip	fall (n.)
reformat	out (n., u.m.)	cord	-fallen (u.m.)
regionwide	-up (n., u.m.)	-off (n., u.m.)	fill
religio (c.f.)	right	rap	firm
all one word	about	roaring	pile
remote-access	about-face	sack	-ribbed (u.m.)
repair#shop	-angle (u.m., v.)	saw	#salt
representative	-angled (u.m.)	snorter	shaft
#at#large	#away	tide	slide
-elect	#field (sports)	-up (n., u.m.)	rod-shaped (u.m.)
research#worker	-handed (u.m.)	river	roe
resino (c.f.)	-hander	bank	buck
all one word	-headed (u.m.)	bed	#deer
retro (c.f.)	most	#bottom	roentgeno (c.f.)
-ocular	-of-way	flow	all one word
-omental	wing (political)	-formed (u.m.)	roll
-operative	rim	front	about (n., u.m.)
-oral	-deep (u.m.)	head	back (n., u.m.)
rest one word	fire	scape	call
rheo (c.f.)	lock	side	-fed (v.)
all one word	rock	wash	film
rhino (c.f.)	ring	-worn (u.m.)	off (n., u.m.)
all one word	-adorned (u.m.)	road	-on (n., u.m.)
rhizo (c.f.)	-banded (u.m.)	bank	out (n., u.m.)
all one word	-billed (u.m.)	bed	over (n., u.m.)
<b>rhod(o)</b> (c.f.)	bolt	block	top
all one word	giver	builder	up (n., u.m.)
rhomb(o) (c.f.)	head	head	roller
all one word	-in (n., u.m.)	hog	#blade
rice	lead (v.)	kill	#coaster
growing	leader	map	-made (u.m.)
#water	-necked (u.m.)	#runner (bird)	-milled (u.m.)
rich	-off (n., u.m.)	#show	#skate
-bound (u.m.)	pin	side	
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Romano (c.f.)	-minded (u.m.)	table (panel)	down (n., u.m.)
-canonical, etc.	rough	-tailed (u.m.)	-in (n., u.m.)
-Gallic, etc.	-and-ready (u.m.)	-topped (u.m.)	off (n., u.m.)
roof	-and-tumble (n.,	#trip	-on (n., u.m.)
garden	u.m.)	-tripper	out (n., u.m.)
line	cast (u.m., v.)	up (n., u.m.)	over (n., u.m.)
top	-coat (v.)	rub	through (n., u.m.)
tree	-cut (u.m.)	-a-dub	up (n., u.m.)
room	draw (v.)	down (n., u.m.)	runner-up
#clerk	dress (v.)	rubber	Russo (c.f.)
keeper	dry (u.m., v.)	band	-Chinese, etc.
mate	-face (v.)	-down	rest one word
roominghouse	-faced (u.m.)	-lined (u.m.)	rust
root	hew	neck	-brown (u.m.)
bound	house	-off	-eaten (u.m.)
cap	-legged (u.m.)	-set (u.m.)	proofing
-cutting (u.m.)	-looking (u.m.)	stamp	-resistant (u.m.)
fast	neck	(nonliteral) (n.,	-stained (u.m.)
hold	rider	u.m., v.)	rye#field
#mean#square	setter	#stamp (n.)	,
#rot	shod	-stamped (u.m.)	S
stalk	-sketch (v.)	ruby	S
stock	stuff	-hued (u.m.)	-bend
rope	tailed	-red (u.m.)	-brake
dance	#work (n.)	-set (u.m.)	-iron
layer	work (v.)	-throated (u.m.)	-ray
stitch	wrought	rudder	-shaped
walk	rougher	head	-trap
rose	-down	hole	-wrench
-bright (u.m.)	-out	post	saber
bud	-up	stock	-legged (u.m.)
bush	roughing-in (u.m.)	rule#of#thumb	tooth
head	round	rum	-toothed (u.m.)
-headed (u.m.)	about (n., u.m.)	-crazed (u.m.)	sable-cloaked (u.m.)
-scented (u.m.)	about-face	runner	Sabrejet
-sweet (u.m.)	-faced (u.m.)	seller	saccharo (c.f.)
tan	head	rumpus#room	all one word
#water	-made (u.m.)	run	sack
rotor	mouthed	about (n., u.m.)	bearer
craft	nose (tool)	around (n., u.m.)	cloth
ship	out (n., u.m.)	away (n., u.m.)	#coat
rotten	robin (petition)	back (n., u.m.)	-coated (u.m.)
-dry (u.m.)	seam	by (n.)	-making (u.m.)
ar j (a)	, ocuiii		

-shaped (u.m.)	manship	blast	satin
sacro (c.f.)	people	blown	#cloth
all one word	person	box	-lined (u.m.)
sad	salmon	-built (u.m.)	-smooth (u.m.)
-eyed (u.m.)	-colored (u.m.)	-buried (u.m.)	sauce
iron	-red (u.m.)	-cast (u.m., v.)	dish
#sack	salpingo (c.f.)	culture	pan
-voiced (u.m.)	-oophorectomy	#dune	sauer
saddle	-oophoritis	fill	braten
back	-ovariotomy	flea	kraut
-backed (u.m.)	-ovaritis	glass	save-all (n., u.m.)
bag	rest one word	heat	saw
bow	salt	hill	back
cloth	box	-hiller	belly
-graft (v.)	cellar	hog	bill (bird)
#horse	-cured (u.m.)	hole	-billed (u.m.)
-making (u.m.)	#lick		bones (n.)
nose	mouth	lapper lot	buck
-nosed (u.m.)	pack		dust
sore	pan	paper	-edged (u.m.)
-stitched (u.m.)	peter	pile	horse
tree	pit	pipe	setter
-wire (u.m.)	pond	pit	timber
safe	shaker	-pump (u.m., v.)	tooth
blower	spoon	shoe	-toothed (u.m.)
cracker	sprinkler	spit	sax
-deposit (u.m.)	water	storm	cornet
guard	works	table	horn
hold	salver	weld (v.)	tuba
#house	form	-welded (u.m.)	say
#site	-shaped (u.m.)	-welding (u.m.)	-nothing (n., u.m.)
sage	same-sex (u.m.)	sandy-bottomed	-so (n.)
brush	sample	(u.m.)	scale
leaf	#book	sangfroid	bark
-leaved (u.m.)	#box	sans	down (n., u.m.)
sail	maker	#serif	pan
cloth	-making (u.m.)	#souci	-reading (u.m.)
-dotted (u.m.)	sand	sapphire	scapegoat
flying	bag	-blue (u.m.)	scapulo (c.f.)
saintlike	bank	-colored (u.m.)	all one word
sales	bar	sarco (c.f.)	scar
book	bath	all one word	-clad (u.m.)
clerk	bin	sashcord	face

C 1/	l "	1	
-faced (u.m.)	#smith	jack	going
#tissue	sclero (c.f.)	-lifted (u.m.)	hound
scare	-oophoritis	nut	lane
crow	-optic	ship	#level
head	rest one word	#thread	lift
scarfpin	score	-threaded (u.m.)	#lion
scarlet	board	-turned (u.m.)	mark
-breasted (u.m.)	book	scroll	port
#fever	card	-back	quake
-red (u.m.)	sheet	head	#room
scatter	scot-free	work	scape
brain	Scoto (c.f.)	scuttlebutt	#scout
good	-Britannic, etc.	scythe-shaped	scouting
#rug	Scotsman	(u.m.)	shell
scene	scout	sea	shine
shifter	#badge	#base	shore
wright	#car	-based (u.m.)	sick
schisto (c.f.)	hood	-bathed (u.m.)	side
all one word	master	beach	stroke
schizo (c.f.)	scrap	-beaten (u.m.)	#time (clock)
all one word	basket	bed	wall
school	book	#bird	weed
bag	#paper	-blue (u.m.)	wing
#board	works	board	worn
book	scratch	#boat	worthiness
bus	brush	-born (u.m.)	-wrecked (u.m.)
children	-brusher	borne	seam
day	-coated (u.m.)	bound	blasting
-made (u.m.)	#pad	-bred (u.m.)	rend (v.)
mate	#test	coast	stitch
ship	screen	-deep (u.m.)	weld (v.)
teacher	out (n., u.m.)	dog	-welded (u.m.)
-trained (u.m.)	play	-driven (u.m.)	search
#year	screw	drome	#engine
scientifico (c.f.)	ball	-encircled (u.m.)	light
all one word	bolt	fare (food)	plane
scissor	cap	fighter	seat
bill	down (u.m.)	#floor	belt
-tailed (u.m.)	drive (v.)	folk	#cover
-winged (u.m.)	-driven (u.m.)	food	-mile
scissors	driver	front	second
hold	head	girt	-class (u.m.)
-shaped (u.m.)	hook	goer	-degree (u.m.)
		0 -	

-foot	-Christian, etc.	back (n., u.m.)	shake
	-idleness	bolt	
-guess (v.)	-indirect, etc.		down (n., u.m.)
hand (adv., u.m.)	*	down (n., u.m.)	out (n., u.m.)
#hand (n.)	annual, arid, etc.	-fair (n.)	up (n., u.m.)
#in#command	rest one word	head	shallow
-rate (u.m.)	send	-in (n., u.m.)	-draft (u.m.)
#sight	off (n., u.m.)	off (n., u.m.)	-headed (u.m.)
-sighted (u.m.)	out (n., u.m.)	-on (n., u.m.)	shame
Secret Service	senso (c.f.)	out (n., u.m.)	-crushed (u.m.)
secretary	all one word	over (n., u.m.)	faced
#general	septi (c.f.)	pin	shank
-generalcy	all one word	screw	bone
-generalship	septo (c.f.)	-stitched (u.m.)	#mill
section#man	all one word	-to (n., u.m.)	shapeup (n., u.m.)
seed	sergeant#at#arms	up (n., u.m.)	share
bed	serio (c.f.)	setter	bone
cake	all one word	-forth	broker
case	sero (c.f.)	-in	cropper
coat	all one word		holder
kin	serrate	-on	out (n., u.m.)
stalk	-ciliate (u.m.)	-out	ware
seer	-dentate (u.m.)	-to	sharp
band	server-based	-up	-angled (u.m.)
hand	service	seven	-cut (u.m.)
sucker	-connected (u.m.)	-branched (u.m.)	-edged (u.m.)
seesaw	man	fold	-freeze (u.m., v.)
seismo (c.f.)	#man#and	penny (nail)	-freezer
all one word	#woman	score	-looking (u.m.)
self	member	-shooter	naysayer
dom	person	-up (n.)	-set (u.m.)
-extracting	wide	severalfold	shod
hood	woman	shade	shooter
less	servo	-giving (u.m.)	-tailed (u.m.)
ness	accelerometer	-grown (u.m.)	-witted (u.m.)
same	amplifier	shadow	shavetail
reflexive prefix,	control	boxing	shear
use hyphen	mechanism	gram	pin
sell	motor	graph	waters
off (n., u.m.)	system	#line	shedhand
	sesqui (c.f.)	shag	sheep
out (n., u.m.) semi (pref.)	all one word	bark	biter
-		-haired (u.m.)	crook
-armor-piercing	set		
(u.m.)	-aside (n., u.m.)	#rug	dip

#dog	plaster	owner	put
faced	shiner-up	-soiled (u.m.)	star
#farm	ship	talk	shoulder
fold	breaker	walker	#belt
gate	broken	window	#blade
herder	broker	shore	-high (u.m.)
hook	builder	#bird	#strap
kill	lap	#boat	show
-kneed (u.m.)	mast	fast	boat
nose (apple)	owning	going	card
pen	-rigged (u.m.)	#leave	case
shank	shape	side	down (n., u.m.)
shear (v.)	side	short	off (n., u.m.)
shearer (n.)	wreck	-armed (u.m.)	piece
shed	shipping	bread	place
stealer	#master	cake	room
walk	#room	change (v.)	through
-white (u.m.)	shirt	changer	(printing) (n.,
sheer	band	#circuit	u.m.)
off (n., u.m.)	#sleeve	-circuited (u.m.)	up (n., u.m.)
up (n., u.m.)	tail	coming	shredout (n., u.m.)
sheet	waist	cut (n., u.m., v.)	shroud
block	shock	fall (n.)	-laid (u.m.)
flood	#therapy	-fed (u.m.)	plate
#glass	#troops	hand (writing)	shut
rock	#wave	-handed (u.m.)	away (n., u.m.)
ways	shoe	head (whale)	down (n., u.m.)
shell	black	horn (n., u.m.)	eye (n., u.m.)
back	brush	-horned (u.m.)	-in (n., u.m.)
burst	horn	-lasting (u.m.)	-mouthed (u.m.)
fire	lace	leaf (u.m.)	off (n., u.m.)
fishery	pack	-lived (u.m.)	out (n., u.m.)
#game	scraper	rib	up (u.m.)
hole	shine	run (u.m.)	shuttlecock
-like	store	sighted	sick
shocked	string	staff	bay
shelterbelt	tree	stop	bed
shield-shaped	shootoff (n., u.m.)	#term	#call
(u.m.)	shop	-term (u.m.)	#leave
shilly-shally	folk	wave (radio)	list
shin	lifter	shot	room
bone	-made (u.m.)	gun	sickle cell (n.)
guard	mark	hole	sickle-cell (u.m.)

side	setter	-decker	ski
arms	sign	-edged (u.m.)	#jump
band	off (n., u.m.)	handed	#lift
board	-on (n., u.m.)	hood	plane
bone	post	-loader	#suit
burns	up (n., u.m.)	-minded (u.m.)	skid
car	silico (c.f.)	-phase (u.m.)	lift (truck)
check	all one word	-seater	road
-cut (u.m.)	silk	stick	#row
dress (v.)	#screen	#stitch	skin
flash	-stockinged (u.m.)	tree	-clad (u.m.)
head (printing)	works	singsong	deep
hill	siltpan	sink	diver
hook	silver	head	flint
kick	-backed (u.m.)	hole	-graft (v.)
lap	beater	Sino (c.f.)	skipjack
#light (literal)	-bright (u.m.)	-Japanese, etc.	skirtmarker
light (nonliteral)	fish	sister	skullcap
#line (literal)	-gray (u.m.)	hood	sky
line (nonliteral)	-haired (u.m.)	-in-law	-blue (u.m.)
long	-lead (u.m.)	sit	gazer
note	-leaved (u.m.)		-high (u.m.)
plate	plate (v.)	down (n., u.m.)	jacker
play	-plated (u.m.)	-downer fast (n., u.m.)	lift
saddle	point (drawing)		look (v.)
show	print	-in	rocket
slip	tip	up (n., u.m.)	sail
splitting	-tongued (u.m.)	sitter	scape
step	top	-by	scraper
stitch	simon-pure (u.m.)	-in	shine
-stitched (u.m.)	simple	-out	writer
sway	-headed (u.m.)	sitting#room	slab-sided (u.m.)
swipe	-minded (u.m.)	sitz	slack
track	-rooted (u.m.)	#bath	-bake (v.)
walk	-witted (u.m.)	mark	-filled (u.m.)
wall	simulcast	six	#water
-wheeler	sin	-cylinder (u.m.)	slambang
winder	-born (u.m.)	fold	slap
sight	-bred (u.m.)	penny (nail)	bang
hole	sine#die	-ply (u.m.)	dab
read	single	-shooter	dash
saver	bar	-wheeler	down (n., u.m.)
seeing	-breasted (u.m.)	sizeup (n., u.m.)	happy

	ı	1	i
jack	cover	small	-slow (u.m.)
stick	knot	#arms	snail's#pace
-up (n., u.m.)	#law	#businessman	snake
slate	-on (n., u.m.)	pox	bite
-blue (u.m.)	#proof (printing)	-scale (u.m.)	-bitten (u.m.)
-colored (u.m.)	proof	sword	-eater
works	ring	talk	-eyed (u.m.)
slaughter	sheet	-time (u.m.)	head
house	shod	town (u.m.)	hole
pen	sole	smart	pit
slave	step	#aleck	snap
holding	stitch	-alecky (u.m.)	dragon
#market	stream	-looking (u.m.)	head
owner	-up (n., u.m.)	#set	hook
pen	washer	-tongued (u.m.)	-on (n., u.m.)
Slavo (c.f.)	slit	smashup (n., u.m.)	out (n.)
-Hungarian, etc.	shell	smearcase	ring
sledge	#skirt	smoke	roll
#hammer	slop	-blinded (u.m.)	shooter
-hammered (u.m.)	-molded (u.m.)	bomb	shot
meter	seller	chaser	-up (u.m.)
sleep	slopeways	-dried (u.m.)	snapper
-filled (u.m.)	slow	-dry (v.)	-back
talker	belly	-dyed (u.m.)	-up
walker	down (n., u.m.)	-filled (u.m.)	snipe
sleepy	-footed (u.m.)	house	bill
-eyed (u.m.)	going	jack	#eel
head	-motion (u.m.)	jumper	-nosed (u.m.)
-looking (u.m.)	mouthed	-laden (u.m.)	sniperscope
sleetstorm	poke	pot	snooperscope
sleeveband	#time	screen	snow
sleuthhound	up (n., u.m.)	stack	ball
slide	-witted (u.m.)	smoking#room	bank
film	sluice	smooth	berg
knot	box	bore	blind
#rule	#gate	-browed (u.m.)	#blindness
sling	slum	-cast (u.m.)	blink
ball	dweller	-mouthed (u.m.)	block
shot	gullion	-tongued (u.m.)	-blocked (u.m.)
slip	gum	-working (u.m.)	blower
along (u.m.)	lord	snackbar	break
band	slumber-bound	snail	capped
case	(u.m.)	-paced (u.m.)	-choked (u.m.)

clad (u.m.)	sob	sole	soup
#cover	#sister	cutter	bone
-covered (u.m.)	#story	plate	#bowl
drift	sober	somato (c.f.)	#kitchen
fall	-minded (u.m.)	all one word	#plate
field	sides	some	spoon
flake	social	day	sour
line	#work	how	belly
melt	#worker	one (anyone)	bread
-melting (u.m.)	socio (c.f.)	#one (distributive)	dough (n.)
mobile	-official	place (adv.)	faced
pack	economic, etc.	time (adv., u.m.)	-natured (u.m.)
pit	sod	#time (some time	-sweet
plow	buster	ago)	source
scape	culture	what	book
shade	#house	son-in-law	#code
shed	soda	song	#file
shine	jerk	bird	south
shoe	#pop	fest	-born (u.m.)
sled	#water	writer	bound
slide	sofa	sonobuoy	-central (u.m.)
slip	#bed	sooth	east
storm	#maker	fast	going
suit	-making (u.m.)	sayer	lander
-topped (u.m.)	-ridden (u.m.)	sore	paw
#water	soft	-eyed (u.m.)	#side
-white (u.m.)	ball	foot (n.)	-sider
snuffbox	-boiled (u.m.)	footed (u.m.)	-southeast
so	#coal	head (n., u.m.)	west
-and-so	#copy	sorry-looking (u.m.)	soybean
beit (n., conj.)	#drink	soul	sow
-called (u.m.)	#goods	-deep (u.m.)	back
-seeming (u.m.)	head	mate	belly
-SO	-pedal (v.)	-searching (u.m.)	space
soap	-shelled (u.m.)	sick	bar
box	-soap (nonliteral)	sound	craft
bubble	(v.)	-absorbing (u.m.)	-cramped (u.m.)
dish	-soaper	#field	#key
flakes	(nonliteral) (n.)	film	mark
#opera	-spoken (u.m.)	-minded (u.m.)	ship
rock	tack	off (n., u.m.)	#time
stock	ware	track	spade
suds	wood	#wave	-dug (u.m.)

foot	rest one word	fire	sports
-footed (u.m.)	sphygmo (c.f.)	splanchno (c.f.)	#editor
-shaped (u.m.)	all one word	all one word	person
Spanish	spice	splay	wear
-American (u.m.)	-burnt (u.m.)	footed	writer
-born (u.m.)	cake	mouthed	spot
-speaking (u.m.)	-laden (u.m.)	spleen	#check
spare	spider	-born (u.m.)	-checked (u.m.)
-bodied (u.m.)	#crab	sick	-face (v.)
rib	-legged	-swollen (u.m.)	light
#room	-spun (u.m.)	spleno (c.f.)	weld (v.)
spark	#web (n.)	all one word	welded (u.m.)
#plug (literal)	web (u.m., v.)	split	-welding (u.m.)
plug (nonliteral)	spike	finger	spray-washed (u.m.)
speakeasy (n.)	horn	(crustacean)	spread
spear	-kill (v.)	fruit	-eagle (u.m., v.)
cast	-pitch (v.)	mouth	head
head	spill	saw	out (n., u.m.)
-high (u.m.)	over (n., u.m.)	#second	over (n., u.m.)
-shaped (u.m.)	way	-tongued (u.m.)	-set (v.)
spectro (c.f.)	spin	up (n., u.m.)	spring
all one word	back	spoilsport	back
speech	#doctor (slang)	spondylo (c.f.)	(bookbinding)
-bereft (u.m.)	off	all one word	bok
-read (v.)	spindle	sponge	-born (u.m.)
speed	-formed (u.m.)	#bath	buck
boating	head	cake	-clean (v.)
trap	-legged (u.m.)	diver	#fever
up (n., u.m.)	legs	-diving (u.m.)	finger
spell	shanks	-shaped (u.m.)	-grown (u.m.)
binding	spine	spongio (c.f.)	halt
check	bone	all one word	head
down (n., u.m.)	-broken (u.m.)	spool#winder	-plow (v.)
-free (u.m.)	-pointed (u.m.)	spoon	-plowed (u.m.)
spend	spino (c.f.)	-beaked (u.m.)	tide (season)
-all (n.)	-olivary	-billed (u.m.)	time
thrift	rest one word	bread	trap
spermato (c.f.)	spirit	-fed (u.m.)	spritsail
all one word	-born (u.m.)	-shaped (u.m.)	spur
spermo (c.f.)	-broken (u.m.)	ways	-clad (u.m.)
all one word	#writing	sporeformer	-driven (u.m.)
spheno (c.f.)	spit	sporo (c.f.)	gall
-occipital	ball	all one word	-galled (u.m.)

-heeled (u.m.)	head	shine	steam
spy	step	shoot	boating
glass	well	-spangled (u.m.)	car
hole	stake	stroke	-cooked (u.m.)
tower	head	-studded (u.m.)	-driven (u.m.)
square	holder	#time	fitter
-bottomed (u.m.)	out (n.)	stark	pipe
-built (u.m.)	stale-worn (u.m.)	-blind (u.m.)	plant
-faced (u.m.)	stall	-mad (u.m.)	-pocket (v.)
flipper	-fed (u.m.)	-naked (u.m.)	power (n.)
head	-feed (v.)	-raving (u.m.)	#powerplant
-headed	stand	starter-off	-propelled (u.m.)
#mile	by (n., u.m.)	start-stop	roll (v.)
-rigged (u.m.)	down (n., u.m.)	startup (n., u.m.)	roller (u.m., v.)
#root	fast (n., u.m.)	stat (pref.)	ship
-set (u.m.)	-in (n., u.m.)	all one word	table
shooter	off (n., u.m.)	State	tightness
squeeze	offish	-aided (u.m.)	steamer#line
-in (n., u.m.)	out (n., u.m.)	#line	steel
out (n., u.m.)	pat	-owned (u.m.)	-blue (u.m.)
up (n., u.m.)	pipe	state	-bright (u.m.)
squirrel-headed	point	hood	-cased (u.m.)
(u.m.)	post	-of-the-art (u.m.)	clad
stackup (n., u.m.)	still (n., u.m.)	quake	-framed (u.m.)
staff	up (n., u.m.)	room	-hard (u.m.)
-herd (v.)	standard	side	head
-hour	#bearer	station#house	plate
time	bred	stato (c.f.)	works
stag	#gauge	all one word	steep
-handled (u.m.)	#time	statute	-rising (u.m.)
head	staphylo (c.f.)	-barred (u.m.)	-to (u.m.)
-headed (u.m.)	all one word	#book	-up (u.m.)
horn	star	stay	-walled (u.m.)
-horned (u.m.)	blind	-at-home (n., u.m.)	steeple
hound	bright	#bar	chase
hunter	dust	bolt	-high (u.m.)
stage	gazer	boom	jack
coach	-led (u.m.)	lace	top
hand	light	log	stem
#set	lit	pin	head
-struck (u.m.)	lite (gem)	plow	post
stair	nose (mole)	sail	winder
case	shake	wire	stencil-cutting (u.m.)
	1	1	1

steno (c.f.)	up (n., u.m.)	rack	stop
all one word	sticker	raiser	back (n.)
step	-in	-still (u.m.)	block
aunt	-on	taker	clock
child, etc.	-up	truck	cock
dance	stiff	stoke	gap
down (n., u.m.)	-backed (u.m.)	hold	hound
-in (n., u.m.)	neck	hole	list
ladder	-necked (u.m.)	stomach	log
off (n., u.m.)	still	#ache	-loss (u.m.)
-on (n., u.m.)	-admired (u.m.)	-filling (u.m.)	off (n., u.m.)
over (n., u.m.)	birth	#pump	watch
-up (n., u.m.)	born	-shaped (u.m.)	storage#room
stepping	-burn (v.)	-sick (u.m.)	store
-off (u.m.)	-fish (v.)	-weary (u.m.)	front
-out (u.m.)	-hunt (v.)	stomato (c.f.)	house
stone	#life	all one word	storm
stereo (c.f.)	-recurring (u.m.)	stone	-beaten (u.m.)
all one word	stand	biter	cock
stern	stink	blind	flow
castle	ball	brash	-laden (u.m.)
-faced (u.m.)	bomb	breaker	-swept (u.m.)
-heavy (u.m.)	bug	broke	-tossed (u.m.)
-looking (u.m.)	damp	brood	#trooper
most	pot	cast	wind
post	stir	-cold (u.m.)	#window
#wheel	about (n., u.m.)	#crab	storyteller
-wheeler	fry	crusher	stout
sterno (c.f.)	-up (n., u.m.)	cutter	-armed (u.m.)
all one word	stitch	-dead (u.m.)	heartedness
stetho (c.f.)	down (n., u.m.)	-deaf (u.m.)	-minded (u.m.)
all one word	up (n., u.m.)	-eyed (u.m.)	stove
stew	stock	head	brush
pan	breeder	layer	-heated (u.m.)
pot	broker	lifter	pipe
stick	#car	mason	stow
-at-it (n., u.m.)	feeder	shot	away (n., u.m.)
fast (n.)	holding	#wall (n.)	down (n., u.m.)
-in-the-mud (n.,	jobber	wall (u.m., v.)	straddle
u.m.)	judging	#writing	back
out (n., u.m.)	list	stony	-face (v.)
pin	pile	-eyed (u.m.)	-legged (u.m.)
-to-it-iveness (n.)	pot	#land	

	1		
straight	#vote	strong	subter (pref.)
away	walker	-arm (u.m., v.)	all one word
-backed (u.m.)	-yellow (u.m.)	back (nautical)	such-and-such
-cut (u.m.)	stray	-backed (u.m.)	suck
edge	away (n., u.m.)	box	-egg (n., u.m.)
-edged (u.m.)	#line	hold	hole
#face	mark	#man (literal)	-in (n., u.m.)
-faced (u.m.)	stream	man (nonliteral)	sugar
forward	bank	-minded (u.m.)	#beet
head	bed	point (n.)	#bowl
-legged (u.m.)	flow	stub	cake
#line	head	runner	cane
-lined (u.m.)	lined	-toed (u.m.)	-coat (v.)
-out (n., u.m.)	side	wing	-coated (u.m.)
-spoken (u.m.)	street	stubble	-cured (u.m.)
#time	-bred (u.m.)	#field	loaf
-up (u.m.)	car	-mulch (u.m.)	plum
-up-and-down	cleaner	stubbornminded	spoon
(u.m.)	-cleaning (u.m.)	stucco-fronted	sweet
strainslip	sweeper	(u.m.)	#water
strait	walker	stuck	works
-chested (u.m.)	strepto (c.f.)	up (n., u.m.)	sulfa (c.f.)
jacket	all one word	-uppish (u.m.)	all one word
laced	stretchout (n., u.m.)	stud	sulfo (c.f.)
stranglehold	strike	bolt	all one word
strap	breaker	horse	sulfon (c.f.)
-bolt (v.)	-in (n., u.m.)	mare	all one word
hanger	out (n., u.m.)	stuntman	sullen
head	-over (n., u.m.)	sturdy-limbed (u.m.)	hearted
-shaped (u.m.)	striker	stylebook	-natured (u.m.)
watch	-in	stylo (c.f.)	summer
strato (c.f.)		all one word	-clad (u.m.)
all one word	-out	sub (pref.)	-dried (u.m.)
straw	-over	-Himalayan, etc.	-fallow (v.)
berry#field	string	machinegun	-made (u.m.)
boss	course	#rosa, #specie, etc.	tide
-built (u.m.)	halt	-subcommittee	time (season)
hat	#proof (density)	polar, standard,	#time (daylight
#poll	ways	etc.	saving)
-roofed (u.m.)	strip	rest one word	sun
splitting	cropping	subject	-baked (u.m.)
stack	#mine	-object	bath
-stuffed (u.m.)	tease	-objectivity	-bathed (u.m.)

beam	super (pref.)	swash	swift
blind	-Christian, etc.	buckler	foot
#blindness	#high frequency	plate	-footed (u.m.)
bonnet	-superlative	sway	-handed (u.m.)
bow	highway, market,	back (n., u.m.)	-running (u.m.)
break	etc.	-backed (u.m.)	swill
burn	rest one word	bar	bowl
burst	Super Bowl	-brace (v.)	tub
-cured (u.m.)	supra (pref.)	swearer-in	swimsuit
dial	-abdominal	sweat	swine
dog	-acromial	band	-backed (u.m.)
down	-aerial	#gland	bread
dress	anal	shirt	head
-dried (u.m.)	-angular	shop	herd
-dry (v.)	-arytenoid	sweep	pox
fall	-auditory	back (aviation)	sty
fast	-auricular	(n., u.m.)	swing
glade	-axillary	forward	back (n., u.m.)
glare	-Christian, etc.	(aviation) (n.,	bar
glow	rest one word	u.m.)	dingle
#hat	sur (pref.)	stake	#gate
lamp	all one word	through (n., u.m.)	#shift
lit	sure	washer	stock
quake	-fire (u.m.)	sweet	tree
ray	-footed (u.m.)	bread	swingle
rise	-slow	-breathed (u.m.)	bar
scald	surf	brier	tree
set	-battered (u.m.)	faced	switch
shade	board	heart	back
shine	#fish	meat	blade
-shot (u.m.)	-swept (u.m.)	mouthed	box
shower	swallow	-pickle (v.)	gear
spot	pipe	-sour	plate
stricken	-tailed (u.m.)	swell	plug
stroke	swampside	-butted (u.m.)	rail
struck	swan	head	tender
tan	-bosomed (u.m.)	toad	swivel
#time (measure)	dive	swelled-headed	#chair
time (dawn)	herd	(u.m.)	eye
up	mark	swept	-eyed (u.m.)
sunny	neck	back (n., u.m.)	-hooked (u.m.)
-looking (u.m.)	song	forward (n., u.m.)	sword
-natured (u.m.)	swansdown	wing (n., u.m.)	-armed (u.m.)
(	1	1 5 7	i ' '

bearer	talk	out (n., u.m.)	ship
#belt	top	over (n., u.m.)	town
bill	ware	up (n., u.m.)	tap
fishing	tachy (c.f.)	taker	bolt
play	all one word	-down	dance
-shaped (u.m.)	tag	-in	hole
stick	-affixing (u.m.)	-off	net
syn (pref.)	lock	-over	off (n., u.m.)
all one word	rag	-up	-riveted (u.m.)
synchro	sore	tale	room
cyclotron	tail	bearer	root
flash	band	carrier	-tap
mesh	#coat	teller	water
tron	-cropped (u.m.)	talkfest	tape
Syro (c.f.)	#end	talking-to (n.)	#deck
-Arabian, etc.	-ender	tall	#drive
phenician	first	boy (n.)	#measure
-	foremost	-built (u.m.)	string
Т	gate	-looking (u.m.)	-tied (u.m.)
T	head	tallow	taper
-ball	-heavy (u.m.)	-faced (u.m.)	bearer
-bandage	hook	-pale (u.m.)	-fashion (u.m.)
-beam	lamp	tally	-headed (u.m.)
-boat	pin	#board	tapestry
-bone	pipe	#clerk	-covered (u.m.)
-cloth	race	ho	#maker
-iron	spin	#room	-making (u.m.)
-man	stock	#sheet	#work
-rail	-tied (u.m.)	tame	tar
-scale (score)	twister	-grown (u.m.)	-brand (v.)
-shape	-up (n., u.m.)	-looking (u.m.)	brush
-shaped	wheel	tan	-coal (u.m.)
-shirt	wind	bark	-dipped (u.m.)
-square	tailor	works	#paper
table	-cut (u.m.)	tangent	-paved (u.m.)
cloth	made (u.m.)	-cut (v.)	pot
-cut (u.m.)	-suited (u.m.)	-saw (v.)	-roofed (u.m.)
cutter	take	tangle	works
-cutting (u.m.)	-all (n.)	foot	tariff-protected
-formed (u.m.)	down (n., u.m.)	-haired (u.m.)	(u.m.)
#linen	-home (n., u.m.)	tank	tarpaulin
-shaped (u.m.)	-in (n., u.m.)	#car	-covered (u.m.)
spoon	off (n., u.m.)	farm	#maker

-making (u.m.)	tear	-looking (u.m.)	by
tarso (c.f.)	bomb	tenement#house	for
all one word	-dimmed (u.m.)	tent	fore
task	down (n., u.m.)	-dotted (u.m.)	from
#force	drop	pole	in
setter	#gas	-sheltered (u.m.)	inafter
tattletale	-off (n., u.m.)	#show	inbefore
tauro (c.f.)	-out (n., u.m.)	terra	into
all one word	pit	#cotta	on
tax	sheet	#firma	over
-burdened (u.m.)	stain	mara	through
#collector	-stained (u.m.)	terrace-fashion	tofore
eater	teen	(u.m.)	under
-exempt (u.m.)	age (u.m.)	test-fly (v.)	until
-free (u.m.)	ager	tetra (c.f.)	unto
gatherer	teeter-totter	all one word	upon
O	tele (c.f.)	thanksgiving	with
-laden (u.m.)	all one word	thatch-roofed	thermo (c.f.)
paid	teleo (c.f.)	(u.m.)	all one word
payer	all one word	text	thick
#roll	tell	-based	-blooded (u.m.)
-supported (u.m.)	tale	#file	head
taxi	truth	#mode	-looking (u.m.)
auto	telo (c.f.)	theater	pated
bus	all one word	goer	set (n., u.m.)
cab	tempest-rocked	going	skinned
meter	(u.m.)	thenceforth	skull (n.)
stand	temporo (c.f.)	theo (c.f.)	skulled
tea	-occipital	all one word	-tongued (u.m.)
ball	rest one word	theologico (c.f.)	wit
cake	ten	all one word	-witted (u.m.)
cart	fold	there	-wooded (u.m.)
-colored (u.m.)	penny (nail)	about(s)	-woven (u.m.)
cup	pins	above	thin
dish	tender	across	-clad (u.m.)
kettle	#boat	after	down (n., u.m.)
#party	-faced (u.m.)	against	set (u.m.)
pot	foot	among	-voiced (u.m.)
room	-footed (u.m.)	around	thio (c.f.)
-scented (u.m.)	footish	at	all one word
spoon	-handed (u.m.)	away	third
taster	heart	before	-class (u.m.)
teamplay	loin	between	-degree (u.m.)

hand (adv., u.m.)	-dimensional	screw	waiter
#house	(u.m.)	stall	-worn (u.m.)
-rate (u.m.)	fold	string	tie
-rater	-in-hand	sucker	back (n.)
thistledown	-master	tack	#bar
thoraco (c.f.)	penny (nail)	worn	#beam
all one word	-piece (u.m.)	thunder	down (n., u.m.)
thorn	-ply (u.m.)	bearer	-in (n., u.m.)
back	score	blast	-on (n., u.m.)
bill	some	bolt	-out (n., u.m.)
-covered (u.m.)	-spot	clap	pin
-set (u.m.)	-square	cloud	-plater
-strewn (u.m.)	-striper	head	#rod
tail	throat	peal	#tack
thorough	band	shower	up (n., u.m.)
-bind (v.)	cutter	storm	tierlift (truck)
bred	latch	struck	tiger
-dried (u.m.)	strap	thymo (c.f.)	
fare	thrombo (c.f.)	all one word	eye #1:1
going	all one word	thyro (c.f.)	#lily
-made (u.m.)	through	all one word	#shark
paced	out	tibio (c.f.)	-striped (u.m.)
pin	put	all one word	tight
thought	#road	tick	-belted (u.m.)
-free (u.m.)	way	#feed	fisted
-out (u.m.)	throw	seed	-fitting (u.m.)
-provoking (u.m.)	away (n., u.m.)	tacktoe	lipped
thousand	back (n., u.m.)	tick	rope
fold	-in (n., u.m.)	tock	-set (u.m.)
-headed (u.m.)	#line	ticket	-tie (v.)
-legged (u.m.)	off (n., u.m.)	#seller	wad
legs (worm)	-on (n., u.m.)	-selling (u.m.)	wire
thrall	out (n., u.m.)	#writer	tile
born	over (n., u.m.)	tidal#wave	-clad (u.m.)
dom	-weight	tiddlywink	#drain
-less	thrust-pound	tide	-red (u.m.)
thread	thumb	flat	setter
bare	#hole	head	works
-leaved (u.m.)	-made (u.m.)	mark	wright
worn	mark	-marked (u.m.)	tilt
three	-marked (u.m.)	race	hammer
-bagger	nail	table	rotor
-cornered (u.m.)	print	-tossed (u.m.)	up (n.)
cornered (d.m.)	Pilit	tossea (a.m.)	up (11.)

timber	#fish (torpedo)	shaper	toil
-built (u.m.)	foil	some	-beaten (u.m.)
head	horn	tit	some
-headed (u.m.)	kettle	bit	-stained (u.m.)
jack	-lined (u.m.)	#for#tat	-weary (u.m.)
line	man	mouse	worn
-propped (u.m.)	pan	titano (c.f.)	toilet#room
#wolf	plate	all one word	toll
wright	-plated (u.m.)	tithe	bar
time	pot	book	#bridge
bomb	-roofed (u.m.)	-free (u.m.)	#call
born	type	payer	gate
card	-white (u.m.)	right	gatherer
clerk	tinsel	title	house
clock	-bright (u.m.)	holder	#line
-consuming (u.m.)	-clad (u.m.)	-holding (u.m.)	payer
frame	-covered (u.m.)	#page	road
-honored (u.m.)	#town	winner	taker
keeper	tintblock (printing)	-winning (u.m.)	tom
killer	tip	to	boy
lag	burn	-and-fro	cat
lock	cart	-do (n.)	foolery
outs (n., u.m.)	-curled (u.m.)	#wit	-tom
piece	head	toad	tommy
pleaser	-in (n., u.m.)	back	gun
saver	most	-bellied (u.m.)	rot
server	off (n., u.m.)	blind	ton
sheet	over (n., u.m.)	fish	-hour
slip	staff	-green (u.m.)	-kilometer
slot	stock	stool	-mile
span	tank	tobacco	-mileage
-stamp (v.)	-tap	#grower	-mile-day
study	toe	-growing (u.m.)	tone
table	top	#shop	-deaf (u.m.)
taker	-up (u.m.)	toe	down (n., u.m.)
waster	tire	cap	-producing (u.m.)
worn	changer	#dance	up (n., u.m.)
tin	dresser	hold	tongue
-bearing (u.m.)	fitter	-in (n., u.m.)	-baited (u.m.)
#can	#gauge	-mark (v.)	-bound (u.m.)
-capped (u.m.)	#iron	nail	-free (u.m.)
-clad (u.m.)	-mile	plate	-lash (v.)
#cup	#rack	print	#lashing

play -shaped (u.m.) shot -set (u.m.) sore -shaped (u.m.) -shaped (u.m.) sore -shaped (u.m.) -set (u.m.)  sore -shaped (u.m.) sore -shaped (u.m.)  torpedo -shall lot torpedo -shaped (u.m.) some -shaped (u.m.)  some -shaped (u.m.) -shaped (u.m.)  tool -tied -tied -twister -twister -twisting (u.m.)  tool -coat -coat -coat -coat -coat -coat -drain (v.) -me-not (n., u.m.) -sized (u.m.) -sized (u.
shot sore -shaped (u.m.) #boat lot ship tack some #room ship torquemeter side tip top toss site #twister #brass pot talk -wash touch touch towns fellow bag cutter #and#go fellow back (n., u.m.) people box -drain (v.) down (n., u.m.) toy builder #drawer hole #dog #dog #chest dress (v.) -me-not (n., u.m.) town dresser full reader stone filter gallant (n., u.m.) stone all one word teach for touch town factor all one word track for touch towns full one word track for touch towns for the filter full filter for gallant (n., u.m.) stone all one word track for touch town the full one word track for the follow people town track for the filter for gallant (n., u.m.) stone all one word track for the full for tough all one word track for the full for the filter for the full full for the full full full for the full full full full full full full ful
sore
tack         some         #room         ship           -tied         wash         torquemeter         side           tip         top         toss         site           #twister         #brass         pot         talk           -twisting (u.m.)         cap (n.)         up (n., u.m.)         -weary (u.m.)           tool         coat         touch         towns           bag         cutter         #and#go         fellow           #belt         #dog         back (n., u.m.)         people           box         -drain (v.)         down (n., u.m.)         toy           builder         #drawer         hole         #dog           #chest         dress (v.)         -me-not (n., u.m.)         -sized (u.m.)           crib         flight (u.m.)         pan         town           dresser         full         reader         tracheo (c.f.)           fitter         gallant (n., u.m.)         stone         all one word           #grinder         -graft (v.)         up (n., u.m.)         trachy (c.f.)           -grinding (u.m.)         hat         -headed (u.m.)         track
-tied         wash         torquemeter         side           tip         top         toss         site           #twister         #brass         pot         talk           -twisting (u.m.)         cap (n.)         up (n., u.m.)         -weary (u.m.)           tool         coat         touch         towns           bag         cutter         #and#go         fellow           #belt         #dog         back (n., u.m.)         people           box         -drain (v.)         down (n., u.m.)         toy           builder         #drawer         hole         #dog           #chest         dress (v.)         -me-not (n., u.m.)         -sized (u.m.)           crib         flight (u.m.)         pan         town           dresser         full         reader         tracheo (c.f.)           fitter         gallant (n., u.m.)         stone         all one word           #grinder         -graft (v.)         up (n., u.m.)         tracheo (c.f.)           -grinding (u.m.)         hat         tough         all one word           -headed (u.m.)         -headed (u.m.)         track
tip         top         toss         site           #twister         #brass         pot         talk           -twisting (u.m.)         cap (n.)         up (n., u.m.)         -weary (u.m.)           tool         coat         touch         towns           bag         cutter         #and#go         fellow           #belt         #dog         back (n., u.m.)         people           box         -drain (v.)         down (n., u.m.)         toy           builder         #drawer         hole         #dog           #chest         dress (v.)         -me-not (n., u.m.)         -sized (u.m.)           crib         flight (u.m.)         pan         town           dresser         full         reader         tracheo (c.f.)           fitter         gallant (n., u.m.)         stone         all one word           #grinder         -graft (v.)         up (n., u.m.)         trachy (c.f.)           -grinding (u.m.)         hat         tough         all one word           head         -hatted (u.m.)         -headed (u.m.)         track
#twister #brass pot talk -twisting (u.m.) cap (n.) up (n., u.m.) -weary (u.m.)  tool coat touch towns  bag cutter #and#go fellow  #belt #dog back (n., u.m.) people  box -drain (v.) down (n., u.m.) toy  builder #drawer hole #dog  #chest dress (v.) -me-not (n., u.m.) -sized (u.m.)  crib flight (u.m.) pan town  dresser full reader tracheo (c.f.)  fitter gallant (n., u.m.) stone all one word  #grinder -graft (v.) up (n., u.m.) trachy (c.f.)  -grinding (u.m.) hat tough all one word  head -hatted (u.m.) -headed (u.m.) track
-twisting (u.m.)         cap (n.)         up (n., u.m.)         -weary (u.m.)           tool         coat         touch         towns           bag         cutter         #and#go         fellow           #belt         #dog         back (n., u.m.)         people           box         -drain (v.)         down (n., u.m.)         toy           builder         #drawer         hole         #dog           #chest         dress (v.)         -me-not (n., u.m.)         -sized (u.m.)           crib         flight (u.m.)         pan         town           dresser         full         reader         tracheo (c.f.)           fitter         gallant (n., u.m.)         stone         all one word           #grinder         -graft (v.)         up (n., u.m.)         trachy (c.f.)           -grinding (u.m.)         hat         tough         all one word           head         -hatted (u.m.)         -headed (u.m.)         track
tool         coat         touch         towns           bag         cutter         #and#go         fellow           #belt         #dog         back (n., u.m.)         people           box         -drain (v.)         down (n., u.m.)         toy           builder         #drawer         hole         #dog           #chest         dress (v.)         -me-not (n., u.m.)         -sized (u.m.)           crib         flight (u.m.)         pan         town           dresser         full         reader         tracheo (c.f.)           fitter         gallant (n., u.m.)         stone         all one word           #grinder         -graft (v.)         up (n., u.m.)         trachy (c.f.)           -grinding (u.m.)         hat         tough         all one word           head         -hatted (u.m.)         -headed (u.m.)         track
bag         cutter         #and#go         fellow           #belt         #dog         back (n., u.m.)         people           box         -drain (v.)         down (n., u.m.)         toy           builder         #drawer         hole         #dog           #chest         dress (v.)         -me-not (n., u.m.)         -sized (u.m.)           crib         flight (u.m.)         pan         town           dresser         full         reader         tracheo (c.f.)           fitter         gallant (n., u.m.)         stone         all one word           #grinder         -graft (v.)         up (n., u.m.)         trachy (c.f.)           -grinding (u.m.)         hat         tough         all one word           head         -hatted (u.m.)         -headed (u.m.)         track
#belt #dog back (n., u.m.) people box down (n., u.m.) toy builder #drawer hole #dog  #chest dress (v.) -me-not (n., u.m.) town crib flight (u.m.) pan town dresser full reader tracheo (c.f.) fitter gallant (n., u.m.) stone all one word #grinder -graft (v.) up (n., u.m.) trachy (c.f.) -grinding (u.m.) hat tough all one word head -hatted (u.m.) -headed (u.m.) track
box         -drain (v.)         down (n., u.m.)         toy           builder         #drawer         hole         #dog           #chest         dress (v.)         -me-not (n., u.m.)         -sized (u.m.)           crib         flight (u.m.)         pan         town           dresser         full         reader         tracheo (c.f.)           fitter         gallant (n., u.m.)         stone         all one word           #grinder         -graft (v.)         up (n., u.m.)         trachy (c.f.)           -grinding (u.m.)         hat         tough         all one word           head         -hatted (u.m.)         -headed (u.m.)         track
builder         #drawer         hole         #dog           #chest         dress (v.)         -me-not (n., u.m.)         -sized (u.m.)           crib         flight (u.m.)         pan         town           dresser         full         reader         tracheo (c.f.)           fitter         gallant (n., u.m.)         stone         all one word           #grinder         -graft (v.)         up (n., u.m.)         trachy (c.f.)           -grinding (u.m.)         hat         tough         all one word           head         -hatted (u.m.)         -headed (u.m.)         track
#chest         dress (v.)         -me-not (n., u.m.)         -sized (u.m.)           crib         flight (u.m.)         pan         town           dresser         full         reader         tracheo (c.f.)           fitter         gallant (n., u.m.)         stone         all one word           #grinder         -graft (v.)         up (n., u.m.)         trachy (c.f.)           -grinding (u.m.)         hat         tough         all one word           head         -hatted (u.m.)         -headed (u.m.)         track
crib flight (u.m.) pan town dresser full reader tracheo (c.f.) fitter gallant (n., u.m.) stone all one word #grinder -graft (v.) up (n., u.m.) trachy (c.f.) -grinding (u.m.) hat tough all one word head -hatted (u.m.) -headed (u.m.) track
dresser full reader tracheo (c.f.) fitter gallant (n., u.m.) stone all one word #grinder -graft (v.) up (n., u.m.) trachy (c.f.) -grinding (u.m.) hat tough all one word head -hatted (u.m.) -headed (u.m.) track
fitter gallant (n., u.m.) stone all one word  #grinder -graft (v.) up (n., u.m.) trachy (c.f.)  -grinding (u.m.) hat tough -headed (u.m.) track
#grinder -graft (v.) up (n., u.m.) trachy (c.f.) -grinding (u.m.) hat tough all one word head -hatted (u.m.) -headed (u.m.) track
-grinding (u.m.) hat tough all one word head -hatted (u.m.) headed (u.m.) track
head -hatted (u.m.) -headed (u.m.) track
holding heavy -looking (u.m.) barrow
kit kick -skinned (u.m.) hound
mark knot <b>tow</b> layer
plate liner away mark
post mark boat -mile
rack mast head side
setter milk line walker
shed most mast tractor-trailer
slide notch (nonliteral) #net <b>trade</b>
stock rail -netter #board
tooth rope path -in (n., u.m.)
ache sail rope -laden (u.m.)
#and#nail -secret (u.m.) #truck -made (u.m.)
-billed (u.m.) -shaped (u.m.) tower mark
brush side (naut.) -high (u.m.) #name
drawer soil -shaped (u.m.) off
mark topo (c.f.) town #union
-marked (u.m.) all one word -bred (u.m.) #wind
paste topsy-turvy #clerk tradespeople
pick <b>torch</b> #crier traffic-mile
plate bearer -dotted (u.m.) tragico (c.f.)
powder #holder folk all one word

. 4	l , 1	1 1	1/ 1/
trail	tread	-looking (u.m.)	-eyed (u.m.)
blazer	mill	trinitro (c.f.)	-false
breaker	wheel	all one word	love (n., u.m.)
-marked (u.m.)	treasure	trip	penny (n.)
side	-filled (u.m.)	-free (u.m.)	#time
sight	#house	hammer	trunk
-weary (u.m.)	-laden (u.m.)	wire	back
train	treaty	triple	nose
bearer	breaker	-acting (u.m.)	trust
bolt	-sealed (u.m.)	back (sofa)	breaking
crew	tree	branched (u.m.)	buster
line	#belt	-edged (u.m.)	-controlled (u.m.)
-mile	-clad (u.m.)	fold	-ridden (u.m.)
shed	#line	#play	worthy
sick	-lined (u.m.)	-tailed (u.m.)	truth
stop	nail	tree (n.)	-filled (u.m.)
tram	-ripe (u.m.)	trolley#line	lover
-borne (u.m.)	scape	troop	seeker
car	top	ship	-seeking (u.m.)
rail	#trunk	#train	teller
road	trellis-covered	tropho (c.f.)	try
way	(u.m.)	all one word	-on (n., u.m.)
•	trench	tropo (c.f.)	out (n., u.m.)
trans (pref.)	back	all one word	square
alpine	coat	trouble	works
atlantic	foot	-free (u.m.)	tube
-Canadian, etc.	#knife	-haunted (u.m.)	-eyed (u.m.)
gender	mouth	maker	-fed (u.m.)
pacific	#plow	shooter	head
uranic	-plowed (u.m.)	some	-nosed (u.m.)
rest one word	tri (c.f.)	truce	works
transit#time	-iodide	breaker	tuberculo (c.f.)
trap	-ply (u.m.)	-seeking (u.m.)	all one word
door	state, etc.	truck	tubo (c.f.)
fall	rest one word	driver	-ovarian
shoot	tribespeople	#farm	rest one word
trashrack	tribo (c.f.)	-mile	tug
travel	all one word	stop	boat
-bent (u.m.)	tricho (c.f.)	true	#of#war
time	all one word	-aimed (u.m.)	tumbledown (n.,
-tired (u.m.)	trim	-blue (u.m.)	u.m.)
-worn (u.m.)	-cut (u.m.)	born	tune
trawlnet	-dressed (u.m.)	bred	out (n., u.m.)

	l .	Ι	1 .
up (n., u.m.)	sheet	two	-magnet
tunnel	sole	-a-day (u.m.)	-rail
-boring (u.m.)	stile	-along (n.)	-shaped
-shaped (u.m.)	stitch	(bookbinding)	-tube
#vision	table	-decker	ultra (pref.)
turbo (c.f.)	tail	-faced (u.m.)	-ambitious,
-ramjet (u.m.)	-to (n.)	fold	-atomic, etc.
rest one word	under (n., u.m.)	-handed (u.m.)	-English, etc.
turf	up (n., u.m.)	penny (nail)	high#frequency
-built (u.m.)	turned	-piece (u.m.)	-high-speed (u.m.)
-clad (u.m.)	-back (u.m.)	-ply (u.m.)	#valorem, etc.
-covered (u.m.)	-down (u.m.)	score	rest one word
#war	-in (u.m.)	-seater	un (pref.)
turkey	-on (u.m.)	some	-American, etc.
back	-out (u.m.)	-spot	called-for (u.m.)
#buzzard	-over (u.m.)	-step (dance)	heard-of (u.m.)
#gobbler	turner-off	-striper	-ionized (u.m.)
#trot	turtle	-suiter	self-conscious
Turko (c.f.)	back	-up (n., u.m.)	sent-for (u.m.)
-Greek, etc.	dove	-way (u.m.)	thought-of (u.m.)
rest one word	-footed (u.m.)	-wheeler	rest one word
turn	neck (u.m.)	tympano (c.f.)	under
about (n., u.m.)	#shell	all one word	age (deficit)
about-face	twelve	type	age (younger)
again (n., u.m.)	fold	case	(n., u.m.)
around (n., u.m.)	penny (nail)	cast	#cultivation
back (n., u.m.)	score	cutter	(tillage)
buckle	twenty	face	cultivation
cap	-first	foundry	(insufficient)
coat	fold	script	#secretary
cock	-one	set	-secretaryship
down (n., u.m.)	twice	write (v.)	way
gate	-born (u.m.)	typho (c.f.)	as prefix, one
-in (n., u.m.)	-reviewed (u.m.)	all one word	word
key	-told (u.m.)	typo (c.f.)	uni (c.f.)
off (n., u.m.)	twin	all one word	-univalent
out (n., u.m.)	#boat	tyro (c.f.)	rest one word
		' ' '	
	born	all one word	union
over (n., u.m.)	born -engined (u.m.)	all one word	union -made (u.m.)
over (n., u.m.) pike	born -engined (u.m.) fold	all one word	-made (u.m.)
over (n., u.m.) pike pin	-engined (u.m.) fold		-made (u.m.) #shop
over (n., u.m.) pike pin plate	-engined (u.m.) fold -jet (u.m.)	U U	-made (u.m.) #shop unit-set (u.m.)
over (n., u.m.) pike pin	-engined (u.m.) fold	U	-made (u.m.) #shop

-and-coming	urethro (c.f.)	vegeto (c.f.)	#squad
(u.m.)	all one word	all one word	#versa
#and#up	<b>uro</b> (c.f.)	vein	#warden
beat	all one word	-mining (u.m.)	videotape
coast	used-car (u.m.)	-streaked (u.m.)	Vietcong
country	user	vellum	view
dip	#default	-bound (u.m.)	finder
end (v.)	-defined	-covered (u.m.)	point
front (n., u.m.)	-friendly	velvet	vile-natured (u.m.)
grade	#group	-crimson (u.m.)	vine
gradient	#interface	-draped (u.m.)	-clad (u.m.)
keep	utero (c.f.)	-green (u.m.)	-covered (u.m.)
lift	all one word	-pile (u.m.)	dresser
load	.,	venthole	growing
-over (u.m.)	V	ventri (c.f.)	stalk
rate	V	all one word	vinegar
river	-connection	ventro (c.f.)	-flavored (u.m.)
	-curve	all one word	-hearted (u.m.)
stairs	-engine	vertebro (c.f.)	-making (u.m.)
state	-neck	all one word	-tart (u.m.)
stream	-shaped	vesico (c.f.)	violet
swing	-type	all one word	-blue (u.m.)`
take	vacant	vibro (c.f.)	-colored (u.m.)
tight (n., u.m.)	-eyed (u.m.)	all one word	-eared (u.m.)
#tight (v.)	-looking (u.m.)	vice	#ray
-to-date (u.m.)	-minded (u.m.)	#admiral	-rayed (u.m.)
#to#date	vagino (c.f.)	-admiralty	#water
town	all one word	#consul	violin-shaped (u.m.)
trend	vainglorious	-consulate	vis-a-vis
turn	valve	#governor	viscero (c.f.)
wind	-grinding (u.m.)	-governorship	all one word
upper	-in-head (u.m.)	#minister	vitreo (c.f.)
case (printing)	van	-ministry	all one word
#class	driver	-presidency	vitro (c.f.)
classman	guard	#president	-clarain
crust (n., u.m.)	pool	-president-elect	-di-trina
cut	vapor	-presidential	rest one word
#deck	-filled (u.m.)	#rector	vivi (c.f.)
most	-heating (u.m.)	-rectorship	all one word
urano (c.f.)	#lock	regal	voice
all one word	vase-shaped (u.m.)	-regency	-capable
uretero (c.f.)	vaso (c.f.)	#regent	#mail
all one word	all one word	royal	over (n.)

rvallarda all	#room		f=== (====)
volleyball	#room	warm	-free (u.m.)
volt	#woman	blooded	glass
ammeter	walk	-clad (u.m.)	tower
-ampere	around (n., u.m.)	up (n., u.m.)	water
-coulomb	away (n., u.m.)	warmed-over (u.m.)	bag
meter	-on (n., u.m.)	warpsetter	bank
ohmmeter	out (n., u.m.)	wash	bearer
-second	over (n., u.m.)	basin	-bearing (u.m.)
volta (c.f.)	up (n., u.m.)	basket	-beaten (u.m.)
all one word	way	board	-bind (v.)
vote	walkie-talkie	bowl	#blister
-casting (u.m.)	wall	cloth	bloom
getter	board	-colored (u.m.)	buck
-getting (u.m.)	eyed	day	color
vow	flower	down (n., u.m.)	-colored (u.m.)
-bound (u.m.)	-like	-in (n., u.m.)	-cool (v.)
breaker	-painting (u.m.)	off (n., u.m.)	-cooled (u.m.)
-pledged (u.m.)	paper	out (n., u.m.)	#cooler
vulvo (c.f.)	plate	pot	course
all one word	-sided (u.m.)	rag	craft
147	walled	#sale	dog
W	-in (u.m.)	stand	-drinking (u.m.)
W	-up (u.m.)	tray	drop
-engine	war	trough	fall
-shaped	#dance	tub	-filled (u.m.)
-surface	-disabled (u.m.)	up (n., u.m.)	finder
-type	-famed (u.m.)	washed	flood
wage	fare	-out (u.m.)	flow
#earner	head	-up (u.m.)	fog
-earning (u.m.)	horse (nonliteral)	waste	-free (u.m.)
#scale	like	basket	front
worker	monger	land	gate
waist	-made (u.m.)	leaf	head
band	path	(bookbinding)	hole
belt	plane	paper	horse
cloth	ship	site	-inch
coat	-swept (u.m.)	word	-laden (u.m.)
-deep (u.m.)	#time (clock)	watch	lane
-high (u.m.)	time (duration)	band	leaf
line	ward	case	#line
waiting	#heeler	#chain	-lined (u.m.)
#list	robe	cry	locked
#man	ship	dog	log

#main	-billed (u.m.)	nroofing	-doing (n., u.m.)
#mam mark	chandler	proofing -stain (v.)	-doing (ii., u.iii.) -drained (u.m.)
melon	cloth	` ′	
		strip	-drilling (u.m.) #field
meter	-coated (u.m.)	-stripped (u.m.)	
plant	-headed (u.m.)	worn	-grown (u.m.)
pot	#paper	web	head
power	#stone	-fingered (u.m.)	-headed (u.m.)
proofing	-yellow (u.m.)	foot	hole
quake	way	-footed (u.m.)	-informed (u.m.)
-rot (v.)	back (n., u.m.)	master	-known (u.m.)
scape	beam	#page	-looking (u.m.)
shed	bill	#press	-meaner
shoot	down (n., u.m.)	site	-nigh (u.m.)
side	farer	wedge	-off (u.m.)
-soak (v.)	fellow	-billed (u.m.)	-read (u.m.)
-soaked (u.m.)	going	-shaped (u.m.)	-set-up (u.m.)
-soluble (u.m.)	laid	weed	-settled (u.m.)
spout	lay	-choked (u.m.)	side
stain	mark	-hidden (u.m.)	-spoken (u.m.)
#table	post	hook	spring
tight	side	killer	stead
wall	-sore (u.m.)	week	-thought-of (u.m.)
works	-up (n., u.m.)	day	-thought-out
worn	worn	end	(u.m.)
watt	weak	-ender	-to-do (u.m.)
-hour	-backed (u.m.)	-ending (u.m.)	-wisher
meter	-eyed (u.m.)	long (u.m.)	-wishing (u.m.)
-second	handed	-old (u.m.)	-worn (u.m.)
wave	-kneed (u.m.)	weigh	welterweight
-cut (u.m.)	minded	bridge	werewolf
form	mouthed	-in (n., u.m.)	west
guide	weather	lock	bound
-lashed (u.m.)	beaten	out (n., u.m.)	-central (u.m.)
length	blown	shaft	#end
mark	-borne (u.m.)	well	-faced (u.m.)
meter	break	-being (n.)	going
-moist (u.m.)	cock	-beloved (u.m.)	most
-on (n., u.m.)	glass	-born (u.m.)	-northwest
off (n., u.m.)	going	-bound (u.m.)	#side
-swept (u.m.)	-hardened (u.m.)	-bred (u.m.)	-sider
-worn (u.m.)	#house	-clad (u.m.)	wet
wax	-marked (u.m.)	-deserving (u.m.)	#bar
bill	most	-doer	-cheeked (u.m.)

-clean (v.)	#load	#hand	-eyed (u.m.)
land	-made (u.m.)	lash	face
-nurse (v.)	plate	-marked (u.m.)	-faced (u.m.)
pack	race	post	foot (n.)
wash	spin	saw	-footed (u.m.)
whale	stitch	-shaped (u.m.)	handed
back	-worn (u.m.)	socket	-hard (u.m.)
-backed (u.m.)	wright	staff	head
bone	when	stalk	-headed (u.m.)
-built (u.m.)	ever	stall	-hot (u.m.)
-headed (u.m.)	-issued (u.m.)	stick	#line
-mouthed (u.m.)	soever	stitch	out (u.m., v.)
ship	where	stock	pot
wharf	abouts	-tailed (u.m.)	tail
#boat	after	whipper	-tailed (u.m.)
hand	as	-in	-throated (u.m.)
head	at	snapper	top (n.)
side	by	whirl	vein
what	for	about (n., u.m.)	wash
abouts (n.)	fore	blast	who
ever	from	pool	
-is-it (n.)	in	-shaped (u.m.)	ever
not (n.)	insoever	wind	soever
soever	into	whirlybird	whole
-you-may-call-it	of	whisk	-headed (u.m.)
(n.)	on	broom	#hog
wheat	over	#tail	-hogger
cake	soever	whistle	sale
-colored (u.m.)	through	blower	some
ear	to	(nonliteral)	whomsoever
-fed (u.m.)	under	#blower (literal)	whooping#cough
field	upon	stop	wicker-woven(u.m.)
grower	with	white	wicket
-rich (u.m.)	withal	back	keeper
stalk	wherever	beard (n.)	keeping
wheel	which	#book	wide
band	ever	(diplomatic)	-angle (u.m.)
barrow	soever	cap (n.)	-awake (u.m.)
base	whiffletree	coat (n.)	-handed (u.m.)
chair	whip	-collar (u.m.)	mouthed
-cut (u.m.)	cord	comb (n.)	-open (u.m.)
going	crack	corn	spread
horse (nonliteral)	-graft (v.)	-eared (u.m.)	-spreading (u.m.)

widow	mill	-red (u.m.)	time
#bird	pipe	seller	-worn (u.m.)
hood	-pollinated (u.m.)	taster	wire
wigwag	#power	tester	bar
wild	-rode (u.m.)	vat	-caged (u.m.)
cat (n.)	row	wing	-cut (u.m.)
-eyed (u.m.)	screen	band	cutter
fire	-shaken (u.m.)	bar	dancer
#land	-shear (u.m.)	beat	draw (v.)
life	shield	bolt	-edged (u.m.)
#man	shock	bone	#gauge
wind	side	borne	hair (dog)
will	sleeve	bow	-haired (u.m.)
-less	sock	cut	less
-o'-the-wisp	speed	#flap	#line
power	stop	-footed (u.m.)	photo
wilt-resistant (u.m.)	storm	handed	puller
wind (v.)	stream	-heavy (u.m.)	#rope
down (n., u.m.)	swept	-loading (u.m.)	spun
up (n., u.m.)	#tunnel	-loose (u.m.)	stitch
bag	worn	nut	-stitched (u.m.)
ball	window	over (n., u.m.)	-tailed (u.m.)
blown	breaker	-shaped (u.m.)	tap
brace	-breaking (u.m.)	-shot (u.m.)	walker
breaker	#cleaner	span	works
burn	-cleaning (u.m.)	-swift (u.m.)	-wound (u.m.)
catcher	#dresser	tip	wise
-chapped (u.m.)	-dressing (u.m.)	top	acre
chill	pane	wall	crack
fall	#shade	-weary (u.m.)	guy
#farm	-shop (v.)	winter	head (n.)
fast	-shopping (u.m.)	-beaten (u.m.)	-headed (u.m.)
-fertilized (u.m.)	sill	-clad (u.m.)	-spoken (u.m.)
firm	#work	-fallow (v.)	wishbone
flow	wine	-fed (u.m.)	witch
#force	bag	feed	craft
gall	-black (u.m.)	#green (color)	#hazel
-galled (u.m.)	-drinking (u.m.)	green (plant, etc.)	#hunt
#gauge	glass	-hardy (u.m.)	-hunting (u.m.)
hole	growing	kill	with
-hungry (u.m.)	-hardy (u.m.)	-made (u.m.)	draw
jammer	pot	-sown (u.m.)	hold
lass	#press	tide	in

	1	1	
out	pile	book	sheet
stand	-planing (u.m.)	builder	shoe
within	print	catcher	shop
-bound (u.m.)	pulp	-clad (u.m.)	-shy (n., u.m.)
-named (u.m.)	ranger	-deaf (u.m.)	-shyness
woe	rock	flow	site
begone	#rot	list	slip
worn	shed	-perfect (u.m.)	space
wolf	side	play	-stained (u.m.)
-eyed (u.m.)	stock	seller	stand
#fish	turner	smith	station
hound	-turning (u.m.)	work	stream
pack	-walled (u.m.)	aday (n., u.m.)	study
woman	wind (music)	-and-turn (u.m.)	table
folk	working (u.m.)	away (n., u.m.)	time
hood	wooden	bag	up (n., u.m.)
kind	head (n.)	basket	ways
womenfolk	-hulled (u.m.)	bench	-weary (u.m.)
wonder	wool	book	week
land	fell	card	worn
strong	gatherer	day	working
-struck (u.m.)	grader	-driven (u.m.)	#capital
wood	growing	fare	#load
bark (color)	head	flow	#room
bin	-laden (u.m.)	folk	world
bined	-lined (u.m.)	force	beater
block	pack	group	-conscious (u.m.)
-built (u.m.)	press	hand	#consciousness
-cased (u.m.)	shearer	-hardened (u.m.)	#line
chipper	shed	horse	#power
chopper	sorter	-hour (u.m.)	-shaking (u.m.)
chuck	stock	housed	-weary (u.m.)
craft	washer	life	worm
cut	wheel	load	-eaten (u.m.)
grub	-white (u.m.)	manship	-eating (u.m.)
hole	winder	out (n., u.m.)	hole
horse	woolly	pace	-riddled (u.m.)
hung (u.m.)	-coated (u.m.)	pan	-ripe (u.m.)
land	-headed (u.m.)	paper	seed
-lined (u.m.)	-looking (u.m.)	people	shaft
lot	-white (u.m.)	place	wood
-paneled (u.m.)	word	room	worn
pecker	-blind (u.m.)	saving	#away
=	I .	I '	I and the second second

down (u.m.)	-up (u.m.)	Yankee-Doodle	young
out (u.m.)	wry	yard	eyed (u.m.)
outness	bill	arm	-headed (u.m.)
worrywart	-billed (u.m.)	-deep (u.m.)	-ladylike
worth	-faced (u.m.)	-long (u.m.)	-looking (u.m.)
less	-looking (u.m.)	stick	-manlike
while (n., u.m.)	-mouthed (u.m.)	-wide (u.m.)	-old
whileness (n.)	neck	yaw	-womanhood
wrap	-set (u.m.)	meter	youthtide
around (n., u.m.)		-sighted (u.m.)	yuletide
-up (n., u.m.)	X	year	
wreath-crowned	X	book	Z
(u.m.)	-body	day	Z
wreck-free (u.m.)	-chromosome	end	-bar
wring	-disease	-hour (u.m.)	zero
bolt	#rated	long (u.m.)	axial
staff	-shaped	-old (u.m.)	-dimensional
wrist	-virus	-round (u.m.)	(u.m.)
band	x	yellow	#gravity
bone	-axis	back	#hour
drop	#ray (n.)	-backed (u.m.)	zigzag
fall	-ray (u.m.)	-bellied (u.m.)	zinc
lock	xantho (c.f.)	belly	-coated (u.m.)
#pin	all one word	-billed (u.m.)	-white (u.m.)
plate	xeno (c.f.)	brush	zip
watch	all one word	#fever	#gun
write	xero (c.f.)	-headed (u.m.)	line
back (n., u.m.)	all one word	-tailed (u.m.)	-lipped (u.m.)
-in (n., u.m.)	xylo (c.f.)	-throated (u.m.)	lock
off (n., u.m.)	all one word	top	zoo (c.f.)
-protect		yes	all one word
up (n., u.m.)	Υ	-man	zoologico (c.f.)
writing#room	Y	-no	all one word
wrong	-chromosome	yester	zygo (c.f.)
doer	-joint	day	all one word
-ended (u.m.)	-level	year	zygomatico (c.f.)
-minded (u.m.)	-potential	yoke	-orbital
-thinking (u.m.)	-shaped	fellow	rest one word
wrought	-track	mating	zymo (c.f.)
#iron	-tube	-toed (u.m.)	all one word

## 8. Punctuation

- 8.1. Punctuation is used to clarify the meaning of written or printed language. Well-planned word order requires a minimum of punctuation. The trend toward less punctuation calls for skillful phrasing to avoid ambiguity and to ensure exact interpretation. The GPO STYLE MANUAL can offer only general rules of text treatment. A rigid design or pattern of punctuation cannot be laid down, except in broad terms. The adopted style, however, must be consistent and based on sentence structure.
- **8.2.** The general principles governing the use of punctuation are: If it does not clarify the text it should be omitted; and, in the choice and placing of punctuation marks, the sole aim should be to bring out more clearly the author's thought. Punctuation should aid reading and prevent misreading.

# **Apostrophes and possessives**

**8.3.** The possessive case of a singular or plural noun not ending in *s* is formed by adding an apostrophe and *s*. The possessive case of a singular or plural noun ending in *s* or with an *s* sound is formed by adding an apostrophe only. Some irregular plurals require both an apostrophe and an *s*. (For possessives of italicized nouns, see rule 11.6.)

boss', bosses' man's, men's child's, children's medium's, media's citizen's, citizens' people's, peoples' Congress', Congresses' Essex's, Essexes' criterion's, criteria's Jones', Joneses' Co.'s, Cos.' Iesus' erratum's, errata's Mars' hostess', hostesses' Dumas' Schmitz' lady's, ladies'

**8.4.** In compound nouns, the 's is added to the element nearest the object possessed.

comptroller general's decision attorney at law's fee
attorneys general's appointments

Mr. Brown of New York's motion

attorney at law's fee
John White, Jr.'s (no comma) account

**8.5.** Joint possession is indicated by placing an apostrophe on the last element of a series, while individual or alternative possession requires the use of an apostrophe on each element of a series.

soldiers and sailors' home Brown & Nelson's store men's, women's, and children's clothing St. Michael's Men's Club editor's or proofreader's opinion Bush's or Obama's administration Mrs. Smith's and Mrs. Allen's children the Army's and the Navy's work master's and doctor's degrees

Johns Hopkins University

Hinds' Precedents

Hells Canyon

Reader's Digest

**8.6.** In the use of an apostrophe in firm names, the names of organizations and institutions, the titles of books, and geographic names, the authentic form is to be followed. (Note use of "St.")

Masters, Mates & Pilots' Association Dentists' Supply Co. of New York International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union

Court of St. James's Actor's Equity Association

St. Peter's Church Harpers Ferry
St. Elizabeths Hospital but Martha's Vineyard

**8.7.** Generally, the apostrophe should not be used after names of countries and other organized bodies ending in *s*, or after words more descriptive than possessive (not indicating personal possession), except when plural does not end in *s*.

United States control
United Nations meeting
Southern States industries
Massachusetts laws

Bureau of Ships report

House of Representatives session

Teamsters Union editors handbook syrup producers manual

syrup producers ma technicians guide teachers college merchants exchange children's hospital

Young Men's Christian Association

but

Veterans' Administration (now Department of Veterans Affairs)

Affairs) Congress' attitude

**8.8.** Possessive pronouns do not take an apostrophe.

its yours ours hers theirs whose

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**8.9.** Possessive indefinite or impersonal pronouns require an apostrophe.

each other's books another's idea

some others' plans someone's guesstimate

one's home is his castle

**8.10.** The singular possessive case is used in such general terms as the following:

arm's length
attorney's fees
miner's inch
author's alterations
confectioner's sugar
cow's milk
fuller's earth
miner's inch
printer's ink
traveler's checks
writer's cramp

distiller's grain

**8.11.** While an apostrophe is used to indicate possession and contractions, it is not generally necessary to use an apostrophe simply to show the plural form of most acronyms, initialisms, or abbreviations, except where clarity and sense demand such inclusion.

49ers e'er (ever)

TVers class of '08 (2008)
OKs spirit of '76 (1776)

MCing

RIFing not in her '70s (age)

RIFs better: in her seventies

RIFed

YWCAs not during the '90s

ABCs better: during the 1990s or 1920s during the nineties

**IOUs** 

10s (thread) but

4½s (bonds) he never crosses his t's 3s (golf) she fails to dot her i's

2 by 4s a's, &'s, 7's

IQswatch your p's and q'sdon't (do not)are they l's or 1'sI've (I have)the Oakland A'sit's (it is/it has)a number of s's

ne'er (never) his résumé had too many I's

When the plural form of an acronym appears in parentheses, a lowercase *s* is included within the parentheses.

(MPDs) (IPOs) (SUVs) (JPEGs) (EVs)

**8.12.** The apostrophe is omitted in abbreviations, and also in shortened forms of certain other words.

Danl., not Dan'l Halloween, not Hallowe'en

phone, *not* 'phone copter, *not* 'copter

coon, not 'coon

possum, not 'possum but ma'am

**8.13.** The plural of spelled-out numbers, of words referred to as words, and of words containing an apostrophe is formed by adding *s* or *es*; but 's is added to indicate the plural of words used as words if omission of the apostrophe would cause difficulty in reading.

twos, threes, sevens yeses and noes ands, ifs, and buts yeas and nays

ins and outs

the haves and have-nots but

ups and downs do's and don'ts whereases and wherefores which's and that's

pros and cons

**8.14.** The possessive case is often used in lieu of an objective phrase even though ownership is not involved.

1 day's labor (labor for 1 day) for charity's sake 12 days' labor for pity's sake

2 hours' traveltime several billion dollars' worth

a stone's throw

2 weeks' pay but \$10 billion worth

**8.15.** The possessive case is not used in such expressions as the following, in which one noun modifies another.

day labor (labor by the day) State prison quartermaster stores States rights

Punctuation 197

**8.16.** For euphony, nouns ending in *s* or *ce* and followed by a word beginning with *s* form the possessive by adding an apostrophe only.

for goodness' sake for acquaintance' sake Mr. Hughes' service for conscience' sake

for old times' sake

**8.17.** A possessive noun used in an adjective sense requires the addition of 's.

He is a friend of John's. Stern's is running a sale.

**8.18.** A noun preceding a gerund should be in the possessive case.

in the event of Mary's leaving the ship's hovering nearby

### **Brackets**

Brackets, in pairs, are used—

**8.19.** In transcripts, congressional hearings, the Congressional Record, testimony in courtwork, etc., to enclose interpolations that are not specifically a part of the original quotation, such as a correction, explanation, omission, editorial comment, or a caution that an error is reproduced literally.

We found this to be true at the Government Publishing Office [GPO].

He came on the 3d [2d] of July.

Our conference [lasted] 2 hours.

The general [Washington] ordered him to leave.

The paper was as follows [reads]:

I do not know. [Continues reading:]

[Chorus of "Mr. Chairman."]

They fooled only themselves. [Laughter.]

Our party will always serve the people [applause] in spite of the opposition [loud applause]. (If more than one bracketed interpolation, both are included within the sentence.)

The WITNESS. He did it that way [indicating].

Q. Do you know these men [handing witness a list]?

The bill had *not* been paid. [Italic added.] *or* [Emphasis added.]

The statue [sic] was on the statute books.

The WITNESS. This matter is classified. [Deleted.]

[Deleted.]

Mr. Jones. Hold up your hands. [Show of hands.]

Answer [after examining list]. Yes; I do.

Q. [Continuing.]

A. [Reads:]

A. [Interrupting.]

[Discussion off the record.]

Pause.

The WITNESS [interrupting]. It is known—

Mr. Jones [continuing]. Now let us take the next item.

Mr. Smith [presiding]. Do you mean that literally?

Mr. Jones [interposing]. Absolutely.

[The matter referred to is as follows:]

The Chairman [to Mr. Smith].

The CHAIRMAN [reading]:

Mr. Kelley [to the chairman]. From 15 to 25 percent.

[Objected to.]

[Mr. Smith nods.]

[Mr. Smith aside.]

[Mr. Smith makes further statement off the record.]

Mr. Jones [for Mr. Smith].

A Voice From Audience. Speak up.

SEVERAL VOICES. Quiet!

- **8.20.** In bills, contracts, laws, etc., to indicate matter that is to be omitted.
- **8.21.** In mathematics, to denote that enclosed matter is to be treated as a unit.
- **8.22.** When matter in brackets makes more than one paragraph, start each paragraph with a bracket and place the closing bracket at end of last paragraph.

#### Colon

The colon is used—

**8.23.** To introduce any matter that forms a question or a quotation.

The following question came up for discussion: What policy should be adopted? She said: "We believe the time is now or never."

**8.24.** After an introductory independent clause that describes or defines what follows. If a complete sentence follows the colon, capitalize its first word.

And then came the surprise: cake all around!

His only rule was this: Chickens are not allowed past the front parlor.

Punctuation 199

**8.25.** Before a final clause that extends or amplifies the preceding independent clause. Even if a complete sentence follows the colon, lowercase its first word.

Give up conveniences; do not demand special privileges; do not stop work: these are necessary while we are at war.

Railroading is not a variety of outdoor sport: it is service.

**8.26.** Following a sentence introducing an extract.

The Clerk will read as follows:

Amendment by Mr. Stearns: In line 4, after the word "pay", add a comma and the following words: "out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated".

**8.27.** To introduce a run-in list.

There are three primary pigment colors: magenta, yellow, and cyan.

The vote was as follows: in the affirmative, 23; in the negative, 11; not voting, 3.

These are what he missed most: walking along the river at dawn, napping under the old maple tree, chasing birds in the park.

His goals were these: (1) learn Spanish, (2) see the Grand Canyon, and (3) climb Mt. Everest.

**8.28.** To introduce a bulleted or enumerated list that is not run in. There are many ways to construct such a list—far too many to detail here—depending on the contents of the list and the intent of the author; however, a few guidelines concerning consistency should be kept in mind.

Punctuation at the end of each list item may be commas, semicolons, periods, or even none at all, as long as its use is consistent within a list. The exception to this is that if commas or semicolons are used, the last item should end with a period, unless the list is part of a sentence that continues on after the list.

List items should be lowercased in a list using commas or semicolons after each list item. For lists using periods or no punctuation, capitalization should be determined by context—lists of single words are usually lowercased, whereas lists of independent clauses are more appropriately capitalized. Whatever choice is made concerning capitalization, it should be applied to all the list items; the first item is not handled differently.

A conjunction (and, or, nor) should follow the penultimate item in a list using commas or semicolons after each list item, but not otherwise.

His goals were these:

- Learn Spanish.
- See the Grand Canyon.
- Climb Mt. Everest.

## His goals were these:

- (1) learn Spanish,
- (2) see the Grand Canyon, and
- (3) climb Mt. Everest.

## His goals were these:

- (a) learn Spanish,
- (b) see the Grand Canyon, and
- (c) climb Mt. Everest;

but he knew it was unlikely he would meet them.

**8.29.** To introduce subentries in tables and leaderwork. Single subentries are run in following the colon and are initial cap.

Seward Peninsula: Council district: (single subentry runs in).

Mining and manufacturing.

Shipping and trade.

#### Seward Peninsula:

Council district:

Mining and manufacturing.

Shipping and trade.

Fairhaven district: Tourism (single subentry runs in).

**8.30.** After a salutation.

My Dear Sir:

Ladies and Gentlemen:

To Whom It May Concern:

**8.31.** In expressing clock time.

2:40 p.m.

**8.32.** In Biblical and other citations.

Luke 4:3.

I Corinthians 13:13.

Journal of Education 3:342-358.

Punctuation 201

**8.33.** In bibliographic references, between place of publication and name of publisher.

Congressional Directory. Washington: U.S. Government Publishing Office.

**8.34.** To separate book titles and subtitles.

Financial Aid for College Students: Graduate Germany Revisited: Education in the Federal Republic

**8.35.** In imprints before the year (en space each side of colon).

U.S. Government Publishing Office Washington: 2016

**8.36.** In proportions.

Concrete mixed 5:3:1 but 5–2–1 or 5-2-1 (when so in copy)

**8.37.** In double colon as ratio sign.

1:2::3:6

### Comma

The comma is used—

**8.38.** To separate two words or figures that might otherwise be misunderstood.

Instead of hundreds, thousands came.

Instead of 20, 50 came.

December 7, 1941.

In 2003, 400 men were dismissed.

To John, Smith was very kind.

What the difficulty is, is not known.

*but* He suggested that that committee be appointed.

**8.39.** Before a direct quotation of only a few words following an introductory phrase.

He said, "Now or never."

**8.40.** To indicate the omission of a word or words.

Then we had much; now, nothing.

**8.41.** After each of a series of coordinate qualifying words.

short, swift streams; but short tributary streams

**8.42.** Between an introductory modifying phrase and the subject modified.

Beset by the enemy, they retreated.

**8.43.** Before and after *Jr.*, *Sr.*, *Esq.*, *Ph.D.*, *F.R.S.*, *Inc.*, etc., within a sentence except where possession is indicated.

Henry Smith, Jr., chairman but

Peter Johns, F.R.S., London John Smith 2d (*or* II); Smith, John, II Washington, DC, schools Mr. Smith, Junior, also spoke

Google, Inc., technology (where only last name is used)

Brown, A.H., Jr. (not Brown, Jr., A.H.) Alexandria, VA's waterfront

Milan, Italy, vacation

University of California, Santa Cruz, mascot

**8.44.** To set off parenthetic words, phrases, or clauses.

Mr. Jefferson, who was then Secretary of State, favored the location of the National Capital at Washington.

It must be remembered, however, that the Government had no guarantee.

It is obvious, therefore, that this office cannot function.

The atom bomb, which was developed at the Manhattan project, was first used in World War II.

Their high morale might, he suggested, have caused them to put success of the team above the reputation of the college.

The restriction is laid down in title IX, chapter 8, section 15, of the code.

but The man who fell [restrictive clause] broke his back.

The dam that gave way [restrictive clause] was poorly constructed.

He therefore gave up the search.

**8.45.** To set off words or phrases in apposition or in contrast.

Mr. Green, the lawyer, spoke for the defense.

Mr. Jones, attorney for the plaintiff, signed the petition.

Mr. Smith, not Mr. Black, was elected.

James Roosevelt, Democrat, of California.

Jean's sister, Joyce, was the eldest. (Jean had one sister.)

but Jonathan's brother Moses Taylor was appointed. (Jonathan had more than one brother.)

**8.46.** After each member within a series of three or more words, phrases, letters, or figures used with *and*, *or*, or *nor*.

red, white, and blue

horses, mules, and cattle; but horses and mules and cattle

by the bolt, by the yard, or in remnants

a, b, and c

neither snow, rain, nor heat

2 days, 3 hours, and 4 minutes (series); but 70 years 11 months 6 days (age)

**8.47.** Before the conjunction in a compound sentence containing two or more independent clauses, each of which could have been written as a simple sentence.

Fish, mollusks, and crustaceans were plentiful in the lakes, and turtles frequented the shores.

The boy went home alone, and his sister remained with the crowd.

**8.48.** After a noun or phrase in direct address.

Senator, will the measure be defeated?

Mr. Chairman, I will reply to the gentleman later.

but Yes, sir; he did see it.

No, ma'am; I do not recall.

**8.49.** After an interrogative clause, followed by a direct question.

You are sure, are you not?

You will go, will you not?

**8.50.** Between the title of a person and the name of an organization in the absence of the words *of* or *of the*.

Chief, Division of Finance chairman, Committee on

colonel, 12th Cavalry Regiment president, University of Virginia

Appropriations

**8.51.** Inside closing quotation mark.

He said "four," not "five."

"Freedom is an inherent right," he insisted.

Items marked "A," "B," and "C," inclusive, were listed.

**8.52.** To separate thousands and millions in numerical figures.

4,230 50,491 *but* 1,000,000,000 is more clearly illustrated as 1 billion

1,250,000

**8.53.** After the year in complete dates (month, day, year) within a sentence.

The dates of September 11, 1993, to June 12, 1994, were erroneous.

This was reflected in the June 13, 2007, report.

but Production for June 2008 was normal.

The 10 February 2008 deadline passed.

#### The comma is omitted—

**8.54.** Between superior figures or letters in footnote references.

Numerous instances may be cited.¹² Data are based on October production.^{ab}

**8.55.** Before ZIP (Zone Improvement Plan) Code postal-delivery number.

Washington, DC 20401–0003, for the GPO East Rochester, OH 44625–9701 USA, was his hometown

**8.56.** Between month, holiday, or season and year in dates.

 June 2016
 150 B.C.

 22d of May 2016
 Labor Day 2016

 February and March 2016
 Easter Sunday 2016

January, February, and March 2016 5 January 2016 (military usage)

January 24 A.D. 2016; 15th of June spring 2016 A.D. 2016 autumn 2016

**8.57.** Between the name and number of an organization.

Columbia Typographical Union No. 101–12 American Legion Post No. 33

**8.58.** In fractions, in decimals, and in serial numbers, except patent numbers.

½500 1.0947 page 2632 202–512–1800 (telephone number) 1721–1727 St. Clair Avenue Executive Order 11242 motor No. 189463 1450 kilocycles; 1100 meters

**8.59.** Between two nouns one of which identifies the other.

The Children's Bureau's booklet "Infant Care" continues to be a bestseller.

**8.60.** Before an ampersand (&).

Brown, Wilson & Co. Mine, Mill & Smelter Workers

**8.61.** Before abbreviations of compass directions.

6430 Princeton Dr. SW

**8.62.** In bibliographies, between name of the publication and volume or similar number.

American Library Association Bulletin 34:238, April 1940.

**8.63.** Wherever possible without danger of ambiguity.

\$2 gold

Executive Order No. 21

General Order No. 12; but General Orders, No. 12

Public Law 85-1

He graduates in the year 2010 (not the year 2,010)

My age is 30 years 6 months 12 days.

John Lewis 2d (or II)

Murphy of Illinois; Murphy of New York (where only last name is used)

Carroll of Carrollton; Henry of Navarre (person closely identified with place); but Clyde Leo Downs, of Maryland; President Levin, of Yale University James Bros. et al.; but James Bros., Nelson Co., et al. (last element of series)

### Dash

A 1-em dash is used—

**8.64.** To mark a sudden break or abrupt change in thought.

He said—and no one contradicted him—"The battle is lost."

If the bill should pass—which God forbid!—the service will be wrecked.

The auditor—shall we call him a knave or a fool?—approved an inaccurate statement.

**8.65.** To indicate an interruption or an unfinished word or sentence. A 2-em dash is used when the interruption is by a person other than the speaker, and a 1-em dash will show self-interruption. Note that extracts must begin with a true paragraph. Following extracts, colloquy must start as a paragraph.

```
"Such an idea can scarcely be——"
"The word 'donation'——"
"The word 'dona'——"
He said: "Give me lib——"
The bill reads "repeal," not "am——"
Q. Did you see——
A. No, sir.
```

Mr. Brown [reading]: "The report goes on to say that"—Observe this closely—"during the fiscal year . . . ."

**8.66.** Instead of commas or parentheses if the meaning may thus be clarified.

These are shore deposits—gravel, sand, and clay—but marine sediments underlie them.

**8.67.** Before a final clause that summarizes a series of ideas.

Freedom of speech, freedom of worship, freedom from want, freedom from fear—these are the fundamentals of moral world order.

**8.68.** After an introductory phrase reading into the following lines and indicating repetition of such phrase.

I recommend—

that we submit them for review and corrections; that we then accept them as corrected; and that we also publish them.

**8.69.** With a preceding question mark, in lieu of a colon.

How can you explain this?—"Fee paid, \$5."

**8.70.** To precede a credit line or a run-in credit or signature.

Lay the proud usurpers low! Tyrants fall in every foe! Liberty's in every blow! Let us do or die!

—Robert Burns.

Every man's work shall be made manifest.—I Corinthians 3:13. This statement is open to question.—Gerald H. Forsythe.

- **8.71.** After a run-in sidehead.
- **8.72.** To separate run-in questions and answers in testimony.

Q. Did he go?—A. No.

A 1-em dash is not used—

- **8.73.** At the beginning of any line of type, except as shown in rule 8.70.
- **8.74.** Immediately after a comma, colon, or semicolon.

A 3-em dash is used—

**8.75.** In bibliographies to indicate repetition.

Powell, James W., Jr., Hunting in Virginia's lowlands. 1972. 200 pp.

——Fishing off Delmarva. 1972. 28 pp.

### An en dash is used—

**8.76.** In a combination of figures and/or letters, including acronyms (even if the acronym spells out a word (e.g. PATRIOT)). But use a hyphen to combine such letters and/or figures with a word or abbreviation, or in chemical nomenclature.

```
figures:
    5-20 (bonds)
   85-1-85-20 (Public laws; use em dash between two elements with en
        dashes)
    1-703-555-6593 (telephone number)
    123-45-6789 (Social Security number)
    $15-$20 (range)
letters:
    WTOP-AM-FM-TV (radio and television stations)
   CBS-TV
    AFL-CIO
   C-SPAN
    s-NOM (scientific term)
figures and letters:
   6-A (exhibit identification)
    DC-14 (airplane)
    MiG-25 (airplane, mixed letters with figure)
   I-95 (interstate roadway)
   4-H (Club)
   LK-66-A(2)-74, 15A-x-3 (serial numbers)
   SE-BatsCZX-2015-65 (SEC file number)
    rule 13e-4
   Section 12(a)–(d) (range)
but a hyphen is used with:
    ACF-Brill Motors Co. (hyphen with capital letters and a word)
   loran-C (coined word plus letter)
    ALL-AMERICAN ESSAY CONTEST (hyphen in capitalized heading)
    Four Corners Monument, AZ-NM-UT-CO (hyphen with two-letter state
        abbreviations)
    U-235, Cr-Ni-Mo (chemical symbols)
    δ-HCH (chemical nomenclature)
```

**8.77.** In the absence of the word *to* when denoting a span of time.

2005–2008 January–June Monday–Friday

An en dash is not used—

**8.78.** For *to* when the word *from* precedes the first of two related figures or expressions.

From June 1 to July 30, 2016; not from June 1-July 30, 2016

**8.79.** For *and* when the word *between* precedes the first of two related figures or expressions.

Between 2000 and 2016; not between 2000-16

## **Ellipses**

**8.80.** Three periods or three asterisks, separated by en spaces, are used to denote an ellipsis within a sentence, at the beginning or end of a sentence, or in two or more consecutive sentences. To achieve faithful reproduction of excerpt material, editors using period ellipses should indicate placement of the terminal period in relation to an ellipsis at the end of a sentence. Note, in the following examples, the additional spacing necessary to clearly define commas and the terminal period when period ellipses are employed.

The Senate having tried Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, upon articles of impeachment exhibited against him by the House of Representatives, and two-thirds of the Senators present not having found him guilty of the charges contained in the second, third, and eleventh articles of impeachment, it is therefore

Ordered and adjudged. That the said Andrew Johnson, President of the United States be, and he is, acquitted of the charges in said articles made and set forth.

The Senate having tried Andrew Johnson . . . upon articles of impeachment . . . , and two-thirds of the Senators present not having found him guilty of the charges . . . , it is therefore

*Ordered and adjudged.* That the said Andrew Johnson, President of the United States be . . . acquitted of the charge . . . .

The Senate having tried Andrew Johnson * * * upon articles of impeachment * * *, and two-thirds of the Senators present not having found him guilty of the charges * * *, it is therefore

*Ordered and adjudged.* That the said Andrew Johnson, President of the United States be * * * acquitted of the charges * * *.

**8.81.** Ellipses are not overrun alone at the end of a paragraph.

**8.82.** Copy will be followed for period or asterisk ellipses, even if inconsistent.

**8.83.** A line of asterisks indicates an omission of one or more entire paragraphs. In 26½-pica or wider measure, a line of "stars" means seven asterisks indented 2 ems at each end of the line, with the remaining space divided evenly between the asterisks. In measures less than 26½ picas, five asterisks are used. Quotation marks are not used on a line of asterisks in quoted matter. Where an ellipsis line ends a complete quotation, no closing quote is used.

* * * * * * *

- **8.84.** Indented matter in 26½-pica or wider measure also requires a seven-asterisk line to indicate the omission of one or more entire paragraphs.
- **8.85.** If an omission occurs in the last part of a paragraph immediately before a line of asterisks, three periods or asterisks are used, in addition to the line of asterisks, to indicate such an omission.
- **8.86.** Equalize spacing above and below an ellipsis line.

# **Exclamation point**

**8.87.** The exclamation point is used to mark surprise, incredulity, admiration, appeal, or other strong emotion which may be expressed even in a declarative or interrogative sentence.

Who shouted, "All aboard!" [Note omission of question mark.]

"Great!" he shouted. [Note omission of comma.]

He acknowledged the fatal error!

How breathtakingly beautiful!

Timber!

Mayday! Mayday!

**8.88.** In direct address, either to a person or a personified object, *O* is used without an exclamation point, or other punctuation; but if strong feeling is expressed, an exclamation point is placed at the end of the statement.

O my friend, let us consider this subject impartially.

O Lord, save Thy people!

**8.89.** In exclamations without direct address or appeal, *oh* is used instead of *O*, and the exclamation point is omitted.

Oh, but the gentleman is mistaken.

Oh dear; the time is so short.

# Hyphen

The hyphen (a punctuation mark, not an element in the spelling of words) is used—

- **8.90.** To connect the elements of certain compound words. (See Chapter 6 "Compounding Rules.")
- **8.91.** To indicate continuation of a word divided at the end of a line.
- **8.92.** Between the letters of a spelled word.

The Style Board changed New Jerseyite to New J-e-r-s-e-y-a-n.

A native of Halifax is a H-a-l-i-g-o-n-i-a-n.

The Chinese repressive action took place in T-i-a-n-a-n-m-e-n Square.

**8.93.** To separate elements of chemical formulas.

The hyphen, as an element, may be used—

**8.94.** To represent letters deleted or illegible words in copy.

Oakland's - - bonic plague

Richard Emory H - - - -

### **Parentheses**

Parentheses are used—

**8.95.** To set off important matter not intended to be part of the main statement that is not a grammatical element of the sentence. In colloquy, brackets must be substituted.

This case (124 U.S. 329) is not relevant.

The result (see fig. 2) is most surprising.

The United States is the principal purchaser (by value) of these exports (23 percent in 1995 and 19 percent in 1996).

**8.96.** To enclose a parenthetic clause where the interruption is too great to be indicated by commas.

You can find it neither in French dictionaries (at any rate, not in Littré) nor in English dictionaries.

**8.97.** To enclose an explanatory word not part of a written or printed statement.

the Winchester (VA) Star; *but* the Star of Winchester, VA Portland (OR) Chamber of Commerce; *but* Athens, GA, schools

**8.98.** To enclose letters or numbers designating items in a series, either at the beginning of paragraphs or within a paragraph.

The order of delivery will be: (a) food, (b) clothing, and (c) tents and other housing equipment.

You will observe that the sword is (1) old fashioned, (2) still sharp, and (3) unusually light for its size.

Paragraph 7(B)(1)(a) will be found on page 6. (Note parentheses closed up.)

**8.99.** To enclose a figure inserted to confirm a written or printed statement given in words if double form is specifically requested.

This contract shall be completed in sixty (60) days.

**8.100.** A reference in parentheses at the end of a sentence is placed before the period, unless it is a complete sentence in itself.

The specimen exhibits both phases (pl. 14, *A*, *B*). The individual cavities show great variation. (See pl. 4.)

**8.101.** If a sentence contains more than one parenthetic reference, the one at the end is placed before the period.

This sandstone (see pl. 6) is in every county of the State (see pl. 1).

**8.102.** When a figure is followed by a letter in parentheses, no space is used between the figure and the opening parenthesis; but, if the letter is not in parentheses and the figure is repeated with each letter, the letter is closed up with the figure.

15(*a*). Classes, grades, and sizes. 15*a*. Classes, grades, and sizes.

**8.103.** If both a figure and a letter in parentheses are used before each paragraph, a period and an en space are used after the closing parenthesis. If the figure is not repeated before each letter in parentheses but is used only before the first letter, the period is placed after the figure. However, if the figure is not repeated before each

letter in parentheses and no period is used, space is inserted after the number if at least one other lettered subsection appears.

- 15(a). When the figure is used before the letter in each paragraph—
- 15(b). The period is placed after the closing parenthesis.
- 15. (a) When the figure is used before the letter in the first paragraph but not repeated with subsequent letters—
- (b) The period is used after the figure only.
- Sec. 12 (a) When no period is used and a letter in parentheses appears after a numbered item—
- (b) Space must be used after the number if at least one other lettered subsection is shown.
- **8.104.** Note position of the period relative to closing parenthesis:

The vending stand sells a variety of items (sandwiches, beverages, cakes, etc.).

The vending stand sells a variety of items (sandwiches, beverages, cakes, etc. (sometimes ice cream)).

The vending stand sells a variety of items. (These include sandwiches, beverages, cakes, etc. (sometimes ice cream).)

**8.105.** To enclose bylines in congressional work.

(By Harvey Hagman, archeological correspondent)

**8.106.** When matter in parentheses makes more than one paragraph, start each paragraph with a parenthesis and place the closing parenthesis at the end of the last paragraph.

#### **Period**

The period is used—

**8.107.** After a declarative sentence that is not exclamatory or after an imperative sentence.

Stars are suns.

He was employed by Sampson & Company.

Do not be late.

On with the dance.

**8.108.** After an indirect question or after a question intended as a suggestion and not requiring an answer.

Tell me how he did it.

May we hear from you.

May we ask prompt payment.

**8.109.** In place of a closing parenthesis after a letter or number denoting a series.

a. Bread well baked
b. Meat cooked rare
c. Cubed apples stewed
d. Punctuate freely
d. Compound sparingly
d. Index thoroughly

- **8.110.** To indicate an ellipsis. (See rules 8.80 and 8.82.)
- **8.111.** After a run-in sidehead.

Conditional subjunctive.—The conditional subjunctive is required for all unreal and doubtful conditions.

- **2. Peacetime preparation.**—*a.* The Chairman of the National Security Resources Board, etc.
- 2. Peacetime preparation.—Industrial mobilization plans.—The Chairman of the National Security Resources Board, etc.
- **2. Peacetime preparation.**—*Industrial mobilization.*—The Chairman of the National Security Resources Board, etc.
- 62. Determination of types.—a. Statement of characteristics.—Before types of equipment, etc.

**Steps in planning for procurement.**—(1) *Determination of needs.*—To plan for the procurement of such arms, etc.

62. Determination of types.—(a) Statement of characteristics.—Before, etc.

**DETERMINATION OF TYPES.—Statement of characteristics.—**Before types of, etc.

but Note.—The source material was furnished.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census.

- **8.112.** Paragraphs and subparagraphs may be arranged according to the following scheme. The sequence is not fixed, and variations, in addition to the use of center and side heads or indented paragraphs, may be adopted, depending on the number of parts.
  - I. Outlines can begin with a capital Roman numeral.
    - A. The number of levels and the width of the column determine alignment and indention.
      - 1. A set space (en space) following the identifier aids alignment.
        - a. Usually, typefaces and sizes are chosen to agree with the hierarchy of the head breakdowns.
          - (1) Aligning runover lines with the first word which follows the number or letter aids readability.

(a) It is important to vary (alternate) the use of letters and numbers in any outline.

- (i) The lowercase Roman numerals (i), (ii), etc. may be used as parts of the outline or to identify subparts of any previous parts.
  - (aa) When absolutely necessary, double (or triple) lowercase letters may be used.
- II. Where not needed, the capital Roman numerals may be discarded and the outline can begin with the letter A. As in any composition, consistency in indentions and order is essential.
- **8.113.** To separate integers from decimals in a single expression.

13.75 percent 1.25 meters \$3.50 0.08 mile

**8.114.** In continental European languages, to indicate thousands.

1.317 72.190.175

**8.115.** After abbreviations, unless otherwise specified. (See Chapter 9, "Abbreviations and Letter Symbols.")

 $\begin{array}{lll} \text{Apr.} & & \textit{but} \\ \text{Co.} & & \text{m (meter)} \\ \text{fig.} & & \text{kc (kilocycle)} \\ \text{Ry.} & & \text{NY (New York)} \end{array}$ 

Ph.D. RR

p.m. SSE (south-southeast)

**8.116.** After legends and explanatory matter beneath illustrations. Legends without descriptive language do not receive periods.

FIGURE 1.—Schematic drawing.

FIGURE 1.—Continued.

but Figure 1 (without legend, no period)

**8.117.** After *Article 1*, *Section 1*, etc., at the beginning of paragraphs.

A center period is sometimes used—

**8.118.** To indicate multiplication. (Use of a multiplication sign is preferable.)

 $a \cdot b$   $a \times b$ 

The period is omitted—

**8.119.** After—

Lines in title pages

Center, side, and running heads; *but* is not omitted after run-in sideheads

Continued lines

Boxheads of tables

Scientific, chemical, or other symbols

This rule does not apply to abbreviation periods.

**8.120.** After a quotation mark that is preceded by a period.

She said: "I believe the time is now or never."

**8.121.** After letters used as names without specific designation.

Officer B, Subject A, Brand X, etc.

A said to B that all is well.

Mr. A told Mr. B that the case was closed.

Mr. X (for unknown or censored name).

but Mr. A. [for Mr. Andrews]. I do not want to go.

Mr. K. [for Mr. King]. The meeting is adjourned.

**8.122.** After a middle initial which is merely a letter and not an abbreviation of a name.

Daniel D Tompkins

Ross T McIntire

but Harry S. Truman (President Truman's preference)

**8.123.** After a short name which is not an abbreviation of the longer form.

Alex Mac Ed Sam

**8.124.** After Roman numerals used as ordinals.

King George V Super Bowl XLIX, LI Apollo XII insigne but Super Bowl 50

**8.125.** After words and incomplete statements listed in columns. Full-measure matter is not to be regarded as a column.

8.126.	After explanatory mat	er explanatory matter under leaders or rules.					
	(Name)	(Address)	(Position)				

**8.127.** Immediately before leaders, even if an abbreviation precedes the leaders.

### **Question mark**

The question mark is used—

**8.128.** To indicate a direct query, even if not in the form of a question.

Did he do it?

He did what?

Can the money be raised? is the question.

Who asked, "Why?" [Note single question mark.]

"Did you hurt yourself, my son?" she asked.

**8.129.** To express more than one query in the same sentence.

Can he do it? or you? or anyone?

**8.130.** To express doubt.

He said the boy was 8(?) feet tall. (No space before question mark.)

The statue(?) was on the statute books.

The scientific identification *Dorothia*? was noted. (Roman "?".)

### **Quotation marks**

Quotation marks are used—

**8.131.** To enclose direct quotations. (Each part of an interrupted quotation begins and ends with quotation marks.)

The answer is "No."

He said, "John said, 'No.' " (Note thin space between single and double closing quotes.)

"John," asked Henry, "why do you go?"

**8.132.** To enclose any matter following such terms as *entitled*, *the word*, *the term*, *marked*, *designated*, *classified*, *named*, *endorsed*, *cited as*, *referred to as*, or *signed*; however, quotation marks are not used to enclose expressions following the terms *known as*, *called*, *so-called*, etc., unless such expressions are misnomers or slang.

Congress passed the act entitled "An act . . . . "

After the word "treaty," insert a comma.

Of what does the item "Miscellaneous debts" consist?

The column "Imports from foreign countries" was not well written.

The document will be marked "Exhibit No. 21;" *but* The document may be made exhibit No. 21.

The check was endorsed "John Adamson."

It was signed "John."

but Beryllium is known as glucinium in some European countries.

It was called profit and loss.

The so-called investigating body.

**8.133.** To enclose titles of addresses, albums, articles, awards, books, captions, editorials, essays, headings, headlines, hearings, motion pictures and plays (including television and radio programs), operas, papers, short poems, reports, songs, studies, subheadings, subjects, and themes. All principal words are to be capitalized.

An address on "Uranium-235 in the Atomic Age"

The article "Germany Revisited" appeared in the last issue.

He received the "Man of the Year" award.

"The Conquest of Mexico," a published work (book)

Under the caption "Long-Term Treasurys Rise"

The subject was discussed in "Punctuation." (chapter heading)

It will be found in "Part XI: Early Thought."

The editorial "Haphazard Budgeting"

"Compensation," by Emerson (essay)

"United States To Appoint Representative to U.N." (heading or headline)

In "Search for Paradise" (motion picture)

"South Pacific" (play)

A paper on "Constant-Pressure Combustion" was read.

"O Captain! My Captain!" (short poem)

The report "Atomic Energy: What It Means to the Nation"; *but* annual report of the Director of the Government Publishing Office

This was followed by the singing of "The Star-Spangled Banner."

The information is located under the subhead "Sixty Days of Turmoil."

The subject (or theme) of the conference is "Peaceful Uses of Atomic Energy." also Account 5, "Management fees."

Under the heading "Management and Operation."

Under the appropriation "Building of ships, Navy."

- **8.134.** At the beginning of each paragraph of a quotation, but at the end of the last paragraph only.
- **8.135.** To enclose a letter or communication that bears both date and signature.
- **8.136.** To enclose misnomers, slang expressions, sobriquets, coined words, or ordinary words used in an arbitrary way.

His report was "bunk."

It was a "gentlemen's agreement."

The "invisible government" is responsible.

George Herman "Babe" Ruth.

but He voted for the lameduck amendment.

**8.137.** To close up characters except when they precede a fraction or an apostrophe or precede or follow a superior figure or letter, in which case a thin space is used. A thin space is used to separate double and single quotation marks.

**8.138.** The comma and the final period will be placed inside the quotation marks. Other punctuation marks should be placed inside the quotation marks only if they are a part of the matter quoted.

Ruth said, "I think so."

"The President," he said, "will veto the bill."

The conductor shouted, "All aboard!"

Who asked, "Why?"

The President suggests that "an early occasion be sought."

Why call it a "gentlemen's agreement"?

**8.139.** In congressional and certain other classes of work showing amendments, and in courtwork with quoted language, punctuation marks are printed after the quotation marks when not a part of the quoted matter.

Insert the words "growth", "production", and "manufacture".

To be inserted after the words "cadets, U.S. Coast Guard;".

Change "February 1, 1983", to "June 30, 2016".

"Insert in lieu thereof 'July 1, 1983,'."

**8.140.** When occurring together, quotation marks should precede footnote reference numbers.

The commissioner claimed that the award was "unjustified." ¹ Kelly's exact words were: "The facts in the case prove otherwise." ²

**8.141.** Quotation marks should be limited, if possible, to three sets (double, single, double).

"The question in the report is, 'Can a person who obtains his certificate of naturalization by fraud be considered a "bona fide" citizen of the United States?' "

Quotation marks are not used—

**8.142.** To enclose titles of works of art: paintings, statuary, etc.

- **8.143.** To enclose names of newspapers or magazines.
- **8.144.** To enclose complete letters having date and signature.
- **8.145.** To enclose extracts that are indented or set in smaller type, or solid extracts in leaded matter; but indented matter in text that is already quoted carries quotation marks.
- **8.146.** In indirect quotations.

Tell her yes.

He could not say no.

**8.147.** Before a display initial which begins a quoted paragraph.

#### Semicolon

The semicolon is used—

**8.148.** To separate clauses containing commas.

Donald A. Peters, Jr., president of the First National Bank, was also a director of New York Central; Harvey D. Jones was a director of Oregon Steel Co. and New York Central; Thomas W. Harrison, chairman of the board of McBride & Co., was also on the board of Oregon Steel Co.

Reptiles, amphibians, and predatory mammals swallow their prey whole or in large pieces, bones included; waterfowl habitually take shellfish entire; and gallinaceous birds are provided with gizzards that grind up the hardest seeds.

Yes, sir: he did see it.

No, sir; I do not recall.

**8.149.** To separate statements that are too closely related in meaning to be written as separate sentences, and also statements of contrast.

Yes; that is right.

No; we received one-third.

It is true in peace; it is true in war.

War is destructive; peace, constructive.

**8.150.** To set off explanatory abbreviations or words that summarize or explain preceding matter.

The industry is related to groups that produce finished goods; i.e., electrical machinery and transportation equipment.

There were three metal producers involved; namely, Jones & Laughlin, Armco, and Kennecott.

The semicolon is not used—

**8.151.** Where a comma will suffice.

Offices are located in New York, NY, Chicago, IL, and Dallas, TX.

# Single punctuation

**8.152.** Single punctuation should be used wherever possible without ambiguity.

```
124 U.S. 321 (no comma)
Sir: (no dash)
Joseph replied, "It is a worthwhile effort." (no outside period)
```

# **Type**

**8.153.** All punctuation marks, including parentheses, brackets, and superior reference figures, are set to match the type of the words which they adjoin. A lightface dash is used after a run-in boldface sidehead followed by lightface matter. Lightface brackets, parentheses, or quotation marks shall be used when both boldface and lightface matter are enclosed.

Charts: C&GS 5101 (N.O. **18320**), page **282 (see above)**; N.O. **93491 (Plan)**; page **271.** 

# 9. Abbreviations and Letter Symbols

- **9.1.** Abbreviations and letter symbols are used to save space and to avoid distracting the reader by use of repetitious words or phrases.
- **9.2.** The nature of the publication governs the extent to which abbreviations are used. In the text of technical and legal publications, and in parentheses, brackets, footnotes, sidenotes, tables, leaderwork, and bibliographies, many words are frequently abbreviated. Heads, legends, tables of contents, and indexes follow the style of the text.
- **9.3.** Internal and terminal punctuation in symbols representing units of measure are to be omitted to conform with practice adopted by scientific, technical, and industrial groups. Where the omission of terminal punctuation causes confusion; e.g., the symbol *in* (inch) mistaken for the preposition *in*, the symbol should be spelled out.
- **9.4.** Standard and easily understood forms are preferable, and they should be uniform throughout a job. Abbreviations not generally known should be followed in the text by the spelled-out forms in parentheses the first time they occur; in tables and leaderwork such explanatory matter should be supplied in a footnote. As the printer cannot rewrite the copy, the author should supply these explanatory forms.
- **9.5.** In technical matter, symbols for units of measure should be used only with figures; similarly, many other abbreviations and symbols should not appear in isolation. For example, *energy is measured in foot-pounds*, NOT *energy is measured in ft•lbs*. See ASME Y14.38 ("Abbreviations and Acronyms for use on Drawings and Related Documents") for an extended list of technical abbreviations.

# Capitals, hyphens, periods (points), and spacing

**9.6.** In general, an abbreviation follows the capitalization and hyphenation of the word or words abbreviated. It is followed by a period unless otherwise indicated.

c.o.d. St. but ft•lb

**9.7.** Abbreviations and initials of a personal name with points are set without spaces. Abbreviations composed of contractions and initials or numbers, will retain space.

F.D.R. i.e., e.g. (but op. cit.) I.F.K. B.S., LL.D., Ph.D., B.Sc. L.B.J. H.R. 116 (but S. 116, S. Con. B.C. Forrest, D.D.S. Res. 116) U.S. C.A.D.C. (but App. D.C.) U.N. but AT&T U.S.C. (but Rev. Stat.) Texas A&M A.F. of L.-CIO (AFL-CIO preferred) R&D A.D., B.C.

**9.8.** Except as otherwise designated, points and spaces are omitted after initials used as shortened names of governmental agencies and of other organized bodies. "Other organized bodies" will be interpreted to mean organized bodies that have become popularly identified with a symbol, such as MIT (Massachusetts Institute of Technology), GM (General Motors), AFLAC (American Family Life Assurance Company), etc. (See also rule 9.61.) Symbols, when they appear in copy, may be used for acts of Congress. Example: ARA (Area Redevelopment Act).

VFW TVA ARC NLRB AFL-CIO ASTM

# **Geographic terms**

**9.9.** *United States* must be spelled out when appearing in a sentence containing the name of another country. The abbreviation *U.S.* will be used when preceding the word *Government* or the name of a Government organization, except in formal writing (treaties, Executive orders, proclamations, etc.); congressional bills; legal citations and courtwork; and covers and title pages.

U.S. Government

U.S. Congress

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

U.S. district court

U.S. Supreme Court (but Supreme Court of the United States)

U.S. Army (but Army of the United States)

U.S. monitor Nantucket

U.S.-NATO assistance

U.S. Government efforts to control inflation must be successful if the United States is to have a stable economy.

but British, French, and United States Governments; United States-British

**9.10.** With the exceptions in the preceding rule, the abbreviation *U.S.* is used in the adjective position, but is spelled out when used as a noun.

U.S. foreign policy
U.S. farm-support program
U.S. attorney
U.S. citizen
United States Steel Corp.
(legal title)
Foreign policy of the
United States
United States
United States

- **9.11.** The names of foreign countries are not abbreviated, with the exception of the former U.S.S.R., which is abbreviated due to its length.
- **9.12.** In other than formal usage as defined in rule 9.9, all States of the United States, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and freely associated states are abbreviated immediately following any capitalized geographic term, including armory, arsenal, airbase, airport, barracks, depot, fort, Indian agency, military camp, national cemetery (also forest, historic site, memorial, seashore, monument, park), naval shipyard, proving ground, reservation (forest, Indian, or military), and reserve or station (military or naval).

Prince George's County, MD Arlington National Cemetery, VA Mount Rainier National Forest, Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD WA Washington Dulles Stone Mountain, GA International Airport, VA National Naval Medical Center, Redstone Arsenal, AL Bethesda, MD Mark Twain National Wildlife but Refuge, IL-IA-MO (note use of Leavenworth freight yards, hyphens here) Kansas Altoona sidetrack, Wisconsin Richmond, VA

**9.13.** The Postal Service style of two-letter State, Province, and freely associated State abbreviations is to be used.

## United States

[Including freely associated States]

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
AlabamaAL	KentuckyKY	OhioOH
AlaskaAK	LouisianaLA	OklahomaOK
American Samoa AS	MaineME	OregonOR
ArizonaAZ	Marshall IslandsMH	PalauPW
ArkansasAR	MarylandMD	PennsylvaniaPA
CaliforniaCA	Massachusetts MA	Puerto RicoPR
ColoradoCO	MichiganMI	Rhode IslandRI
ConnecticutCT	MinnesotaMN	South CarolinaSC
DelawareDE	MississippiMS	South DakotaSD
District of Columbia DC	Missouri MO	TennesseeTN
Federated States of	MontanaMT	TexasTX
MicronesiaFM	NebraskaNE	UtahUT
FloridaFL	NevadaNV	VermontVT
GeorgiaGA	New HampshireNH	Virgin IslandsVI
GuamGU	New JerseyNJ	VirginiaVA
HawaiiHI	New MexicoNM	WashingtonWA
IdahoID	New YorkNY	West VirginiaWV
IllinoisIL	North CarolinaNC	WisconsinWI
IndianaIN	North DakotaND	WyomingWY
IowaIA	Northern Mariana	
KansasKS	IslandsMP	
	Canada	
AlbertaAB	Northwest Territories NT	Prince Edward IslandPE
British ColumbiaBC	Nova ScotiaNS	QuebecQC
ManitobaMB	NunavutNU	SaskatchewanSK
New BrunswickNB	OntarioON	YukonYT
Newfoundland and Labrador NL		

- **9.14.** The names of other insular possessions, trust territories, and *Long Island*, *Staten Island*, etc., are not abbreviated.
- **9.15.** The names of Canadian Provinces and other foreign political subdivisions are not abbreviated except as noted in rule 9.13.

### **Addresses**

- **9.16.** Words such as *Street*, *Avenue*, *Place*, *Road*, *Square*, *Boulevard*, *Terrace*, *Drive*, *Court*, and *Building*, following a name or number, are abbreviated in footnotes, sidenotes, tables, leaderwork, and lists.
- **9.17.** In addresses, no period is used with the abbreviations *NW*, *SW*, *NE*, *SE* (indicating sectional divisions of cities) following name or number. *North*, *South*, *East*, and *West* are spelled out at all times.
- **9.18.** The word *Street* or *Avenue* as part of a name is not abbreviated even in parentheses, footnotes, sidenotes, tables, lists, or leaderwork.

14th Street Bridge

Ninth Avenue Bldg.

**9.19.** The words *County, Fort, Mount, Point,* and *Port* are not abbreviated. *Saint (St.)* and *Sainte (Ste.)* should be abbreviated.

# **Descriptions of tracts of land**

**9.20.** In the description of tracts of public land the following abbreviations are used (periods are only used after compass directional abbreviations that describe township(s) (T./Tps.) and range(s) (R./Rs.)):

```
SE¼NW¼ sec. 4, T. 12 S., R. 15 E., of the Boise Meridian lot 6, NE¼ sec. 4, T. 6 N., R. 1 W. N½ sec. 20, T. 7 N., R. 2 W., sixth principal meridian Tps. 9, 10, 11, and 12 S., Rs. 12 and 13 W. T. 2 S., Rs. 8, 9, and 10 E., sec. 26 T. 3 S., R. 1 E., sec. 34, W½E½, W½, and W½SE¼SE¼ sec. 32 (with or without a township number)
```

**9.21.** If fractions are spelled out in land descriptions, *half* and *quarter* are used (not *one-half* or *one-quarter*).

south half of T. 47 N., R. 64 E.

**9.22.** In case of an unavoidable break in a land-description symbol group at end of a line, use no hyphen and break after fraction.

#### Names and titles

**9.23.** The following forms are not always abbreviations, and copy should be followed as to periods:

Al	Ben	Fred	Walt
Alex	Ed	Sam	Will

**9.24.** In signatures, an effort should be made to retain the exact form used by the signer.

George Wythe Geo. Taylor

**9.25.** In company and other formal names, if it is not necessary to preserve the full legal title, such forms as *Bro.*, *Bros.*, *Co.*, *Corp.*, *Inc.*, *Ltd.*, and & are used. *Association* and *Manufacturing* are not abbreviated.

Radio Corp. of America Aluminum Co. of America Standard Oil Co. of New Jersey H.J. Baker & Bro.

Jones Bros. & Co.
American Telephone &
Telegraph Co.

Norton Enterprises, Inc.

Maryland Steamship Co., Ltd.

Chesapeake & Delaware Canal Fairmount Building & Loan Association Electronics Manufacturing Co.
Texas College of Arts & Industries
Robert Wilson & Associates, Inc.
U.S. News & World Report
Baltimore & Ohio Railroad
Mine, Mill & Smelter Workers

but

Little Theater Company Senate Banking, Housing and Urban Affairs Committee

**9.26.** *Company* and *Corporation* are not abbreviated in names of Federal Government units.

Commodity Credit Corporation Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation

- **9.27.** In parentheses, footnotes, sidenotes, tables, and leaderwork, abbreviate the words *railroad* and *railway* (*RR* and *Ry*.), except in such names as "Washington Railway & Electric Co." and "Florida Railroad & Navigation Corp." *SS* for *steamship*, *MS* for *motorship*, etc., preceding name are used at all times.
- **9.28.** In the names of informal companionships the word *and* is spelled out.

Lennon and McCartney

Currier and Ives

**9.29.** In other than formal usage, a civil, military, or naval title preceding a name is abbreviated if followed by first or given name or initial; but *Mr.*, *Mrs.*, *Miss*, *Ms.*, *M.*, *MM.*, *Messrs.*, *Mlle.*, *Mme.*, and *Dr.* are abbreviated with or without first or given name or initial.

# United States military titles and abbreviations

### Officer rank

Officer ranks in the United States military consist of commissioned officers and warrant officers. The commissioned ranks are the highest in the military. These officers hold presidential commissions and are confirmed at their ranks by the Senate. Army, Air Force, and Marine Corps officers are called

company grade officers in the pay grades of O-1 to O-3, field grade officers in pay grades O-4 to O-6, and general officers in pay grades O-7 and higher. The equivalent officer groupings in the Navy are called junior grade, mid-grade, and flag.

Warrant officers hold warrants from their service secretary and are specialists and experts in certain military technologies or capabilities. The lowest ranking warrant officers serve under a warrant, but they receive commissions from the President upon promotion to chief warrant officer 2. These commissioned warrant officers are direct representatives of the President of the United States. They derive their authority from the same source as commissioned officers but remain specialists, in contrast to commissioned officers, who are generalists. There are no warrant officers in the Air Force.

	Army	Navy Coast Guard	Marines	Air Force
	General of the Army (Reserved for wartime only)	Fleet Admiral (Reserved for wartime only)		General of the Air Force (Reserved for wartime only)
O10	General GEN Army Chief of Staff	Admiral ADM Chief of Naval Operations and Commandant of the Coast Guard	General Gen. Commandant of the Marine Corps	General Gen. Air Force Chief of Staff
09	Lieutenant General LTG	Vice Admiral VADM	Lieutenant General Lt. Gen.	Lieutenant General Lt. Gen.
O8	Major General MG	Rear Admiral Upper Half RADM	Major General Maj. Gen.	Major General Maj. Gen.
O7	Brigadier General BG	Rear Admiral Lower Half RDML	Brigadier General Brig. Gen.	Brigadier General Brig. Gen.
O6	Colonel COL	Captain CAPT	Colonel Col.	Colonel Col.
O5	Lieutenant Colonel LTC	Commander CDR	Lieutenant Colonel Lt. Col.	Lieutenant Colonel Lt. Col.
O4	Major MAJ	Lieutenant Commander LCDR	Major Maj.	Major Maj.
O3	Captain CPT	Lieutenant LT	Captain Capt.	Captain Capt.

	Army	Navy Coast Guard	Marines	Air Force
O2	First Lieutenant 1LT	Lieutenant Junior Grade LTJG	First Lieutenant 1st Lt.	First Lieutenant 1st Lt.
O1	Second Lieutenant 2LT	Ensign ENS	Second Lieutenant 2nd Lt.	Second Lieutenant 2nd Lt.
W5	Chief Warrant Officer CW5	Chief Warrant Officer CWO5	Chief Warrant Officer 5 CWO5	NO WARRANT
W4	Chief Warrant Officer 4 CW4	Chief Warrant Officer 4 CWO4	Chief Warrant Officer 4 CWO4	NO WARRANT
W3	Chief Warrant Officer 3 CW3	Chief Warrant Officer 3 CWO3	Chief Warrant Officer 3 CWO3	NO WARRANT
W2	Chief Warrant Officer 2 CW2	Chief Warrant Officer 2 CWO2	Chief Warrant Officer 2 CWO2	NO WARRANT
W1	Warrant Officer 1 WO1	Warrant Officer 1 WO1	Warrant Officer 1 WO	NO WARRANT

Source: http://www.defense.gov/About-DoD/Insignias/Officers.

#### Enlisted rank

Service members in pay grades E-1 through E-3 are usually either in some kind of training status or on their initial assignment. The training includes the basic training phase where recruits are immersed in military culture and values and are taught the core skills required by their service component.

Basic training is followed by a specialized or advanced training phase that provides recruits with a specific area of expertise or concentration. In the Army and Marines, this area is called a military occupational specialty; in the Navy it is known as a rate; and in the Air Force it is simply called an Air Force specialty.

Leadership responsibility significantly increases in the mid-level enlisted ranks. This responsibility is given formal recognition by use of the terms noncommissioned officer and petty officer. An Army sergeant, an Air Force staff sergeant, and a Marine corporal are considered NCO ranks. The Navy NCO equivalent, petty officer, is achieved at the rank of petty officer third class.

At the E–8 level, the Army, Marines, and Air Force have two positions at the same pay grade. Whether one is, for example, a senior master sergeant or a first sergeant in the Air Force depends on the person's job. The same is true for the positions at the E–9 level. Marine Corps master gunnery sergeants and sergeants major receive the same pay but have different responsibilities. E–8s and E–9s have 15 to 30 years on the job, and are commanders' senior advisers for enlisted matters.

A third E–9 element is the senior enlisted person of each service. The sergeant major of the Army, the sergeant major of the Marine Corps, the master chief petty officer of the Navy, and the chief master sergeant of the Air Force are the spokespersons of the enlisted force at the highest levels of their services.

	Army		Navy Coast Guard		Marines		Air Force		e
E9	of the	nt Major Army 1A)	Off of the (MCI ar Coast	hief Petty ficer Navy PON) nd Guard OCG)	Sergeant Major of the Marine Corps (SgtMajMC)		Marine Corps of the Air Force		rce
E9	Sergeant Major (SGM)	Command Sergeant Major (CSM)	Master Chief Petty Officer (MCPO)	Fleet/ Command Master Chief Petty Officer	Sergeant Major (SgtMaj)	Master Gunnery Sergeant (MGySgt)	Chief Master Sergeant (CMSgt)	First Sergeant	Command Chief Master Sergeant (CCM)
E8	Master Sergeant (MSG)	First Sergeant (1SG)	Senior Chief Petty Officer (SCPO)		Master Sergeant (MSgt)	First Sergeant	Senior Master Sergeant (SMSgt)	First S	ergeant
E7	Sergeant I (SF	First Class FC)	Chief Petty Officer (CPO)		Gunnery Sergeant (GySgt)		Master Sergeant (MSgt)	First S	ergeant
E6		Staff Sergeant (SSG)  Petty Officer First Class (POI)		Staff Sergeant (SSgt)		Technical Sergeant (TSgt)			
E5	Serg (SC	eant GT)	Petty Officer Second Class (PO2)		Sergeant (Sgt)		Staff Sergeant (SSgt)		
E4	Corporal (CPL)	Specialist (SPC)	Third	Officer Class O3)	Corporal (Cpl)		Senior Airman (SrA)		

	Army	Navy Coast Guard	Marines	Air Force
E3	Private First Class	Seaman	Lance Corporal	Airman First Class
	(PFC)	(SN)	(LCpl)	(A1C)
E2	Private E–2	Seaman Apprentice	Private First Class	Airman
	(PV2)	(SA)	(PFC)	(Amn)
E1	Private	Seaman Recruit (SR)	Private	Airman Basic

Source: http://www.defense.gov/About-DoD/Insignias/Enlisted.

- **9.30.** Spell out *Senator*, *Representative*, and *commandant*.
- **9.31.** Unless preceded by *the*, abbreviate *Honorable*, *Reverend*, and *Monsignor* when followed by the first name, initials, or title.

Hon. John Kerry; the Honorable John Kerry; the Honorable Mr. Kerry the Honorables John Roberts, Elena Kagan, and Ruth Bader Ginsberg

Rev. Martin Luther King, Jr.; the Reverend Dr. King; Rev. Dr. King; Reverend King (not Rev. King, nor the Reverend King)

Rt. Rev. James E. Freeman; the Right Reverend James E. Freeman; Very Rev. Henry Boyd; the Very Reverend Henry Boyd

Rt. Rev. Msgr. John Bird; the Right Reverend Monsignor John Bird

**9.32.** The following and similar forms are used after a name:

Esq., Jr., Sr.

2d, 3d (or II, III) (not preceded by comma)

Degrees: LL.D., M.A., Ph.D., etc.

Fellowships, orders, etc.: FSA Scot, F.R.S., K.C.B., C.P.A., etc.

**9.33.** The abbreviation *Esq.* and other titles such as *Mr.*, *Mrs.*, and *Dr.*, should not appear with any other title or with abbreviations indicating scholastic degrees.

John L. Smith, Esq., not Mr. John L. Smith, Esq., nor John L. Smith, Esq., A.M.; but James A. Jones, Jr., Esq.

Ford Maddox, A.B., Ph.D., not Mr. Ford Maddox, A.B., Ph.D.

George Gray, M.D., not Mr. George Gray, M.D., nor Dr. George Gray, M.D.

Dwight A. Bellinger, D.V.M., but Major John P. Pryor, M.D.

**9.34.** *Sr.* and *Jr.* should not be used without first or given name or initials, but may be used in combination with any title.

A.K. Jones, Jr., or Mr. Jones, Junior, *not* Jones, Jr., *nor* Jones, Junior President J.B. Nelson, Jr.

**9.35.** When name is followed by abbreviations designating religious and fraternal orders and scholastic and honorary degrees, their sequence is as follows: Orders, religious first; theological degrees; academic degrees earned in course; and honorary degrees in order of bestowal.

```
Henry L. Brown, D.D., A.M., D.Lit.
T.E. Holt, C.S.C., S.T.Lr., LL.D., Ph.D.
Samuel J. Deckelbaum, P.M.
```

**9.36.** Academic degrees standing alone may be abbreviated.

John was graduated with a B.A. degree; *but* bachelor of arts degree (lowercase when spelled out).

She earned her Ph.D. by hard work.

**9.37.** In addresses, signatures, lists of names, and leaderwork but not in tables nor in centerheads, *Mr.*, *Mrs.*, and other titles preceding a name, and *Esq.*, *Ph.D.*, *Jr.*, and *Sr.* following a name, are set in roman caps and lowercase if the name is in caps and small caps. If the name is in caps, they are set in caps and small caps, if small caps are available—otherwise in caps and lowercase.

# Parts of publications

**9.38.** The following abbreviations are used for parts of publications mentioned in parentheses, brackets, footnotes, sidenotes, list of references, tables, and leaderwork, when followed by figures, letters, or Roman numerals.

```
app., apps. (appendix,
                                         pl., pls. (plate, plates)
     appendixes)
                                         pt., pts. (part, parts)
art., arts. (article, articles)
                                         sec., secs. (section, sections)
bull., bulls. (bulletin, bulletins)
                                         subch., subchs. (subchapter,
ch., chs. (chapter, chapters)
                                              subchapters)
col., cols. (column, columns)
                                         subpar., subpars. (subparagraph,
ed., eds. (edition, editions)
                                              subparagraphs)
fig., figs. (figure, figures)
                                         subpt., subpts. (subpart, subparts)
fn., fns. (footnote, footnotes)
                                         subsec., subsecs. (subsection,
No., Nos. (number, numbers)
                                              subsections)
p., pp. (page, pages)
                                         supp., supps. (supplement,
par., pars. (paragraph,
                                              supplements)
     paragraphs)
                                         vol., vols. (volume, volumes)
```

**9.39.** The word *article* and the word *section* are abbreviated when appearing at the beginning of a paragraph and set in caps and small caps followed by a period and an en space, except that the first of a series is spelled out.

```
ART. 2; SEC. 2; etc.; but ARTICLE 1; SECTION 1
ART. II; SEC. II; etc.; but ARTICLE I; SECTION I
```

**9.40.** At the beginning of a legend, the word *figure* preceding the legend number is not abbreviated.

FIGURE 4.—Landscape.

# **Terms relating to Congress**

**9.41.** The words *Congress* and *session*, when accompanied by a numerical reference, are abbreviated in parentheses, brackets, and text footnotes. In sidenotes, lists of references, tables, leaderwork, and footnotes to tables and leaderwork, the following abbreviations are used:

106th Cong., 1st sess. Public Law 84, 102d Cong. 1st sess., 106th Cong. Private Law 68, 102d Cong.

**9.42.** In references to bills, resolutions, documents and reports in parentheses, brackets, footnotes, sidenotes, tables, and leaderwork, the following abbreviations are used:

H.R. 416 (House bill)
S. 116 (Senate bill)
The examples above may be
abbreviated or spelled
out in text.
H. Res. 5 (House resolution)
S. H. Con. Res. 10 (House concurrent

resolution) H.J. Res. 21 (House joint resolution)

S. Res. 50 (Senate resolution)
S. Con. Res. 17 (Senate concurrent resolution)

S.J. Res. 45 (Senate joint resolution)

H. Conf. Rept. 10 (House conference report)
H. Doc. 35 (House document)
S. Doc. 62 (Senate document)
H. Rept. 214 (House report)
S. Rept. 410 (Senate report)
Ex. Doc. B (Executive document)
Ex. F (92d Cong., 2d sess.)
Ex. Rept. 9 (92d Cong., 1st sess.)
Misc. Doc. 16 (miscellaneous document)

Public Res. 47

**9.43.** References to statutes in parentheses, footnotes, sidenotes, tables, leaderwork, and congressional work are abbreviated.

Rev. Stat. (Revised Statutes); 43 Rev. Stat. 801; 18 U.S.C. 38 Supp. Rev. Stat. (Supplement to the Revised Statutes) Stat. L. (Statutes at Large) but Public Law 85–1; Private Law 68

### Calendar divisions

**9.44.** Names of months followed by the day, or day and year, are abbreviated in footnotes, tables, leaderwork, sidenotes, and in bibliographies. (See examples, rule 9.45.) *May, June*, and *July* are always spelled out. In narrow columns in tables, however, the names of months may be abbreviated even if standing alone. Preferred forms follow:

Jan.Apr.Oct.Feb.Aug.Nov.Mar.Sept.Dec.

**9.45.** In text only, dates as part of a citation or reference within parentheses or brackets are also abbreviated.

(Op. Atty. Gen., Dec. 4, 2005)

(Congressional Record, Sept. 25, 2007)

[From the New York Times, Mar. 4, 2008]

[From the Mar. 4 issue]

On Jan. 25 (we had commenced on Dec. 26, 2005) the work was finished. (In footnotes, tables, leaderwork, and sidenotes)

On January 25, a decision was reached (Op. Atty. Gen., Dec. 4, 2006). (Text, but with citation in parentheses)

*but* On January 25 (we had commenced on December 26, 2008) the work was finished. (Not a citation or reference in text)

**9.46.** Weekdays are not abbreviated, but the following forms are used, if necessary, in lists or in narrow columns in tables:

Sun. Wed. Fri. Mon. Thurs. Sat.

Tues.

#### Time zones

**9.47.** The following forms are to be used when abbreviating names of time zones:

AKDT—Alaska daylight time AKST—Alaska standard time

AKT—Alaska time (implies standard or daylight time)

AST—Atlantic standard time

AT—Atlantic time

CDT—central daylight time

CST—central standard time CT—central time

ChST—Chamorro standard time

(DST not observed)

DST—daylight saving (no "s") time

EDT—eastern daylight time

EST—eastern standard time

ET—eastern time

GCT-Greenwich civil time

GMAT—Greenwich mean astronomical time

GMT—Greenwich mean time

HDT—Hawaii-Aleutian daylight time

(not observed in HI)

HST—Hawaii-Aleutian standard time

LST—local standard time

MDT—mountain daylight time

MST—mountain standard time

MT— mountain time

PDT—Pacific daylight time

PST—Pacific standard time

PT—Pacific time

SST—Samoan standard time

(DST not observed)

UTC—coordinated universal time

# Acronyms and coined words

**9.48.** To obtain uniform treatment in the formation of acronyms and coined words, apply the formulas that follow:

Use all capital letters when only the first letter of each word or selected words is used to make up the symbol:

APPR (Army package power reactor)

EPCOT (Experimental Prototype Community of Tomorrow)

MAG (Military Advisory Group)

MIRV (multiple independently targetable reentry vehicle)

SALT (strategic arms limitation talks); (avoid SALT talks)

Use all capital letters where first letters of prefixes and/or suffixes are utilized as part of established expressions:

CPR (cardiopulmonary resuscitation)

ESP (extrasensory perception)

FLIR (forward-looking infrared)

Copy must be followed where an acronym or abbreviated form is copyrighted or established by law:

ACTION (agency of Government; not an acronym)

MARAD (Maritime Administration)

NACo (National Association of Counties)

MEDLARS (*Med*ical *L*iterature *A*nalysis and *R*etrieval *System*)

Use caps and lowercase when proper names are used in shortened form, any word of which uses more than the first letter of each word:

Conrail (Consolidated Rail Corporation)

Pepco (Potomac Electric Power Co.)

Inco (International Nickel Co.)

Aramco (Arabian-American Oil Co.)

Unprofor (United Nations Protection Force)

but USAJOBS

Use lowercase in common-noun combinations made up of more than the first letter of lowercased words:

loran (long-range navigation)

sonar (sound navigation ranging)

secant (separation control of aircraft by nonsynchronous techniques)

**9.49.** The words *infra* and *supra* are not abbreviated.

#### Terms of measure

**9.50.** The only instance where a period is used with a compass directonal abbreviation is in a land tract description with township(s) (T./Tps.) and range(s) (R./Rs.). (See rule 9.20.) Compass directionals are abbreviated as follows:

N	S	ESE
NE	NNW	10° N 25° W
E	W	but
NW by N ¼ W	SW	T. 2 S., R. 1 E.

**9.51.** The words *latitude* and *longitude*, followed by figures, are abbreviated in parentheses, brackets, footnotes, sidenotes, tables, and leaderwork, and the figures are always closed up.

```
lat. 52°33'05" N long. 13°21'10" E
```

- **9.52.** Avoid breaking latitude and longitude figures at end of line; space out line instead. In case of an unavoidable break at end of line, use hyphen.
- **9.53.** Temperature and gravity are expressed in figures. When the degree mark is used, it must appear closed up to the capital letter, not

against the figures. Note the following related abbreviations and letter symbols and their usages:

```
abs, absolute

Bé, Baumé

°C,¹ degree Celsius²

°F, degree Fahrenheit

°R, degree Rankine

K, kelvin; but Kelvin scale

273.15 K

°API

API, American Petroleum

Institute

Twad, Twaddell

100 °C

212 °F¹

671.67 °R

18 °API
```

**9.54.** References to meridian in statements of time are abbreviated as follows:

```
10 a.m. (not 10:00 a.m.) 12 p.m. (12 noon) 2:30 p.m. 12 a.m. (12 midnight)
```

**9.55.** The word *o'clock* is not used with abbreviations of time.

not 10 o'clock p.m.

**9.56.** Metric unit letter symbols are set lowercase roman unless the unit name has been derived from a proper name, in which case the first letter of the symbol is capitalized (for example Pa for pascal and W for watt). The exception is the letter L for liter. The same form is used for singular and plural. The preferred symbol for *cubic centimeter* is  $cm^3$ ; use cc only when requested.

A space is used between a figure and a unit symbol except in the case of the symbols for degree, minute, and second of plane angle.

3 m		45 m	45 mm		°C	but 33°15'21"
Prefixes for multiples and submultiples					Metric units	
Y	yotta (10 ²⁴ )	d	deci (10 ⁻¹ )		m	meter (for length)
Z	zetta (10 ²¹ )	с	centi (10 ⁻² )		g	gram (for weight or mass)
E	exa (10 ¹⁸ )	m	$milli (10^{-3})$		L	liter (for capacity)
P	peta (1015)	μ	$micro (10^{-6})$			
T	tera (10 ¹² )	n	nano (10 ⁻⁹ )			
G	giga (10°)	p	pico $(10^{-12})$			
M	mega (10 ⁶ )	f	femto (10 ⁻¹⁵ )			
k	kilo (10³)	a	atto $(10^{-18})$			
h	hecto (10 ² )	z	zepto (10 ⁻²¹ )			
da	deka (10)	y	yocto (10 ⁻²⁴ )			

 $^{^{1}}$ Without figures preceding it,  $^{\circ}C$  or  $^{\circ}F$  should be used only in boxhead and over figure columns in tables.

²Preferred form (superseding Centigrade).

	Length		Area		Volume
km	kilometer	km²	square kilometer	$km^3$	cubic kilometer
hm	hectometer	$hm^2$	square hectometer	$hm^3$	cubic hectometer
dam	decameter	dam²	square decameter	dam³	cubic dekameter
m	meter	$m^2$	square meter	$m^3$	cubic meter
dm	decimeter	$dm^2$	square decimeter	dm³	cubic decimeter
cm	centimeter	cm ²	square centimeter	cm ³	cubic centimeter
mm	millimeter	mm ²	square millimeter	mm³	cubic millimeter
	Weight		Land area		Capacity of containers
kg	kilogram	ha	hectare	kL	kiloliter
hg	hectogram	a	acre	hL	hectoliter
dag	dekagram			daL	dekaliter
g	gram			L	liter
dg	decigram			dL	deciliter
cg	centigram			cL	centiliter
mg	milligram			mL	milliliter
μg	microgram				

**9.57.** A similar form of abbreviation applies to any unit of the metric system.

A	ampere	V	volt	mF	millifarad
VA	voltampere	W	watt	mH	millihenry
F	farad	kc	kilocycle	μF	microfarad (one-
Н	henry	kV	kilovolt		millionth of a farad)
Hz	hertz	kVA	kilovoltampere		
J	joule	kW	kilowatt		

**9.58.** The following forms are used when units of English weight and measure and units of time are abbreviated, the same form of abreviation being used for both singular and plural:

	Length		Area and volume
in	inch	in ²	square inch
ft	foot	in ³	cubic inch
yd	yard	mi ²	square mile
mi	mile (statute)	ft ³	cubic foot

	Time		Weight		Capacity
yr	year	gr	grain	gill	(not abbreviated)
mo	month	dr	dram	pt	pint
d	day	oz	ounce	qt	quart
h	hour	lb	pound	gal	gallon
min	minute	cwt	hundredweight	pk	peck
S	second	dwt	pennyweight	bu	bushel
		ton(s)	(not abbreviated)	bbl	barrel
		but t	metric ton (tonne)		

**9.59.** In astrophysical and similar scientific matter, magnitudes and units of time may be expressed as follows:

# Money

**9.60.** The following are some of the abbreviations and symbols used for indicating money:

(For the abbreviations of other terms indicating currency, see the table "Currency" in Chapter 17 "Useful Tables.")

• •	
\$, dol (dollar)	Mex \$2,650
c, ct, ¢ (cent, cents)	₱ (peso)
TRL175 (Turkish)	£ (pound)
USD15,000	d (pence)
€ (euro)	

Use "USD" if omission would result in confusion.

### Standard word abbreviations

**9.61.** For a more complete list of Government acronyms visit the U.S. Government Manual: https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pkg/GOVMAN-2015-07-01/pdf/GOVMAN-2015-07-01-Commonly-Used-Agency-Acronyms-105.pdf. Use these forms if abbreviations are required:

2,4D (insecticide)	A1 (rating)
2d—second	A.A.—Alcoholics Anonymous
3d—third	AARP—American Association of
3D—three dimensional	Retired Persons
4°—quarto	abbr.—abbreviation
8°—octavo	abs.—abstract

acct.-account

ARC—American Red Cross

ACTH—adrenocorticotropic ARS—Agricultural Research hormone Service A.D.—(anno Domini) in the year ASD—autism spectrum disorder of our Lord (A.D. 937) ASME—American Society of ADDH-attention deficit disorder Mechanical Engineers with hyperactivity ASTM-American Society for Testing and Materials ADHD-attention deficit hyper-ATM—automatic teller machine activity disorder AF—audiofrequency Atl.—Atlantic Reporter; A.2d, AFB-Air Force Base Atlantic Reporter, second AFL-CIO-American Federation series of Labor and Congress of AUS—Army of the United States Ave.—avenue **Industrial Organizations** AIDS—acquired immuno-AWACS—airborne warning and deficiency syndrome control system a.k.a.-also known as AWOL-absent without leave B.A. or A.B.—bachelor of arts A.L.R.—American Law Reports BAC—billing address code ALS—amyotrophic lateral sclerosis AM-amplitude modulation (no BBB-Better Business Bureau periods) B.C.—before Christ (1200 B.C.) A.M.—(anno mundi) in the year of B.C.E.—Before Common Era BCG—(bacillus Calmette-Guerin) the world antituberculosis vaccine A.M. or M.A.—master of arts a.m.—(ante meridiem) before noon bf.—boldface Am. Repts.—American Reports BGN—Board on (not of) Geographic Names Amtrak—National Railroad BIA—Bureau of Indian Affairs Passenger Corporation BIS-Bank for International AMVETS—American Veterans: Settlements Amvet(s) (individual) ANSI-American National Blatch, Pr. Cas.—Blatchford's Prize Cases Standards Institute Bldg.—building antilog—antilogarithm (no period) AOA—Administration on Aging B.Lit(t), or Lit(t), B.—bachelor of APEC-Asia-Pacific Economic literature Cooperation BLM-Bureau of Land Management API—American Petroleum BLS—Bureau of Labor Statistics Institute Blvd.-boulevard APO—Army post office (no b.o.—buyer's option periods) App. D.C.—District of Columbia B.S. or B.Sc.—bachelor of science Appeal Cases c. and s.c.—caps and small caps App. Div.—Appellate Division ca.—(circa) about approx.—approximately ca-centiare

CACM—Central American	Corp.—corporation (commercial)
Common Market	cos—cosine (no period)
CAD—computer-aided design	cosh—hyperbolic cosine (no
CAP—Civil Air Patrol	period)
CAT scan—computerized axial	cot—cotangent (no period)
tomography	coth—hyperbolic cotangent (no
C.C.A.—Circuit Court of Appeals	period)
CCC—Commodity Credit	c.p.—chemically pure
Corporation	C.P.A.—certified public
C.Cls.—Court of Claims	accountant
C.Cls.R.—Court of Claims Reports	CPI—Consumer Price Index
C.C.P.A.—Court of Customs and	CPR—cardiopulmonary
Patents Appeals	resuscitation
CCSDS—Consultative Committee	cr.—credit; creditor
for Space Data Systems	C-SPAN—Cable Satellite Public
CDC—Centers for Disease Control	Affairs Network
and Prevention	csc—cosecant (no period)
C.E.—Common Era	csch—hyperbolic cosecant (no
CEA—Council of Economic	period)
Advisers	Ct.—court
cf.—(confer) compare or see	Dall.—Dallas (U.S. Supreme
CFR—Code of Federal Regulations	Court Reports)
CFR Supp.—Code of Federal	DAR—Daughters of the American
Regulations Supplement	Revolution
CHAMPUS—Civilian Health	d.b.a.—doing business as
and Medical Program of the	d.b.h.—diameter at breast height
Uniformed Services	D.D.—doctor of divinity
CIA—Central Intelligence Agency	D.D.S.—doctor of dental surgery
C.J.—(corpus juris) body of law;	DDT—dichlorodiphenyl-
Chief Justice	trichloroethane
CMYK—cyan, magenta, yellow,	DHS—Department of Homeland
black	Security
CNN—Cable News Network	Dist. Ct.—District Court
CO—commanding officer	D.Lit(t). or Lit(t).D.—doctor of
Co.—company (commercial)	literature
c.o.d.—cash on delivery	DNC—Domestic Names
COLA—cost-of-living adjustment	Committee (BGN)
Comp. Dec.—Comptroller's	do.—(ditto) the same
Decisions (Treasury)	DOC—Department of Commerce
Comp. Gen.—Comptroller	DoD—Department of Defense
General Decisions	DOE—Department of Energy
con.—continued	DOI—Department of the Interior
Conus—continental United States	DOJ—Department of Justice

Eurodollars—U.S. dollars used to DOL—Department of Labor DoS—Department of State finance foreign trade Ex. Doc. (with letter)—executive DOT—Department of document Transportation DP—displaced person (no period) EXIM Bank—Export-Import D.P.H.—doctor of public health Bank of the United States D.P.Hy.—doctor of public hygiene f., ff.—and following page (pages) FAA-Federal Aviation DPT—diphtheria, pertussis, tetanus innoculation Administration dr.-debit: debtor FACS—Faculty of the American Dr.—doctor; drive College of Surgeons DST—daylight saving (no "s") time Fannie Mae-Federal National D.V.M.—doctor of veterinary Mortgage Association FAO-Food and Agriculture medicine E-east Organization e-CFR-electronic Code of FAQ—frequently asked question Federal Regulations FAR—Federal Acquisition EDGAR—Electronic Data Regulation f.a.s.—free alongside ship Gathering, Analysis and Retrieval (SEC) FAS—Foreign Agricultural EEOC-Equal Employment Service Opportunity Commission FBI-Federal Bureau of Investigation EFTA—European Free Trade Association FCA-Farm Credit EFTS—electronic funds transfer Administration FCC—Federal Communications system e.g.—(exempli gratia) for example Commission FCIC—Federal Crop Insurance EHF—extremely high frequency Corporation emcee-master of ceremony e.o.m.-end of month FCSC-Foreign Claims EOP-Executive Office of the Settlement Commission President FDA—Food and Drug EPA—Environmental Protection Administration FDIC—Federal Deposit Insurance Agency ESE-east-southeast Corporation et al.—(et alii) and others FDLP—Federal Depository Library Program et seq.—(et sequentia) and the Fed.—Federal Reporter; F.3d, following Federal Reporter, third series etc.—(et cetera) and so forth EU-European Union FEOF-Foreign Exchange Euratom—European Atomic Operations Fund **Energy Community** FERC—Federal Energy Euro—currency (common) Regulatory Commission

FHA—Federal Housing

G.M.&S.—general, medical, and

FHA—Federal Housing	G.M.&S.—general, medical, and
Administration	surgical
FHFA—Federal Housing	GNMA—Government National
Finance Agency	Mortgage Association
FmHA—Farmers Home	(Ginnie Mae)
Administration	Gov.—Governor
FHWA—Federal Highway	GPO—Government Publishing
Administration	Office
FICA—Federal Insurance	GPS—Global Positioning System
Contributions Act	gr. wt.—gross weight
FLSA—Fair Labor Standards Act	GSA—General Services
FM—frequency modulation	Administration
FMC—Federal Maritime	GSE—Government-Sponsored
Commission	Enterprise
FMCS—Federal Mediation and	G7—Group of Seven
Conciliation Service	H.C.—House of Commons
FNS—Food and Nutrition Service	H. Con. Res. (with number)—
f°—folio	House concurrent resolution
FOB—free on board	H. Doc. (with number)—House
FPO—fleet post office (no periods)	document
FR—Federal Register	hazmat—hazardous material
(publication)	HDTV—high definition television
FRG—Federal Republic of	HE—high explosive (no periods)
Germany	HF—high frequency (no periods)
FRS—Federal Reserve System	HHS—Health and Human
FS—Forest Service	Services (Department of)
FSLIC—Federal Savings and Loan	HIV—human immunodeficiency
Insurance Corporation	virus
F. Supp.—Federal Supplement	H.J. Res. (with number)—House
FTC—Federal Trade Commission	joint resolution
FWS—Fish and Wildlife Service	HMO—health-maintenance
GAO—Government	organization
Accountability Office	HOV—high-occupancy vehicle
GATT—General Agreement on	How.—Howard (U.S. Supreme
Tariffs and Trade	Court Reports)
GDP—Gross Domestic Product	H.R. (with number)—House bill
GFE—government furnished	H. Rept. (with number)—House
equipment	report
GFI—government furnished	H. Res. (with number)—House
information	resolution
GI—general issue; Government	HUD—Housing and Urban
issue	Development (Department of)
GIS—geographic information	IADB—Inter-American Defense
system	Board

IAEA—International Atomic JOBS—Job Opportunities in the **Energy Agency** Business Sector ibid.—(ibidem) in the same place IIT—just in time ICBM—intercontinental ballistic Jpn.—Japan or Japanese where missile necessary to abbreviate id.—(idem) the same Jr.—junior ID—Information Dissemination Judge Adv. Gen.—Judge Advocate General IDA—International Development lat.—latitude Association IDE—integrated drive electronics LC—Library of Congress i.e.—(id est) that is LCD—liquid crystal display IEEE-Institute of Electrical and lc.—lowercase **Electronic Engineers** L.Ed.—Lawyer's edition (U.S. IF—intermediate frequency (no Supreme Court Reports) LGBTQ-Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, periods) IFC-International Finance Transgender, and Questioning liq.—liquid Corporation lf.—lightface IMF—International Monetary LF—low frequency Fund Insp. Gen. (also IG)—inspector LL.B.—bachelor of laws general LL.D.—doctor of laws loc. cit.—(loco citato) in the place Interpol—International Criminal Police Organization log (no period)—logarithm IOU-I owe you IQ-intelligence quotient long.—longitude IRA-individual retirement loran (no periods)—long-range navigation account lox (no periods)—liquid oxygen IRBM—intermediate range LPG—liquefied petroleum gas ballistic missile IRE—Institute of Radio Engineers Ltd.—limited Lt. Gov.—lieutenant governor IRS—Internal Revenue Service M—money supply: M1, M2, etc. ISIL—Islamic State of Iraq and M.—monsieur; MM., messieurs the Levant (Intelligence m.—(meridies) noon Community standard) ISIS—Islamic State of Iraq and Syria M-more MAC-Military Airlift Command ISO—International Organization MARAD—Maritime for Standardization Administration ISS—International Space Station ISSN-International Standard MC—Member of Congress Serial Number (emcee, master of ceremonies) M.D.—doctor of medicine JAG-Judge Advocate General MDAP-Mutual Defense jato-jet-assisted takeoff J.D.—(jurum or juris doctor) Assistance Program doctor of laws Medi-Cal-Medicaid California

memo-memorandum	NATO—North Atlantic Treaty
MF—medium frequency;	Organization
microfiche	NCUA—National Credit Union
MFN—most favored nation	Administration
MIA—missing in action (plural	NE—northeast
MIAs)	n.e.c.—not elsewhere classified
MIRV—multiple independently	n.e.s.—not elsewhere specified
targetable reentry vehicle	net wt.—net weight
Misc. Doc. (with number)—	N.F.—National Formulary
miscellaneous document	NFC—National Finance Center
Mlle.—mademoiselle	NIH—National Institutes of
MMAR—Materials Management	Health
Acquisition Regulation	NIST—National Institute of
Mme.—madam	Standards and Technology
Mmes.—mesdames	NGA—National Geospatial-
mo.—month	Intelligence Agency
MOS—military occupational	n.l.—natural log or logarithm
specialty	NLRB—National Labor Relations
M.P.—Member of Parliament	Board
MP—military police	NNTP—Network News Transfer
Mr.—mister (plural Messrs.)	Protocol
MRI—magnetic resonance	NNW—north-northwest
imaging	No.—Nos., number, numbers
Mrs.—mistress	NOAA—National Oceanic and
Ms.—feminine title (plural Mses.)	Atmospheric Administration
M.S.—master of science	n.o.i.b.n.—not otherwise indexed
MS.—MSS., manuscript,	by name
manuscripts	n.o.p.—not otherwise provided
MSC—Military Sealift Command	(for)
Msgr.—monsignor	n.o.s.—not otherwise specified
m.s.l.—mean sea level	NPR—National Public Radio
MTN—multilateral trade	NPS—National Park Service
negotiations	NRC—Nuclear Regulatory
N—north	Commission
NA—not available; not applicable	NS—nuclear ship
NACo.—National Association of	NSA—National Security Agency
Counties	NSC—National Security Council
NAFTA—North American Free	NSF—National Science
Trade Agreement	Foundation
NAS—National Academy of	n.s.k.—not specified by kind
Sciences	n.s.p.f.—not specifically provided
NASA—National Aeronautics and	for
Space Administration	NW—northwest

philosophy

OAPEC—Organization of Arab Ph.G.—graduate in pharmacy Petroleum Exporting PHS—Public Health Service PIN—personal identification Countries OAS—Organization of American number States Pl.—place OASDHI—Old-Age, Survivors, p.m.—(post meridiem) after noon Disability, and Health P.O. Box (with number)—but post office box (in general sense) Insurance Program OASI-Old-Age and Survivors POP-Point of Presence: Post Insurance Office Protocol OD-officer of the day POW—prisoner of war (plural OD-overdose; Odd, overdosed POWs) Private Res. (with number)— O.D.—doctor of optometry private resolution OK—Oked, Oking, Oks OMB-Office of Management and Prof.—professor Budget pro tem—(pro tempore) temporarily Op. Atty. Gen.—Opinions of the Attorney General P.S.—(post scriptum) postscript; public school (with number) op. cit.—(opere citato) in the work cited PTA—parent-teachers' association OPEC—Organization of PTSD—post-traumatic stress disorder Petroleum Exporting Public Res. (with number)—public Countries OSD—Office of the Secretary of resolution Defense PX—post exchange PA—public address system; QT—on the quiet R.—Rs., range, ranges physician assistant racon-radar beacon Pac.—Pacific Reporter; P.2d, radar-radio detection and Pacific Reporter, second ranging PAC—political action committee R&D—research and development rato-rocket-assisted takeoff (plural PACs) Rd.—road PBS—Public Broadcasting Service; Public Buildings Service RDT&E—research, development, PCV—Peace Corps Volunteer testing, and evaluation Pet.—Peters (U.S. Supreme Court Rev.—reverend Rev. Stat.—Revised Statutes Reports) RF—radio frequency Ph—phenyl R.F.D.—rural free delivery Phar.D.—doctor of pharmacy Ph.B. or B.Ph.—bachelor of RGB-red, green, blue philosophy Rh—Rhesus (blood factor) Ph.D. or D.Ph.—doctor of RIF—reduction(s) in force; RIFed,

RIFing, RIFs

R.N.—registered nurse	sonar—sound, navigation, and
ROTC—Reserve Officers'	ranging (no period)
Training Corps	SOP—standard operating
RR—railroad	procedure
RRB—Railroad Retirement Board	SOS—wireless distress signal
RSS—Really Simple Syndication	SP—shore patrol
Rt. Rev.—right reverend	SPA—simplified purchase
Ry.—railway	agreement
S—south	SPAR—Coast Guard Women's
S.—Senate bill (with number)	Reserve (semper paratus—
SAE—Society of Automotive	always ready)
Engineers	sp. gr.—specific gravity
S&L(s)—savings and loan(s)	Sq.—square (street)
SALT—strategic arms limitation	Sr.—senior
talks	S. Rept. (with number)—Senate
SAR—Sons of the American	report
Revolution	S. Res. (with number)—Senate
SBA—Small Business	resolution
Administration	SS—steamship
sc.—(scilicet) namely (see also ss)	ss—(scilicet) namely (in law) (see
s.c.—small caps	also sc.)
S. Con. Res. (with number)—	SSA—Social Security
Senate concurrent resolution	Administration
s.d.—(sine die) without date	SSE—south-southeast
S. Doc. (with number)—Senate	SSS—Selective Service System
document	St.—Ste., SS., Saint, Sainte, Saints
SE—southeast	St.—street
SEATO—Southeast Asia Treaty	Stat.—Statutes at Large
Organization	STEAM—Science, Technology,
SEC—Securities and Exchange	Engineering, Art and
Commission	Mathematics
sec—secant	STEM—Science, Technology,
sech—hyperbolic secant	Engineering and Mathematics
2d—second	STP—standard temperature and
SEO—Search Engine Optimization	pressure
SHF—superhigh frequency	Sup. Ct.—Supreme Court
shoran—short range (radio)	Reporter
SI—Systeme International d'Unités	Supp. Rev. Stat.—Supplement to
sic—thus	the Revised Statutes
sin—sine	Supt.—superintendent
sinh—hyperbolic sine	Surg.—surgeon
S.J. Res. (with number)—Senate	Surg. Gen.—Surgeon General
joint resolution	SW—southwest
,	2 20001111000

USCG-U.S. Coast Guard

S.W.2d—Southwestern Reporter, USDA—U.S. Department of second series Agriculture SWAT—special weapons and USES—U.S. Employment Service tactics (team) U.S. 61-U.S. No. 61, U.S. T.—Tps., township, townships Highway No. 61 USGS-U.S. Geological Survey tan-tangent tanh—hyperbolic tangent USMC—U.S. Marine Corps TB-tuberculosis USN-U.S. Navy USNR-U.S. Navy Reserve T.D.—Treasury Decisions TDY—temporary duty U.S.P.—United States Ter.—terrace Pharmacopeia 3d-third USPS-U.S. Postal Service U.S.S.-U.S. Senate t.m.—true mean TNT-trinitrotoluol v. or vs.—(versus) against TPP—Trans-Pacific Partnership VA—Department of Veterans TV-television Affairs TVA—Tennessee Valley Authority VAT-value added tax VCR-video cassette recorder uc.-uppercase VHF—very high frequency UHF—ultrahigh frequency U.N.—United Nations VIP—very important person UNESCO—United Nations viz-(videlicet) namely Educational, Scientific, and VLF—very low frequency VTR—video tape recording Cultural Organization W-west UNCHR—United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees w.a.e.-when actually employed UNICEF-United Nations Wall.—Wallace (U.S. Supreme Children's Fund Court Reports) wf-wrong font U.S.—U.S. Supreme Court Reports Wheat.—Wheaton (U.S. Supreme U.S.A.—United States of America USA-U.S. Army Court Reports) USAF-U.S. Air Force WHO-World Health Organization USAID—U.S. Agency for WIPO-World Intellectual International Development Property Organization U.S.C.—United States Code WNW-west-northwest U.S.C.A.—United States Code Annotated w.o.p.—without pay Yale L.J.—Yale Law Journal USCCR—U.S. Commission on ZIP Code—Zone Improvement Civil Rights U.S.C. Supp.—United States Code Plan Code (Postal Service) Supplement ZIP+4-9-digit ZIP Code

## Standard letter symbols for units of measure

**9.62.** The same form is used for singular and plural senses.

A—ampere cd/m2—candela per square meter Å—angstrom cg-centigram a—are cd•h-candela-hour a—atto (prefix, one-quintillionth) Ci-curie cL-centiliter aA—attoampere abs-absolute (temperature and cm-centimeter gravity) c/m—cycles per minute ac—alternating current cm²—square centimeter AF—audiofrequency cm3-cubic centimeter cmil-circular mil Ah-ampere-hour cp-candlepower A/m—ampere per meter AM—amplitude modulation cP-centipoise asb-apostilb cSt-centistokes cwt-hundredweight At-ampere-turn at-atmosphere, technical D—darcy atm—atmosphere d—day at wt-atomic weight d—deci (prefix, one-tenth) au-astronomical units d-pence avdp-avoirdupois da-deka (prefix, 10) b-barn dag-dekagram B-bel daL-dekaliter b-bit dam-dekameter bbl-barrel dam²—square dekameter bbl/d—barrel per day dam3-cubic dekameter dB-decibel Bd-baud bd. ft.—board foot (obsolete); use fbm dBu-decibel unit Bé-Baumé dc-direct current Bev (obsolete); see GeV dg-decigram Bhn—Brinell hardness number dL-deciliter bhp—brake horsepower dm-decimeter bm-board measure dm²—square decimeter bp-boiling point dm3-cubic decimeter dol-dollar Btu-British thermal unit bu-bushel doz-dozen c-¢, ct; cent(s) dr-dram c-centi (prefix, one-hundredth) dwt-deadweight tons C-coulomb dwt-pennyweight °C—degree Celsius dyn-dyne cal—calorie (also: cal,,, International EHF—extremely high frequency emf-electromotive force Table; cal, —thermochemical) cd/in²—candela per square inch emu-electromagnetic unit

hg-hectogram erg-erg esu-electrostatic unit hL-hectoliter eV-electronvolt hm-hectometer °F—degree Fahrenheit hm2-square hectometer F-farad hm3-cubic hectometer f-femto (prefix, one-quadrillionth) hp-horsepower fbm-board foot; board foot measure hph—horsepower-hour fc-footcandle Hz—hertz (cycles per second) fl.—footlambert id-inside diameter fm-fentometer ihp—indicated horsepower FM—frequency modulation in-inch ft-foot in²—square inch ft2-square foot in3-cubic inch in/h-inch per hour ft3-cubic foot ftH₂O—conventional foot of water inH₂O—conventional inch of water ft•lb-foot-pound inHg-conventional inch of mercury ft•lbf—foot-pound force in-lb—inch-pound ft/min—foot per minute in/s—inch per second ft2/min-square foot per minute J—joule J/K—joule per kelvin ft³/min—cubic foot per minute ft-pdl—foot poundal K-kayser ft/s—foot per second K—kelvin (use without degree symbol) ft2/s-square foot per second k-kilo (prefix, 1,000) ft3/s—cubic foot per second k—thousand (7k=7,000) kc-kilocycle; see also kHz (kilohertz), ft/s2-foot per second squared ft/s3—foot per second cubed kilocycles per second kcal-kilocalorie G—gauss keV-kiloelectronvolt G—giga (prefix, 1 billion) g-gram; acceleration of gravity kG—kilogauss Gal-gal cm/s2 kg-kilogram gal-gallon kgf-kilogram-force gal/min—gallons per minute kHz-kilohertz (kilocycles per second) gal/s—gallons per second kL-kiloliter GB—gigabyte klbf-kilopound-force km-kilometer Gb—gilbert g/cm³—gram per cubic centimeter km²—square kilometer GeV—gigaelectronvolt km3—cubic kilometer GHz—gigahertz (gigacycle per second) km/h—kilometer per hour gr-grain; gross kn-knot (speed) h-hecto (prefix, 100) kΩ-kilohm H-henry kt-kiloton; carat h-hour kV-kilovolt ha-hectare kVA—kilovoltampere HF—high frequency kvar-kilovar

kW-kilowatt Mc—megacycle; see also MHz kWh-kilowatthour (megahertz), megacycles per L-lambert second I.—liter mc-millicycle; see also mHz lb-pound (millihertz), millicycles per lb ap—apothecary pound second lb—avdp, avoirdupois pound mD-millidarcy meq-milliquivalent lbf—pound-force MeV-megaelectronvolts lbf/ft—pound-force foot lbf/ft2—pound-force per square foot mF-millifarad lbf/ft³—pound-force per cubic foot uF-microfarad mG-milligauss lbf/in²—pound-force per square inch (see psi) mg-milligram lb/ft—pound per foot µg-microgram Mgal/d-million gallons per day lb/ft2—pound per square foot lb/ft3—pound per cubic foot mH-millihenry μH-microhenry lct—long calcined ton MHz-megahertz ldt-long dry ton mHz-millihertz LF—low frequency lin ft-linear foot mi-mile (statute) l/m—lines per minute mi2-square mile lm-lumen mi/gal-mile(s) per gallon mi/h-mile(s) per hour lm/ft2—lumen per square foot mil-mil lm/m²—lumen per square meter lm•s-lumen second min-minute (time) lm/W-lumen per watt µin-microinch mL-milliliter l/s—lines per second mm-millimeter L/s—liter per second mm²—square millimeter lx—lux mm3-cubic millimeter M-mega (prefix, 1 million) M-million (3 M=3 million) μm²—square micrometer μm³—cubic micrometer m-meter m—milli (prefix, one-thousandth) μμ—micromicron (use of compound M1—monetary aggregate prefixes obsolete; use pm, picometer) m2-square meter m3-cubic meter μμf-micromicrofarad (use of compound prefixes obsolete; use μ—micro (prefix, one-millionth) pF) μm-micrometer mA-milliampere mmHg-conventional millimeter of μA-microampere mercury MB—megabyte mΩ—megohm mbar-millibar mo-month ubar-microbar mol—mole (unit of substance)

mol wt-molecular weight pW-picowatt mp—melting point qt-quart ms-millisecond quad—quadrillion (1015) R-rankine us-microsecond Mt-megaton R-roentgen (measurement of mV-millivolt radiation) uV-microvolt °R-degree Rankine rad-radian MW-megawatt rd-rad (radiation-absorbed dose) mW-milliwatt μW-microwatt rem-roentgen equivalent man MWd/t-megawatt-days per ton r/min—revolutions per minute Mx-maxwell rms-root mean square n—nano (prefix, one-billionth) r/s—revolutions per second N-newton s-second (time) s-shilling nA-nanoampere nF-nanofarad S-siemens N•m-newton meter sb-stilb N/m²—newton per square meter scp—spherical candlepower nmi-nautical mile soft—second-foot Np-neper shp-shaft horsepower ns-nanosecond slug-slug N•s/m²—newton second per square sr-steradian meter sSf-standard saybolt fural nt-nit sSu-standard saybolt universal od-outside diameter stdft3-standard cubic foot (feet) Oe—oersted (use of A/m, amperes per Sus—saybolt universal second(s) meter, preferred) T—tera (prefix, 1 trillion) Tft3-trillion cubic feet oz—ounce (avoirdupois) p—pico (prefix, one-trillionth) T—tesla P-poise t-tonne (metric ton) Pa—pascal tbsp-tablespoonful pA-picoampere thm-therm ton-ton pct-percent pdl-poundal tsp-teaspoonful Twad-twaddell pF—picofarad pF—water-holding energy u-(unified) atomic mass unit pH—hydrogen-ion concentration UHF—ultrahigh frequency ph-phot; phase V-volt pk-peck VA—voltampere pm-picometer var—var p/m—parts per million VHF—very high frequency V/m—volt per meter ps—picosecond psi-pounds per square inch W-watt Wb-weber pt-pint

Wh—watthour
W/(m•K)—watt per meter kelvin
W/sr—watt per steradian
W/(sr•m²)—watt per steradian square
meter

x—unknown quantity (italic) yd—yard yd²—square yard yd³—cubic yard yr—year

## Standard Latin abbreviations

**9.63.** When Latin abbreviations are used, follow this list.

a.—annus, year; ante, before A.A.C.—anno ante, Christum in the vear before Christ A.A.S.—Academiae Americanae Socius, Fellow of the American Academy [Academy of Arts and Sciences] A.B.—artium baccalaureus, bachelor of arts ab init.—ab initio, from the beginning abs. re.—absente reo, the defendant being absent A.C.—ante Christum, before Christ A.D.—anno Domini, in the year of our a.d.—ante diem, before the day ad fin.-ad finem, at the end, to one end ad h.l.—ad hunc locum, to this place, on this passage ad inf.-ad infinitum, to infinity ad init.—ad initium, at the beginning ad int.—ad interim, in the meantime ad lib.—ad libitum, at pleasure

the discovery al.—alia, alii, other things, other persons

ad loc.—ad locum, at the place

ad val.-ad valorem, according to

A.I.—anno inventionis, in the year of

A.M.—anno mundi, in the year of the world; Annus mirabilis, the wonderful year [1666]
a.m.—ante meridiem, before noon

an.—anno, in the year; ante, before ann.—annales, annals; anni, years

A.R.S.S.—Antiquariorum Regiae Societatis Socius, Fellow of the Royal Society of Antiquaries

A.U.C.—anno urbis conditae, ab urbe conolita, in [the year from] the building of the City [Rome], 753 B.C.

B.A.—baccalaureus artium, bachelor of arts

B.S. or B. Sc.—baccalaureus scientiae, bachelor of science

C.—centum, a hundred; condemno, I condemn, find guilty

c.—circa, about

cent.—centum, a hundred

cf.-confer, compare

C.M.—chirurgiae magister, master of surgery

coch.—cochlear, a spoon, spoonful coch. amp.—cochlear amplum, a tablespoonful

coch. mag.—cochlear magnum, a large spoonful

coch. med.—cochlear medium, a dessert spoonful

coch. parv.—cochlear parvum, a teaspoonful

con.—contra, against; conjunx, wife C.P.S.—custos privati sigilli, keeper of the privy seal

C.S.—custos sigilli, keeper of the seal cwt.—c. for centum, wt. for weight, hundredweight

- D.—Deus, God; Dominus, Lord; d., decretum, a decree; denarius, a penny; da, give
- D.D.—divinitatis doctor, doctor of divinity
- D.G.—Dei gratia, by the grace of God; Deo gratias, thanks to God
- D.N.—Dominus noster, our Lord
- D.S. or D. Sc.—doctor scientiae, doctor of science
- d.s.p.—decessit sine prole, died without issue
- D.V.—Deo volente, God willing
- dwt.—d. for denarius, wt. for weight pennyweight
- e.g.—exempli gratia, for example
- et al.—et alibi, and elsewhere; et alii, or aliae, and others
- etc.—et cetera, and others, and so forth et seq.—et sequentes, and those that follow
- et ux.-et uxor, and wife
- F.—filius, son
- f.—fiat, let it be made; forte, strong
- fac.—factum similis, facsimile, an exact copy
- fasc.—fasciculus, a bundle
- fl.—flores, flowers; floruit, flourished; fluidus, fluid
- f.r.—folio recto, right-hand page
- F.R.S.—Fraternitatis Regiae Socius, Fellow of the Royal Society
- f.v.—folio verso, on the back of the leaf guttat.—guttatim, by drops
- H.-hora, hour
- h.a.—hoc anno, in this year; hujus anni, this year's
- hab. corp.—habeas corpus, have the body—a writ
- h.e.—hic est, this is; hoc est, that is
- h.m.—hoc mense, in this month; huius mensis, this month's
- h.q.—hoc quaere, look for this

- H.R.I.P.—hic requiescat in pace, here rests in peace
- H.S.—hic sepultus, here is buried; hic situs, here lies; h.s., hoc sensu, in this sense
- H.S.S.—Historiae Societatis Socius, Fellow of the Historical Society
- h.t.—hoc tempore, at this time; hoc titulo, in or under this title
- I—Idus, the Ides; i., id, that; immortalis, immortal
- ib. or ibid.—ibidem, in the same place
- id.—idem, the same
- i.e.-id est, that is
- imp.—imprimatur, sanction, let it be printed
- I.N.D.—in nomine Dei, in the name of God
- in f.—in fine, at the end
- inf.—infra, below
- init.—initio, in the beginning
- in lim.—in limine, on the threshold, at the outset
- in loc.—in loco, in its place
- in loc. cit.—in loco citato, in the place
- in pr.—in principio, in the beginning
- in trans.—in transitu, on the way
- i.q.—idem quod, the same as
- i.q.e.d.—id quod erat demonstrandum, what was to be proved
- J.—judex, judge
- J.C.D.—juris civilis doctor, doctor of civil law
- J.D.—jurum or juris doctor, doctor of
- J.U.D.—juris utriusque doctor, doctor of both civil and canon law
- L.—liber, a book; locus, a place
- £—libra, pound; placed before figures thus £10; if l., to be placed after, as 401.

- L.A.M.—liberalium artium magister, master of the liberal arts
- L.B.—baccalaureus literarum, bachelor of letters
- lb.—libra, pound (singular and plural)
- L.H.D.—literarum humaniorum doctor, doctor of the more humane letters
- Litt. D.—literarum doctor, doctor of letters
- LL.B.—legum baccalaureus, bachelor of laws
- LL.D.—legum doctor, doctor of laws
- LL.M.—legum magister, master of laws
- loc. cit.—loco citato, in the place cited
- loq.—loquitur, he, or she, speaks
- L.S.—locus sigilli, the place of the seal
- l.s.c.—loco supra citato, in the place above cited
- £ s. d.—librae, solidi, denarii, pounds, shillings, pence
- M.—magister, master; manipulus, handful; medicinae, of medicine; m., meridies, noon
- M.A.—magister artium, master of arts
- M.B.—medicinae baccalaureus, bachelor of medicine
- M. Ch.—magister chirurgiae, master of surgery
- M.D.—medicinae doctor, doctor of medicine
- m.m.—mutatis mutandis, with the necessary changes
- m.n.—mutato nomine, the name being changed
- MS.—manuscriptum, manuscript; MSS., manuscripta, manuscripts
- Mus. B.—musicae baccalaureus, bachelor of music
- Mus. D.—musicae doctor, doctor of music
- Mus. M.—musicae magister, master of music

N.—Nepos, grandson; nomen, name; nomina, names; noster, our; n., natus, born; nocte, at night

N.B.—nota bene, mark well ni. pri.—nisi prius, unless before

nob.—nobis, for (or on) our part nol. pros.—nolle prosequi, will not prosecute

- non cul.—non culpabilis, not guilty n.l.—non licet, it is not permitted; non liquet, it is not clear; non longe.
- liquet, it is not clear; non longe, not far
- non obs.—non obstante, notwithstanding
- non pros.—non prosequitur, he does not prosecute
- non seq.—non sequitur, it does not follow logically
- O.—octarius, a pint
- ob.—obiit, he, or she, died; obiter, incidentally
- ob. s.p.—obiit sine prole, died without issue
- o.c.—opere citato, in the work cited
- op.—opus, work; opera, works
- op. cit.—opere citato, in the work cited
- P.—papa, pope; pater, father; pontifex, bishop; populus, people; p., partim, in part; per, by, for; pius, holy; pondere, by weight; post, after; primus, first; pro, for
- p.a.—or per ann., per annum, yearly; pro anno, for the year
- p. ae.—partes aequales, equal partspass.—passim, everywhere
- percent.—per centum, by the hundred pil.—pilula, pill
- Ph. B.—philosophiae baccalaureus, bachelor of philosophy
- P.M.—post mortem, after death
- p.m.—post meridiem, afternoon
- pro tem.—pro tempore, for the time
- prox.—proximo, in or of the next [month]

- P.S.—postscriptum, postscript; P.SS., postscripta, postscripts
- q.d.—quasi dicat, as if one should say; quasi dictum, as if said; quasi dixisset, as if he had said
- q.e.-quod est, which is
- Q.E.D.—quod erat demonstrandum, which was to be demonstrated
- Q.E.F.—quod erat faciendum, which was to be done
- Q.E.I.—quod erat inveniendum, which was to be found out
- q.l.—quantum libet, as much as you please
- q. pl.—quantum placet, as much as seems good
- q.s.—quantum sufficit, sufficient quantity
- q.v.—quantum vis, as much as you will; quem, quam, quod vide, which see; qq. v., quos, quas, or quae vide, which see (plural)
- R.—regina, queen; recto, right-hand page; respublica, commonwealth
- R∕—recipe, take
- R.I.P.—requiescat, or requiescant, in pace, may he, she, or they, rest in peace
- R.P.D.—rerum politicarum doctor, doctor of political science
- R.S.S.—Regiae Societatis Sodalis, Fellow of the Royal Society
- S.—sepultus, buried; situs, lies; societas, society; socius or sodalis, fellow; s., semi, half; solidus, shilling
- s.a.—sine anno, without date; secundum artem, according to art
- S.A.S.—Societatis Antiquariorum Socius, Fellow of the Society of Antiquaries
- sc.—scilicet, namely; sculpsit, he, or she, carved or engraved it

- S.B. or Sc. B.—scientiae baccalaureus, bachelor of science
- S.D. or Sc. D.—scientiae doctor, doctor of science
- S.D.—salutem dicit, sends greetings
- s.d.—sine die, indefinitely
- sec.—secundum, according to
- sec. leg.—secundum legem, according to law
- sec. nat.—secundum naturam, according to nature, or naturally
- sec. reg.—secundum regulam, according to rule
- seq.—sequens, sequentia, the following
- S.H.S.—Societatis Historiae Socius, Fellow of the Historical Society
- s.h.v.—sub hac voce or sub hoc verbo, under this word
- s.l.a.n.—sine loco, anno, vel nomine, without place, date, or name
- s.l.p.—sine legitima prole, without lawful issue
- s.m.p.—sine mascula prole, without male issue
- s.n.—sine nomine, without name
- s.p.—sine prole, without issue
- S.P.A.S.—Societatis Philosophiae Americanae Socius, Fellow of the American Philosophical Society
- s.p.s.—sine prole superstite, without surviving issue
- S.R.S.—Societatis Regiae Socius or Sodalis, Fellow of the Royal Society
- ss-scilicet, namely (in law)
- S.S.C.—Societas Sanctae Crucis, Society of the Holy Cross
- stat.—statim, immediately
- S.T.B.—sacrae theologiae baccalaureus, bachelor of sacred theology
- S.T.D.—sacrae theologiae doctor, doctor of sacred theology

S.T.P.—sacrae theologiae professor,
professor of sacred theology
sub.—subaudi, understand, supply
sup.—supra, above
t. or temp.—tempore, in the time of
tal. qual.—talis qualis, just as they
come; average quality
U.J.D.—utriusque juris doctor, doctor
of both civil and canon law
ult.—ultimo, last month (may be
abbreviated in writing but should
be spelled out in printing)
ung.—unguentum, ointment
u.s.—ubi supra, in the place above
mentioned

ut dict.—ut dictum, as directed
ut sup.—ut supra, as above
ux.—uxor, wife
v.—versus, against; vide, see; voce,
voice, word
v. ——a., vixit ——annos—lived [so
many] years
verb. sap.—verbum [satis] sapienti, a
word to the wise suffices
v.g.—verbi gratia, for example
viz—videlicet, namely
v.s.—vide supra, see above

# Information technology acronyms and initialisms

**9.64.** Use these forms, if abbreviations are required:

3DES—Triple DES encryption 3DM—Data Driven Decision Making ABLS—Automated Bid List System ACES—access certificates for electronic services ACID—Atomicity, Consistency, Isolation and Durability ACL—Access Control List ACP—Access Content Package AES—advanced Encryption Standard AI—Artificial Intelligence AIDC-Automatic identification and capture AIFF—audio interchange file format AIO—Asynchronous I/O AIP—Archival Information Package AJAX—Asynchronous JavaScript and ALPN—Application-Layer Protocol Negotiation API—Application Programming Interface ARK-archival resource key ARP—address resolution protocol ASCII—American Standard Code for

Information Interchange

ASP—application service provider ATO—Authority to Operate AWS—Amazon Web Services BASE—Basically Available, Soft-State, **Eventually Consistent** BDA—Big Data Analytics BI—Business Intelligence BLOB —Binary Large OBject BPEL—business process execution language BPI—business process information C&I—Cataloging and Indexing CA—certificate authority CAP—Consistency, Availability, Partition tolerance CBC—Cipher Block Chaining CD—compact disc CDM—Copy Data Management CDN—content delivery network CDR—critical design review CD-ROM—compact disc read only memory CE—content evaluator CentOS—Community Enterprise Operating System

CERN—(European) Centre for DIP—Dissemination Information Nuclear Research Package CGP—Catalog of U.S. Government DMD—Data Management Definition **Publications** DMI—desktop management interface CI-Clustered Index DML—Data Manipulation Language CIM-Common Interface Model DMV—Dynamic Management Views CISCAT—Center for Internet Security DN—Distinguished Name -Configuration Assessment Tool DNS—domain name system CISSP—Certified Information DO—digital objects Systems Security Professional DOI—Digital Object Identifier CK—Candidate Key DoS—denial of service CLOB—Character Large Object DPI—dots per inch CMS—content management system DR—Disaster Recovery CN—Canonical Name DSL—digital subscriber line CO-content originator DSR—deployment system review COG-Continuity of Government DSSL—document style and semantics COOP—continuity of operations plan language CP—content processor DVD—digital versatile disc CPS—Certificate Practice Statement DW-Database Warehouse CRC-cyclic redundancy checks E Port—Expansion port, also known CRL—Certificate Revocation List as ISL CRM—Customer Relationship EAC—estimate at completion EAD—encoded archival description Management CRUD-Create, Read, Update, and EA—enterprise architecture Delete EAP—enterprise application platform CSS—Cascading Style Sheets EBCDIC—Extended Binary Coded CSV—comma separated variable Decimal Interchange Code CTE—Common Table Expression ECC-Elliptic Curve Cryptography **CVS—Concurrent Versioning Services** ECDHE—Elliptic Curve Diffie-DaaS—Database as a Service Hellman Key Exchange DBA—Database Administrator EPS—Encapsulated PostScript DB—Database ERD—Entity Relationship Diagram ESXi-Elastic Sky X Integrated DBMS—database management ETL-Extract, Transform, Load system DCL—Data Control Language EV-Extended Validation DDL—Data Definition Language FBCA—Federal Bridge Certificate DDoS—Distributed Denial of Service Authority FC-AL-Fibre Channel Arbitrated DES—data encryption standard DHCP—Dynamic Host Control Loop Protocol FCIA—Fibre Channel Industry DH—Diffie-Hellman (Exchange) Association FC-IP-Fibre Channel Over IP DHE—Diffie-Hellman Ephemeral FCP-Fibre Channel Protocol DHSL—Distributed Hadoop Storage FC-SW-Fibre Channel Switched Layer

FDDI—fiber distributed data interface	ICMP—internet control message
FDsys—Federal Digital System	protocol
FICC—Federal Identity Credentialing	IDD—interface design description
Committee	IDE—Interface design description  IDE—Integrated Development
FIFO—first in first out	Environment
FIPNet—Federal Information	IDE—Integrated Drive Electronics
Preservation Network	IEEE—Institute of Electrical and
FIPS—Federal Information Processing	Electronics Engineers
Standard	IETF—Internet Engineering Task
FISMA—Federal Information Security	Force
Management Act of 2002	iFCP—Internet Fibre Channel
•	Protocol
FK—Foreign Key	ILS—Integrated Library System
FOSI—format output specifi cation	
instance	IOPS—I/O operations per second
FTP—file transfer protocol	IOS—Apple Operating System
GBIC—Gigabit Interface Converter	IOT—Index Organized Table
Gbps—Gigabits per second	IoT—Internet of Things
GOI—graphical device interface	IP—internet protocol
GGP—gateway-to-gateway protocol	IPR—internal progress review
GIF—graphics interchange format	IPSEC—internet protocol security
GILS—Government Information	IPS—Intrusion Prevention System
Locator Service	ISAM—Indexed Sequential Access
GUI—graphical user interface	Method
HBA—Host Bus Adapter	ISL—Inter switch link
HDFS—Hadoop Distributed File	ISP—internet service provider
System	IT—information technology
HDTV—high definition television	ITU—International
HMAC—key hashed message	Telecommunications Union
authentication code	JBOD—Just a bunch of disks
HPC—High-Performance Computing	JDBC—Java Database Connectivity
HSM—hardware security module	JDF—Job Definition Format
HSM—Hierarchical Storage	JITS—Just-in-time storage
Management	JPEG—Joint Photographic Experts
HSTS—HTTP Strict Transport	Group
Security	JS—JavaScript
HTML—hypertext markup language	JSON—JavaScript Object Notation
HTTP—hypertext transfer protocol	L_Port—Loop port
HTTPS—HyperText Transfer Protocol	LAMP—Linux, Apache, MySQL and
Secure	PHP
Hz—Hertz	LAN—local area network
Iaas—Infrastructure as a Service	LDAP—lightweight directory access
IAM—Identity and Access	protocol
Management	LHC—Large Hadron Collider

LOB—Large Object OCR—optical character recognition LPAR-Logical Partition OCSP—Online Certificate Status Protocol LPI—lines per inch ODBC—Open Database Connectivity LRU—Last Recently Used (algorithm) OLAP—Online Analytical Processing LUN-Logical Unit Number OLTP—online transaction processing MAC—message authentication code OODBMS—Object-Oriented Database MAN-Metropolitan area network Management System MARC—Machine Readable ORM—Object-Relational Mapping Cataloging PAAS—Platform as a service MDC—Multidimensional Clustering PDF—Portable Document Format Table PGP-Pretty Good Privacy METS—Metadata Encoding and PHP—PHP Hypertext Preprocessor Transmission Standard PKI—Public Key Cryptography MIME—multipurpose internet mail PK—Primary Key extensions PL/pgSQL—Procedural Language/ MIPS—millions of instructions per SQL second PL/SQL—Procedural Language/SQL MODS—Metadata Object Descriptive PNG—portable network graphics Schema PREMIS—Preservation Metadata: MOOC—massive online open courses Implementation Strategies MP3-MPEG-2 Audio Layer III PRONOM—Practical Online MPCF—marginally punched Compendium of File Formats continuous forms PTR—program tracking report MVC-Model View Controller PURL—persistent uniform resource MV-Materialized View locator NAS—Network Attached Storage QoS—Quality of service NAT—network address translation QPS—Queries Per Second NDIIPP—National Digital RAC—Real Application Clusters Information Infrastructure and (Oracle) Preservation Program RAID—redundant array of NDLP—National Digital Library inexpensive disks Program RAM—random access memory NF—Normal Form RC4—Rivest Cipher 4 NNTP—network news transfer protocol RDA—Resource Description and NOSQL-Not Only Structured Query Access Language REGEX—Regular Expression OAI—Open Archives Initiative REST—Representational State OAI-PMH—Open Archives Initiative Transfer Protocol for Metadata Harvesting RFC—Request for Comments or OAIS—open archival information Request for Change system RHEL—Red Hat Enterprise Linux OCLC—Online Computer Library RI—representation information Center

RMA—reliability, maintainability, SSD—Solid State Drive availability SSD—System Security Diagram SSH—Secure Shell RPC—remote procedure call RPM-RPM Package Manager SSL —Secure Sockets Layer RSA-Rivest, Shamir, and Adelman SSP—system security plan (public key cryptosystem) SSR—software specification review RTF-rich text format SUSE—Software und System Entwicklung (Software and RVTM—requirements verification Systems Development) traceability matrix S4—Simple Scalable Streaming System SVN—Subversion SAAS—Software as a Service TDES—Triple Data Encryption Standard SAML—security assertion markup TFS—Team Foundation Server language TIFF-tagged image file format SAN—Storage-area network SASL —Simple Authentication and TLS—transport layer security TPS—Transactions Per Second, a Security Layer measurement of database SASS—Syntactically Awesome performance Stylesheets SDD—System Design Diagram UAT—User Acceptance Testing SDD—System Design Document UDF—User Defined Function SDK—Software Development Kit UDP—user datagram protocol UDT—User Defined Type SDLC—software/system development UID—Unique Identifier lifecycle URL—uniform resource locator SDR—system design review Section 508—Section 508 of the URN—uniform resource name/ number Rehabilitation Act SFTP—Secure File Transfer Protocol UUID—Universal Unique Identifer VC-Virtual Center SGML—standard generalized markup VDC-Virtual Data Center language VIP-Virtual Internet Protocol SHA—Secure Hash Algorithm SIP—Submission Information Package VI-Virtual Interface VLAN—virtual local area network SMTP—simple mail transfer protocol VM-Virtual Machine SNMP—simple network management VMW-Vmware protocol VPN—virtual private network SOAP—Simple Object Access Protocol SOA—Service Oriented Architecture VSAN-Virtual Storage Area Network W3C-World Wide Web Consortium SQL—Structured Query Language WAI-ARIA—Worldwide Accessibility SQL PL—SQL Procedure Language Initiative - Accessible Rich used for writing stored procedures. Also see PL/SQL **Internet Applications** SQL/XML—an extension of the SQL WAIS—wide area information service WAN-Wide Area Network language used for querying XML

WAP—wireless application protocol

WAV-waveform audio format

WCAG—Web Content Accessibility Guidelines

Wi-Fi-wireless fidelity

WIP—work in process

WML—wireless markup language

www-world wide web

WYSIWYG-what you see is what you get

XAML—Extensible Application Markup Language

XDW-Extended Data Warehouse

XMLDsig-xml signature

XMLENC-xml encryption

XML—Extensible Markup Language

XPATH—XML Path Language

XQUERY—XML Query

XSD—XML Schema Definition

XSL—Extensible Stylesheet Language

XSL-FO—XSL Formatting Objects

XSLT—Extensible Stylesheet Language Transformations

YAML—Yet Another Markup

Language

YARN -Yet Another Resource Negotiator

# 10. Signs and Symbols

- **10.1.** The increased use of signs and symbols and their importance in technical and scientific work have emphasized the necessity of standardization on a national basis and of the consistent use of the standard forms.
- **10.2.** Certain symbols are standardized—number symbols (the digits, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9); letter symbols (the letters of the alphabet, a, b, c, d, etc.); and graphic symbols (the mathematical signs +, -,  $\pm$ ,  $\times$ ,  $\div$ ).
- **10.3.** The signs +, -,  $\pm$ ,  $\times$ , and  $\div$ , etc., are closed against accompanying figures and symbols. When the  $\times$  is used to indicate "crossed with" (in plant or animal breeding) or magnification, it will be separated from the accompanying words by a space.

i-vii+1-288 pages Early June  $\times$  Bright (crossed with) The equation A+B  $\times$  4 (magnification) The result is  $4\times4$  miles  $\div$  gallons  $20.000\pm5.000$ 

# Symbols with figures

- **10.4.** In technical publications the degree mark is used in lieu of the word *degree* following a figure denoting measurement.
- **10.5.** Following a figure, the spelled form is preferred. The percent symbol is used in areas where space will not allow the word *percent* to be used.

In that period the price rose 12, 15, and 19 percent. *not* In that period the price rose 12 percent, 15 percent, and 19 percent.

**10.6.** Any symbol set close up to figures, such as the degree mark, number mark, dollar mark, or cent mark, is used before or after each figure in a group or series.

## Letter symbols

**10.7.** Letter symbols are set in italic (see rule 10.8) or in roman (see rule 9.56) without periods and are capitalized only if so shown in copy, since the capitalized form may have an entirely different meaning.

## **Equations**

- **10.8.** In mathematical equations, use italic for all letter symbols—capitals, lowercase, small capitals, and superiors and inferiors (exponents and subscripts); use roman for figures, including superiors and inferiors.
- **10.9.** If an equation or a mathematical expression needs to be divided, break before +, -, =, etc. However, the equal sign is to clear on the left of other beginning mathematical signs.
- **10.10.** A short equation in text should not be broken at the end of a line. Space out the line so that the equation will begin on the next line; or better, center the equation on a line by itself.
- **10.11.** An equation too long for one line is set flush left, the second half of the equation is set flush right, and the two parts are balanced as nearly as possible.
- **10.12.** Two or more equations in a series are aligned on the equal signs and centered on the longest equation in the group.
- **10.13.** Connecting words of explanation, such as *hence*, *therefore*, and *similarly*, are set flush left either on the same line with the equation or on a separate line.
- **10.14.** Parentheses, braces, brackets, integral signs, and summation signs should be of the same height as the mathematical expressions they include.
- **10.15.** Inferiors precede superiors if they appear together; but if either inferior or superior is too long, the two are aligned on the left.

# **Chemical symbols**

**10.16.** The names and symbols listed below are approved by the International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry. They are set in roman without periods.

Element	Symbol	Atomic No.	Element	Symbol	Atomic No.
Actinium	Ac	89	Mendelevium	Md	101
Aluminum	Al	13	Mercury	Hg	80
Americium	Am	95	Molybdenum	Mo	42
Antimony	Sb		Moscovium	Mc	115
Argon	Ar		Neodymium	Nd	60
Arsenic	As	33	Neon	Ne	10
Astatine	At	85	Neptunium	Np	93
Barium	Ва	56	Nickel	Ni	28
Berkelium	Bk	97		Nh	113
Beryllium	Be		Niobium	Nb	41
Bismuth	Bi	83	Nitrogen	N	7
Bohrium	Bh	107		No	102
Boron	В	5		Og	118
Bromine	Br	35		Os	76
Cadmium	Cd	48		О	8
Calcium	Ca	20	Palladium	Pd	46
Californium	Cf	98	Phosphorus	P	15
Carbon	С	6	Platinum	Pt	78
Cerium	Ce	58		Pu	94
Cesium	Cs	55	Polonium	Po	84
Chlorine	Cl	17	Potassium	K	19
Chromium	Cr	24	Praseodymium	Pr	59
Cobalt	Co	27		Pm	61
Copernicium	Cn	112		Pa	91
Copper	Cu	29	Radium	Ra	88
Curium	Cm	96		Rn	86
Darmstadtium	Ds	110		Re	75
Dubnium	Db		Rhodium	Rh	45
Dysprosium	Dy		Roentgenium	Rg	111
Einsteinium	Es	99	Rubidium	Rb	37
Erbium	Er		Ruthenium	Ru	44
Europium	Eu	63		Rf	104
Fermium	Fm		Samarium	Sm	62
Flerovium	Fl	114		Sc	21
Fluorine	F	9	Seaborgium	Sg	106
Francium	Fr	87	Selenium	Se	34
Gadolinium	Gd	64	Silicon	Si	14
Gallium	Ga	31		Ag	47
Germanium	Ge	32		Na	11
Gold	Au	79	Strontium	Sr	38
Hafnium	Hf	72	Sulfur	S	16
Hassium	Hs	108	Tantalum	Ta	73
Helium	Не	2	Technetium	Tc	43
Holmium	Но	67	Tellurium	Te	52
Hydrogen	Н	1	Tennessine	Ts	117
Indium	In	49	Terbium	Tb	65
Iodine	I	53	Thallium	Tl	81
Iridium	Ir	77	Thorium	Th	90
Iron	Fe	26	Thulium	Tm	69
Krypton	Kr	36	Tin	Sn	50
Lanthanum	La	57	Titanium	Ti	22
Lawrencium	Lr	103	Tungsten	W	74
Lead	Pb	82		U	92
Lithium	Li	3	Vanadium	V	23
Livermorium	Lv	116	Xenon	Xe	54
Lutetium	Lu	71	Ytterbium	Yb	70
Magnesium	Mg	12	Yttrium	Y	39
Manganese	Mn	25	Zinc	Zn	30
Meitnerium	Mt	109	Zirconium	Zr	40

# Standardized symbols

**10.17.** Symbols duly standardized by any national scientific, professional, or technical group are accepted as preferred forms within the field of the group. The issuing office desiring or requiring the use of such standardized symbols should see that copy is prepared accordingly.

# Signs and symbols

**10.18.** The following list contains some signs and symbols frequently used in printing. The forms and style of many symbols vary with the method of reproduction employed. It is important that editors and writers clearly identify signs and symbols when they appear within a manuscript.

#### ACCENTS

- / acute
- → breve
- cedilla
- circumflex
- · dieresis
- ▼ grave
- macron∼ tilde
  - ARROWS
- → direction
- direction
- direction
- direction
- direction
- bold arrow
  open arrow
- reversible reaction

#### BULLETS

- solid circle; bullet
- bold center dot
- movable accent

## CHEMICAL

- % salinity
- m minim
- # exchange
- † gas

### CIRCLED SYMBOLS

- O angle in circle
- © circle with parallel rule
- triangle in circle
- O dot in circle

- dot in triangle in circle
- eross in circle
- © copyright
- ① Ceres
- 2 Pallas
- (1) Juno
- (4) Vesta

#### CODE

- · No. 1 6 pt. code dot
- No. 2 8 pt. code dotNo. 3 10 pt. code dot
- No. 4 8 pt. code dot
- No. 4 10 pt. code dot
- _ No. 1 6 pt. code dash
- No. 2 8 pt. code dash
- No. 3 10 pt. code dash
- No. 4 8 pt. code dash
- No. 4 10 pt. code dash

### COMPASS

- ° degree
- ? degree with period
- ' minute
- ' minute with period
- " second
- " second with period
- " canceled second

#### DECORATIVE

- + bold cross
- ross patte
- cross patte
- cross patte

- (184 N)
- 1 paragraph

#### ELECTRICAL

- R reluctance
- · reaction goes both right and left
  - reaction goes both up and down
- : reversible
- → direction of flow; yields
- → direct current
- = electrical current
- = reversible reaction
- -- Teversible reaction
- = alternating current
- alternating current
- □ reversible reaction beginning at left
- = reversible reaction
- beginning at right  $\Omega$  ohm; omega
- MΩ megohm; omega
- μΩ microohm; mu
- omega
- ω angular frequency, solid angle; omega
- magnetic flux; phi
- dielectric flux;
   electrostatic flux;
   rei
- γ conductivity;

#### ELECTRICAL-Con.

- ρ resistivity; rho
- A equivalent conductivity
- **IP** horsepower

#### MATHEMATICAL

- vinculum (above letters)
- ÷ geometrical proportion
- -: difference, excess
- parallel
- |s parallels
- ≠ not parallels
- | | absclute value
- multiplied by
- : is to; ratio
- + divided by
- : therefore; hence
- · because
- :: proportion; as
- ≪ is dominated by
- > greater than
- ⊏ greater than
- ≥ greater than or equal to
- ≥ greater than or equal
- ≥ greater than or less than
- > is not greater than
- < less than
- less than
- ≤ less than or greater than
- ≼ is not less than
- ≼ smaller than
- < less than or equal to
- ≤ less than or equal to
- ≥ or ≥ greater than or equal to
- equal to or less than

- > equal to or greater
- is not less than equal to or greater than
- ⊥ equilateral
- ⊥ perpendicular to
- assertion sign

#### MATHEMATICAL-Con.

- ≠ equal angles
- ≠ not equal to
- = identical with ≠ not identical with
- N/ score
- ≈ or = nearly equal to
- = equal to
- ~ difference
- ~ perspective to
- congruent to approximately equal
- geometrically equivalent to
- ( included in
- ) excluded from
- is contained in
- U logical sum or union
- ∩ logical product or intersection
  - tersection
- √ radical
- √ root
- √ square root
- √ cube root
- √ fourth root
- ∜ fifth root
- ∜ sixth root
- $\pi$  pi
  - base (2.718) of natural system of logarithms; epsilon
- ε is a member of; dielectric constant; mean error; epsilon
- + plus
- + bold plus
- minus
- bold minus
- / shill(ing); slash; virgule
- ± plus or minus
- T bids of miles
- ∓ minus or plus
- × multiplied by
- = bold equal
- # number
- per per
- % percent
- f integral
- single bond
- single bond
- / single bond

#### MATHEMATICAL-Con.

- || double bond
- double bond
- / double bond
- benzene ring
- ∂ or δ differential; variation
- d Italian differential
- → approaches limit of
- ~ cycle sine
- S horizontal integral

- II product
- Σ summation of;
  - sum; sigma
- ! or L factorial product

## MEASURE

- lb pound
- 3 dram
- f3 fluid dram
- 3 ounce
- f 5 fluid ounce
- O pint

#### MISCELLANEOUS

- section
- † dagger
- i double dagger
- % account of
- % care of
- M score
- ¶ paragraph
- h Anglo-Saxon
- center line
- o' conjunction
- ⊥ perpendicular to
- " or " ditto
- ∝ variation
- R recipe
- ☐ move right
- □ move left
  □ or □ annual
- O O or 2 biennial
- element of
- 9 scruple
- f function
- ! exclamation mark
- plus in square
- 24 perennial

#### PLANETS-Con. MISCELLANEOUS-Con. J Jurassic diameter Ulunar halo Triassic mean value of c U lunar corona Permian mathmodifier Ceres mathmodifier Pennsylvanian Juno M Mississippian dot in square **PUNCTUATION** △ dot in triangle D Devonian Silurian | braces O Ordovician @ at [ ] brackets € Cambrian MONEY () parentheses p€ Precambrian () square parentheses: cent C Carboniferous angle brackets ¥ ven inverted exclamation pound sterling mark VERTICAL. m mills inverted question 5 unit vertical mark 8 point vertical MUSIC 9 unit vertical SEX natural o or ∂ male flat WEATHER male, in charts sharp T thunder 9 female PLANETS O female, in charts sheet lightning Mercury of hermaphrodite sheet lightning Q Venus 1 precipitate SHAPES @ Earth @ rain o Mars floating ice crystals solid diamond Jupiter ice needles open diamond Saturn ▲ hail Ь O circle Uranus ⊗ sleet solid triangle Ψ Neptune ∞ glazed frost △ triangle dragon's head, as-⊔ hoarfrost square cending node ∨ frostwork solid square dragon's tail, de-* snow or sextile ☐ parallelogram scending node snow on ground rectangle rectangle conjunction ત → drifting snow (low) double rectangle & opposition = fog * solid star O or O Sun ∞ haze ☆ open star O Sun's lower limb △ Aurora _ right angle Sun's upper limb ∠ angle O solar corona ZODIAC √ check e solar halo √ check Aries: Ram Moon ß German ss Taurus: Bull new Moon ß italic German ss II Gemini; Twins ) first quarter Cancer; Crab solid index first quarter solid index Ω Leo; Lion third quarter index Virgo; Virgin 0 last quarter Libra: Balance index last quarter M Scorpio; Scorpion 1 last quarter GEOLOGIC SYSTEMS 1 1 Sagittarius; Archer O full Moon V Capricornus; Goat Q Quaternary full Moon Aquarius; Water bearer Т Tertiary eclipse of Moon X Pisces; Fishes K Cretaceous

¹ Standard letter symbols used by the Geological Survey on geologic maps. Capital letter indicates the system and one or more lowercased letters designate the formation and member where used.

## 11. Italic

(See also Chapter 9 "Abbreviations and Letter Symbols" and Chapter 16 "Datelines, Addresses, and Signatures")

**11.1.** Italic is sometimes used to differentiate or to give greater prominence to words, phrases, etc. However, an excessive amount of italic defeats this purpose and should be restricted.

# Emphasis, foreign words, and titles of publications

- **11.2.** Italic is not used for mere emphasis, foreign words, or the titles of publications.
- **11.3.** In nonlegal work, *ante*, *post*, *infra*, and *supra* are italicized only when part of a legal citation. Otherwise these terms, as well as the abbreviations *id.*, *ibid.*, *op. cit.*, *et seq.*, and other foreign words, phrases, and their abbreviations, are printed in roman.
- 11.4. When [emphasis in original], [emphasis supplied], [emphasis added], or [emphasis ours] appears in copy, it should not be changed; but "underscore supplied" should be changed to "italic supplied." Therefore, when emphasis in quoted or extracted text is referred to by the foregoing terms, such emphasized text must be reflected and set in italic.
- **11.5.** When copy is submitted with instructions to set "all roman (no italic)," these instructions will not apply to *Ordered*, *Resolved*, *Be it enacted*, etc.; titles following signatures or addresses; or the parts of datelines that are always set in italic.

# Names of aircraft, vessels, and spacecraft

11.6. The names of aircraft, vessels, and manned spacecraft are italicized unless otherwise indicated. In lists set in columns and in stubs and reading columns of tables consisting entirely of such names, they will be set in roman. Missiles and rockets will be set in caps and lowercase and will not be italicized.

SS *America*; the liner *America* USS *Los Angeles* (submarine)

USS Wisconsin
ex-USS Savannah

USCGS (U.S. Coast and Geodetic Survey) ship *Pathfinder* 

CSS Virginia

CG cutter Thetus

the *U*-7

destroyer 31 HMS Hornet HS (hydrofoil

HS (hydrofoil ship) *Denison*MS (motorship) *Richard*GTS (gas turbine ship) *Alexander* 

NS (nuclear ship) Savannah

MV (motor vessel) Havtroll

Apollo 13, Atlantis (U.S. spaceships)

West Virginia class or type the Missouri's (roman "s") turret the U-7's (roman "s") deck

Enola Gay but

Air Force One (President's plane)

B-50 (type of plane)

DD-882 LST-1155 MiG; MiG-35 PT-109 F-22 Raptor

F-117 Nighthawk (Stealth fighter)

A-10 Thunderbolt

**11.7.** Names of vessels are quoted in matter printed in other than capitals and lowercase roman, even if there is italic type available in the series.

Sinking of the "Lusitania" Sinking of the "Lusitania"

SINKING OF THE "LUSITANIA"
SINKING OF THE "LUSITANIA"

# Names of legal cases

**11.8.** The names of legal cases are italicized, except for the v., which is always set in lowercase. When requested, the names of such cases may be set in roman with an italic v. In matter set in italic, legal cases are set in roman with the v. being set roman.

"The Hornet" and "The Hood," 124 F.2d 45

Smith v. Brown et al. Smith Bros. case (172 App.

Div. 149)

Smith Bros. case, supra Smith Bros. case

As cited in Smith Bros.

SMITH v. BROWN ET AL. (heading) SMITH v. BROWN ET AL.

(heading)

Durham rule

Brown decision

John Doe v. Richard Roe but John Doe against Richard Roe,

the Cement case.

Italic 271

## Scientific names

**11.9.** The scientific names of genera, subgenera, species, and subspecies (varieties) are italicized but are set in roman in italic matter; the names of groups of higher rank than genera (phyla, classes, orders, families, tribes, etc.) are printed in roman.

A.s. perpallidus
Dorothia? sp. (roman "?")
Tsuga canadensis
Cypripedium parviflorum var. pubescens
the genera Quercus and Liriodendron
the family Leguminosae; the family Nessiteras rhombopteryx
Measurements of specimens of Cyanoderma erythroptera neocara

**11.10.** Quotation marks should be used in place of italic for scientific names appearing in lines set in caps, caps and small caps, or boldface, even if there is italic type available in the series.

## Words and letters

**11.11.** The words *Resolved*, *Resolved further*, *Provided*, *Provided*, *however*, *Provided further*, *And provided further*, and *ordered*, in bills, acts, resolutions, and formal contracts and agreements are italicized; also the words *To be continued*, *Continued on p.* —, *Continued from p.* —, and *See* and *see also* (in indexes and tables of contents only).

Resolved, That (resolution)

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That

[To be continued] (centered; no period)

[Continued from p. 3] (centered; no period) see also Mechanical data (index entry)

**11.12.** All letters (caps, small caps, lowercase, superiors, and inferiors) used as symbols are italicized. In italic matter, roman letters are used. Chemical symbols (even in italic matter) and certain other standardized symbols are set in roman.

*n*th degree; *x* dollars  $D \div 0.025 V_m^{2.7} = 0.042/G - 1 V_m^{2.7}$  5Cu,S•2(Cu,Fe,Zn)S•2Sb,S,O₄

**11.13.** Letter designations in mathematical and scientific matter, except chemical symbols, are italicized.

- **11.14.** Letter symbols used in legends to illustrations, drawings, etc., or in text as references to such material, are set in italic without periods and are capitalized if so shown in copy.
- **11.15.** Letters (*a*), (*b*), (*c*), etc., and *a*, *b*, *c*, etc., used to indicate sections or paragraphs, are italicized in general work but not in laws or other legal documents.
- **11.16.** Internet websites and email addresses should be set in roman.

- **12.1.** Most rules for the use of numerals are based on the general principle that the reader comprehends numerals more readily than numerical word expressions, particularly in technical, scientific, or statistical matter. However, for special reasons, numbers are spelled out in certain instances, except in FIC & punc. and Fol. Lit. matter.
- **12.2.** The following rules cover the most common conditions that require a choice between the use of numerals and words. Some of them, however, are based on typographic appearance rather than on the general principle stated above.
- **12.3.** Arabic numerals are preferable to Roman numerals.

# Numbers expressed in figures

**12.4.** A figure is used for a single number of *10* or more with the exception of the first word of the sentence. (See also rules 12.9 and 12.23.)

50 ballots	24 horses	nearly 13 buckets
10 guns	about 40 men	10 times as large

## Numbers and numbers in series

**12.5.** When 2 or more numbers appear in a sentence and 1 of them is 10 or larger, figures are used for each number. (See supporting rule 12.6.)

Each of 15 major commodities (9 metal and 6 nonmetal) was in supply.

*but* Each of nine major commodities (five metal and four nonmetal) was in supply. Petroleum came from 16 fields, of which 8 were discovered in 1956.

but Petroleum came from nine fields, of which eight were discovered in 1956.

That man has 3 suits, 2 pairs of shoes, and 12 pairs of socks.

but That man has three suits, two pairs of shoes, and four hats.

Of the 13 engine producers, 6 were farm equipment manufacturers, 6 were principally engaged in the production of other types of machinery, and 1 was not classified in the machinery industry.

but Only nine of these were among the large manufacturing companies, and only three were among the largest concerns.

There were three 6-room houses, five 4-room houses, and three 2-room cottages, and they were built by 20 carpenters. (See rule 12.21.)

There were three six-room houses, five four-room houses, and three two-room cottages, and they were built by nine carpenters.

but If two columns of sums of money add or subtract one into the other and one carries points and ciphers, the other should also carry points and ciphers.

At the hearing, only one Senator and one Congressman testified.

There are four or five things that can be done.

**12.6.** A unit of measurement, time, or money (as defined in rule 12.9), which is always expressed in figures, does not affect the use of figures for other numerical expressions within a sentence.

Each of the five girls earned 75 cents an hour.

Each of the 15 girls earned 75 cents an hour.

A team of four men ran the 1-mile relay in 3 minutes 20 seconds.

This usually requires from two to five washes and a total time of 2 to 4 hours.

This usually requires 9 to 12 washes and a total time of 2 to 4 hours.

The contractor, one engineer, and one surveyor inspected the 1-mile road.

*but* There were two six-room houses, three four-room houses, and four two-room cottages, and they were built by nine workers in thirty 5-day weeks. (See rule 12.21.)

**12.7.** Figures are used for serial numbers.

 Bulletin 725
 290 U.S. 325

 Document 71
 Genesis 39:20

pages 352–357 202–512–0724 (telephone number)

lines 5 and 6 the year 2001

paragraph 1 1721–1727 St. Clair Avenue chapter 2 but Letters Patent No. 2,189,463

**12.8.** A colon preceding figures does not affect their use.

The result was as follows: 12 voted yea, 4 dissented.

The result was as follows: nine voted yea, seven dissented.

### Measurement and time

- **12.9.** Units of measurement and time, actual or implied, are expressed in figures.
  - a. Age:

6 years old a 3-year-old

52 years 10 months 6 days at the age of 3 (years implied)

Numerals 275

## b. Clock time (see also Time):

```
4:30 p.m.; half past 4
10 o'clock or 10 p.m. (not 10 o'clock p.m.; 2 p.m. in the afternoon; 10:00 p.m.)
12 p.m. (12 noon)
12 a.m. (12 midnight)
4<sup>h</sup>30<sup>m</sup> or 4.5<sup>h</sup>, in scientific work, if so written in copy
0025, 2359 (astronomical and military time)
08:31:04 (stopwatch reading)
```

#### c. Dates:

```
9/11 (referring to the attack on the United States that occurred on September 11, 2001)

June 1985 (not June, 1985); June 29, 1985 (not June 29th, 1985)

March 6 to April 15, 1990 (not March 6, 1990, to April 15, 1990)

May, June, and July 1965 (but June and July 1965)

15 April 1951; 15–17 April 1951 (military)

4th of July (but Fourth of July, meaning the holiday)

the 1st [day] of the month (but the last of April or the first [part] of May, not referring to specific days)

in the year 2000 (not 2,000)
```

In referring to a fiscal year, consecutive years, or a continuous period of 2 years or more, when contracted, the forms 1900–11, 1906–38, 1931–32, 1801–2, 1875–79 are used (*but* upon change of century, 1895–1914 and to avoid multiple ciphers together, 2000–2001). For two or more separate years not representing a continuous period, a comma is used instead of a dash (1875, 1879); if the word *from* precedes the year or the word *inclusive* follows it, the second year is not shortened and the word *to* is used in lieu of the dash (from 1933 to 1936; 1935 to 1936, inclusive).

In dates, *A.D.* precedes the year (A.D. 937); *B.C.* follows the year (254 B.C.); C.E. and B.C.E. follow the year.

d. Decimals: In text a cipher should be supplied before a decimal point if there is no whole unit, and ciphers should be omitted after a decimal point unless they indicate exact measurement.

```
0.25 inch; 1.25 inches
silver 0.900 fine
specific gravity 0.9547
gauge height 10.0 feet
```

but .30 caliber (meaning 0.30 inch, bore of small arms); 30 calibers (length)

e. Use spaces to separate groups of three digits in a decimal fraction. (See rule 12.27.)

0.123 456 789; but 0.1234

## f. Degrees, etc. (spaces omitted):

longitude 77°04′06" E but

35°30'; 35°30' Ntwo degrees of justice; 12a polariscopic test of 85°degrees of freedoman angle of 57°32d degree Mason

strike N 16° E 150 million degrees Fahrenheit

dip 47° W or 47° N 31° W 30 Fahrenheit degrees

25.5' (preferred) also 25'.5

#### g. Game scores:

1 up (golf) 7 to 6 (football), etc.

3 to 2 (baseball) 2 all (tie)

#### h. Market quotations:

4½ percent bondsgold is 109Treasury bonds sell at 95wheat at 2.30Metropolitan Railroad, 109sugar, .03; not 0.03

Dow Jones average of 18500.76

#### i. Mathematical expressions:

multiplied by 3 a factor of 2 divided by 6 square root of 4

#### j. Measurements:

7 meters 3 ems
about 10 yards 20/20 (vision)
8 by 12 or 8 x 12 inches 30/30 (rifle)
8- by 12-inch page 12-gauge shotgun
2 feet by 1 feet 8 inches by 1 feet 3

2 feet by 1 foot 8 inches by 1 foot 3
2,500 horsepower
inches
15 cubic yards

2 by 4 or 2 x 4 (lumber) (not 2×4) 6-pounder 1½ miles 80 foot-pounds

6 acres 10s (for yarns and threads)
9 bushels f/2.5 (lens aperture)
1 gallon 4 by 4 or 4 x 4 truck

Numerals 277

butsix balestenpenny nailtwo dozenfourfoldone grossthree-plyzero miles

five votes seven-story building

## k. Money:

\$3.65; \$0.75; 75 cents; 0.5 cent

\$3 (not \$3.00) per 200 pounds

75 cents apiece

Rs32,25,644 (Indian rupees)

CHF 2.5 (Swiss francs)

but

two pennies
three quarters
one half

9 euros or 9€ 65 yen ₱265

## 1. Percentage:

12 percent; 25.5 percent; 0.5 percent (or one-half of 1 percent)

thirty-four one hundredths of 1 percent 1100-percent increase
3.65 bonds; 3.65s; 5–20 bonds; 5–20s; 4½s; 3s

## m. Proportion:

1 to 4 1:62,500

1-3-5

#### n. Time (see also Clock time):

6 hours 8 minutes 20 seconds **but** 10 years 3 months 29 days four centuries three decades 7 minutes 8 days three quarters (9 months) 4 weeks statistics of any one year 1 month in a year or two 3 fiscal years; third fiscal year four afternoons one-half hour 1 calendar year millennium the eleventh hour

FY 2010 FY10

#### o. Unit modifiers:

5-day week a 5-percent increase 8-year-old wine 20th-century progress

8-hour day

10-foot pole but

½-inch pipetwo-story house5-foot-wide entrancefive-member board10-million-peso loan\$20 million airfield

## p. Vitamins:

 $B_{12}$ ,  $B_{T}$ ,  $A_{1}$ , etc.

#### **Ordinal numbers**

**12.10.** Except as indicated in rules 12.11 and 12.19, and also for day preceding month, figures are used in text and footnotes to text for serial ordinal numbers beginning with *10th*. In tables, leaderwork, footnotes to tables and leaderwork, and in sidenotes, figures are used at all times. Military units are expressed in figures at all times when not the beginning of a sentence, except *Corps*. (For ordinals in addresses, see rule 12.13.)

29th of May, *but* May 29 eighth parallel; 38th parallel First Congress; 102d Congress fifth ward; 12th ward

ninth century; 21st century ninth birthday; 66th birthday

Second Congressional District; 20th first grade; 11th grade

Congressional District 1st Army seventh region; 17th region 1st Cavalry Division

323d Fighter Wing

12th Regiment but

9th Naval District XII Corps (Army usage)
7th Fleet Court of Appeals for the Tenth

7th Air Force Circuit

7th Task Force Seventeenth Decennial Census (title)

**12.11.** When ordinals appear in juxtaposition and one of them is *10th* or more, figures are used for such ordinal numbers.

This legislation was passed in the 1st session of the 102d Congress. He served in the 9th and 10th Congresses.

Numerals 279

From the 1st to the 92d Congress.

Their children were in 1st, 2d, 3d, and 10th grades.

We read the 8th and 12th chapters.

but The district comprised the first and second precincts.

He represented the first, third, and fourth regions.

The report was the sixth in a series of 14.

**12.12.** Ordinals and numerals appearing in a sentence are treated according to the separate rules dealing with ordinals and numerals standing alone or in a group. (See rules 12.4, 12.5, and 12.24.)

The fourth group contained three items.

The fourth group contained 12 items.

The 8th and 10th groups contained three and four items, respectively.

The eighth and ninth groups contained 9 and 12 items, respectively.

**12.13.** Beginning with *10th*, figures are used in text matter for numbered streets, avenues, etc. However, figures are used at all times and *street*, *avenue*, etc. are abbreviated in sidenotes, tables, leaderwork, and footnotes to tables and leaderwork.

First Street NW.; *also* in parentheses: (Fifth Street) (13th Street); 810 West 12th Street; North First Street; 1021 121st Street; 2031 18th Street North; 711 Fifth Avenue; 518 10th Avenue; 51–35 61st Avenue

#### **Punctuation**

**12.14.** The comma is used in a number containing four or more digits, except in serial numbers, common and decimal fractions, astronomical and military time, and kilocycles and meters of not more than four figures pertaining to radio.

#### Chemical formulas

**12.15.** In chemical formulas full-sized figures are used before the symbol or group of symbols to which they relate, and inferior figures are used after the symbol.

6PbS•(Ag,Cu)₂S•2As₂S₃O₄

## **Numbers spelled out**

**12.16.** Spell out numbers at the beginning of a sentence or head. Rephrase a sentence or head to avoid beginning with figures. (See rule 12.25 for related numbers.)

```
Five years ago . . .; not 5 years ago . . .

Five hundred fifty men hired . . .; not 550 men hired . . .

"Five-Year Plan Announced"; not "5-Year Plan Announced" (head)

The year 2065 seems far off . . .; not 2065 seems far off . . .

Workers numbering 207,843 . . .; not 207,843 workers . . .

Benefits of $69,603,566 . . .; not $69,603,566 worth of benefits . . .

1958 REPORT change to THE 1958 REPORT

$3,000 BUDGETED change to THE SUM OF $3,000 BUDGETED

4 MILLION JOBLESS change to JOBLESS NUMBER 4 MILLION
```

**12.17.** In verbatim testimony, hearings, transcripts, and question-and-answer matter, figures are used immediately following Q. and A. or name of interrogator or witness for years (e.g., 2015), sums of money, decimals, street numbers, and for numerical expressions beginning with *101*.

Mr. BIRCH, Junior. 2015 was a good year.

Mr. Bell. \$1 per share was the return. Two dollars in 1956 was the alltime high. Two thousand twenty-nine may be another story.

Colonel Davis. 92 cents.

Mr. Smith. 12.8 people.

Mr. Jones. 1240 Pennsylvania Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20004.

Mr. Sмітн. Ninety-eight persons.

Q. 101 years? But Q. One hundred years?

A. 200 years.

Mr. Smith. Ten-year average would be how much?

**12.18.** A spelled-out number should not be repeated in figures, except in legal documents. In such instances use these forms:

```
five (5) dollars, not five dollars (5) ten dollars ($10), not ten ($10) dollars
```

Numerals 281

**12.19.** Numbers appearing as part of proper names, used in a hypothetical or inexact sense, or mentioned in connection with serious and dignified subjects such as Executive orders, legal proclamations, and in formal writing are spelled out.

Three Rivers, PA, Fifteenmile
Creek, etc.
the Thirteen Original States
in the year two thousand eight
the One Hundred Tenth Congress
millions for defense but not one
cent for tribute

three score years and ten
Ten Commandments
Air Force One (Presidential
plane)
back to square one
behind the eight ball

our policy since day one

**12.20.** If spelled out, whole numbers should be set in the following form:

two thousand twenty one thousand eight hundred fifty one hundred fifty-two thousand three hundred five eighteen hundred fifty (serial number)

When spelled out, any number containing a fraction or piece of a whole should use the word "and" when stating the fraction or piece:

sixty-two dollars and four cents ninety-nine and three-tenths degrees thirty-three and seventy-five one-hundredths shares

**12.21.** Numbers below *100* preceding a compound modifier containing a figure are spelled out.

two ¾-inch boards but

twelve 6-inch guns 120 8-inch boards two 5-percent discounts three four-room houses

**12.22.** Indefinite expressions are spelled out.

the seventies; the early seventies; but the early 1870s or 1970s in his eighties, not his '80's nor 80's between two and three hundred

horses (better between 200 and

300 horses)

twelvefold; thirteenfold; fortyfold; hundredfold; twentyfold to

thirtyfold

midthirties (age, years, money) a thousand and one reasons

but

1 to 3 million mid-1971; mid-1970s

40-odd people; nine-odd people

40-plus people 100-odd people

3½-fold; 250-fold; 2.5-fold; 41-fold

Words such as *nearly, about, around, approximately,* etc., do not reflect indefinite expressions.

The bass weighed about 6 pounds. She was nearly 8 years old.

**12.23.** Except as indicated in rules 12.5 and 12.9, a number less than *10* is spelled out within a sentence.

six horses but five wells 3½ cans

eight times as large 2½ times or 2.5 times

**12.24.** For typographic appearance and easy grasp of large numbers beginning with *million*, the word *million*, *billion*, or *trillion* is used.

The following are guides to treatment of figures as submitted in copy. If copy reads—

\$12,000,000, change to \$12 million

2,750,000,000 dollars, change to \$2,750 million

2.7 million dollars, change to \$2.7 million

2% million dollars, change to \$2% million

two and one-half million dollars, change to \$21/2 million

a hundred cows, change to 100 cows

a thousand dollars, change to \$1,000

a million and a half, change to 11/2 million

two thousand million dollars, change to \$2,000 million

less than a million dollars, change to less than \$1 million

but \$2,700,000, do not convert to \$2.7 million

also \$10 to \$20 million: 10 or 20 million; between 10 and 20 million

4 million of assets

amounting to 4 trillion

\$1,270,000

\$1,270,200,000

\$2\\ billion; \$2.75 billion; \$2,750 million

\$500,000 to \$1 million

Numerals 283

300,000; not 300 thousand

\$\% billion to \$1\% billion (note full figure with second fraction); \$1\% to \$1\% billion

three-quarters of a billion dollars 5 or 10 billion dollars' worth

**12.25.** Related numbers appearing at the beginning of a sentence, separated by no more than three words, are treated alike.

Fifty or sixty more miles away is snowclad Mount Everest. Sixty and, quite often, seventy listeners responded. but Fifty or, in some instances, almost 60 applications were filed.

## **Fractions**

**12.26.** Mixed fractions are always expressed in figures. Fractions standing alone, however, or if followed by *of a* or *of an*, are generally spelled out. (See also rule 12.28.)

three-fourths of an inch; not ¾ two one-hundredths inch nor ¾ of an inch one-thousandth one-half inch five one-thousandths one-half of a farm; not ½ of a farm thirty-five one-thousandths

one-fourth inch but

seven-tenths of 1 percent ½ to 1¾ pages three-quarters of an inch ½-inch pipe

half an inch ½-inch-diameter pipe

a quarter of an inch 3½ cans one-tenth portion 2½ times

one-hundredth

- 12.27. Fractions (¼, ½, ¾, ¾, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, ½, 254) or full-sized figures with the shilling mark (1/4, 1/2954) may be used only when either is specifically requested. Mixed fractions in full-sized figures are joined with a hyphen (2-2/3). A comma should not be used in any part of a built-up fraction of four or more digits or in decimals. (See rule 12.9e.)
- **12.28.** Fractions are used in a unit modifier.

½-inch pipe; *not* ¼-mile run %-point rise one-half-inch pipe

## **Roman numerals**

**12.29.** A repeated letter repeats its value; a letter placed after one of greater value adds to it; a letter placed before one of greater value subtracts from it; a dashline over a letter denotes multiplied by 1,000.

#### **Numerals**

IIIIVVVI	1 2 3 4 5	XXVXXIXXXXXXXVXXXVXXXIXXXXIX XIXX	25 29 30 35 39 40	LXX	70 75 79 80 85	D	500 600 700 800 900 1,000
VII	7	XLV	45	XC	90	MD	1,500
VIII	8	XLIX	49	XCV	95	MM	2,000
IX	9	L	50	IC	99	MMM	3,000
X	10	LV	55	C	100	MMMM	
XV	15	LIX	59	CL	150	or MV	4,000
XIX	19	LX	60	CC	200	V	5,000
XX	20	LXV	65	CCC	300	M	1,000,000
		LXIX	69	CD	400		

#### **Dates**

MDC	1600 1700 1800	MCMXXMCMXXXMCMXL	1920 1930 1940	MCMLXX MCMLXXX MCMXC	1970 1980 1990
MCM or MDCCCC	1900	MCML	1950	MM	2000
MCMX	1910	MCMLX	1960	MMX	2010

- **13.1.** The object of a table is to present in a concise and orderly manner information that cannot be presented as clearly in any other way.
- **13.2.** Tabular material should be kept as simple as possible, so that the meaning of the data can be easily grasped by the user.
- 13.3. Tables shall be set without down (vertical) rules when there is at least an em space between columns, except where: (1) in GPO's judgment down rules are required for clarity; or (2) the agency has indicated on the copy they are to be used. The mere presence of down rules in copy or enclosed sample is not considered a request that down rules be used. The publication dictates the type size used in setting tables. Tabular work in the Congressional Record is set 6 on 7. The balance of congressional tabular work sets 7 on 8. If down rules are used they will be set as hairlines, unless a specific weight is requested.

#### **Abbreviations**

- **13.4.** To avoid burdening tabular text, commonly known abbreviations are used in tables. Metric and unit-of-measurement abbreviations are used with figures.
- **13.5.** The names of months (except May, June, and July) when followed by the day are abbreviated.
- **13.6.** The words *street*, *avenue*, *place*, *road*, *square*, *boulevard*, *terrace*, *drive*, *court*, and *building*, following name or number, are abbreviated. For numbered streets, avenues, etc., figures are used.
- **13.7.** Abbreviate the words *United States* if preceding the word *Government*, the name of any Government organization, or as an adjective generally.
- **13.8.** Use the abbreviations *RR* and *Ry*. following a name, and *SS*, *MS*, etc., preceding a name.
- **13.9.** Use *lat.* and *long.* with figures.

**13.10.** Abbreviate, when followed by figures, the various parts of publications, as *article*, *part*, *section*, etc.

- **13.11.** Use, generally, such abbreviations and contractions as *98th Cong.*, *1st sess.*, *H. Res. 5*, *H.J. Res. 21*, *S. Doc. 62*, *S. Rept. 410*, *Rev. Stat.*, etc.
- **13.12.** In columns containing names of persons, copy is followed as to abbreviations of given names.
- **13.13.** Periods are not used after abbreviations followed by leaders.

#### Bearoff or inset

- **13.14.** An en space is used for all bearoffs or insets.
- **13.15.** In a crowded table, when down rules are necessary, the bearoff or inset may be reduced in figure columns.
- **13.16.** Fractions are set flush right to the bearoff or inset of the allotted column width, and not aligned.
- **13.17.** Mathematical signs, parentheses, fractions, and brackets are set with a normal bearoff or inset.

#### **Boxheads**

- **13.18.** Periods are omitted after all boxheads, but a dash is used after any boxhead which reads into the matter following.
- **13.19.** Boxheads run crosswise.
- **13.20.** Boxheads are set solid, even in leaded tables.
- **13.21.** Boxheads are centered horizontally and vertically.

# Down-rule style (see rule 13.3)

	Employed students whose work records were obtained								
Sex and age	То	otal	Time of year at beginning work [depth of this box on tinfluence the depth of box on left]						
			June to August		September to May				
	Number	Distri- bution (percent)	Number	Distri- bution (percent)	Number	Distri- bution (percent)	Not re- ported		
Female (16 to 18)	3,869	45.5	1,415	9.6	2,405	15.8	49		

## No-down-rule style (preferred)

Table 9.—Mine production of gold, silver, copper, lead, and zinc in 2008

Class of material	Short tons	Gold (fine ounces)	Silver (fine ounces)	Copper (pounds)	Lead (pounds)	Zinc (pounds)
		Concentrate	shipped to	smelters and re	coverable meta	ls
Copper	220,346	763	70,357	14,242,346	9,950	6,260
Lead	3,931	392	48,326	72,500	5,044,750	290,980
Zinc	25,159	269	41,078	263,400	581,590	26,441,270
Total:						
2008	249,436	1,424	159,756	14,578,246	5,636,290	26,738,510
2007	367,430	1,789	432,122	10,622,155	13,544,875	11,923,060
_		Cı	rude materia	al shipped to sn	nelters	
Dry gold, dry gold-silver ore Copper:	134	52	2,839	2,200		
Crude ore	107,270	844	39,861	2,442,882	124,100	2,200
Slag	421	10	165	285,421		
Lead	528	12	1,693	5,950	110,870	300
Mill cleanings (lead-zinc)	31		254	1,450	8,100	4,300
Total:						
2008	125,749	919	45,444	30,375,754	249,710	6,890
2007	166,184	1,042	47,176	41,601,845	497,125	26,940

- **13.22.** In referring to quantity of things, the word *Number* in boxheads is spelled if possible.
- **13.23.** Column numbers or letters in parentheses may be set under boxheads and are separated by one line space below the deepest head. (If alignment of parentheses is required within the table, use brackets in boxhead.) These column references align across the table. Units of quantity are set in parentheses within boxheads.

		Departmer	nt of Agricult	ure	Depart	ment of Com	merce
States	Commod- ity Credit Corpora- tion, value	Special school	Value of commodities dis-	Disaster loans, etc. (payments to assist States in furnishing	Civil Aero- nautics Adminis- tration—	Roads: I	of Public Highway ruction
States	of com- modities donated	milk program¹	tributed within States	hay in droughtstriken areas)	Federal airport program— regular grants	Regular grants ²	Emer- gency grants ³
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Alabama	\$4,730,154	\$1,520,362	\$7,970,875		\$79,284	\$1,176,401	\$247,515
Alaska	393,484	269,274	591,487		297,266	12,366,106	472,749
Arizona	4,545,983	823,136	6,512,639		127,749	9,317,853	

**13.24.** Leaders may be supplied in a column consisting entirely of symbols or years or dates or any combination of these.

## Centerheads, flush entries, and subentries

**13.25.** Heads follow the style of the tables as to the use of figures and abbreviations.

**13.26.** Punctuation is omitted after centerheads. Flush entries and subentries over subordinate items are followed by a colon (single subentry to run in, preserving the colon), but a dash is used instead of a colon when the entry reads into the matter below.

25 26	Miscellaneous: Powerplant equipment	\$245,040.37 275,900.34
	Total	520,940.71
	TRANSMISSION PLANT	
42	Structures and improvements	26,253.53
43	Structures and improvements Station equipment	966,164.41
	Total	992,417.94
	GENERAL PLANT	
	General plant:	
	Norris	753,248.97
	Other	15,335.81
	Total	768,584.78
	Grand total	2,281,943.43

- **13.27.** In reading columns if the centerhead clears the reading matter below by at least an em, the space is omitted; if it clears by less than an em, a space is used. If an overrun, rule, etc., in another column, or in the same column, creates a blank space above the head, the extra space is not added.
- **13.28.** Units of quantity and years used as heads in reading and figure columns are set in italic with space above but no space below.

# No-down-rule style (preferred)

The rules are used here to aid readability.

2015								
Oct. 1	35.6	15	Jan. 16	45.2	15	May 8	46.5	15
Oct. 31	45.0	15	Feb. 4	50.2	15	May 22	45.1	18
Nov. 14	40.9	18	Feb. 17	43.4	15	June 9	47.1	14
Dec. 24	41.7	15	Mar. 4	45.6	15	June 24	48.2	16
			Mar. 19	42.7	15	July 9	46.6	17
2016			Apr. 2	40.9	15	July 24	45.9	16
Jan. 3	43.9	15	Apr. 28	47.7	13	Aug. 6	46.5	16

2015								
Oct. 1	35.6	15	Jan. 16	45.2	15	May 8	46.5	15
Oct. 31	45.0	15	Feb. 4	50.2	15	May 22	45.1	18
Nov. 14	40.9	18	Feb. 17	43.4	15	June 9	47.1	14
Dec. 24	41.7	15	Mar. 4	45.6	15	June 24	48.2	16
			Mar. 19	42.7	15	July 9	46.6	17
2016			Apr. 2	40.9	15	July 24	45.9	16
Jan. 3	43.9	15	Apr. 28	47.7	13	Aug. 6	46.5	16

## **Ciphers**

**13.29.** Where the first number in a column or under a cross rule is wholly a decimal, a cipher is added at the left of its decimal point. A cipher used alone in a money or other decimal column is placed in the unit row and is not followed by a period. The cipher repeats in mixed units before decimals unless the group totals.

January	+26.4	0	0	0	0	0	1+\$0.7	27.1+	+40.4
February	+66.7	0	0	0	0	0	9	65.8+	+98.1
March	+143.1	+2.6	-7.5	0	0	0	+12.4	150.6	+224.1

- **13.30.** In columns containing both dollars and cents, ciphers will be supplied on right of decimal point in the absence of figures.
- **13.31.** Where column consists of single decimal, supply a cipher on the right unless the decimal is a cipher.

0.6 0 3.0 4.2 5.0

**13.32.** Where column has mixed decimals of two or more places, do not supply ciphers but follow copy.

0.22453 1.263 4 2.60 3.4567 78 12.6 102.14423

**13.33.** Copy is followed in the use of the word *None* or a cipher to indicate *None* in figure columns. If neither one appears in the copy, leaders are inserted, unless a clear (no leaders) is specifically requested.

**13.34.** In columns of figures under the heading £ s d, if a whole number of pounds is given, one cipher is supplied under s and one under d; if only shillings are given, one cipher is supplied under d.

- **13.35.** In columns of figures under *Ft In*, if only feet are given, supply cipher under *In*; if only inches are given, clear under *Ft*; if ciphers are used for *None*, place one cipher under both *Ft* and *In*.
- **13.36.** In any column containing sums of money, the period and ciphers are omitted if the column consists entirely of whole dollars.

#### Continued heads

- **13.37.** In continued lines an em dash is used between the head and the word (*Continued*) (in italic). No period is carried after a continued line.
- **13.38.** Continued heads over tables will be worded exactly like the table heading. Notes above tables are repeated; footnote references are repeated in boxheads and in continued lines.

#### Dashes or rules

- **13.39.** Rules are not carried in reading columns or columns consisting of serial or tracing numbers, but are carried through all figure columns.
- **13.40.** Parallel rules are used to cut off figures from other figures below that are added or subtracted; also, generally, above a grand total.

# Ditto (do.)

- **13.41.** The abbreviation *do.* is used to indicate that the previous line is being repeated instead of repeating the line, verbatim, over and over. It is used in reading columns only, lowercased and preceded by leaders (6 periods) when there is matter in preceding column. If ditto marks are requested, closing quotes will be used.
- **13.42.** Capitalize *Do.* in the first and last columns. These are indented 1 or 2 ems, depending on the length of the word being repeated, or the width of the column; the situation will determine as it is encountered.

**13.43.** In mixed columns made up of figure and reading-matter items, *do.* is used only under the latter items.

- **13.44.** *Do.* is not used—
  - (1) In a figure or symbol column (tracing columns are figure columns);
  - (2) In the first line under a centerhead in the column in which the centerhead occurs;
    - (3) Under a line of leaders or a rule;
  - (4) Under an item italicized or set in boldface type for a specific reason (italic or boldface *do*. is never used; item is repeated);
  - (5) Under an abbreviated unit of quantity or other abbreviations; or
    - (6) Under words of three letters or less.
- **13.45.** *Do.* is used, however, under a clear space and under the word *None* in a reading column.
- **13.46.** *Do.* does not apply to a reference mark on the preceding item. The reference mark, if needed, is added to *do.*
- **13.47.** Leaders are not used before *Do*. in the first column or before or after *Do*. in the last column.
- **13.48.** In a first and/or last column 6 ems or less in width, a 1-em space is used before *Do*. In all other columns 6 ems or less in width, six periods are used. Bearoff is not included.
- **13.49.** In a first and/or last column more than 6 ems in width, 2 ems of space are used before *Do*. In all other columns more than 6 ems in width, six periods are used. Bearoff space is not included. If the preceding line is indented, the indention of *Do*. is increased accordingly.
- **13.50.** *Do.* under an indented item in an inside reading column, with or without matter in preceding column, is preceded by six periods which are indented to align with item above.

#### **Dollar mark**

**13.51.** The dollar mark or any other money symbol is placed close to the figure; it is used only at the head of the table and under cross rules when the same unit of value applies to the entire column.

- **13.52.** In columns containing mixed amounts (as money, tons, gallons, etc.), the dollar mark, pound mark, peso mark, or other symbol, as required, is repeated before each sum of money.
- **13.53.** If several sums of money are grouped together, they are separated from the nonmoney group by a parallel rule, and the symbol is placed on the first figure of the separated group only.

	1958	1967
Water supply available (gallons)	4,000,000	3,000,000
Wheat production (bushels)	9,000,000	8,000,000
Operations:		
Water-dispatching operations	\$442,496	\$396,800
Malaria control	571,040	426,600
Plant protection	134,971	58,320
Total	1,148,507	881,720
Number of plants	642	525
Percent of budget	96.8	78.8

Note.—Preliminary figures.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census.

**13.54.** In a double money column, dollar marks are used in the first group of figures only; en dashes are aligned.

\$7-\$9 10-12 314-316 1,014-1,016

**13.55.** The dollar mark is omitted from a first item consisting of a cipher.

but \$0.12
13.43
15.07
23.18

**13.56.** The dollar mark should be repeated in stub or reading columns.

0 to \$0.99
\$1 to \$24
\$25 to \$49
\$50 to \$74

## Figure columns

**13.57.** Figures align on the right, with an en space bearoff. There is no bearoff on leaders.

- **13.58.** In a crowded table the bearoff may be reduced in figure columns only. It is preferable to retain the bearoff.
- **13.59.** Figures in parentheses align.
- **13.60.** In double rows of figures in a single column, connected by a dash, a plus, or minus sign, and in dates appearing in the form 9–4–08, the dashes or signs can be aligned.
- **13.61.** Plus or minus signs at the left of figures are placed against the figures regardless of alignment; plus and minus signs at the right of figures are cleared.
- **13.62.** Words and Roman numerals in figure columns are aligned on the right with the figures, without periods.

Median value of livestock	\$224	\$62	
Median value of machinery	\$54	Small	
Median value of furniture	\$211	\$100	
Possessing automobiles (percent)	25	17	
Median age (years)			5.5
Median value			\$144
Fraternal membership:			
Men		IV	486
Women			None

- **13.63.** Figures (including decimal and common fractions) expressing mixed units of quantity (feet, dollars, etc.) and figures in parentheses are aligned on the right.
- **13.64.** Decimal points are aligned except in columns containing numbers that refer to mixed units (such as pounds, dollars, and percentage) and have irregular decimals.

#### Footnotes and references

- **13.65.** Footnotes to tables are numbered independently from footnotes to text unless requested by committee or department.
- **13.66.** Superior figures are used for footnote references, beginning with 1 in each table.

**13.67.** If figures might lead to ambiguity (for example, in connection with a chemical formula), asterisks, daggers, or italic superior letters, etc., may be used.

- **13.68.** When items carry several reference marks, the superior-figure reference precedes an asterisk, dagger, or similar character used for reference. These, in the same sequence, precede mathematical signs. A thin space is used to bear off an asterisk, dagger, or similar character.
- **13.69.** Footnote references are repeated in boxheads or in continued lines over tables.
- **13.70.** References to footnotes are numbered consecutively across the page from left to right.
- **13.71.** Footnote references are placed at the right in reading columns and symbol columns, and at the left in figure columns (also at the left of such words as *None* in figure columns), and are separated by a thin space.
- **13.72.** Two or more footnote references occurring together are separated by spaces, not commas.
- **13.73.** In a figure column, a footnote reference standing alone is set in parentheses and flushed right. In a reading column, it is set at the left in parentheses and is followed by leaders, but in the last column it is followed by a period, as if it were a word. In a symbol column it is set at the left and cleared.
- **13.74.** Numbered footnotes are placed immediately beneath the table. If a sign or letter reference in the heading of a table is to be followed, it is not changed to become the first numbered reference mark. The footnote to it precedes all other footnotes. The remaining footnotes in a table will follow this sequence: footnotes (numbers, letters, or symbols); Note.—; then Source:.
- **13.75.** For better makeup or appearance, footnotes may be placed at the end of a lengthy table. A line reading "Footnotes at end of table." is supplied.

**13.76.** If the footnotes to both table and text fall together at the bottom of a page, the footnotes to the table are placed above the footnotes to the text, and the two groups are separated by a 50-point rule flush left; but if there are footnotes to the text and none to the table, the 50-point rule is retained.

- **13.77.** Footnotes to cut-in and indented tables and tables in rules are set full measure, except when footnotes are short, they can be set in 1 em under indented table.
- **13.78.** Footnotes are set as paragraphs, but two or more short footnotes should be combined into one line, separated by not less than 2 ems.
- **13.79.** The footnotes and notes to tables are set solid.
- **13.80.** Footnotes and notes to tables and boxheads are set the same size, but not smaller than 6 point, unless specified otherwise.
- **13.81.** Footnotes to tables follow tabular style in the use of abbreviations, figures, etc.
- **13.82.** In footnotes, numbers are expressed in figures, even at the beginning of a note or sentence.
- **13.83.** If a footnote consists entirely or partly of a table or leaderwork, it should always be preceded by introductory matter carrying the reference number; if necessary, the copy preparer should add an introductory line, such as "¹See the following table:".
- **13.84.** An explanatory paragraph without specific reference but belonging to the table rather than to the text follows the footnotes, if any, and is separated from them or from the table by space.

#### **Fractions**

**13.85.** All fractions are set flush right to the bearoff.

Total length	40¾	41	0.42	43	44	0.455	46	47	48	½ in.
Sleeve length		10	10	10	11	11	11	11	11	1 in.
Armhole length	8%	81/2	9	91/2	91/2	10	101/2	101/2	11	1 in.
Sleeve cuff length (if cuff is used).	5½	5½	5½	57/12	5½	57/12	5½	5½	5½	Maximum.
Neck opening Waist:	26½	26	2717/32	2815/32	28	2917/32	30	30	31	2 in.
7, 8, 9, 10 cut 11, 12, 14 cut		24 23½	25½ 25	27 ¹⁵ / ₃₂ 26½	28 27½	29½ 29	31 30½	32 31½	33½ 33	6 pct. 6 pct.

**13.86.** Fractions standing alone are expressed in figures, even at the beginning of a line, but should be spelled out at the beginning of a footnote.

#### **Headnotes**

- **13.87.** Headnotes should be set lowercase, but not smaller than 6 point, bracketed, and period omitted at end, even if the statement is a complete sentence; but periods should not be omitted internally if required by sentence structure.
- **13.88.** Headnotes are repeated under continued heads but the word *Continued* is not added to the headnote.

#### Indentions and overruns

#### Subentries

- **13.89.** The indention of subentries is determined by the width of the stub or reading column. Subentries in columns more than 15 ems wide are indented in 2-em units; in columns 15 ems or less, with short entry lines and few overruns, 2-em indentions are also used. All overruns are indented 1 em more.
- **13.90.** Subentries in columns of 15 ems or less are indented in 1-em units. Overruns are indented 1 additional em space.

## Total, mean, and average lines

- **13.91.** All total (also mean and average) lines are indented 3 ems. In very narrow stub columns, total lines may be reduced to 1- or 2-em indentions, depending on length of line.
- **13.92.** Where overrun of item above conflicts, the total line is indented 1 em more. Runovers of total lines are also indented 1 additional em space.
- **13.93.** It is not necessary to maintain uniform indention of the word *Total* throughout the same table. The word *Total* is supplied when not in copy.

Wide stub column—subentries 2 ems	Total, all banks	National banks	Non- national banks	Building associations
ASSETS				
Loans and discounts:				
Loans to banks	\$74,518	\$1,267,493	\$947,289	\$135,619
Commercial and industrial loans	2,753,456	450,916	211,597	18,949
Total (total lines generally indent 3 ems)	2,827,974	718,409	1,158,886	154,568
Real estate loans:				
Secured by farmland	12,532	29,854	186,228	19,044
Secured by residential property other than rural and farm	1,011,856	167,765	1,554,084	3,172,837
Total (indent 1 em more to avoid conflict with line above)	1,024,388	194,619	1,740,312	3,191,881
Securities:				
U.S. Government obligations: Direct obligations:				
U.S. savings bonds	1,149,764	3,285,721	2,361,796	23,506
Nonmarketable bonds (including investment series A–1965)	242,500	490,677	732,689	167,735
Total (indent 1 em more than runover				
above)	1,392,264	3,776,398	3,094,485	191,241

#### Italic

- **13.94.** Names of vessels and aircraft (except in columns consisting entirely of such names), titles of legal cases (except *v.* for *versus*), and certain scientific terms are set in italic. The word "Total" and headings in the column do not affect the application of this rule. In gothic type-faces without italic, quotes are allowed.
- **13.95.** Set "See" and "See also" in roman.

#### Leaders

- **13.96.** Leaders run across the entire table except that they are omitted from a last reading column.
- **13.97.** The style of leadering is guided by two rules: (1) tables with a single reading column leader from the bottom line, or (2) tables with any combination of more than one reading or symbol column leader from the top line.

- **13.98.** If leadering from the top line, overruns end with a period.
- **13.99.** A column of dates is regarded as a reading column only if leaders are added; in all other cases it is treated as a figure column.

**13.100.** In tables with tracing figures on left and right of page, leader from top line.

#### **Numerals in tables**

**13.101.** Figures, ordinals, and fractions are used in all parts of a table, except fractions that will be spelled out at the beginning of a footnote.

#### Parallel and divide tables

- **13.102.** Parallel tables are set in pairs of pages; beginning on a left-hand page and running across to facing right-hand page, leader from the top line.
- **13.103.** Heads and headnotes center across the pair of pages, with 2-em hanging indention for three or more lines when combined measure exceeds 30 picas in width. Two-line heads are set across the pair of pages. A single-line head or headnote is divided evenly, each part set flush right and left, respectively. Words are not divided between pages.
- 13.104. Boxheads and horizontal rules align across both pages.
- **13.105.** Boxheads are not divided but are repeated, with *Continued* added.
- **13.106.** Tracing figures are carried through from the outside columns of both pages and are set to "leader from the top line."
- **13.107.** In divide tables that are made up parallel, with stub column repeated, the head and headnote repeat on each succeeding page, with *Continued* added to the head only.
- **13.108.** Tables with tracing figures or stub, or both, repeating on the left of odd pages, are divide tables and not parallel tables. Over such tables the heads are repeated, with *Continued* added.

## Reading columns

**13.109.** Figures or combinations of figures and letters used to form a reading column align on left and are followed by leaders. *Do.* is not used under such items.

- **13.110.** The en dash is not to be used for *to* in a reading column; if both occur, change to *to* throughout.
- **13.111.** Cut-in items following a colon are indented 2 ems.
- **13.112.** A single entry under a colon line should be run in; retain the colon.
- **13.113.** Numerical terms, including numbered streets, avenues, etc., are expressed in figures, even at the beginning of an item.

## Symbol columns

**13.114.** A column consisting entirely of letters, letters and figures, symbols, or signs, or any combination of these, is called a symbol column. It should be set flush left and cleared, except when it takes the place of the stub, it should then be leadered. No closing period is used when such column is the last column. Blank lines in a last column are cleared. *Do.* is not used in a symbol column.

Symbol	Typical commercial designation	Army product symbol	Filing order symbol	General description	Speci- fication symbol
GM(2)	Gasoline and diesel engine oil, SAE10 and SAE10W grades.	OR10	A	Fuel, grease, chassis, or soap base.	G.&D.
CG	Ball and roller bearing grease.	4l-X-59	N	Extreme pressure	BR
CW1	Wheel-bearing greaseGrease not typified	OE20 ²	X 	do Further tests being conducted.	WBG ³
G090	Universal gear lubricant	S.&T.	В	Water-pump grease	80D

**13.115.** Columns composed of both symbols and figures are treated as figure columns and are set flush right. In case of blank lines in a last column, leaders will be used as in figure columns.

Symbol or catalog number	Typical commercial designation	Symbol or product number	Symbol or filling order symbol	General description	Symbol or speci- fication number
WBD	Chassis grease, cup grease, under pressure.	961	A	Especially adapted to very cold climates.	1359
14L88	Water-pump bearing grease	SWA	352	Under moderate pressure	
5190	Exposed gear chain lubricant	12L	N	High-speed use	AE10
	E.P. hypoid lubricant	863	X	For experimental use only	NXL
376	Special grade for marine use		468	Free flowing in any weather	749

#### **Tables without rules**

**13.116.** It is preferable to set all tables alike; that is, without either down rules or cross rules and with roman boxheads. When so indicated on copy, by ordering agency, tabular matter may be set without rules, with italic boxheads.

- **13.117.** Column heads over figure columns in 6- or 8-point leaderwork are set in 6-point italic.
- **13.118.** Horizontal rules (spanner) used between a spread or upper level column heading carried over two or more lower level column headings are set continuous and without break, from left to right, between the two levels of such headings.

Table 9.—Changes in fixed assets and related allowances

Fixed assets							
Balance June	Int	vestment		Operations			
30, 2008 (table 9–a)	Current additions	Adjustments	Transfers	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2008		
\$12,123,197	\$306		(\$539)	(\$284,358)	\$11,838,606		
				/ · · ·			
			2,143	(147,561)	2,220,178		
					13,664,236		
19,364,373	366,311		(342)	(290,174)	19,440,168		
				/ >			
2,739,012	151,819	(\$113,261)		(26,100)	2,751,470		
40 500 000	404000			(10.000)	40.64		
10,590,820	104,039		1,661	(48,920)	10,647,600		
60,714,390	755,319	(113,261)	2,923	(797,113)	60,562,258		
7,012,701	105,952	(130,891)	21,777	(36,418)	6,973,121		
3,684,670	29,086		530	(230,276)	3,484,010		
35,729,465	(10,336)		(485,548)	(937,916)	34,295,665		
46,426,836	124,702	(130,891)	(463,241)	(1,204,610)	44,752,796		
107,141,236	880,021	(244,152)	(466,164)	(2,001,723)	105,315,054		
	30, 2008 (table 9-a) \$12,123,197 2,242,999 13,653,989 19,364,373 2,739,012 10,590,820 60,714,390 7,012,701 3,684,670 35,729,465 46,426,836	\$12,123,197 \$306 2,242,999 122,597 13,653,989 10,247 19,364,373 366,311 2,739,012 151,819 10,590,820 104,039 60,714,390 755,319 7,012,701 105,952 3,684,670 29,086 35,729,465 (10,336) 46,426,836 124,702	Balance June         Investment           30, 2008 (table 9-a)         Current additions         Adjustments           \$12,123,197         \$306	Balance June 30, 2008 (table 9-a)         Investment Current additions         Adjustments         Transfers           \$12,123,197         \$306	Balance June 30, 2008 (table 9-a)         Investment Current additions         Adjustments         Transfers         Retirements           \$12,123,197         \$306		

# **13.119.** More than one figure column, also illustrating use of dollar mark, rule, bearoff, etc.

For property purchased from— Central Pipeline Distributing Co.: Capital stock issued recorded amount	ey outlay	\$75,000 34: 3,476 730	l 5
Recorded money outlay  Note issued		_	
Subtotal  Less value of oil in lines and salvaged construction material	257,000 26,555	230,44	5 \$309,992
For construction, improvements, and replacements, recorded money outle			
Total	•		
		Quantity (million cubic feet)	Value at point of consumption
Use:			
Residential		34,842 14,404	\$21,218,778 5,257,468
Industrial: Field (drilling, pumping, etc.)		144,052	10,419,000
Fuel for petroleum refineriesOther, including electric utility plants		96,702 346,704	61,440,000
Total		636,704	98,335,246
		Estimated	
	2004	2008	Change
General account: Receipts Expenditures	\$64,800 (70,300)	\$69,80 (67,10	
Net improvement, 2008 over 2004 Deduct 2004 deficit			1,800
Net surplus, estimated for 2008			300

[In U.Sdollar equivalent]	
Balance with the Treasury Department July 1, 2008	\$165,367,704.85
Receipts:	
Collections	
Return from agency accounts of currencies advanced for liquid-	
ation of obligations incurred prior to July 1, 2007	
Total receipts	569,395,080.06
Total available	734,762,784.91

## **Units of quantity**

**13.120.** Units of quantity in stub columns are set in lowercase in plural form and placed in parentheses.

Coke (short tons)	4,468,437	1 25,526,646	5,080,403	² 29,519,871
Diatomite	(123)	(1)	(1)	(123)
Emery (pounds)	765	6,828	1,046	9,349
Feldspar (crude) (long tons)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Ferroalloys (short tons)	183,465	² 18,388,766	259,303	2 30,719,756

- **13.121.** Units of quantity and other words as headings over figure columns are used at the beginning of a table or at the head of a continued page or continued column in a double-up table.
- **13.122.** Over figure columns, units of quantity and other words used as headings, and the abbreviations *a.m.* and *p.m.*, if not included in the boxheads, are set in italic and are placed immediately above the figures, without periods other than abbreviating periods. In congressional work (gothic), or at any time when italic is not available, these units should be placed in the boxheads in parentheses. Any well-known abbreviation will be used to save an overrun, but if one unit of quantity is abbreviated, all in the same table will be abbreviated. If units change in a column, the new units are set in italic with space above and no space below. The space is placed both above and below only when there is no italic available.

#### Quoted tabular work

**13.123.** When a table is part of quoted matter, quotation marks will open on each centerhead and each footnote paragraph, and, if table is end of quoted matter, quotation marks close at end of footnotes. If there are no footnotes and the table is the end of the quotation, quotation marks close at end of last item.

#### 14. Leaderwork

(See also Chapter 9 "Abbreviations and Letter Symbols" and Chapter 13 "Tabular Work")

14.1. Leaderwork is a simple form of tabular work without boxheads or rules and is separated from text by 4 points of space above and below in solid matter or 6 points of space in leaded matter. It consists of a reading (stub) column and a figure column, leadered from the bottom line. It may also consist of two reading columns, aligning on the top line. In general, leaderwork (except indexes and tables of contents, which are set the same style as text) is governed by the same rules of style as tabular work. Unless otherwise indicated, leaderwork is set in 8 point. The period is omitted immediately before leaders

#### Bearoff or inset

**14.2.** No bearoff or inset is required at the right in a single reading column

#### **Columns**

**14.3.** A figure column is at least an en quad wider than the largest group of figures but not less than 3 ems in single columns or 2 ems in double-up columns. Total rules are to be the full width of all figure columns.

	1 0 1111110
Year: 2000	655,939
Fiscal year:	
2009	368,233
2010	100,000
Total	1,124,172

Dounde

**14.4.** Where both columns are reading columns, they are separated by an em space.

Particulars	Artist
To the French Government:	
The entire collection of French paintings on loan,	Degas.
with the exception of Mlle. DuBourg (Mme.	
Fantin-Latour).	
Avant la Course	Do.
To Col. Axel H. Oxholm, Washington, DC:	
Martha Washington, George Washington, and	Attributed to
Thomas Jefferson.	Jonathan E. Earl,
	Los Angeles, CA.
Roses	Renoir.
Do	Forain.
Roses in a Chinese Vase and Sculpture by Maillol	Vuillard.
Maternity	Gauguin.

## **Continued heads**

**14.5.** The use of continued heads in leaderwork is not necessary.

## Ditto (do.)

**14.6.** The abbreviation *do.* is indented and capitalized in the stub. It is capitalized and cleared (no leaders) in the last reading column (see above).

# Dollar mark and ciphers

- 14.7. In a column containing mixed amounts (as money, tons, gallons, etc.) the figures are aligned on the right, and the dollar mark or other symbol is repeated before each sum of money. If several sums of money are grouped and added or subtracted to make a total, they are separated from the nonmoney group by a parallel rule, and the symbol is placed on the first figure of the separated group only.
- **14.8.** If two columns of sums of money add or subtract one into the other and one carries points and ciphers, the other should also carry points and ciphers.

#### Flush items and subheads

- **14.9.** Flush items clear the figure column.
- **14.10.** Subheads are centered in full measure.

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#### **Footnotes**

**14.11.** Footnotes to leaderwork follow the style of footnotes to tables.

**14.12.** Footnote references begin with 1 in each leadered grouping, and footnotes are placed at the end, separated from it by 4 points of space. Separate notes from matter following by not less than 6 points of space.

**14.13.** If the leaderwork runs over from one page to another, the footnotes will be placed at the bottom of the leadered material.¹

## Units of quantity

- **14.14.** Units of quantity or other words over a stub or figure column are set italic.
- **14.15.** The following example shows the style to be observed where there is a short colon line at left. In case of only one subentry, run in with colon line and preserve the colon.

Tons

	Baltimore & Ohio RR:			10113
	Freight carried:			
				50,000
	June			52,000
	Coal carried			90,000
	Dixie RR: Freight carried Jan	. 1, 1999, including	freight carried by	
	all its subsidiaries			12,000
	¹ Livestock not included.			
14.16.	If there is no colon line, the	e style is as follov	vs:	
	Freight carried by the Dixie l	RR and the Baltimo	re & Ohio RR in	Tons
	May			71,500
14.17.	Explanatory matter is set in period):	n 6 point under l	eaders (note omis	sion of
	(Name)	(Address)	(Position)	

¹ If footnotes to leaderwork and text fall at bottom of page, leaderwork footnotes are placed above text footnotes. The two groups are separated by a 50-point rule.

14.18.	In blank forms, leaders used in place of complete words to be supplied are preceded and followed by a space.			
	On this day of 20			
14.19.	In half measure doubled up, units of quantity are aligned act page.    Inches   Seedlings:   27   Osage-orange	Inches 20 16		
14.20.	Mixed units of quantity and amounts and words in a figure of are set as follows:  Capital invested	\$8,000 \$3,000 128.6 21.4 50		
	Number  Value  Cows:  Number  Estimated weekly production of butter per milk cow  (pounds)  Hogs:  Number	8 \$1,500 18 7½ 46		
	Loss from cholera	None		

## 15. Footnotes, Indexes, Contents, and Outlines

#### Footnotes and reference marks

- **15.1.** Text footnotes follow the style of the text with the exception of those things noted in Chapter 9 "Abbreviations and Letter Symbols." Footnotes appearing in tabular material follow the guidelines set forth in Chapter 13 "Tabular Work."
- **15.2.** In a publication divided into chapters, sections, or articles, each beginning a new page, text footnotes begin with 1 in each such division. In a publication without such divisional grouping, footnotes are numbered consecutively from 1 to 99, and then begin with 1 again. However, in supplemental sections, such as appendixes and bibliographies, which are not parts of the publication proper, footnotes begin with 1.
- **15.3.** Copy preparers must see that references and footnotes are plainly marked.
- **15.4.** If a reference is repeated on another page, it should carry the original footnote; but to avoid repetition of a long note, the copy preparer may use the words "See footnote 3 (6, 10, etc.) on p.—." instead of repeating the entire footnote.
- 15.5. Unless the copy is otherwise marked: (1) footnotes to 12-point text are set in 8 point; (2) footnotes to 11-point text are set in 8 point, except in Supreme Court reports, in which they are set in 9 point; (3) footnotes to 10- and 8-point text are set in 7 point.
- **15.6.** Footnotes are set as paragraphs at the bottom of the page and are separated from the text by a 50-point rule, set flush left, with no less than 2 points of space above and below the rule.
- **15.7.** Footnotes to indented matter (other than excerpt footnotes) are set full measure.
- **15.8.** To achieve faithful reproduction of indented excerpt material (particularly legal work) containing original footnotes, these footnotes are also indented and placed at the bottom of the excerpt, separated

- by 6 points of space. No side dash is used. Reference numbers are not changed to fit the numbering sequence of text footnotes.
- **15.9.** Footnotes must always begin on the page where they are referenced. If the entire footnote will not fit on the page where it is cited, it will be continued at the bottom of the next page.¹
- **15.10.** Footnotes to charts, graphs, and other illustrations should be placed immediately beneath such illustrative material.
- **15.11.** A cutoff rule is not required between a chart or graph and its footnotes.
- **15.12.** For reference marks use: (1) roman superior figures, (2) italic superior letters, and (3) symbols. Superior figures (preferred), letters, and symbols are separated from the words to which they apply by thin spaces, unless immediately preceded by periods or commas.
- **15.13.** Where reference figures might lead to ambiguity (for example, in matter containing exponents), asterisks, daggers, etc., or italic superior letters may be used.
- **15.14.** When symbols or signs are used for footnote reference marks, their sequence should be (*) asterisk, (†) dagger, (‡) double dagger, and (§) section mark. Should more symbols be needed, these may be doubled or tripled, but for simplicity and greater readability, it is preferable to extend the assortment by adding other single-character symbols.
- **15.15.** Symbols with established meanings, such as the percent sign (%) and the number mark (#), are likely to cause confusion and should not be used for reference marks.
- **15.16.** To avoid possible confusion with numerals and letters frequently occurring in charts and graphs, it is preferable in such instances to use symbols as reference marks.

¹When a footnote breaks from an odd (right-hand) page to an even (left-hand) page, the word (*Continued*) is set inside parentheses in italic below the last line of the footnote where the break occurs.

A 50-point rule is used above each part of the footnote.

When a footnote break occurs on facing pages, i.e., from an even page to an odd page, the (*Continued*) line is not set, but the 50-point rule is duplicated.

- **15.17.** When items carry several reference marks, the superior-figure reference precedes an asterisk, dagger, or similar character used for reference.
- **15.18.** A superior reference mark follows all punctuation marks except a dash, but it falls inside a closing parenthesis or bracket if applying only to matter within the parentheses or brackets.
- **15.19.** Two or more superior footnote references occurring together are separated by thin spaces.

#### Indexes and tables of contents

- **15.20.** Indexes and tables of contents are set in the same style as the text, except that *See* and *see also* are set in italic.
- **15.21.** Where a word occurs in an index page column, either alone or with a figure, it is set flush on the right. If the word extends back into the leaders, it is preceded by an en space.

	Page
Explanatory diagram	Frontispiece
General instructions.	VIII
Capitalization (see also Abbreviations)	
Correct imposition (diagram)	Facing 34
Legends. (See Miscellaneous rules.)	
Appendixes A, B, C, and D, maps, illustrations,	
and excerpts	In supplemental volume

- **15.22.** For better appearance, Roman numerals should be set in small caps in the figure columns of tables of contents and indexes.
- **15.23.** In indexes set with leaders, if the page numbers will not fit in the leader line, the first number only is set in that line and the other numbers are overrun. If the entry makes three or more lines and the last line of figures is not full, do not use a period at the end.

If page folios overrun due to an excessive amount of figures				
use this form				220,
	224,	227,	230	240

(For examples of iten	ı indentions	in a	reading	column	of indexes,
see the index in this N	Ianual.)				

- **15.24.** Overrun page numbers are indented 3½ ems in measures not over 20 picas and 7 ems in wider measures, more than one line being used if necessary. These indentions are increased as necessary to not less than 2 ems more than the line immediately above or below.
- **15.25.** When copy specifies that all overs are to be a certain number of ems, the runovers of the figure column shall be held in 2 ems more than the specified indention.
- **15.26.** Examples of block-type indexes:

```
Example 1
                                                      Example 2
Medical officer, radiological defense, 3
                                           Brazil—Continued
Medicolegal dosage, 44
                                             Exchange restrictions—Continued
Military Liaison Committee, 4
                                                Williams mission (see also
Monitoring, 58
                                                  Williams, John H., special
  Air, 62
                                                  mission), exchange control
  Personnel, 59
                                                  situation, 586-588
    Civilian, 60
                                             Trade agreement with United
     Military, 59
                                                  States, proposed:
                                                Draft text, 558-567
  Sea, 61
                                                Proposals for:
  Ship, 61
Monitors, radiological defense, 3
                                                  Inclusion of all clauses, 531
```

**15.27.** In index entries the following forms are used:

```
Brown, A.H., Jr. (not Brown, Jr., A.H.)
Brown, A.H., & Sons (not Brown & Sons, A.H.)
Brown, A.H., Co. (not Brown Co., A.H.)
Brown, A.H., & Sons Co. (not Brown & Sons Co., A.H.)
```

**15.28.** In a table of contents, where *chapter*, *plate*, or *figure* is followed by a number and period, an en space is used after the period. The periods are aligned on the right.

Chapte	er	Page
I.	Introduction	I
II.	Summary	1
VI.	Conclusions	7

Daga

**15.29.** Subheads in indexes and tables of contents are centered in the full measure.

**15.30.** In contents using two sizes of lightface type, or a combination of boldface and lightface type, all leaders and page numbers will be set in lightface roman type. Contents set entirely in boldface will use boldface page numbers. All page numbers will be set in the predominant size.

Pa	age
PART I. MAINTENANCE OF PEACE AND SECURITY	5
Disarmament	6
Peaceful Uses of Atomic Energy	7
Po	age
Part I. Maintenance of Peace and Security	5
Disarmament	6
Peaceful Uses of Atomic Energy	7
Pa	age
Part I. Maintenance of Peace and Security	5
Disarmament	6
Peaceful Uses of Atomic Energy	7

### **Outlines**

**15.31.** Outlines vary in appearance because there is no one set style to follow in designing them. The width of the measure, the number of levels required for the indentions, and the labeling concept selected to identify each new level all contribute to its individuality.

The following sample outline demonstrates a very basic and structured arrangement. It uses the enumerators listed in rule 8.112 to identify each new indented level.

The enumerators for the first four levels are followed by a period and a fixed amount of space. The enumerators for the second four levels are set in parentheses and followed by the same amount of fixed space.

Each new level indents 2 ems more than the preceding level, and data that runs over to the next line aligns with the first word following the enumerator.

### Outline example:

- I. Balancing a checkbook
  - A. Open your check register
    - 1. Verify all check numbers
      - a. Verify no check numbers were duplicated
      - b. Verify no check numbers were skipped
  - B. Open your bank statement
    - 1. Put canceled checks in sequence
    - 2. Compare amounts on checks to those in register
      - a. Correct any mistakes in register
      - b. Indicate those check numbers cashed
        - (1) Mark off check number on the statement
          - (a) Verify amount of check
            - (i) Highlight discrepancies on statement
              - (aa) Enter figures on back
            - (ii) Enter missing check numbers on back with amounts
              - (aa) Identify missing check numbers in register
              - (bb) Verify those check numbers were not cashed previously

### 16. Datelines, Addresses, and Signatures

16.1. The general principle involved in the typography of datelines, addresses, and signatures is that they should be set to stand out clearly from the body of the letter or paper that they accompany. This is accomplished by using caps and small caps and italic, as set forth below. Other typographic details are designed to ensure uniformity and good appearance. Street addresses and ZIP Code numbers are not to be used. In certain lists that carry ZIP Code numbers, regular spacing will be used preceding the ZIP Code. Certain general instructions apply alike to datelines, addresses, and signatures.

### **General instructions**

- **16.2.** Principal words in datelines, addresses, and titles accompanying signatures are capitalized.
- **16.3.** *Mr.*, *Mrs.*, *Miss*, *Ms.*, and all other titles preceding a name, and *Esq.*, *Jr.*, *Sr.*, and *2d* following a name in address and signature lines, are set in roman caps and lowercase if the name is in caps and small caps or caps and lowercase; if the name is in caps, they are set in caps and small caps, if small caps are available—otherwise in caps and lowercase.

## **Spacing**

**16.4.** At least 2 points of space should appear between dateline and text or address, address and text, text and signature, or signature and address

### **Datelines**

16.5. Datelines at the beginning of a letter or paper are set at the right side of the page, the originating office in caps and small caps, the address and date in italic; if the originating office is not given, the address is set in caps and small caps and the date in italic; if only the date is given, it is set in caps and small caps. Such datelines are indented from the right 1 em for a single line; 3 ems and 1 em, successively, for two lines; or 5 ems, 3 ems, and 1 em, successively, for three lines. In measures 30 picas or wider, these indentions are increased by 1 em.

	THE WHITE HOUSE,
	Washington, DC, January 1, 2016. ☐
	The White House, $July$ 30, 2016.
	Treasury Department,
	Office of the Treasurer,
	Washington, DC, January 1, 2016. $\square$
	Treasury Department, $July$ 30, 2016.
	Department of Commerce,
	<i>July 30, 2016.</i> □
	Fairfax County, VA.
	Office of John Smith & Co., $\square$ $\square$ New York, NY, June 6, 2016. $\square$
	Washington, $May\ 20,\ 2016$ — $10\ a.m.$
	Thursday, May 5, $2016$ — $2$ p.m.
	January 24, 2016. $\square$
	Washington, November 28, $2016$ . $\square$ $\square$ [Received December 5, $2016$ ]. $\square$
	On Board USS "Connecticut," $\square$ $\square$ $January 22, 2016. \square$
16.6.	Congressional hearings:
	THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 2015 ¹
	House of Representatives, Committee on the Judiciary, Committee on Immigration And Border Security, Committee on Immigration, DC.
	U.S. Senate, Committee on Armed Services, Washington, DC
	Congress of the United States, $\Box$

 $^{^{1}}Normally, dates in House hearings on appropriation bills are set on the right in 10-point caps and small caps. \\$ 

16.7.	Datelines at the end of a letter or paper, either above or below signatures, are set on left in caps and small caps for the address and italic for the date. When the word <i>dated</i> is used, dateline is set in roman caps and lowercase.    May 7, 2016.   Roanoke, VA.   Roanoke, VA. July 1, 2016.   Dated July 1, 2016.   Dated Albany, March 13, 2016.
16.8.	Datelines in newspaper extracts are set at the beginning of the paragraph, the address in caps and small caps and the date in roman caps and lowercase, followed by a period and a 1-em dash.
Addres	sses
16.9.	Addresses are set flush left at the beginning of a letter or paper in congressional work (or at end in formal usage).
16.10.	At beginning or at end:  To Smith & Jones and  Brown & Green, Esqs.,  Attorneys for Claimant.  (Attention of Mr. Green.)  Hon. Patty Murray,  U.S. Senate.  Hon. Nancy Pelosi,  U.S. House of Representatives. (Collective address.)  The President,  The White House.
16.11.	A long title following an address is set in italic caps and lowercase, the first line flush left and right, overruns indented 2 ems to clear a following 1-em paragraph indention.  Hon. Mike Rounds,  Chairman, Subcommittee on Superfund, Waste Management,  □□and Regulatory Oversight, U.S. Senate, Washington, DC.

**16.12.** The name or title forming the first line of the address is set in caps and small caps, but *Mr.*, *Mrs.*, or other title preceding a name, and *Esq.*, *Jr.*, *Sr.*, or *2d* following a name, are set in roman caps and lowercase; the matter following is set in italic. The words *U.S. Army* or *U.S. Navy* immediately following a name are set in roman caps and lowercase in the same line as the name.

Lt. Gen. Todd T. Semonite, U.S. Army, *Chief of Engineers*.

CHIEF OF ENGINEERS, U.S. ARMY. (Full title, all caps and small caps.)

Lt. Gen. Todd T. Semonite,

Chief of Engineers, U.S. Army,

Washington, DC.

Hon. KAREN L. HAAS,

 ${\it Clerk}$  of the House of Representatives.

Hon. RICHARD J. DURBIN,

U.S. Senator, Washington, DC.

Hon. Cory Gardner,

Russell Senate Office Building, Washington, DC.

The Committee on Appropriations.

House of Representatives.

- **16.13.** General (or collective) addresses are set in italic caps and lowercase, flush left, with overruns indented 2 ems and ending with a colon, except when followed by a salutation, in which case a period is used.
- **16.14.** Examples of general addresses when not followed by salutation (note the use of colon at end of italic line):

To the Officers and Members of the Daughters of the American  $\square\square$ Revolution, Washington, DC:

To the American Diplomatic and Consular Officers:

To Whom It May Concern:

Collectors of Customs:

To the Congress of the United States:

**16.15.** Example of general address when followed by salutation (note the use of period at end of italic line):

Senate and House of Representatives.

ſ	Gentlemen:	You	are	here	by *	*	*.	
---	------------	-----	-----	------	------	---	----	--

To the Editor:

### **16.16.** Examples illustrating other types of addresses:

To John L. Nelson, Greeting:
To John L. Nelson, Birmingham, AL, Greeting
To the Clerk of the House of Representatives:
CHIEF OF ENGINEERS (Through the Division Engineer).  MY DEAR SIR: I have the honor  MR. REED: I have the honor  DEAR MR. REED: I have the honor
Lt. (jg.) John Smith,  Navy Department:  □The care shown by you
STATE OF NEW YORK,  County of New York, ss:  Before me this day appeared
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, ss:  Before me this day appeared

### **Envelope addresses**

U.S. House of Representatives Committee on Education and the Workforce 2176 Rayburn House Office Building Washington, DC 20515

### **Signatures**

- **16.17.** Signatures, preceded by an em dash, are sometimes run in with the last line of text.
- **16.18.** Signatures are set at the right side of the page. They are indented 1 em for a single line; 3 ems and 1 em, successively, for two lines; and 5 ems, 3 ems, and 1 em, successively, for three lines. In measures 30 picas or wider, these indentions are increased by 1 em.
- **16.19.** The name or names are set in caps and small caps; *Mr.*, *Mrs.*, and all other titles preceding a name, and *Esq.*, *Jr.*, *Sr.*, and *2d* following a name, are set in roman caps and lowercase; the title following name is set in italic. Signatures as they appear in copy must be followed in regard to abbreviations.

16.20.	If name and title make more than half a line, they are set as two lines.
16.21.	Two to eight independent signatures, with or without titles, are aligned on the left, at approximately the center of the measure.
	Robert E. Schwenk.  Queen E. Hughes.  Erica N. Prophet.  Andre Rodgers,  Commander, U.S. Navy (Retired).  William H. Coughlin, Chairman.
16.22.	More than eight signatures, with or without titles, are set full measure, roman caps and lowercase, run in, indented 5 and 7 ems in measures of 26½ picas or wider; in measures less than 26½ picas, indent 2 and 3 ems.  Brown, Shipley & Co.; Denniston, Cross & Co.; Fruhling & Groschen, Attorneys; C.J. Hambro & Sons; Hardy, Nathan & Co.; Heilbut, Symons & Co.; Harrison Bros. & Groschen, Attorneys; C.J. Hambro & Co.; Thomas Groschen, Attorneys; C.J
16.23.	The punctuation of closing phrases is governed by the sense. A de-

tached complimentary close is made a new paragraph.

United States Improvement Co.,
(By) John Smith, Secretary.

Texarkana Textile Merchants & Manufacturers' Association,
John L. Jones, Secretary.

TEXARKANA TEXTILE MERCHANTS & MANUFACTURERS' ASSOCIATION,

Board Member and Secretary.

JOHN W. SMITH ______

(And 25 others). ___

JOHN SMITH, ______

Lieutenant Governor ______

(For the Governor of Maine). ___

JOANNE WILDER,

Examples of various kinds of signatures:

16.24.

North American Ice Co.,
Sylvia Rooney, Secretary.
John [his thumbmark] Smith.□
NITA M. LOWEY,
Barbara Comstock,
Managers on the Part of the House. $\square$
Chris Coons,
Amy Klobuchar,
Managers on the Part of the Senate. $\square$
ırs,
(Signed) Fred C. Kleinschmidt,
$Assistant\ Clerk,\ Court\ of\ Claims. \square$
hia Chamber of Commerce:
GEO. W. PHILIPS.
Saml. Campbell.
r obedient servant,
(Signed)□ John R. King
$(Typed) \square $ John R. King,
$Secretary. \square$
or
(S)□ John R. King
(S) ☐ John R. King John R. King,
(S)□ John R. King
(S) ☐ John R. King John R. King,
(S) $\square$ John R. King John R. King, Secretary. $\square$
(S) $\square$ John R. King John R. King, Secretary. $\square$
(S) $\square$ John R. King John R. King, Secretary. $\square$
(S) ☐ John R. King  JOHN R. KING,  Secretary. ☐  RICHARD ROE, Notary Public. ☐  NATHANIEL COX, Secretary of State. ☐  JOHN SMITH, Governor. ☐
(S) $\square$ John R. King John R. King, Secretary. $\square$ Richard Roe, Notary Public. $\square$ Nathaniel Cox, Secretary of State. $\square$
(S) ☐ John R. King  JOHN R. KING,  Secretary. ☐  RICHARD ROE, Notary Public. ☐  NATHANIEL COX, Secretary of State. ☐  JOHN SMITH, Governor. ☐
(S) John R. King  John R. King,  Secretary.   Richard Roe, Notary Public.   Nathaniel Cox, Secretary of State.   John Smith, Governor.   John Kerry, Secretary of State.   Mary Farrell, U.S. Indian Agent.
(S) ☐ John R. King  JOHN R. KING,  Secretary. ☐  RICHARD ROE, Notary Public. ☐  NATHANIEL COX, Secretary of State. ☐  JOHN SMITH, Governor. ☐  JOHN KERRY, Secretary of State. ☐
(S) John R. King  John R. King,  Secretary.   Richard Roe, Notary Public.   Nathaniel Cox, Secretary of State.   John Smith, Governor.   John Kerry, Secretary of State.   Mary Farrell, U.S. Indian Agent.   Capt. James Staley, Jr.,   Superintendent.
(S) John R. King  John R. King,  Secretary.   Richard Roe, Notary Public.   Nathaniel Cox, Secretary of State.   John Smith, Governor.   John Kerry, Secretary of State.   Mary Farrell, U.S. Indian Agent.   Capt. James Staley, Jr.,   Capt. James Staley, Jr.,   Capt. James Staley, Jr.,   Capt. James Staley, Jr.,   John R. King

16.25.	In quoted matter:	
	□□□"Very respectfully,	
	"Todd S. Gilbert.	
	"Paul Hartman.	
	"Dolores Hicks.	
	"Albert H. Jones.	
	"Joan C. Nugent.	
	"Brandon Proctor."	
16.26.	Examples of various kinds of datelines, addresses, and signatures:	
	Re weather reports submitted by the International Advisory Committee	e of
	Mr. Fred Upton, Chairman, House Committee on Energy and Commerce, Washington, DC.	
	Dear Mr. Upton: We have been in contact with your office, etc.	
	Dr. Louis W. Uccellini,	
	$Executive\ Director, \Box\Box$	
	National Weather Service	?. <u> </u>
	Lincoln Park, MI, February 15, 2016	3.□
	Re Romeo O. Umanos, Susanna M. Umanos, case No. S–254,	J.S.
	Hon. John Cornyn,	
	Chairman, Subcommittee on the Constitution,	
	$Committee\ on\ the\ Judiciary,\ Washington,\ DC.$	
	☐DEAR Mr. CORNYN: You have for some time ☐☐☐Sincerely yours,	
	Edward Pultorak,	
	Architectural Designer	r. 🗌

Hon. Trey Gowdy,
Chairman, Subcommittee on Immigration and Border Security
$\square\square$ of the Committee on the Judiciary, House of Representatives,
$\square\square$ Washington, DC.
$\square$ Dear Mr. Gowdy: You have for some time
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF  COMMERCE,  NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE,  Washington, March 3, 2016
Hon. Gene Green,
House of Representatives,
Washington, DC.
DEAR Mr. Green: We will be glad to
give you any further information.
□□□Sincerely yours,
F.W. Reichelderfer, $\square$
Chief of Service. $\square$
New York, NY, February 8, 2016. $\square$
To: All supervisory employees of production plants, northern and
□□eastern divisions, New York State.
From: Production manager.
Subject: Regulations concerning vacations, health and welfare plans,
and wage contract negotiations.
☐ It has come to our attention that the time
Washington, DC, $May 16, 2016$ .
The Honorable the Secretary of the Navy.
Dear Mr. Secretary: This is in response to your letter
□□□Very sincerely yours,
[SEAL] BARACK OBAMA.

East Lansing, MI, $June\ 10,\ 2016.$
To Whom It May Concern:
☐ I have known Kyu Yawp Lee for 7 years and am glad to testify as to his
fine character. He has been employed
Wishing you success in your difficult and highly important job, we are,
☐☐Sincerely yours,
Agostino J. Gonino.
Louise M. Gonino.
U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF
Veterans Affairs,
Washington, DC.
Hon. Charles E. Grassley,
Chairman, Committee on the Judiciary,
U.S. Senate, Washington, DC.
Dear Senator Grassley: Further reference is made to your reply
Sincerely yours,
GORDON M. MANSFIELD,
Deputy Secretary
(For and in the absence of
James B. Peake, Secretary).
James B. Feake, Secretary).
Washington, DC, September 16, 2016. $\square$
Mr. William E. Jones, Jr.,
Special Assistant to the Attorney General, Attorney for Howard
□□Sutherland, Director, Office of Alien Property.
Dear Mr. Jones: In reply to your letter
☐☐☐Yours truly,
(Signed) Thomas E. Rhodes,
Special Assistant to the Attorney General.
P.S.—A special word of thanks to you from J.R. Brown for your fine
□□help.
T.E.R.

	Tokyo, Japan, November 13, 2016. $\square$
	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY,
	U.S. CITIZENSHIP AND NATURALIZATION SERVICES,
	Detroit, MI.
	$\hfill \Box$ Gentlemen: This letter will testify to the personal character
	□□□Very truly yours,
	Mrs. Grace C. Lohr,
	$Inspector\ General\ Section,\ HQ,\ AFFE, \bigsqcup \bigsqcup$
	APO 343, San Francisco, CA.□
16.27.	The word seal appearing with the signature of a notary or of an or-
	ganized body, such as a company, is spaced 1 em from the signature.
	The word <i>seal</i> is to be set in small caps and bracketed.
	[SEAL] RICHARD ROE,
	Notary Public. $\square$
	$[SEAL] \coprod J.M.$ Wilber. $\coprod$
	[SEAL] BARTLETT, ROBINS & CO.

**16.28.** Presidential proclamations after May 23, 1967, do not utilize the seal except when they pertain to treaties, conventions, protocols, or other international agreements. Copy will be followed literally with respect to the inclusion of and between elements of numerical expressions.

In 1872, the Congress established Yellowstone National Park—the first park of its kind anywhere in the world. Decades later, the passage of the Antiquities Act in 1906 created our first national historic preservation policy. Under this new authority, and heavily inspired by his time in nature with conservationist John Muir, President Theodore Roosevelt set aside 18 new monuments and landmarks, adding to the scattered collection of existing parks throughout our country. One decade later, in order to provide the leadership necessary for maintaining our growing system of parks, the Congress passed monumental legislation—which President Woodrow Wilson signed on August 25, 1916—to create the National Park Service (NPS). . . .

* * * * * * *

Now, Therefore, I, Barack Obama, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the authority vested in me by the Constitution and the laws of the United States, do hereby proclaim August 25, 2016, as the 100th Anniversary of the National Park Service. I invite all Americans

to observe this day with appropriate programs, ceremonies, and activities that recognize the National Park Service for maintaining and protecting our public lands for the continued benefit and enjoyment of all Americans.

In Witness Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand this twenty-second day of August, in the year of our Lord two thousand sixteen, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and forty-first.

Barack Obama.

This chapter contains useful tables presented in GPO style. The tables display various design features most frequently used in Government publications and can be considered examples of GPO style.

**U.S. Presidents and Vice Presidents** 

President	Years	Vice President	Years
George Washington	(1789–1797)	John Adams	(1789–1797)
John Adams	(1797–1801)	Thomas Jefferson	(1797–1801)
Thomas Jefferson	(1801–1809)	Aaron Burr	(1801–1805)
		George Clinton	(1805–1809)
James Madison	(1809-1817)	George Clinton	(1809-1812)
		Vacant	(1812–1813)
		Elbridge Gerry	(1813-1814)
		Vacant	(1814-1817)
James Monroe	(1817–1825)	Daniel D. Tompkins	(1817–1825)
John Quincy Adams	(1825-1829)	John C. Calhoun	(1825-1829)
Andrew Jackson	(1829–1837)	John C. Calhoun	(1829–1832)
,	<u> </u>	Vacant	(1832–1833)
		Martin Van Buren	(1833–1837)
Martin Van Buren	(1837–1841)	Richard M. Johnson	(1837–1841)
William Henry Harrison	(1841)	John Tyler	(1841)
John Tyler	(1841–1845)	Vacant	(1841–1845)
James K. Polk	(1845–1849)	George M. Dallas	(1845–1849)
Zachary Taylor	(1849–1850)	Millard Fillmore	(1849–1850)
Millard Fillmore	(1850–1853)	Vacant	(1850–1853)
Franklin Pierce	(1853–1857)	William R. King	(1853)
	(1000 1007)	Vacant	(1853–1857)
James Buchanan	(1857–1861)	John C. Breckinridge	(1857–1861)
Abraham Lincoln	(1861–1865)	Hannibal Hamlin	(1861–1865)
Atoranam Emeom	(1001–1003)	Andrew Johnson	(1865)
Andrew Johnson	(1865–1869)	Vacant	(1865–1869)
Ulysses S. Grant	(1869–1877)	Schuyler Colfax	(1869–1873)
Olysses 5. Grant	(1009-1077)	Henry Wilson	(1873–1875)
		Vacant	
Dutharford P. Hayas	(1877–1881)	William A. Wheeler	(1875–1877) (1877–1881)
Rutherford B. Hayes	(1881)	Chester A. Arthur	(1881)
Chester A. Arthur		Vacant	
Grover Cleveland	(1881–1885)	Thomas A. Hendricks	(1881–1885)
Grover Cieveland	(1885–1889)	Vacant	(1885)
Danis and a III and an	(1000 1002)	Levi P. Morton	(1885–1889)
Benjamin Harrison	(1889–1893)		(1889–1893)
Grover Cleveland	(1893–1897)	Adlai E. Stevenson	(1893–1897)
William McKinley	(1897–1901)	Garret A. Hobart	(1897–1901)
H 1 P 1	(1001 1000)	Theodore Roosevelt	(1901)
Theodore Roosevelt	(1901–1909)	Vacant	(1901–1905)
TITLE TT M C	(4000 4040)	Charles W. Fairbanks	(1905–1909)
William H. Taft	(1909–1913)	James S. Sherman	(1909–1912)
	/	Vacant	(1912–1913)
Woodrow Wilson	(1913–1921)	Thomas R. Marshall	(1913–1921)
Warren G. Harding	(1921–1923)	Calvin Coolidge	(1921–1923)
Calvin Coolidge	(1923–1929)	Vacant	(1923–1925)
		Charles G. Dawes	(1925–1929)
Herbert Hoover	(1929–1933)	Charles Curtis	(1929–1933)
Franklin D. Roosevelt	(1933–1945)	John Nance Garner	(1933–1941)
		Henry A. Wallace	(1941–1945)
		Harry S. Truman	(1945)
Harry S. Truman	(1945–1953)	Vacant	(1945–1949)
		Alben W. Barkley	(1949–1953)
Dwight D. Eisenhower	(1953–1961)	Richard M. Nixon	(1953–1961)

### U.S. Presidents and Vice Presidents—Continued

President	Years	Vice President	Years
John F. Kennedy	(1961–1963)	Lyndon B. Johnson	(1961–1963)
Lyndon B. Johnson	(1963-1969)	Vacant	(1963-1965)
•		Hubert H. Humphrey	(1965-1969)
Richard M. Nixon	(1969-1974)	Spiro T. Agnew	(1969-1973)
		Gerald R. Ford	(1973-1974)
Gerald R. Ford	(1974-1977)	Nelson A. Rockefeller	(1974-1977)
James Earl "Jimmy" Carter	(1977-1981)	Walter F. Mondale	(1977-1981)
Ronald Reagan	(1981–1989)	George H.W. Bush	(1981-1989)
George H.W. Bush	(1989-1993)	J. Danforth Quayle	(1989-1993)
William J. Clinton	(1993-2001)	Albert Gore, Jr	(1993-2001)
George W. Bush	(2001–2009)	Richard B. Cheney	(2001-2009)
Barack Obama	(2009- )	Joseph R. Biden, Jr	(2009- )

### **State Populations and Their Capitals**

[As of July 1, 2015 Census estimates]

State, capital	State population	State, capital	State population
Alabama, Montgomery	4,858,979	Montana, Helena	1,032,949
Alaska, Juneau		Nebraska, Lincoln	1,896,190
Arizona, Phoenix		Nevada, Carson City	2,890,845
Arkansas, Little Rock	2,978,204	New Hampshire, Concord	1,330,608
California, Sacramento	39,144,818	New Jersey, Trenton	8,958,013
Colorado, Denver	5,456,574	New Mexico, Santa Fe	
Connecticut, Hartford	3,590,886	New York, Albany	19,795,791
Delaware, Dover	945,934	North Carolina, Raleigh	10,042,802
District of Columbia, Washington	672,228	North Dakota, Bismarck	756,927
Florida, Tallahassee	20,271,272	Ohio, Columbus	11,613,423
Georgia, Atlanta	10,214,860	Oklahoma, Oklahoma City	3,911,338
Hawaii, Honolulu		Oregon, Salem	
Idaho, Boise	1,654,930	Pennsylvania, Harrisburg	12,802,503
Illinois, Springfield	12,859,995	Rhode Island, Providence	1,056,298
Indiana, Îndianapolis		South Carolina, Columbia	4,896,146
Iowa, Des Moines	3,123,899	South Dakota, Pierre	858,469
Kansas, Topeka	2,911,641	Tennessee, Nashville	
Kentucky, Frankfort	4,425,092	Texas, Austin	27,469,114
Louisiana, Baton Rouge	4,670,724	Utah, Salt Lake City	2,995,919
Maine, Augusta	1,329,328	Vermont, Montpelier	626,042
Maryland, Annapolis	6,006,401	Virginia, Richmond	
Massachusetts, Boston	6,794,422	Washington, Olympia	7,170,351
Michigan, Lansing	9,922,576	West Virginia, Charleston	
Minnesota, St. Paul		Wisconsin, Madison	
Mississippi, Jackson		Wyoming, Cheyenne	
Missouri, Jefferson City	6,083,672		

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Countries
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Principal

	Government type	Islamic Republic.	Emerging Democracy.	Republic.	Parliamentary Democracy.	Republic: multiparty presidential regime.	Constitutional Monarchy with a parliamentary system of government.	Republic.	Do.	Federal Parliamentary Democracy.	Federal Republic.	Republic.	Constitutional Parliamentary Democracy.	Constitutional Monarchy.	Parliamentary Democracy.	Do.	Republic in name, although in fact a dictatorship.	Federal Parliamentary Democracy under a Constitutional Monarchy.	Parliamentary Democracy.
as or October 2016	Legislative body	National Assembly of House of People, House of Elders	Assembly (unicameral)	National People's Assembly, Council of Nations	General Council of the Valleys (unicameral)	National Assembly (unicameral)	Parliament (bicameral)	National Congress (bicameral)	National Assembly (Parliament)	Federal Parliament (bicameral)	Federal Assembly (bicameral)	National Assembly (unicameral)	Parliament (bicameral)	Legislature (bicameral)	National Parliament (unicameral)	Parliament (bicameral)	PresidentNational Assembly (bicameral)	Parliament (bicameral)	National Assembly (bicameral)
Principal Foreign Countries as of October 2016	Chief of state	President	op	op	Executive Council President	President	Queen (represented by Governor General)	President	do	Queen (represented by Governor General)	President	op	Queen (represented by Governor General)	King	President	Queen (represented by Governor General)	President	King	Queen (represented by Governor General)
Princ	Capital	Kabul	Tirana (Tirane)	Algiers	Andorra la Vella	Luanda	Saint John's	Buenos Aires	Yerevan	Canberra	Vienna	Baku (Baki, Baky)	Nassau	Manama	Dhaka	Bridgetown	Minsk	Brussels	Belmopan
	UN member	Yes	do	op	op	op	op	do	op	op	do	do	op	op	op	ор	op	ор	op
	Country	Afghanistan	Albania	Algeria	Andorra	Angola	Antigua and Barbuda	Argentina	Armenia	Australia	Austria	Azerbaijan	Bahamas, The	Bahrain	Bangladesh	Barbados	Belarus	Belgium	Belize

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		Principal F	oreign Countries as of O	Principal Foreign Countries as of October 2016—Continued	
Country	UN member	Capital	Chief of state	Legislative body	Government type
Benin	Yes	Porto-Novo	President	National Assembly (unicameral)	Republic.
Bhutan	op	Thimphu	King	Parliament (bicameral)	In transition to Constitutional Monarchy; special treaty relationship with India.
Bolivia	do La Paz (adm Sucre (legii	La Paz (administrative) Sucre (legislative/judiciary)	President	President	Republic.
Bosnia and Herzegovina	op	Sarajevo	Chairman of the Presidency	Chairman of the Presidency   Parliamentary Assembly (bicameral)   Emerging Federal Democratic Republic.	Emerging Federal Democratic Republic.
Botswana	do	Gaborone	President	Parliament (bicameral)	Parliamentary Republic.
Brazil	do	Brasilia	op	National Congress (bicameral)	Federal Republic.
Brunei	do	Bandar Seri	Sultan and Prime Minister	Legislative Council	Constitutional Sultanate.
Bulgaria	do	Sofia	President	National Assembly (unicameral)	Parliamentary Democracy.
Burkina Faso	do	Ouagadougou	op	op	Parliamentary Republic.
Burma (Myanmar)¹.	op	Rangoon Nay Pyi Taw (administrative)	Chairman of the State Peace and Development Council SPDC)	People's Assembly (unicameral)	Military Junta.
Burundi	do	Bujumbura	President	President Parliament (bicameral)	Republic.
Cabo Verde ²	do	Praia	President	National Assembly (unicameral)	Republic.
Cambodia	op		King	National Assembly (bicameral)	Multiparty Democracy under a Constitutional Monarchy.
Cameroon	op	Yaoundé	President	do   Yaoundé   President   President	Republic; Multiparty Presidential Regime.
Canada	qo	Ottawa	Queen (represented by Governor General)	Parliament (bicameral)	Constitutional Monarchy that is also a Parliamentary Democracy and a Federation
Central African Republic	op	Bangui	op·	op	Do.
Chad	qo	N'Djamena	do	do   N'Djamena  do	Do.

Do. Communist State.	Republic, Executive Branch dominates government structure.	Republic.	Do.	Do.	Democratic Republic.	Republic; multiparty presidency	Presidential/Parliamentary Democracy.	Communist State.	Republic.	Parliamentary Democracy.	Constitutional Monarchy.	Republic.	Parliamentary Democracy.	Democratic Republic.	Republic.	Do.	Do.	Do.	Transitional Government.	Parliamentary Republic.	Federal Republic.
National Congress (bicameral)	Congress (bicameral)	Assembly of the Union (unicameral)	Legislature (bicameral)	Parliament (bicameral)	Legislative Assembly (unicameral)	National Assembly (bicameral)	Assembly (unicameral)	National Assembly of People's Power (unicameral)	House of Representatives (unicameral). Republic.	Parliament (bicameral)	People's Assembly (unicameral)	Chamber of Deputies (unicameral)	House of Assembly (unicameral)	National Congress (bicameral)	National Congress (unicameral)	People's Assembly (bicameral)	Legislative Assembly (unicameral)	House of People's Representatives (unicameral)	National Assembly (unicameral)	Parliament (unicameral)	do   Parliament (bicameral)   Federal Republic
Presidentdodo	op	ор	op	op	op	op	op	op	op	ор	Queen	President	ор	ор	President	ор	op	op	op	op	op
SantiagoBeijing	Bogotá	Moroni	Kinshasa	Brazzaville	San José	Yamoussoukro	Zagreb	Havana	Nicosia	Prague	Copenhagen	Djibouti	Roseau	Santo Domingo	Quito	Cairo	San Salvador	Malabo	Asmara	Tallinn	Addis Ababa
op	do	op	ор	ор	ор	op	ор	op	op	op	ор	op	op	ор	op	ор	op	op	ор	op	op
China ³	Colombia	Comoros	Congo, Democratic Republic of the ⁴	Congo, Republic of the 4	Costa Rica	Côte d'Ivoire, Republic of	Croatia	Cuba	Cyprus	Czechia ⁵	Denmark	Djibouti	Dominica	Dominican Republic	Ecuador	Egypt	El Salvador	Equatorial Guinea	Eritrea	Estonia	Ethiopia

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		Principal F	oreign Countries as of O	Principal Foreign Countries as of October 2016—Continued	
Country	UN member	Capital	Chief of state	Legislative body	Government type
Fiji	Yes	Suva	President	ор	Republic.
Finland	do	Helsinki	op	Parliament (unicameral)	Do.
France	op	Paris	op	Parliament (bicameral)	Do.
Gabon	op	Libreville	ор	Legislature (bicameral)	Republic; Multiparty Presidential Regime.
Gambia, The	op	Banjul	ор	National Assembly (unicameral)	Republic.
Georgia	op	Tbilisi	op·	Parliament (unicameral, also known as Supreme Council)	Do.
Germany	op	Berlin	op	Parliament (bicameral)	Federal Republic.
Ghana	op	Accra	op	Parliament (unicameral)	Constitutional Democracy.
Greece	op	Athens	op	op	Parliamentary Republic.
Grenada	op	Saint George's	Queen (represented by Governor General)	Parliament (bicameral)	Parliamentary Democracy.
Guatemala	op	Guatemala City	President	Congress of the Republic (unicameral).   Constitutional Democratic Republic.	Constitutional Democratic Republic.
Guinea	qo	Conakry	ор	People's National Assembly (unicameral)	Republic.
Guinea-Bissau	op	Bissau	ор	National People's Asssembly (unicameral)	Do.
Guyana	op	Georgetown	do	National Assembly (unicameral)	Do.
Haiti	op	Port-au-Prince	op	National Assembly (bicameral)	Do.
Holy See (Vatican City)	No	Vatican City	Pope	Pontifical Commission for the State of Vatican City (unicameral)	Ecclesiastical.
Honduras	Yes	Tegucigalpa	President	National Congress (unicameral)	Democratic Constitutional Republic.
Hungary	op	Budapest	op	National Assembly (unicameral)	Parliamentary Democracy.
Iceland	op	Reykjavik	op	Parliament (unicameral)	Constitutional Republic.
India	op	New Delhi	op	Parliament (bicameral)	Federal Republic.
Indonesia	op	Jakarta	op	do   Jakarta	Republic.

Theocratic Republic.	Parliamentary Democracy.	Republic, Parliamentary Democracy.	Parliamentary Democracy.	Republic.	Constitutional Parliamentary Democracy.	Constitutional Monarchy with a Parliamentary Government.	Constitutional Monarchy.	Republic, Authoritarian Presidential rule, with little power outside the Executive Branch.	Republic.	Do.	Communist State one-man dictatorship.	Republic.	Do.	Constitutional Emirate.	Republic.	Communist State.	Parliamentary Democracy.	Republic.	Parliamentary Constitutional Monarchy.	Republic.	In transition.	Constitutional Monarchy.
Islamic Consultative Assembly (unicameral)	Council of Representatives	Parliament (bicameral)	Knesset (unicameral)	Parliament (bicameral)	Parliament (bicameral)	Diet (bicameral)	National Assembly (bicameral)	Parliament (bicameral)	National Assembly (unicameral)	House of Parliament (unicameral)	Supreme People's Assembly (unicameral)	National Assembly (unicameral)	Kosovo Assembly of the Provisional Government (unicameral)	National Assembly (unicameral)	Supreme Council (unicameral)	National Assembly (unicameral)	Parliament (unicameral)	National Assembly (unicameral)	Parliament (bicameral)	National Assembly (bicameral)	Council of Deputies (unicameral)	Parliament or Landtag (unicameral)   Constitutional Monarchy.
Supreme Leader	President	op	ор	ор	Queen (represented by Governor General)	Emperor	King	President	op	ор	Premier	President	op	Amir	President	ор	op	op	King	President	Chairman, Presidential Council	Prince
Tehran	Baghdad	Dublin	Jerusalem ⁶	Rome	Kingston	Tokyo	Amman	Astana	Nairobi	Тагаwа	Pyongyang	Seoul	Pristina (Prishtine)	Kuwait City	Bishkek	Vientiane	Riga	Beirut	Maseru	Monrovia	Tripoli	Vaduz
op	op	op	op	op	op	op	op	op	op	op	ф	op	No	Yes	op	op	op	op	ор	op	op	op
Iran	Iraq	Ireland	Israel	Italy	Jamaica	Japan	Jordan	Kazakhstan	Kenya	Kiribati	Korea, North	Korea, South	Kosovo	Kuwait	Kyrgyzstan	Laos	Latvia	Lebanon	Lesotho	Liberia	Libya	Liechtenstein

		Principal F	oreign Countries as of O	Principal Foreign Countries as of October 2016—Continued	
Country	UN member	Capital	Chief of state	Legislative body	Government type
Lithuania	Yes	Vilnius	President	Parliament or Seimas (unicameral)	Parliamentary Democracy.
Luxembourg	do	Luxembourg	Grand Duke	Chamber of Deputies (unicameral)	Constitutional Monarchy.
Macedonia, Republic of ⁷	op	Skopje	President	Assembly or Sobranie (unicameral)	Parliamentary Republic.
Madagascar	do	Antananarivo	op	Legislature (bicameral)	Republic.
Malawi	op	Lilongwe	op	National Assembly (unicameral)	Multiparty Democracy.
Malaysia	do		Paramount Ruler	Parliament (bicameral)	Constitutional Monarchy.
Maldives	do	Male	President	People's Council (unicameral)	Republic.
Mali	op	Bamako	op	National Assembly (unicameral)	Do.
Malta	op	Valletta	do	House of Representatives (unicameral).	Do.
Marshall Islands	op	Majuro	op·	Legislature (unicameral)	Constitutional Government in free association with the U.S.
Mauritania	op	Nouakchott	President	Legislature (bicameral)	Democratic Republic.
Mauritius	op	Port Louis	do	National Assembly (unicameral)	Parliamentary Democracy.
Mexico	op	Mexico City	do	National Congress (bicameral)	Federal Republic.
Micronesia, Federated States of	op	Palikir	op.	Congress (unicameral)	Constitutional Government in free association with the U.S.
Moldova, Republic of	ор	Chisinau	op	Parliament (unicameral)	Republic.
Monaco	op	Monaco	Prince	National Council (unicameral)	Constitutional Monarchy.
Mongolia	op	Ulaanbaatar	President	State Great Hural (unicameral)	Mixed Parliamentary/Presidential.
Montenegro	op	Podgorica	op	Assembly (unicameral)	Republic.
Morocco	op	Rabat	King	Parliament (bicameral)	Constitutional Monarchy.
Mozambique	op	Maputo	President	Assembly of the Republic (unicameral)	Republic.
Namibia	op	Windhoek	do	Legislature (bicameral)	Do.
Nauru	op	No official capital; government offices in Yaren District	op	Parliament (unicameral)	Do

Nepal	do	Kathmandu	Prime Minister	330 seat Interim Parliament   Constitutional Monarchy.	Constitutional Monarchy.
Netherlands	op	AmsterdamThe Hague (seat of government)	Queen	States General (bicameral)	Do.
New Zealand	op	Wellington	op	House of Representatives (unicameral)   Parliamentary Democracy.	Parliamentary Democracy.
Nicaragua	op	Managua	President	National Assembly (unicameral)	Republic.
Niger	op	Niamey	op	op	Do.
Nigeria	op		ор	National Assembly (bicameral)	Federal Republic.
Norway	op	Oslo	King	Parliament (Storting), (modified unicameral) 8	Constitutional Monarchy.
Oman	op	Muscat	Sultan and Prime Minister	Majlis Oman (bicameral)	Monarchy.
Pakistan	op	Islamabad	President	Parliament (bicameral)	Federal Republic.
Palau	qo	Ngerulmud	op	National Congress (bicameral)	Constitutional Government in free association with the U.S.
Panama	op	Panama City	op	National Assembly (unicameral)	Constitutional Democracy.
Papua New Guinea	op	Port Moresby	Queen	National Parliament (unicameral)	Constitutional Parliamentary Democracy.
Paraguay	op	Asunción	President	Congress (bicameral)	Constitutional Republic.
Peru	op	Lima	op	Congress of the Republic of Peru (unicameral)	Do.
Philippines	op	Manila	ор	Congress (bicameral)	Republic.
Poland	op	Warsaw	op	National Assembly (bicameral)	Do.
Portugal	do		op	Assembly of the Republic (unicameral)   Parliamentary Democracy.	Parliamentary Democracy.
Qatar	do	Doha	Amir	Advisory Council (unicameral)	Emirate.
Romania	op	Bucharest	President	Parliament (bicameral)	Republic.
Russia	op	Moscow	op	Federal Assembly (bicameral)	Federation.
Rwanda	op	Kigali	op	Parliament (bicameral)	Republic; presidential, multiparty system.
Saint Kitts and Nevis	op	Basseterre	Queen	National Assembly (unicameral)	Parliamentary Democracy.
Saint Lucia	op	Castries	Queen	Parliament (bicameral)	Parliamentary Democracy.

Country	UN member		Chief of state	Aprincipal Poreign Countries as of October 2010—Conunued  Chief of state Legislative body	Government type
	Yes	Kingstown	op	House of Assembly (unicameral)	Do.
Samoa	op	do Apia	Chief of State	Legislative Assembly (unicameral)	Do.
San Marino	op	San Marino	Co-Chiefs of State (Captains Regent)	Grand and General Council (unicameral)	Republic.
Sao Tome and Principe	op	São Tomé	President	National Assembly (unicameral)	Do.
Saudi Arabia	do	Riyadh	King and Prime Minister	Consultative Council	Monarchy.
Senegal	op	Dakar	President	Parliament (bicameral)	Republic.
Serbia	op	Belgrade	op	National Assembly (unicameral)	Do.
Seychelles	op	Victoria	op	op	Do.
Sierra Leone	op	Freetown	op	Parliament (unicameral)	Constitutional Democracy.
Singapore	op	Singapore	op	op	Parliamentary Republic.
Slovakia	op		op	National Council (unicameral)	Parliamentary Democracy.
Slovenia	op	Ljubljana	do	Parliament (bicameral)	Parliamentary Republic.
Solomon Islands	do	Honiara	Que en	National Parliament (unicameral)	Parliamentary Democracy.
Somalia	qo	Mogadishu	Transitional Federal President	Transitional Federal President   National Assembly (unicameral)	No permanent National Government; transitional Parliamentary Federal Government.
South Africa	op	Pretoria (administrative)	President	Parliament (bicameral)	Republic.
South Sudan, Republic of 9	op	Juba	President	National Legislature (bicameral)	Presidential Republic.
Spain	op	Madrid	Madrid King	General Courts or National Assembly (bicameral)	Parliamentary Monarchy.

Republic.	Government of National Unity (GNU). Constitutional Democracy.	Monarchy.	Constitutional Monarchy.	Formally a Confederation but similar in structure to a Federal Republic.	Republic under an authoritarian military-dominated regime.	Republic.	Republic.	Constitutional Monarchy.	Republic.	Republic under transition to multiparty democratic rule.	Constitutional Monarchy.	Parliamentary Democracy.	Republic.	Republican Parliamentary Democracy	Republic; Authoritarian Presidential rule, with little power outside the executive branch.	Constitutional Monarchy with a Parliamentary Democracy.	Republic.
President  Parliament (unicameral)  Republic	National Legislature (bicameral) National Assembly (unicameral)	Parliament (bicameral)	Parliament (unicameral)	Federal Assembly (bicameral)	People's Council (unicameral)	Supreme Assembly (bicameral)	National Assembly (unicameral)	National Assembly (bicameral)	National Parliament (unicameral)	National Assembly (unicameral)	Legislative Assembly (unicameral)	Parliament (bicameral)	Chamber of Deputies and the Chamber of Advisors (bicameral)	Grand National Assembly of Turkey (unicameral)	Two Parliamentary Bodies: People's Council and a National Assembly	Parliament (also called House of Assembly; unicameral)	National Assembly (unicameral)
President	op	King	King	President	op	op	op	King	President	President	King	President	op	op	op	Queen	President
ColomboSri Jayewardenepura Kotte (legislative)	KhartoumParamaribo	Mbabane (administrative) Lobamba (legislative)	Stockholm	Bern	Damascus	Dushanbe	Dar es Salaam Dodoma (legislative)	Bangkok	Dili	Lomé	Nuku'alofa	Port-of-Spain	Tunis	do Ankara	do Ashgabat (Ashkhabad)	Funafuti	do Kampala
do	do	qo	op	op	op	do	ор	op	op	ор	op	do	op	op	ор	op	do
Sri Lanka	SudanSuriname	Swaziland	Sweden	Switzerland	Syria	Tajikistan	Tanzania	Thailand	Timor-Leste	Togo	Tonga	Trinidad and Tobago	Tunisia	Turkey	Turkmenistan	Tuvalu	Uganda

# Principal Foreign Countries as of October 2016—Continued

Country	UN member	Capital	Chief of state	Legislative body	Government type
Ukraine	Yes	Kyiv (Kiev)	Yes Kyiv (Kiev)	Supreme Council (unicameral)	Do.
United Arab Emirates	op	do   Abu Dhabi	do	Federal National Council (FNC) (unicameral)	Federation with specified powers delegated to the UAE federal government and other powers reserved to member emirates
United Kingdom	do	do London	Queen	Parliament (bicameral) Constitutional Monarchy.	Constitutional Monarchy.
Uruguay	op	do Montevideo	President	General Assembly (bicameral) Constitutional Republic.	Constitutional Republic.
Uzbekistan	op	Tashkent	op	do Tashkent mdo	Republic; authoritarian presidential rule, with little power outside the executive branch.
Vanuatu	do	Port-Vila (on Efate)	op	do   Port-Vila (on Efate)  dododo   Parliament (unicameral)	Parliamentary Republic.
Venezuela	do	do Caracas	op	National Assembly (unicameral) Federal Republic.	Federal Republic.
Vietnam	do	Hanoi	op	do Hanoi	Communist State.
Yemen	do	do Sanaa	op	dodo	Republic.
Zambia	op	Lusaka	op	do Lusakadodododo	Do.
Zimbabwe	do	Harare	Executive President	do   Harare   Executive President   Parliament (bicameral)   Parliamentary Democracy.	Parliamentary Democracy.
I Since 1989 the milit	ary out bor	ities in Burma have nromot	ed the name Myanmar as a convention	I Gince 1989 the military authorities in Rurma have promoted the name Monmar as a conventional name for their states this decision was not amoved by any citting ladislature	aritelaina la ittia van cittina la ciclatina

Since 1989, the military authorities in Burma have promoted the name Myanmar as a conventional name for their state; this decision was not approved by any sitting legislature ² In a diplomatic note sent on November 27, 2013, the Embassy of Cape Verde requested that the U.S. Government change the name of the country from "Cape Verde" to "Cabo in Burma, and the U.S. Government did not adopt the name, which is a derivative of the Burmese short-form name Myanma Naingngandaw

3 With the establishment of diplomatic relations with China on January 1, 1979, the U.S. Government recognized the People's Republic of China as the sole legal government of China and acknowledged the Chinese position that there is only one China and that Taiwan is part of China. Verde". The U.S. Board on Geographic Names approved the change on December 9, 2013.

4 "Congo" is the official short-form name for both the Democratic Republic of the Congo and the Republic of the Congo. To distinguish one from the other, see capital names. ⁵ Following U.N. and U.S. State Department notification, the Czech Republic officially changed its English short-form name to Czechia as of July 1, 2016.

on 1950, the Israel Parliament proclaimed Jerusalem as the capital. The United States does not recognize Jerusalem as the capital and the U.S. Embassy continues to be located in

In November 2004, the United States recognized the country under its consitutional name: the Republic of Macedonia.

No accurate English equivalents.

⁹ The United States recognized South Sudan as a sovereign, independent state on July 9, 2011 following its secession from Sudan.

Source: World Factbook, Central Intelligence Agency, https://www.cia.gov/library/publications/resources/the-world-factbook/index.html and the U.S. Department of State.

## **Demonyms: Names of Nationalities**

[Demonym is a name given to a people or inhabitants of a place.]

Country	Demonym*	Country	Demonym*
Afghanistan	Afghan.	Croatia	Croat or Croatian.
Albania	Albanian.	Cuba	Cuban.
Algeria	Algerian.	Curacao	Curacaoan.
American Samoa	American Samoan.	Cyprus	Cypriot.
Andorra	Andorran.	Czechia	Czech.
Angola	Angolan.	Denmark	Dane.
Anguilla	Anguillan.	Djibouti	Djiboutian.
Antigua and Barbuda	Antiguan, Barbudan.	Dominica	Dominican.
Argentina	Argentine.	Dominican Republic	Dominican.
Armenia	Armenian.	Ecuador	Ecuadorian.
Aruba	Aruban.	Egypt	Egyptian.
Australia	Australian.	El Salvador	Salvadoran.
Austria	Austrian.	Equatorial Guinea	Equatorial Guinean or
Azerbaijan	Azerbaijani.		Equatoguinean.
The Bahamas	Bahamian.	Eritrea	Eritrean.
Bahrain	Bahraini.	Estonia	Estonian.
Bangladesh	Bangladeshi.	Ethiopia	Ethiopian.
Barbados	Barbadian or Bajan.	Falkland Islands	Falkland Islander.
Belarus	Belarusian.	Faroe Islands	Faroese (singular and
Belgium	Belgian.		plural).
Belize	Belizean.	Fiji	Fijian.
Benin	Beninese (singular and	Finland	Finn.
	plural).	France	French, Frenchman
Bermuda	Bermudian.		(men), or
Bhutan	Bhutanese (singular and		Frenchwoman
	plural).		(women).
Bolivia	Bolivian.	French Polynesia	French Polynesian.
Bosnia and Herzegovina	Bosnian, Herzegovinian.	Gabon	Gabonese (singular and
Botswana	Motswana (singular),		plural).
	Batswana (plural).	The Gambia	Gambian.
Brazil	Brazilian.	Georgia	Georgian.
British Virgin Islands	British Virgin Islander.	Germany	German.
Brunei	Bruneian.	Ghana	Ghanaian.
Bulgaria	Bulgarian.	Gibraltar	Gibraltarian.
Burkina Faso	Burkinabe (singular and	Greece	Greek.
	plural).	Greenland	Greenlander.
Burma (Myanmar 1)	Burmese (singular and	Grenada	Grenadian.
	plural).	Guam	Guamanian.
Burundi	Burundian.	Guatemala	Guatemalan.
Cabo Verde	Cabo Verdean.	Guernsey	Channel Islander.
Cambodia	Cambodian.	Guinea	Guinean.
Cameroon	Cameroonian.	Guinea-Bissau	Bissau-Guinean.
Canada	Canadian.	Guyana	Guyanese (singular and
Cayman Islands	Caymanian.	,-	plural).
Central African Republic	Central African.	Haiti	Haitian.
Chad	Chadian.	Honduras	Honduran.
Chile	Chilean.	Hong Kong	Chinese/Hong Konger.
China	Chinese (singular and	Hungary	Hungarian.
	plural).	Iceland	Icelander.
Christmas Island	Christmas Islander.	India	Indian.
Cocos (Keeling) Islands	Cocos Islander.	Indonesia	Indonesian.
Colombia	Colombian.	Iran	Iranian.
Comoros	Comoran.	Iraq	Iragi.
Congo, Democratic	Congolese (singular and	Ireland	Irishman (men),
Republic of the.	plural).	Treituria	Irishwoman
Congo, Republic of the	Congolese (singular and		(women), Irish
congo, republic of the	plural).		(collective plural).
		1	(concentre piurai).
Cook Islands		Israel	Israeli
Cook Islands	Cook Islander.	Israel	Israeli. Italian.

### **Demonyms: Names of Nationalities—Continued**

[Demonym is a name given to a people or inhabitants of a place.]

Country	Demonym*	Country	Demonym*
Japan	Japanese (singular and	New Caledonia	New Caledonian.
,-1	plural).	New Zealand	New Zealander.
Jersey	Channel Islander.	Nicaragua	Nicaraguan.
Jordan	Jordanian.	Niger	Nigerien.
Kazakhstan	Kazakhstani.	Nigeria	Nigerian.
Kenya	Kenyan.	Niue	Niuean.
Kiribati	I-Kiribati (singular and	Norfolk Island	Norfolk Islander.
	plural).	Norway	Norwegian.
Korea, North	Korean.	Oman	Omani.
Korea, South	Korean.	Pakistan	Pakistani.
Kosovo	Kosovar (Albanian),	Palau	Palauan.
	Kosovski (Serbian).	Panama	Panamanian.
Kuwait	Kuwaiti.	Papua New Guinea	Papua New Guinean.
Kyrgyzstan	Kyrgyzstani.	Paraguay	Paraguayan.
Laos	Lao or Laotian.	Peru	Peruvian.
Latvia	Latvian.	Philippines	Filipino.
Lebanon	Lebanese (singular and	Pitcairn Islands	Pitcairn Islander.
	plural).	Poland	Pole.
Lesotho	Mosotho (singular),	Portugal	Portuguese (singular
T-1	Basotho (plural).		and plural).
Liberia	Liberian.	Qatar	Qatari.
Libya	Libyan.	Romania	Romanian.
Liechtenstein	Liechtensteiner.	Russia	Russian.
Lithuania	Lithuanian.	Rwanda	Rwandan.
Luxembourg	Luxembourger.	Saint Helena	Saint Helenian.
Macau	Chinese (singular and	Saint Kitts and Nevis	Kittian, Nevisian.
Manadania	plural).	Saint Lucia	Saint Lucian.
Macedonia	Macedonian. Malagasy (singular and	Saint Pierre and Miquelon	French, Frenchman (men), or
Madagascar			Frenchwoman
Malawi	plural). Malawian.		(women).
Malawi Malaysia	Malaysian.	Saint Vincent and the	Saint Vincentian or
Maldives	Maldivian.	Grenadines.	Vincentian.
Mali	Malian.	Samoa	Samoan.
Malta	Maltese (singular and	San Marino	Sammarinese (singular
1714114	plural).		and plural).
Marshall Islands	Marshallese (singular	Sao Tome and Principe	Sao Tomean.
17141311411 13141143	and plural).	Saudi Arabia	Saudi, Saudi Arabian.
Mauritania	Mauritanian.	Senegal	Senegalese (singular
Mauritius	Mauritian.	8	and plural).
Mexico	Mexican.	Serbia	Serb.
Micronesia, Federated	Micronesian.	Seychelles	Seychellois (singular
States of.		,	and plural).
Moldova	Moldovan.	Sierra Leone	Sierra Leonean.
Monaco	Monegasque or	Singapore	Singaporean.
	Monacan.	Slovakia	Slovak.
Mongolia	Mongolian.	Slovenia	Slovene.
Montenegro	Montenegrin.	Solomon Islands	Solomon Islander.
Montserrat	Montserratian.	Somalia	Somali.
Morocco	Moroccan.	South Africa	South African.
Mozambique	Mozambican.	South Sudan	South Sudanese.
Namibia	Namibian.	Spain	Spaniard.
Nauru	Nauruan.	Sri Lanka	Sri Lankan.
Nepal	Nepali (singular and	Sudan	Sudanese (singular and
	plural).		plural).
Netherlands	Dutchman (men),	Suriname	Surinamer.
	Dutchwoman	Swaziland	Swazi.
	(women), Dutch	Sweden	Swede.
	(collective).	Switzerland	Swiss (singular and
Netherlands Antilles	Dutch Antillean.	I	l plural).

### **Demonyms: Names of Nationalities—Continued**

[Demonym is a name given to a people or inhabitants of a place.]

Country	Demonym*	Country	Demonym*
Syria	Syrian.	United Arab Emirates	Emirati.
Taiwan	Taiwan (singular and plural).	United Kingdom	Briton, British (collective plural).
Tajikistan	Tajikistani.	United States	American.
Tanzania	Tanzanian.	Uruguay	Uruguayan.
Thailand	Thai (singular and	Uzbekistan	Uzbekistani.
	plural).	Vanuatu	Ni-Vanuatu (singular
Timor-Leste	Timorese (singular and		and plural).
	plural).	Venezuela	Venezuelan.
Togo	Togolese (singular and plural).	Vietnam	Vietnamese (singular and plural).
Tokelau	Tokelauan.	Virgin Islands	Virgin Islander.
Tonga	Tongan.	Wallis and Futuna	Wallisian, Futunan,
Trinidad and Tobago	Trinidadian,	vvaiiis and i utuna	or Wallis and
Trinidad and Tobago	Tobagonian.		Futuna Islander.
Tunisia	Tunisian.	Western Sahara	Sahrawi, Sahraoui.
Turkey	Turk.	Yemen	Yemeni.
Turkmenistan	Turkmen.	Zambia	Zambian.
Tuvalu	Tuvaluan.	Zimbabwe	Zimbabwean.
Uganda	Ugandan.		
Ukraine	Ukrainian.		

¹ Since 1989 the military authorities in Burma have promoted the name Myanmar as a conventional name for their state; this decision was not approved by any sitting legislature in Burma, and the U.S. Government did not adopt the name, which is a derivative of the Burmese short-form name Myanma Naingngandaw.

Source: Information courtesy of World Factbook as of September 2016; for more information see https://www.cia.gov/library/publications/resources/the-world-factbook/fields/2110.html.

### Currency

Country	Currency	Alphabetic code
A forh a miletan	A fh:	AFN
Afghanistan Åland Islands	Afghani	EUR
	Euro	ALL
Albania	Lek	
Algeria	Algerian dinar	DZD
American Samoa	U.S. dollar	USD
Andorra	Euro	EUR
Angola	Kwanza	AOA
Anguilla	East Caribbean dollar	XCD
Antarctica	No universal currency	
Antigua and Barbuda	East Caribbean dollar	XCD
Argentina	Argentine peso	ARS
Armenia	Armenian dram	AMD
Aruba	Aruban florin	AWG
Australia	Australian dollar	AUD
Austria	Euro	EUR
Azerbaijan	Azerbaijanian manat	AZN
Bahamas (The)	Bahamian dollar	BSD
Bahrain	Bahraini dinar	BHD
Bangladesh	Taka	BDT
Barbados	Barbados dollar	BBD
Belarus	Belarusian ruble	BYN
Belarus	Belarusian ruble	BYR
Belgium	Euro	EUR
Belize	Belize dollar	BZD

^{*}Note.—Plural references add s unless otherwise indicated.

# **Currency—Continued**[As of July 2016]

Country		[As of July 2016]	
Bermuda	Country	Currency	
Bermuda	Benin	CFA franc BCEAO	XOF
Bhutan		I	-
Bhutan	Bhutan	Indian rupee	INR
Bolivia (Plurinational State of).	Bhutan	I	BTN
Bonaire, Sint Eustatius and Saba.   U.S. dollar.   USD	Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	Boliviano	BOB
Bostisana	Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	Mvdol	BOV
Pula			1
Brazil			
British Indian Ocean Territory (The)   U.S. dollar   Brunei Darussalam   Brunei Darussalam   Brunei dollar   BND Bulgaria   Bulgaria   Bulgaria   Bulgaria   Bulgaria   Bulgaria   Bulgaria   Bulgaria   Bulgaria   Burundi   BGN   Burkina Faso   C.FA franc BCEAO   XOF   Burundi   Burundi   Farca   Burundi   Burundi   Farca   Burundi   Burundi   Farca   Burundi   Burundi   Farca   Burundi   Farca   Burundi   Farca   Burundi   Farca   Fa			
Brunei Darussalam			1
Bulgarian         Bulgarian lev         BGN           Burkina Faso         CFA franc BCEAO         XOF           Burundi         Burundi franc         BIF           Cambodia         Riel         KHR           Cameroon         CFA franc BEAC         XAF           Cayman Islands (The)         Canadian dollar         CAD           Cayman Islands (The)         Canadian dollar         KYD           Central African Republic (The)         CFA franc BEAC         XAF           Chad         CFA franc BEAC         XAF           Chile         Unidad de Fomento         CLP           Chile         Unidad de Fomento         CLF           Chile         Unidad de Valor real         CO           Cook (Keeling) Islands (The)         Australian dollar         AUD           Cotolombia         Unidad de Valor real         CO           Colombia         Unidad de Valor real         COV           Compos (The)         Comenso (The)         COF           Congo (The) <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			
Burkina Faso			
Burundi			
Cabo Verde.         CAbo Verde escudo.         CVE           Cambodia.         Riel.         KHR           Cameroon.         CFA franc BEAC.         XAF           Canada.         Canadian dollar         CAD           Cayman Islands (The).         CFA franc BEAC.         XAF           Central African Republic (The).         CFA franc BEAC.         XAF           Châd.         CFA franc BEAC.         XAF           Chile.         Unidad de Fomento.         CLP           Chile.         Unidad de Fomento.         CLF           China.         Yuan renminibi.         CNY           Christmas Island.         Australian dollar.         AUD           Cocos (Keeling) Islands (The)         Australian dollar.         AUD           Coos (Keeling) Islands (The)         Australian dollar.         AUD           Cook (Keeling) Islands (The)         Australian dollar.         AUD           Cook (Keeling) Islands (The)         Colombian peso.         COP           Colombian peso.         COP         COP           Colombian peso.         COP         COP           Compo (The Democratic Republic of the)         Cofe franc         CDF           Congo (The)         Costa Rica.         XAF			
Cambodia         Riel         XAF           Cameroon         CFA franc BEAC         XAF           Canada         Canadian dollar         CAD           Cayman Islands (The)         Cayman Islands dollar         KYD           Central African Republic (The)         CFA franc BEAC         XAF           Chad         CFA franc BEAC         XAF           Chile         Chilean peso         CLP           Chile         Unidad de Fomento         CLF           China         Yuan renminbi         CNY           Christmas Island         Australian dollar         AUD           Cocos (Keeling) Islands (The)         Australian dollar         AUD           Costo (Keeling) Islands (The)         Australian dollar         AUD           Cook (Keeling) Islands (The)         Colombia         COlombia           Comoros (The)         Colombia         COlombia           Comoros (The)         Comoros (The         COU           Compor (The)         Congolese franc         CDF           Cook Islands (The)         New Zealand dollar         NZD           Costa Rica         Costa Rica         XAF           Cobta lands (The)         New Zealand dollar         NZD           Cota farcia			
Canada         CFA franc BEAC.         XAF           Canada         Candian dollar         CAD           Cayman Islands (The).         Cayman Islands dollar         KYD           Central African Republic (The).         CFA franc BEAC.         XAF           Chad.         CFA franc BEAC.         XAF           Chile.         Unidad de Fomento.         CLP           Chile.         Unidad de Fomento.         CNY           Christmas Island.         Australian dollar.         AUD           Coso (Keeling) Islands (The).         Australian dollar.         AUD           Colombia         Colombian peso.         COP           Colombia         Unidad de Valor real.         COU           Comoros (The).         Comoro franc.         KMF           Congo (The).         Comoro franc.         KMF           Congo (The).         Cora franc.         CDF           Congo (The).         CFA franc BEAC.         XAF           Costa Rica.         Costa Rica.         Costa Rica.           Costa Rica.         Costa Rica.         XAF           Costa Rica.         Costa Rica.         XAF           Cota di Ivoire.         CFA franc BCEAO         XOF           Kuna         HRK <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>			
Canada         Canadian dollar         CAD           Cayman Islands (The)         Cayman Islands dollar         KYD           Central African Republic (The)         CFA franc BEAC         XAF           Chad         CFA franc BEAC         XAF           Chile         Chilean peso         CLP           Chile         Unidad de Fomento         CLF           China         Yuan reminbi         CNY           Christmas Island         Autralian dollar         AUD           Cocos (Keeling) Islands (The)         Australian dollar         AUD           Colombia         Colombian peso         COP           Colombia         Colombian peso         COP           Comoros (The)         Comoro franc         KMF           Congo (The Democratic Republic of the)         Congoles franc         CDF           Congo (The)         Congoles franc         CDF           Cook Islands (The)         New Zealand dollar         NZD           Costa Rica.         Costa Rican colon         CRC           Côte d'Ivoire         CFA franc BEAO         XAF           Cota d'Ivoire         CFA franc BEAO         XOF           Croatia         Kuna         HRK           Cuba         Peso convertible			
Cayman Islands (The)         Cayman Islands dollar         KYD           Central African Republic (The)         CFA franc BEAC         XAF           Chad         CFA franc BEAC         XAF           Chile         Chilean peso         CLP           Chile         Unidad de Fomento         CLF           China         Yuan renminbi         CNY           Christmas Island         Australian dollar         AUD           Cosos (Keeling) Islands (The)         Australian dollar         AUD           Colombia         Colombian peso         COP           Colombia         Unidad de Valor real         COU           Comoros (The)         Comoro franc         KMF           Congo (The Democratic Republic of the)         Comgolese franc         CDF           Congo (The)         CFA franc BEAC         XAF           Cost Rica.         Cost Rican colon         CRC           Cost Rica.         Cost Rican colon         CRC           Cost Rica.         Cost Rican colon         CRC           Cota d'Ivoire         CFA franc BCEAO         XOF           Crotaia         Kuna         HRK           Cuba         Cuba         CUC           Cuyrus         Euro         CUC <td></td> <td></td> <td>1</td>			1
Central African Republic (The).         CFA franc BEAC.         XAF           Chad.         CFA franc BEAC.         XAF           Chile.         Chilean peso.         CLP           Chile.         Unidad de Fomento.         CLF           Christmas Island         Australian dollar.         AUD           Cocos (Keeling) Islands (The)         Australian dollar.         AUD           Colombia.         Colombia peso.         COP           Colombia.         Unidad de Valor real.         COU           Colombia.         Comoro franc.         KMF           Colomoros (The).         Comoro franc.         KMF           Congo (The Democratic Republic of the).         Congolese franc.         CDF           Congo (The Democratic Republic of the).         Congolese franc.         CDF           Congo (The).         CFA franc BEAC.         XAF           Cok Islands (The).         New Zealand dollar.         NZD           Costa Rica.         Costa Rican colon.         CRC           Côte d'I'voire.         CFA franc BCEAO.         XOF           Croatia.         Kuna.         HRK           Cuba.         Cuban peso.         CUP           Cuba.         Cuban peso.         CUC           Curaça			_
Chald.         CFA franc BEAC.         XAF           Chile.         Chilean peso.         CLP           China.         Unidad de Fomento         CLF           Christmas Island.         Australian dollar.         AUD           Cocos (Keeling) Islands (The)         Australian dollar.         AUD           Colombia.         Colombia peso.         COP           Colombia.         Unidad de Valor real.         COU           Comoros (The).         Comoro franc.         KMF           Congo (The Democratic Republic of the).         Congolese franc.         CDF           Congo (The).         CFA franc BEAC.         XAF           Cook Islands (The).         New Zealand dollar.         NZD           Costa Rica.         Costa Rican colon.         CRC           Côte d'Ivoire.         CFA franc BCEAO.         XOF           Croatia.         Kuna.         HRK           Cuba.         Cuban peso.         CUP           Cuba.         Cuban peso.         CUP           Cuyrus.         Euro.         Euro.           Czech Republic (The).         Czech koruna.         CZK           Czech Republic (The).         Danish krone.         DKK           Dominica.         East Caribbean dollar		· ·	
Chile         Chilean peso         CLP           Chile         Unidad de Fomento         CLF           China         Yuan renminbi         CNY           Christmas Island         Australian dollar.         AUD           Cocos (Keeling) Islands (The)         Australian dollar.         AUD           Colombia         Colombian peso         COP           Colombia         Unidad de Valor real         COU           Comoros (The)         Comoro franc         KMF           Congo (The Democratic Republic of the)         Comoro franc         CDF           Congo (The)         Coff Congo (The)         CDF           Congo (The)         CFA franc BEAC         XAF           Cook Islands (The)         New Zealand dollar         NZD           Costa Rica         Costa Rican colon         CRC           Côte d'Ivoire         CFA franc BEAC         XOF           Croatia         Kuna         HRK           Cuba         Cuban peso         CUP           Cuba         Cuban peso         CUP           Curação         Netherlands Antillean guilder         ANG           Cyprus         Euro         EUR           Czech Republic (The)         Czech koruna         Czek boruna			
Chile       Unidad de Fomento.       CLF         China       Yuan renminbi       CNY         Christmas Island       Australian dollar.       AUD         Cocos (Keeling) Islands (The)       Australian dollar.       AUD         Colombia       Colombian peso.       COP         Comoros (The)       Comoro franc       KMF         Congo (The Democratic Republic of the)       Congolese franc       CDF         Cook Islands (The)       New Zealand dollar       NZD         Costa Rica       Costa Rican colon       CRC         Côte d'Ivoire       CFA franc BEAO       XOF         Croatia       Kuna       HRK         Cuba       Cuban peso       CUP         Cuba       Cuban peso       CUP         Cuba       Peso convertible       CUC         Curação       Netherlands Antillean guilder       ANG         Cyprus       Euro       EUR         Czech Republic (The)       Czech koruna       CZK         Denmark       Danish krone       DK         Djibouti       Djibouti franc       DIF         Dominican Republic (The)       East Caribbean dollar       XCD         Dominican peso       DOP         Ecuador			
China         Yuan renminbi         CNY           Christmas Island         Australian dollar.         AUD           Cocos (Keeling) Islands (The)         Australian dollar.         AUD           Colombia         Colombian peso.         COP           Colombia         Unidad de Valor real.         COU           Compo (The)         Comoro franc.         KMF           Congo (The Democratic Republic of the)         Congolese franc.         CDF           Congo (The)         Congolese franc.         CDF           Congo (The)         Congolese franc.         CDF           Congo (The)         Cordal.         XAF           Cover (Congolese franc.)         CDF         CDF           Congolese franc.         CDF         CDF           Congolese franc.         CDF         CDF           Congolese franc.         CDF         CDF           Costa Rica.         Costa Rica.         CDC           Costa Rica.         Costa Rica.         CORD           Costa Rica.         Costa Rica.         CRC           Costa Rica.         Costa Rica.         CRC           Costa Rica.         CDF         CRC           Cota.         CRC         CXC           Coba. </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td>			-
Christmas Island         Australian dollar         AUD           Cocos (Keeling) Islands (The)         Australian dollar         AUD           Colombia         Colombian peso.         COP           Colombia         Unidad de Valor real         COU           Comoros (The)         Comoro franc         KMF           Congo (The Democratic Republic of the)         Corgolese franc         CDF           Congo (The)         CFA franc BEAC         XAF           Cook Islands (The)         New Zealand dollar         NZD           Costa Rica         Costa Rica colon         CRC           Côte d'Ivoire         CFA franc BCEAO         XOF           Croatia         Kuna         HRK           Cuba         Cuban peso         CUP           Cuba         Peso convertible         CUC           Curação         Netherlands Antillean guilder         ANG           Cyprus         Euro         EUR           Czech Republic (The)         Czech koruna         CZE           Danish krone         DKK         DJF           Dominica         East Caribbean dollar         XCD           Dominica Pepublic (The)         Dominican peso         DOP           Ecuador         U.S. dollar <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>			
Cocos (Keeling) Islands (The)       Australian dollar       AUD         Colombia       Colombian peso.       COP         Comoros (The)       Comoros (The)       Comoros (The)         Congo (The Democratic Republic of the)       Congolese franc       CDF         Cook Islands (The)       CEA franc BEAC       XAF         Cook Islands (The)       New Zealand dollar       NZD         Costa Rica       Costa Rican colon       CRC         Côte d'Ivoire       CFA franc BEAO       XOF         Croatia       Kuna       HRK         Cuba       Cuban peso       CUP         Cuba       Peso convertible       CUC         Curaçao       Netherlands Antillean guilder       ANG         Cyprus       Euro       EUR         Czech Republic (The)       Czech koruna       CZK         Dominica       East Caribbean dollar       DKK         Djibouti       Djibouti franc       DJF         Dominican Republic (The)       Dominican peso       DOP         Ecuador       U.S. dollar       USD         Egypt       Egyptian pound       EGP         El Salvador       EI Salvador colon       SVC         El Salvador       U.S. dollar       USD<			
Colombia       Colombia peso.       COP         Colombia       Unidad de Valor real       COU         Comoros (The)       Comoro franc.       KMF         Congo (The Democratic Republic of the)       Congolese franc.       CDF         Congo (The)       CFA franc BEAC.       XAF         Cook Islands (The)       New Zealand dollar.       NZD         Costa Rica.       Costa Rica colon.       CRC         Côte d'Ivoire.       CFA franc BCEAO.       XOF         Croatia.       Kuna.       HRK         Cuba.       Cuban peso.       CUP         Cuba.       Cuban peso.       CUP         Curação.       Netherlands Antillean guilder.       ANG         Cyprus.       Euro.       EUR         Czech Republic (The).       Czech koruna.       CZK         Denmark.       Danish krone.       DKK         Dijbouti franc.       DJF       DK         Dominican Republic (The).       East Caribbean dollar.       XCD         Dominican Republic (The).       Dominican peso.       DOP         Ecayot.       Egyptian pound.       EGP         El Salvador.       El Salvador colon.       SVC         El Salvador.       El Salvador colon.			1
Colombia         Unidad de Valor real         COU           Comoros (The)         Comoro franc         KMF           Congo (The Democratic Republic of the)         Congolese franc         CDF           Congo (The)         CFA franc BEAC         XAF           Cook Islands (The)         New Zealand dollar         NZD           Costa Rica         Costa Rican colon         CRC           Côte d'Ivoire         CFA franc BEAO         XOF           Croatia         Kuna         HRK           Cuba         Cuban peso         CUP           Cuba         Peso convertible         CUC           Curação         Netherlands Antillean guilder         ANG           Cyprus         Euro         EUR           Czech Republic (The)         Czech koruna         CZK           Denmark         Danish krone         DKK           Djibouti         Djibouti franc         DJF           Dominica         East Caribbean dollar         XCD           Dominica Republic (The)         Dominican peso         DOP           Ecuador         U.S. dollar         USD           Egypt         Egyptian pound         EGP           El Salvador         El Salvador colon         SVC			
Comoros (The) Congo (The Democratic Republic of the) Congo (The Democratic Republic of the) Congo (The Democratic Republic of the) Congolese franc CFA franc BEAC XAF Cook Islands (The) New Zealand dollar NZD Costa Rica. Costa Rica. Costa Rica colon. CRC Côte d'Ivoire CFA franc BCEAO XOF Croatia. Kuna HRK Cuba. Cuban peso. CUP Cuba. Peso convertible CUC Curaçao. Netherlands Antillean guilder ANG Cyprus. Euro Euro EUR CZech Republic (The) Danish krone DJF Dominica Dominican Republic (The) Dominican peso DOP Ecuador. U.S. dollar USD Egypt Egyptian pound EGP EI Salvador El Salvador U.S. dollar USD Equatorial Guinea EAC XAF Ethiopia. Euro EUR CFA franc BEAC XAF ETHIOPIAN E			COU
Congo (The)         CFA franc BEAC         XAF           Cook Islands (The)         New Zealand dollar         NZD           Costa Rica         Costa Rican colon         CRC           Côte d'Ivoire         CFA franc BCEAO         XOF           Croatia         Kuna         HRK           Cuba         Cuban peso         CUP           Cuba         Peso convertible         CUC           Curação         Netherlands Antillean guilder         ANG           Cyprus         Euro         EUR           Czech Republic (The)         Czech koruna         CZK           Denmark         Danish krone         DKK           Djibouti         Djibouti franc         DJF           Dominica         East Caribbean dollar         XCD           Dominican Republic (The)         Dominican peso         DOP           Ecuador         U.S. dollar         USD           Egypt         Egyptian pound         EGP           El Salvador         El Salvador colon         SVC           El Salvador         U.S. dollar         USD           Equatorial Guinea         CFA franc BEAC         XAF           Fitrea         Nakfa         ERN           Estonia         Eu		Comoro franc	KMF
Cook Islands (The)         New Zealand dollar.         NZD           Costa Rica.         Costa Rican colon.         CRC           Côte d'Ivoire.         CFA franc BCEAO.         XOF           Croatia.         Kuna.         HRK           Cuba.         Cuban peso.         CUP           Cuba.         Peso convertible.         CUC           Curaçao.         Netherlands Antillean guilder.         ANG           Cyprus.         Euro.         EUR           Czech Republic (The).         Czech koruna.         CZZK           Denmark.         Danish krone.         DKK           Djibouti.         Djibouti franc.         DJF           Dominica.         East Caribbean dollar         XCD           Dominica Peso.         DOP         DOP           Ecuador.         U.S. dollar.         USD           Egypt         Egyptian pound         EGP           El Salvador.         El Salvador colon         SVC           El Salvador olon         USD           Equatorial Guinea         CFA franc BEAC         XAF           Eritrea         Nakfa         ERN           Estonia.         Euro         EUR           Ethiopia         Ethiopian birr	Congo (The Democratic Republic of the)	Congolese franc	CDF
Costa Rica         Costa Rican colon         CRC           Côte d'Ivoire         CFA franc BCEAO         XOF           Croatia         Kuna         HRK           Cuba         Cuban peso         CUP           Cuba         Peso convertible         CUC           Curaçao         Netherlands Antillean guilder         ANG           Cyprus         Euro         EUR           Czech Republic (The)         Czech koruna         CZK           Denmark         Danish krone         DKK           Djibouti         Djibouti franc         DJF           Dominica         East Caribbean dollar         XCD           Dominican Republic (The)         Dominican peso         DOP           Ecuador         U.S. dollar         USD           Egypt         Egyptian pound         EGP           El Salvador         El Salvador colon         SVC           El Salvador         U.S. dollar         USD           Equatorial Guinea         CFA franc BEAC         XAF           Eritrea         Nakfa         ERN           Estonia         Euro         EUR           Ethiopia         Ethiopian birr         ETB           European Union         Euro	Congo (The)	CFA franc BEAC	XAF
Côte d'Ivoire         CFA franc BCEAO         XOF           Croatia         Kuna         HRK           Cuba         Cuban peso         CUP           Cuba         Peso convertible         CUC           Curaçao         Netherlands Antillean guilder         ANG           Cyprus         Euro         EUR           Czech Republic (The)         Czech koruna         CZK           Denmark         Danish krone         DKK           Djibouti         Djibouti franc         DJF           Dominica         East Caribbean dollar         XCD           Dominican Republic (The)         Dominican peso         DOP           Ecuador         U.S. dollar         USD           Egypt         Egyptian pound         EGP           El Salvador         El Salvador colon         SVC           El Salvador colon         SVC           El Salvador         U.S. dollar         USD           Equatorial Guinea         CFA franc BEAC         XAF           Eritrea         Nakfa         ERN           Estonia         Euro         EUR           Ethiopia         Ethiopian birr         ETB           European Union         Euro         EUR	Cook Islands (The)	New Zealand dollar	NZD
Croatia.         Kuna         HRK           Cuba.         Cuban peso.         CUP           Cuba.         Peso convertible         CUC           Curaçao.         Netherlands Antillean guilder         ANG           Cyprus.         Euro.         EUR           Czech Republic (The).         Czech koruna.         CZK           Denmark.         Danish krone.         DKK           Djibouti         Djibouti franc.         DJF           Dominica.         East Caribbean dollar         XCD           Dominican Republic (The).         Dominican peso.         DOP           Ecuador.         U.S. dollar.         USD           Egypt         Egyptian pound.         EGP           El Salvador.         El Salvador colon.         SVC           El Salvador.         U.S. dollar.         USD           Equatorial Guinea.         CFA franc BEAC.         XAF           Eritrea.         Nakfa.         ERN           Estonia.         Euro.         EUR           Ethiopia.         Ethiopian birr.         ETB           European Union         Euro.         EUR           Falkland Islands (The) [Malvinas].         Falkland Islands pound.         FKP           Far	Costa Rica	Costa Rican colon	
Cuba.         Cuban peso.         CUP           Cuba.         Peso convertible         CUC           Curaçao.         Netherlands Antillean guilder         ANG           Cyprus.         Euro.         EUR           Czech Republic (The).         Czech koruna.         CZK           Denmark.         Danish krone.         DKK           Djibouti         Djibouti franc.         DJF           Dominica.         East Caribbean dollar         XCD           Dominican Peso.         DOP           Ecuador.         U.S. dollar.         USD           Egypt.         Egyptian pound.         EGP           El Salvador.         El Salvador colon.         SVC           El Salvador.         U.S. dollar.         USD           Equatorial Guinea.         CFA franc BEAC.         XAF           Eritrea.         Nakfa.         ERN           Estonia.         Euro.         EUR           Ethiopia.         Ethiopian birr.         ETB           European Union.         Euro.         EUR           Falkland Islands (The) [Malvinas].         Falkland Islands pound.         FKP           Faroe Islands (The).         Danish krone.         DKK           Fiji.			-
Cuba         Peso convertible         CUC           Curaçao.         Netherlands Antillean guilder         ANG           Cyprus         Euro         EUR           Czech Republic (The)         Czech koruna         CZK           Denmark         Danish krone         DKK           Djibouti         Djibouti franc         DJF           Dominica         East Caribbean dollar         XCD           Dominican Republic (The)         Dominican peso         DOP           Ecuador         U.S. dollar         USD           Egypt         Egyptian pound         EGP           El Salvador         El Salvador colon         SVC           El Salvador colon         US. dollar         USD           Equatorial Guinea         CFA franc BEAC         XAF           Eritrea         Nakfa         ERN           Estonia         Euro         EUR           Ethiopia         Ethiopian birr         ETB           European Union         EUR           Falkland Islands (The) [Malvinas]         Falkland Islands pound         FKP           Faroe Islands (The)         Danish krone         DKK           Fiji <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>			
Curaçao         Netherlands Antillean guilder.         ANG           Cyprus         Euro         EUR           Czech Republic (The)         Czech koruna         CZK           Denmark         Danish krone         DKK           Djibouti         Djibouti franc         DJF           Dominica         East Caribbean dollar         XCD           Dominican Republic (The)         Dominican peso         DOP           Ecuador         U.S. dollar         USD           Egypt         Egyptian pound         EGP           El Salvador         El Salvador colon         SVC           El Salvador colon         SVC           El Salvador colon         SVC           El Salvador         U.S. dollar         USD           Equatorial Guinea         CFA franc BEAC         XAF           Eritrea         Nakfa         ERN           Estonia         Euro         EUR           Ethiopia         Ethiopian birr         ETB           European Union         EUR           Falkland Islands (The) [Malvinas]         Falkland Islands pound         FKP           Faroe Islands (The)         Danish krone         DKK		*	
Cyprus         Euro         EUR           Czech Republic (The)         Czech koruna         CZK           Denmark         Danish krone         DKK           Djibouti         Djibouti franc         DJF           Dominica         East Caribbean dollar         XCD           Dominican Republic (The)         Dominican peso         DOP           Ecuador         U.S. dollar         USD           Egypt         Egyptian pound         EGP           El Salvador         El Salvador colon         SVC           El Salvador         U.S. dollar         USD           Equatorial Guinea         CFA franc BEAC         XAF           Eritrea         Nakfa         ERN           Estonia         Euro         EUR           Ethiopia         Ethiopian birr         ETB           European Union         Euro         EUR           Falkland Islands (The) [Malvinas]         Falkland Islands pound         FKP           Faroe Islands (The)         Danish krone         DKK           Fiji         Fiji dollar         FJD			1
Czech Republic (The)         Czech koruna         CZK           Denmark         Danish krone         DKK           Djibouti         Djibouti franc         DJF           Dominica         East Caribbean dollar         XCD           Dominican Republic (The)         Dominican peso         DOP           Ecuador         U.S. dollar         USD           Egypt         Egyptian pound         EGP           El Salvador         El Salvador colon         SVC           El Salvador         U.S. dollar         USD           Equatorial Guinea         CFA franc BEAC         XAF           Equitorial Guinea         CFA franc BEAC         XAF           Eritrea         Nakfa         ERN           Estonia         Euro         EUR           Ethiopia         Ethiopian birr         ETB           European Union         Euro         EUR           Falkland Islands (The) [Malvinas]         Falkland Islands pound         FKP           Faroe Islands (The)         Danish krone         DKK           Fiji         Fiji dollar         FJD			
Denmark         Danish krone         DKK           Djibouti         Djibouti franc         DJF           Dominica         East Caribbean dollar         XCD           Dominican Republic (The)         Dominican peso         DOP           Ecuador         U.S. dollar         USD           Egypt         Egyptian pound         EGP           El Salvador         El Salvador colon         SVC           El Salvador         U.S. dollar         USD           Equatorial Guinea         CFA franc BEAC         XAF           Eritrea         Nakfa         ERN           Estonia         Euro         EUR           Ethiopia         Ethiopian birr         ETB           European Union         Euro         EUR           Falkland Islands (The) [Malvinas]         Falkland Islands pound         FKP           Faroe Islands (The)         Danish krone         DKK           Fiji         Fiji dollar         FJD			1
Djibouti         Djibouti franc         DJF           Dominica         East Caribbean dollar         XCD           Dominican Republic (The)         Dominican peso         DOP           Ecuador         U.S. dollar         USD           Egypt         Egyptian pound         EGP           El Salvador         El Salvador colon         SVC           El Salvador colon         USD           Equatorial Guinea         CFA franc BEAC         XAF           Eritrea         Nakfa         ERN           Estonia         Euro         EUR           Ethiopia         Ethiopian birr         ETB           European Union         Euro         EUR           Falkland Islands (The) [Malvinas]         Falkland Islands pound         FKP           Faroe Islands (The)         Danish krone         DKK           Fiji         Holder         Holder			1
Dominica         East Caribbean dollar         XCD           Dominican Republic (The)         Dominican peso         DOP           Ecuador         U.S. dollar         USD           Egypt         Egyptian pound         EGP           El Salvador         El Salvador colon         SVC           El Salvador (U.S. dollar)         USD           Equatorial Guinea         CFA franc BEAC         XAF           Eritrea         Nakfa         ERN           Estonia         Euro         EUR           Ethiopia         Ethiopian birr         ETB           European Union         Euro         EUR           Falkland Islands (The) [Malvinas]         Falkland Islands pound         FKP           Faroe Islands (The)         Danish krone         DKK           Fiji         Fiji dollar         FJD			
Dominican Republic (The)         Dominican peso         DOP           Ecuador         U.S. dollar         USD           Egypt         Egyptian pound         EGP           El Salvador         El Salvador colon         SVC           El Salvador         U.S. dollar         USD           Equatorial Guinea         CFA franc BEAC         XAF           Eritrea         Nakfa         ERN           Estonia         Euro         EUR           Ethiopia         Ethiopian birr         ETB           European Union         Euro         EUR           Falkland Islands (The) [Malvinas]         Falkland Islands pound         FKP           Faroe Islands (The)         Danish krone         DKK           Fiji         Fiji dollar         FJD			1 1
Ecuador         U.S. dollar         USD           Egypt         Egyptian pound         EGP           El Salvador         El Salvador colon         SVC           El Salvador         U.S. dollar         USD           Equatorial Guinea         CFA franc BEAC         XAF           Eritrea         Nakfa         ERN           Estonia         Euro         EUR           Ethiopia         Ethiopian birr         ETB           European Union         Euro         EUR           Falkland Islands (The) [Malvinas]         Falkland Islands pound         FKP           Faroe Islands (The)         Danish krone         DKK           Fiji         Fiji dollar         FJD			1
Egypt         Egyptian pound         EGP           El Salvador         El Salvador colon         SVC           El Salvador         U.S. dollar         USD           Equatorial Guinea         CFA franc BEAC         XAF           Eritrea         Nakfa         ERN           Estonia         Euro         EUR           Ethiopia         Ethiopian birr         ETB           European Union         Euro         EUR           Falkland Islands (The) [Malvinas]         Falkland Islands pound         FKP           Faroe Islands (The)         Danish krone         DKK           Fiji         Fiji dollar         FJD			1
El Salvador         El Salvador colon         SVC           El Salvador         U.S. dollar.         USD           Equatorial Guinea         CFA franc BEAC.         XAF           Eritrea.         Nakfa.         ERN           Estonia.         Euro.         EUR           Ethiopia.         Ethiopian birr.         ETB           European Union         Euro.         EUR           Falkland Islands (The) [Malvinas].         Falkland Islands pound         FKP           Faroe Islands (The)         Danish krone.         DKK           Fiji.         Fiji dollar.         FJD			1
El Salvador         U.S. dollar         USD           Equatorial Guinea         CFA franc BEAC         XAF           Eritrea         Nakfa         ERN           Estonia         Euro         EUR           Ethiopia         Ethiopian birr         ETB           European Union         Euro         EUR           Falkland Islands (The) [Malvinas]         Falkland Islands pound         FKP           Faroe Islands (The)         Danish krone         DKK           Fiji         Fiji dollar         FJD			
Equatorial Guinea         CFA franc BEAC         XAF           Eritrea         Nakfa         ERN           Estonia         Euro         EUR           Ethiopia         Ethiopian birr         ETB           European Union         Euro         EUR           Falkland Islands (The) [Malvinas]         Falkland Islands pound         FKP           Faroe Islands (The)         Danish krone         DKK           Fiji         Fiji dollar         FJD			1
Eritrea         Nakfa         ERN           Estonia         Euro         EUR           Ethiopia         Ethiopian birr         ETB           European Union         Euro         EUR           Falkland Islands (The) [Malvinas]         Falkland Islands pound         FKP           Faroe Islands (The)         Danish krone         DKK           Fiji         Fiji dollar         FJD			1
Estonia.         Euro         EUR           Ethiopia.         Ethiopian birr         ETB           European Union         Euro         EUR           Falkland Islands (The) [Malvinas]         Falkland Islands pound         FKP           Faroe Islands (The)         Danish krone         DKK           Fiji         Fiji dollar         FJD			
Ethiopia         Ethiopian birr         ETB           European Union         Euro         EUR           Falkland Islands (The) [Malvinas]         Falkland Islands pound         FKP           Faroe Islands (The)         Danish krone         DKK           Fiji         Fiji dollar         FJD			
European Union         Euro         EUR           Falkland Islands (The) [Malvinas]         Falkland Islands pound         FKP           Faroe Islands (The)         Danish krone         DKK           Fiji         Fiji dollar         FJD			
Falkland Islands (The) [Malvinas]       Falkland Islands pound       FKP         Faroe Islands (The)       Danish krone       DKK         Fiji       Fiji dollar       FJD		_	
Faroe Islands (The)         Danish krone         DKK           Fiji         Fiji dollar         FJD			
Fiji Fiji dollar FJD			
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## Currency—Continued

	[AS 07 July 2016]	
Country	Currency	Alphabetic code
France	Euro	EUR
French Guiana	Euro	EUR
French Polynesia	CFP franc	XPF
French Southern Territories (The)	Euro	EUR
Gabon	CFA franc BEAC	XAF
Gambia (The)	Dalasi	GMD
Georgia	Lari	GEL
Germany	Euro	EUR
Ghana	Ghana cedi	GHS
Gibraltar	Gibraltar pound	GIP
Greece	Euro	EUR
Greenland	Danish krone	DKK
Grenada	East Caribbean dollar	XCD
Guadeloupe	Euro	EUR
Guam	U.S. dollar	USD
Guatemala	Quetzal	GTQ
Guernsey	Pound sterling	GBP
Guinea	Guinea franc	GNF
Guinea-Bissau	CFA franc BCEAO	XOF
Guyana	Guyana dollar	GYD
Haiti	Gourde	HTG
Haiti	U.S. dollar	USD
Heard Island and McDonald Islands	Australian dollar	AUD
Holy See (The)	Euro	EUR
Honduras	Lempira	HNL
Hong Kong	Hong Kong dollar	HKD
Hungary	Forint	HUF
Iceland	Iceland krona	ISK
India	Indian rupee	INR
Indonesia	Rupiah	IDR
International Monetary Fund (IMF)	SDR (Special Drawing Right)	XDR
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	Iranian rial	IRR
Iraq	Iraqi dinar	IQD
Ireland	Euro	EUR
Isle of Man	Pound sterling	GBP
Israel	New Israeli sheqel	ILS
Italy	Euro	EUR
Jamaica	Jamaican dollar	JMD
Japan	Yen	JPY
Jersey	Pound sterling	GBP
Jordan	Jordanian dinar	IOD
Kazakhstan	Tenge	KZT
Kenya	Kenyan shilling	KES
Kiribati	Australian dollar	AUD
Korea (The Democratic People's Republic of)	North Korean won	KPW
Korea (The Republic of)	Won	KRW
Kuwait	Kuwaiti dinar	KWD
Kyrgyzstan	Som	KGS
Lao People's Democratic Republic (The)	Kip	LAK
Latvia	Euro	EUR
Lebanon	Lebanese pound	LBP
Lesotho	Loti	LSL
Lesotho	Rand	ZAR
Liberia	Liberian dollar	LRD
Libya	Libyan dinar	LYD
Liechtenstein	Swiss franc	CHF
Lithuania	Euro	EUR
Luxembourg	Euro	EUR
Macao	Pataca	MOP
1110000	1 44444	1/101

## Currency—Continued

Country	Currency	Alphabetic code
Macedonia (The Former Yugoslav Republic of)	Denar	MKD
Madagascar	Malagasy ariary	MGA
Malawi	Malawi kwacha	
Malaysia	Malaysian ringgit	MYR
Maldives	Rufiyaa	
Mali	CFA franc BCEAO	
Malta	Euro	
Marshall Islands (The)	U.S. dollar	
Martinique	Euro	
Mauritania	Ouguiya	
Mauritius	Mauritius rupee	
Mayotte	Euro	EUR
Member Countries of the African Development Bank Group	ADB Unit of Account	XUA
Mexico	Mexican peso	
Mexico	Mexican Unidad de Inversion (UDI)	
Micronesia (Federated States of)	U.S. dollar	
Moldova (The Republic of)	Moldovan leu	
Monaco	Euro	
Mongolia	Tugrik	
Montenegro	Euro	
Montserrat	East Caribbean dollar	
Morocco	Moroccan dirham	
Mozambique	Mozambique metical	
Myanmar	Kyat	
Namibia	Namibia dollar	
Namibia	Rand	
Nauru	Australian dollar	AUD
Nepal	Nepalese rupee	NPR
Netherlands (The)	Euro	EUR
New Caledonia	CFP franc	XPF
New Zealand	New Zealand dollar	NZD
Nicaragua	Cordoba oro	
Niger (The)	CFA franc BCEAO	
Nigeria	Naira	
Niue	New Zealand dollar	
Norfolk Island	Australian dollar	
Northern Mariana Islands (The)	U.S. dollar	
Norway	Norwegian krone	
Oman	Rial omani	
Pakistan	Pakistan rupee	
Palau Palestine, State of	U.S. dollar  No universal currency	
Panama	Balboa	
Panama	U.S. dollar	
Papua New Guinea	Kina	
Paraguay	Guarani	
Peru	Sol	
Philippines (The)	Philippine peso	
Pitcairn	New Zealand dollar	
Poland	Zloty	
Portugal	Euro	
Puerto Rico	U.S. dollar	
Qatar	Qatari rial	QAR
Réunion	Euro	
Romania	Romanian leu	RON
Russian Federation (The)	Russian ruble	RUB
Rwanda	Rwanda franc	RWF
Saint Barthélemy	Euro	EUR

## Currency—Continued

Country	Currency	Alphabetic code
Saint Helena, Ascension		
and Tristan Da Cunha	Saint Helena pound	SHP
Saint Kitts and Nevis	East Caribbean dollar	XCD
Saint Lucia	East Caribbean dollar	XCD
Saint Martin (French Part)	Euro	EUR
Saint Pierre and Miquelon	Euro	EUR
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	East Caribbean dollar	XCD
Samoa	Tala	WST
San Marino	Euro	EUR
Sao Tome and Principe	Dobra	STD
Saudi Arabia	Saudi riyal	SAR
Senegal	CFA franc BCEAO	XOF
Serbia	Serbian dinar	RSD
Seychelles	Seychelles rupee	SCR
Sierra Leone	Leone	SLL SGD
Singapore	Singapore dollar	ANG
Sistema Unitario De Compensacion	Netherlands Antillean guilder	ANG
	Sucre	XSU
Regional De Pagos "Sucre"	Euro	EUR
Slovenia	Euro	EUR
Solomon Islands	Solomon Islands dollar	SBD
Somalia	Somali shilling	SOS
South Africa	Rand	ZAR
South Georgia and the South	rance	Ziiii
Sandwich Islands	No universal currency	
South Sudan	South Sudanese pound	SSP
Spain	Euro	EUR
Sri Lanka	Sri Lanka rupee	LKR
Sudan (The)	Sudanese pound	SDG
Suriname	Surinam dollar	SRD
Svalbard and Jan Mayen	Norwegian krone	NOK
Swaziland	Lilangeni	SZL
Sweden	Swedish krona	SEK
Switzerland	Swiss franc	CHF
Switzerland	WIR Euro	CHE
Switzerland	WIR franc	CHW
Syrian Arab Republic	Syrian pound	SYP
Taiwan (Province of China)	New Taiwan dollar	TWD
Tajikistan	Somoni	TJS
Tanzania, United Republic of	Tanzanian shilling	TZS
Thailand	Baht	THB
Timor-Leste	U.S. dollar	USD
Togo	CFA franc BCEAO	XOF
Tokelau	New Zealand dollar	NZD TOP
Tonga	Pa'anga	TTD
Trinidad and Tobago Tunisia	Trinidad and Tobago dollar Tunisian dinar	TND
Turkey	Turkish lira	TRY
Turkmenistan	Turkmenistan new manat	TMT
Turks and Caicos Islands (The)	U.S. dollar	USD
Tuvalu	Australian dollar	AUD
Uganda	Uganda shilling	UGX
Ukraine	Hryvnia	UAH
United Arab Emirates (The)	UAE dirham	AED
United Kingdom of Great Britain		
and Northern Ireland (The)	Pound sterling	GBP
United States Minor Outlying Islands (The)	U.S. dollar	USD
United States of America (The)	U.S. dollar	USD

## Currency—Continued

[As of July 2016]

Country	Currency	Alphabetic code
United States of America (The)	U.S. dollar (Next day)	USN
Uruguay	Peso Uruguayo	UYU
Uruguay	Uruguay peso en Unidades	
<i>v</i> ,	Indexadas (URUIURUI)	UYI
Uzbekistan	Uzbekistan sum	UZS
Vanuatu	Vatu	VUV
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	Bolívar	VEF
Viet Nam	Dong	VND
Virgin Islands (British)	U.S. dollar	USD
Virgin Islands (U.S.)	U.S. dollar	USD
Wallis and Futuna	CFP franc	XPF
Western Sahara	Moroccan dirham	MAD
Yemen	Yemeni rial	YER
Zambia	Zambian kwacha	ZMW
Zimbabwe	Zimbabwe dollar	ZWL

Source: http://www.currency-iso.org/en/home/tables/table-a.1.html.

### Metric and U.S. Measures¹

### Length

Metric unit	U.S. unit	
10 millimeters       1 centimeter.         10 centimeters       1 decimeter.         10 decimeters       1 meter.         10 meters       1 dekameter.         10 dekameters       1 hectometer.         10 hectometers       1 kilometer.         1 kilometer       1,000 meters.	12 inches.	

### **Mass Weight**

Metric unit	U.S. unit		
10 milligrams (mg)       1 centigram.         10 centigrams       1 decigram (100 mg).         10 decigrams       1 gram (1,000 mg).         10 grams (g)       1 dekagram.         10 dekagrams       1 hectogram (100 g).         10 hectograms       1 kilogram (1,000 g).         1,000 kilograms       1 metric ton.	16 ounces		

### Volume

Metric unit	U.S. liquid capacity	
10 milliliters	3 teaspoons	

### Temperature Conversion³

Celsius	Fahrenheit	Kelvin	Celsius	Fahrenheit	Kelvin
100	212	373.1	0	32	273.1
50	122	323.1	-10	14	263.1
40	104	313.1	-20	-4	253.1
30	86	303.1	-30	-22	243.1
20	68	293.1	-40	-40	233.1
10	50	283.1	-50	-58	223.1
			-273.1	-459.7	0

¹ At this time, only three countries—Burma, Liberia, and the United States—have not significantly transitioned to the International System of Units (SI, or metric system) as their official system of weights and measures.

²Dry measurements are mainly used for measuring grain or fresh produce. Do not confuse dry measure for liquid measure, as they are not the same.

 $^{^3}$  The equation for converting temperatures is as follows:  $^{\circ}$ C to  $^{\circ}$ F: multiply by 9, then divide by 5, then add 32;  $^{\circ}$ F to  $^{\circ}$ C: subtract 32, then multiply by 5, then divide by 9.

### **Common Measures and Their Metric Equivalents**

U.S. to metric	Metric to U.S.
Inch2.54 centimeters.	Centimeter0.3937 inch.
Foot0.3048 meter.	Meter3.2808 feet.
Yard0.9144 meter.	Do1.0936 yards.
Mile1.6093 kilometers.	Kilometer0.6214 mile.
Nautical mile1.852 kilometers.	Do0.5399 nautical mile.
League5.556 kilometers.	Do0.1799 league.
Square inch6.452 square centimeters.	Square centimeter0.155 square inch.
Square foot0.0929 square meter.	Square meter10.7639 square feet.
Square yard0.836 square meter.	Do1.196 square yards.
Acre	Hectare2.471 acres.
Square mile259 hectares.	Do
Cubic inch16.39 cubic centimeters.	Cubic centimeter0.06 cubic inch.
Cubic foot0.0283 cubic meter.	Cubic meter35.3146 cubic feet.
Cubic yard0.7646 cubic meter.	Do1.3079 cubic yards.
Cord128 cubic feet.	1
Ounce (liquid)29.574 milliliters.	Milliliter0.0338 ounce (liquid).
Pint (liquid)473.176 milliliters.	
Quart (liquid)946.35 milliliters.	Liter1.06 quarts (liquid).
Gallon (liquid)3.79 liters.	Do0.26 gallon (liquid).
Pint (dry)550.61 milliliters.	
Quart (dry)1101 milliliters.	Do0.91 quart (dry).
Quart, imperial1137 milliliters.	
Gallon (dry)4.40 liters.	Do0.23 gallon (dry).
Gallon, imperial4.55 liters.	
Peck8.810 liters.	Do0.1135 peck.
Peck, imperial9.092 liters.	1
Bushel35.24 liters.	Do0.028 bushel.
Bushel, imperial36.37 liters.	
Grain ¹ 64.799 milligrams.	
Ounce ² 28.35 grams.	Gram0.04 ounce.
Ounce, troy ³ 31.103 grams.	Do0.032 troy ounce.
Pound ² 0.4536 kilogram.	Kilogram2.20 pounds.
Pound, troy12 troy ounces.	
Fon, short907.185 kilograms.	
Do2,000 pounds.	
Fon, metric1,000 kilograms.	
Do2,204.6 pounds.	
Ton, long1,016.047 kilograms.	
Do2,240 pounds.	

¹The grain is used to measure in ballistics and archery; grains were originally used in medicine but have been replaced by milligrams.

³ The troy ounce is used in pricing silver, gold, platinum, and other precious metals and gemstones.

Useful Tables 347

#### **Measurement Conversion**

Fractional inch	Decimal inches	Milli- meters	Picas	Points	Fractional inch	Decimal inches	Milli- meters	Picas	Points
1/16	.0625	1.587	0p4.5	4.5	7/8	.875	22.225	5p3	63
1/8	.125	3.175	0p9	9	15/16	.9375	23.812	5p7.5	67.5
3/16	.1875	4.762	1p1.5	13.5	1	1	25.4	6	72
1/4	.25	6.35	1p6	18	11/4	1.25	31.75	7p6	90
5/16	.3125	7.937	1p10.5	22.5	1½	1.5	38.1	9	108
3/8	.375	9.525	2p3	27	1¾	1.75	44.5	10p6	126
7/16	.4375	11.112	2p7.5	31.5	2	2	50.8	12	144
1/2	.5	12.7	3	36	2½	2.5	63.5	15	180
9/16	.5625	14.287	3p4.5	40.5	3	3	76.2	18	216
5/8	.625	15.875	3p9	45	3½	3.5	88.9	21	252
11/16	.6875	17.462	4p1.5	49.5	4	4	100.6	24	288
3/4	.75	19.05	4p6	54	5	5	127	30	360
13/16	.8125	20.637	4p10.5	58.5	6	6	152.4	36	432

### 18. Geologic Terms and Geographic Divisions

### **Geologic terms**

For capitalization, compounding, and use of quotations in geologic terms, copy is to be followed. Geologic terms quoted verbatim from published material should be left as the original author used them; however, it should be made clear that the usage is that of the original author.

Formal geologic terms are capitalized: Proterozoic Eon, Cambrian Period. Structural terms such as arch, anticline, or uplift are capitalized when preceded by a name: Cincinnati Arch, Cedar Creek Anticline, Ozark Uplift. See Chapter 4 geographic terms for more information.

#### Divisions of Geologic Time [Most recent to oldest]

Eon	Era	Period
Phanerozoic	Cenozoic	Quaternary.
		Tertiary (Neogene, Paleogene).
	Mesozoic	Cretaceous.
		Jurassic.
		Triassic.
	Paleozoic	Permian.
		Carboniferous (Pennsylvanian, Mississippian).
		Devonian.
		Silurian.
		Ordovician.
		Cambrian.
Proterozoic	Neoproterozoic	Ediacaran.
		Cryogenian.
		Tonian.
	Mesoproterozoic	Stenian.
		Ectasian.
		Calymmian.
	Paleoproterozoic	Statherian.
		Orosirian.
		Rhyacian.
		Siderian.
Archean	Neoarchean.	
	Mesoarchean.	
	Paleoarchean.	
	Eoarchean.	
Hadean.		

 $Source: Information\ courtesy\ of\ the\ U.S.\ Geological\ Survey; for\ graphic\ see\ http://pubs.usgs.gov/fs/2007/3015/fs2007-3015.pdf.$ 

## Physiographic regions

Physiographic regions are based on terrain texture, rock type, and geologic structure and history. The classification system has three tiers: divisions, which are broken into provinces, and some provinces break further into sections. All names are capitalized, not the class; for graphic see http://tapestry.usgs.gov/physiogr/physio.html.

### Physiographic Regions of the Lower 48 United States

Division	Province	Section
Laurentian Upland	Superior Upland.	
Atlantic Plain	Continental Shelf.	
	Coastal Plain	Embayed.
		Sea Island.
		Floridian.
		East Gulf Coastal Plain.
		Mississippi Alluvial Plain.
		West Gulf Coastal Plain.
Appalachian Highlands	Piedmont	Piedmont Upland.
Tippuluemum Tiigmumus	Treamont	Piedmont Lowlands.
	Blue Ridge	Northern.
	Dide Riage	Southern.
	Valley and Ridge	Tennessee.
	variey and Kidge	Middle.
		Hudson Valley.
	Ct. Laryman as Wallers	,
	St. Lawrence Valley	Champlain.
	4 1 1: Pl 4	Northern.
	Appalachian Plateaus	Mohawk.
		Catskill.
		Southern New York.
		Allegheny Mountain.
		Kanawha.
		Cumberland Plateau.
		Cumberland Mountain.
	New England	Seaboard Lowland.
		New England Upland.
		White Mountain.
		Green Mountain.
		Taconic.
	Adirondack.	
Interior Plains	Interior Low Plateaus	Highland Rim.
		Lexington Plain.
		Nashville Basin.
	Central Lowland	Eastern Lake.
		Western Lake.
		Wisconsin Driftless.
		Till Plains.
		Dissected Till Plains.

Division	Province	Section
	Great Plains	Missouri Plateau, glaciated.
		Missouri Plateau, unglaciated.
		Black Hills.
		High Plains.
		Plains Border.
		Colorado Piedmont.
		Raton.
		Pecos Valley.
		Edwards Plateau.
		Central Texas.
Interior Highlands	Ozark Plateaus	Springfield-Salem Plateaus.
interior riiginariao	Ozurk i intendo	Boston "Mountains."
	Ouachita	Arkansas Valley.
	Ouacinta	Quachita Mountains.
Rocky Mountain System	Southern Rocky Mountains.	Ouacinta Mountains.
ROCKY Wouldani System	Wyoming Basin.	
	Middle Rocky Mountains.	
	Northern Rocky Mountains.	
Intermontane Plateaus	Columbia Plateau	Walla Walla Plateau.
intermontane Plateaus	Columbia Plateau	
		Blue Mountain.
		Payette.
		Snake River Plain.
		Harney.
	Colorado Plateaus	High Plateaus of Utah.
		Uinta Basin.
		Canyon Lands.
		Navajo.
		Grand Canyon.
		Datil.
	Basin and Range	Great Basin.
		Sonoran Desert.
		Salton Trough.
		Mexican Highland.
		Sacramento.
Pacific Mountain System	Cascade-Sierra Mountains	Northern Cascade Mountains.
		Middle Cascade Mountains.
		Southern Cascade Mountains.
		Sierra Nevada.
	Pacific Border	Puget Trough.
		Olympic Mountains.
		Oregon Coast Range.
		Klamath Mountains.
		California Trough.
		California Coast Ranges.
		Los Angeles Ranges.
	Lower California.	

Source: Information courtesy of the U.S. Geological Survey.

### Geographic divisions

The Public Land Survey System has a hierarchy of lines. Principal meridians and base lines and their related townships, sections, and subdivisions of sections are incorporated in the description of land conveyed by the Federal Government and others.

#### The Principal Meridians and Base Lines of the United States 1

Black Hills Meridian and Base Line. (South Dakota)

Boise Meridian and Base Line. (Idaho)

Chickasaw Meridian and Base Line.

(Mississippi-Tennessee)

Choctaw Meridian and Base Line. (Mississippi)

Cimarron Meridian and Base Line. (Oklahoma)

Copper River Meridian and Base Line. (Alaska)

Fairbanks Meridian and Base Line. (Alaska)

Fifth Principal Meridian and Base Line. (Arkansas-Iowa-Minnesota-Missouri-North Dakota-South Dakota)

First Principal Meridian and Base Line. (Ohio-Indiana)

Fourth Principal Meridian and Base Line. (Illinois)

Fourth Principal Meridian and Base Line Wisconsin. (Minnesota-Wisconsin)

Gila and Salt River Meridian and Base Line.
(Arizona)

Humboldt Meridian and Base Line. (California)

Huntsville Meridian and Base Line. (Alabama-Mississippi)

Indian Meridian and Base Line. (Oklahoma)

Kateel River Principal Meridian and Base Line. (Alaska)

Louisiana Meridian and Base Line. (Louisiana-Texas)

Michigan Meridian and Base Line. (Michigan-Ohio)

Mount Diablo Meridian and Base Line. (California-Nevada)

Navajo Meridian and Base Line. (Arizona-New Mexico) New Mexico Principal Meridian and Base Line. (New Mexico-Colorado)

Point of Beginning and Geographer's Line. (Ohio)

Principal Meridian and Base Line. (Montana)

Salt Lake Meridian and Base Line. (Utah)

San Bernardino Meridian and Base Line. (California-Nevada)

Second Principal Meridian and Base Line. (Illinois-Indiana)

Seward Principal Meridian and Base Line. (Alaska)

Sixth Principal Meridian and Base Line. (Colorado-Kansas-Nebraska-South Dakota-Wyoming)

St. Helena Meridian and Base Line. (Louisiana)

St. Stephens Meridian and Base Line. (Alabama-Mississippi)

Tallahassee Meridian and Base Line. (Florida)

Third Principal Meridian and Base Line. (Illinois)

Uintah Special Meridian and Base Line. (Utah)

Umiat Principal Meridian and Base Line. (Alaska)

Ute Principal Meridian and Base Line. (Colorado)

Washington Meridian and Base Line. (Mississippi)

Willamette Meridian and Base Line. (Oregon-Washington)

Wind River Meridian and Base Line. (Wyoming)

¹ Information courtesy of the U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management.

meridians and base lines.

# Public Land Surveys Having No Initial Point as an Origin for Both Township and Range Numbers¹

Between the Miamis, north of Symmes Purchase. (Ohio)	Scioto River Base. (Ohio) Twelve-Mile-Square Reserve. (Ohio)
Muskingum River Survey. (Ohio)	United States Military Survey. (Ohio)
Ohio River Base. (Indiana)	West of the Great Miami. (Ohio)
Ohio River Survey. (Ohio)	

¹ Information courtesy of the U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management.

Major Rivers	of the	World
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River	Length (in miles)	River	Length (in miles)
Nile (Africa)	4,160	MacKenzie (Canada)	2,635
Amazon (S. America)	4,000	Mekong (Vietnam)	2,600
Yangtze (China)	3,964	Niger (Africa)	2,590
Yellow (China)	3,395	Yenisey (Russia)	2,543
Ob-Irtysh (Russia)	3,362	Missouri (U.S.)	2,540
Amur (Asia)	2,744	Parana (S. America)	2,485
Lena (Russia)	2,734	Mississippi (U.S.)	2,340
Congo (Africa)	2,718	Murray-Darling (Australia)	

Note. — Information compiled from numerous public domain websites; references cite different lengths for the same river depending on origin.

#### **Major Rivers of the United States**

River	Length (in miles)	River	Length (in miles)
Missouri	2,540	Ohio	1,310
Mississippi	2,340	Red	1,290
Yukon	1,980	Brazos	1,280
Rio Grande	1,900	Columbia	1,249
St. Lawrence	1,900	Snake	1,040
Arkansas	1,469	Platte	990
Colorado	1,450	Pecos	926
Atchafalaya	1,420	Canadian	906

 $Source: Information\ courtesy\ of\ the\ U.S.\ Geological\ Survey; see \ http://water.usgs.gov/edu/riversofworld.html.$ 

Sources: Manual of Surveying Instructions: For the Survey of the Public Lands of the United States, Bureau of Land Management, 2009, GPO; Initial Points of the Rectangular Survey System, C. Albert White, 1996. See http://www.blm.gov/wo/st/en/prog/more/cadastralsurvey.html for more information on prinicipal

## States, capitals, and counties

The following includes parishes, boroughs, census divisions, districts, islands, municipalities, and "municipios" of the 50 States, U.S. possessions, and territories. County totals include city counties as defined by the National Association of Counties. See www.naco.org for more information.

# ALABAMA (AL) (67 counties) Capital: Montgomery

Autauga	Cleburne	Fayette	Lowndes	Russell
Baldwin	Coffee	Franklin	Macon	St. Clair
Barbour	Colbert	Geneva	Madison	Shelby
Bibb	Conecuh	Greene	Marengo	Sumter
Blount	Coosa	Hale	Marion	Talladega
Bullock	Covington	Henry	Marshall	Tallapoosa
Butler	Crenshaw	Houston	Mobile	Tuscaloosa
Calhoun	Cullman	Jackson	Monroe	Walker
Chambers	Dale	Jefferson	Montgomery	Washington
Cherokee	Dallas	Lamar	Morgan	Wilcox
Chilton	DeKalb	Lauderdale	Perry	Winston
Choctaw	Elmore	Lawrence	Pickens	
Clarke	Escambia	Lee	Pike	
Clay	Etowah	Limestone	Randolph	

# ALASKA (AK) (29 entities: 19 boroughs,* 10 census areas) Capital: Juneau

Aleutians East*	Haines*	Kusilvak	Petersburg*	Wrangell*
Aleutians West	Hoonah-	Lake and	Prince of	Yakutat*
Anchorage*	Angoon	Peninsula*	Wales-Hyder	Yukon-
Bethel	Juneau*	Matanuska-	Sitka*	Koyukuk
Bristol Bay*	Kenai	Susitna*	Skagway*	
Denali*	Peninsula*	Nome	Southeast	
Dillingham	Ketchikan	North Slope*	Fairbanks	
Fairbanks	Gateway*	Northwest	Valdez-	
North Star*	Kodiak Island*	Arctic*	Cordova	

# AMERICAN SAMOA (AS) (5 entities: 2 islands,* 3 districts) Capital: Pago Pago

Eastern	Manu'a	Rose*	Swains*	Western
Eastern	Manu a	Rose	Swams	western

# ARIZONA (AZ) (15 counties) Capital: Phoenix

Apache	Gila	La Paz	Navajo	Santa Cruz
Cochise	Graham	Maricopa	Pima	Yavapai
Coconino	Greenlee	Mohave	Pinal	Yum

#### ARKANSAS (AR) (75 counties) Capital: Little Rock

Arkansas	Craighead	Howard	Miller	Randolph
Ashley	Crawford	Independence	Mississippi	St. Francis
Baxter	Crittenden	Izard	Monroe	Saline
Benton	Cross	Jackson	Montgomery	Scott
Boone	Dallas	Jefferson	Nevada	Searcy
Bradley	Desha	Johnson	Newton	Sebastian
Calhoun	Drew	Lafayette	Ouachita	Sevier
Carroll	Faulkner	Lawrence	Perry	Sharp
Chicot	Franklin	Lee	Phillips	Stone
Clark	Fulton	Lincoln	Pike	Union
Clay	Garland	Little River	Poinsett	Van Buren
Cleburne	Grant	Logan	Polk	Washington
Cleveland	Greene	Lonoke	Pope	White
Columbia	Hempstead	Madison	Prairie	Woodruff
Conway	Hot Spring	Marion	Pulaski	Yell

### CALIFORNIA (CA) (58 counties) Capital: Sacramento

Alameda	Imperial	Modoc	San Diego	Solano
Alpine	Inyo	Mono	San Francisco	Sonoma
Amador	Kern	Monterey	San Joaquin	Stanislaus
Butte	Kings	Napa	San Luis	Sutter
Calaveras	Lake	Nevada	Obispo	Tehama
Colusa	Lassen	Orange	San Mateo	Trinity
Contra Costa	Los Angeles	Placer	Santa Barbara	Tulare
Del Norte	Madera	Plumas	Santa Clara	Tuolumne
El Dorado	Marin	Riverside	Santa Cruz	Ventura
Fresno	Mariposa	Sacramento	Shasta	Yolo
Glenn	Mendocino	San Benito	Sierra	Yuba
Humboldt	Merced	San Bernardino	Siskiyou	

#### COLORADO (CO) (64 counties) Capital: Denver

Adams	Crowley	Gunnison	Mesa	Rio Blanco
Alamosa	Custer	Hinsdale	Mineral	Rio Grande
Arapahoe	Delta	Huerfano	Moffat	Routt
Archuleta	Denver	Jackson	Montezuma	Saguache
Baca	Dolores	Jefferson	Montrose	San Juan
Bent	Douglas	Kiowa	Morgan	San Miguel
Boulder	Eagle	Kit Carson	Otero	Sedgwick
Broomfield	Elbert	Lake	Ouray	Summit
Chaffee	El Paso	La Plata	Park	Teller
Cheyenne	Fremont	Larimer	Phillips	Washington
Clear Creek	Garfield	Las Animas	Pitkin	Weld
Conejos	Gilpin	Lincoln	Prowers	Yuma
Costilla	Grand	Logan	Pueblo	

## CONNECTICUT (CT) (8 counties) Capital: Hartford

Fairfield Litchfield New Haven Tolland Hartford Middlesex New London Windham

## **DELAWARE (DE) (3 counties)**

**Capital: Dover** 

Kent New Castle Sussex

#### **DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA (DC) (single entity)**

# FEDERATED STATES OF MICRONESIA (FM) (4 States) Capital: Palikir

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#### FLORIDA (FL) (67 counties) Capital: Tallahassee

Alachua	Charlotte	Duval	Gulf	Holmes
Baker	Citrus	Escambia	Hamilton	Indian River
Bay	Clay	Flagler	Hardee	Jackson
Bradford	Collier	Franklin	Hendry	Jefferson
Brevard	Columbia	Gadsden	Hernando	Lafayette
Broward	DeSoto	Gilchrist	Highlands	Lake
Calhoun	Dixie	Glades	Hillsborough	Lee

Leon	Miami-Dade	Palm Beach	Santa Rosa	Volusia
Levy	Monroe	Pasco	Sarasota	Wakulla
Liberty	Nassau	Pinellas	Seminole	Walton
Madison	Okaloosa	Polk	Sumter	Washington
Manatee	Okeechobee	Putnam	Suwannee	
Marion	Orange	St. Johns	Taylor	
Martin	Osceola	St. Lucie	Union	

## GEORGIA (GA) (159 counties) Capital: Atlanta

Appling	Cobb	Grady	Madison	Sumter
Atkinson	Coffee	Greene	Marion	Talbot
Bacon	Colquitt	Gwinnett	Meriwether	Taliaferro
Baker	Columbia	Habersham	Miller	Tattnall
Baldwin	Cook	Hall	Mitchell	Taylor
Banks	Coweta	Hancock	Monroe	Telfair
Barrow	Crawford	Haralson	Montgomery	Terrell
Bartow	Crisp	Harris	Morgan	Thomas
Ben Hill	Dade	Hart	Murray	Tift
Berrien	Dawson	Heard	Muscogee	Toombs
Bibb	Decatur	Henry	Newton	Towns
Bleckley	DeKalb	Houston	Oconee	Treutlen
Brantley	Dodge	Irwin	Oglethorpe	Troup
Brooks	Dooly	Jackson	Paulding	Turner
Bryan	Dougherty	Jasper	Peach	Twiggs
Bulloch	Douglas	Jeff Davis	Pickens	Union
Burke	Early	Jefferson	Pierce	Upson
Butts	Echols	Jenkins	Pike	Walker
Calhoun	Effingham	Johnson	Polk	Walton
Camden	Elbert	Jones	Pulaski	Ware
Candler	Emanuel	Lamar	Putnam	Warren
Carroll	Evans	Lanier	Quitman	Washington
Catoosa	Fannin	Laurens	Rabun	Wayne
Charlton	Fayette	Lee	Randolph	Webster
Chatham	Floyd	Liberty	Richmond	Wheeler
Chattahoochee	Forsyth	Lincoln	Rockdale	White
Chattooga	Franklin	Long	Schley	Whitfield
Cherokee	Fulton	Lowndes	Screven	Wilcox
Clarke	Gilmer	Lumpkin	Seminole	Wilkes
Clay	Glascock	McDuffie	Spalding	Wilkinson
Clayton	Glynn	McIntosh	Stephens	Worth
Clinch	Gordon	Macon	Stewart	

## **GUAM (GU) (single entity)**

Capital: Agana

## HAWAII (HI) (4 counties)

Capital: Honolulu

Hawaii Honolulu Kalawao Kauai Maui

#### IDAHO (ID) (44 counties) Capital: Boise

Ada	Bonneville	Custer	Kootenai	Owyhee
Adams	Boundary	Elmore	Latah	Payette
Bannock	Butte	Franklin	Lemhi	Power
Bear Lake	Camas	Fremont	Lewis	Shoshone
Benewah	Canyon	Gem	Lincoln	Teton
Bingham	Caribou	Gooding	Madison	Twin Falls
Blaine	Cassia	Idaho	Minidoka	Valley
Boise	Clark	Jefferson	Nez Perce	Washington
Bonner	Clearwater	Jerome	Oneida	

### ILLINOIS (IL) (102 counties) Capital: Springfield

A 1	D D	1 D :		C 1 1
Adams	DuPage	Jo Daviess	Massac	Schuyler
Alexander	Edgar	Johnson	Menard	Scott
Bond	Edwards	Kane	Mercer	Shelby
Boone	Effingham	Kankakee	Monroe	Stark
Brown	Fayette	Kendall	Montgomery	Stephenson
Bureau	Ford	Knox	Morgan	Tazewell
Calhoun	Franklin	Lake	Moultrie	Union
Carroll	Fulton	LaSalle	Ogle	Vermilion
Cass	Gallatin	Lawrence	Peoria	Wabash
Champaign	Greene	Lee	Perry	Warren
Christian	Grundy	Livingston	Piatt	Washington
Clark	Hamilton	Logan	Pike	Wayne
Clay	Hancock	McDonough	Pope	White
Clinton	Hardin	McHenry	Pulaski	Whiteside
Coles	Henderson	McLean	Putnam	Will
Cook	Henry	Macon	Randolph	Williamson
Crawford	Iroquois	Macoupin	Richland	Winnebago
Cumberland	Jackson	Madison	Rock Island	Woodford
DeKalb	Jasper	Marion	St. Clair	
De Witt	Jefferson	Marshall	Saline	
Douglas	Jersey	Mason	Sangamon	

### INDIANA (IN) (92 counties) Capital: Indianapolis

Allen Fayette Jennings Orange Switzerland Bartholomew Floyd Johnson Owen Tippecanoe Benton Fountain Knox Parke Tipton Blackford Franklin Kosciusko Perry Union Boone Fulton LaGrange Pike Vanderburgh Brown Gibson Lake Porter Vermillion	
Benton Fountain Knox Parke Tipton Blackford Franklin Kosciusko Perry Union Boone Fulton LaGrange Pike Vanderburgh	
Blackford Franklin Kosciusko Perry Union Boone Fulton LaGrange Pike Vanderburgh	
Boone Fulton LaGrange Pike Vanderburgh	
Brown Gibson Lake Porter Vermillion	1
DIOWII GIOSOII LAKE I OI LEI VEIIIIIIIOII	
Carroll Grant LaPorte Posey Vigo	
Cass Greene Lawrence Pulaski Wabash	
Clark Hamilton Madison Putnam Warren	
Clay Hancock Marion Randolph Warrick	
Clinton Harrison Marshall Ripley Washington	
Crawford Hendricks Martin Rush Wayne	
Daviess Henry Miami St. Joseph Wells	
Dearborn Howard Monroe Scott White	
Decatur Huntington Montgomery Shelby Whitley	
DeKalb Jackson Morgan Spencer	
Delaware Jasper Newton Starke	
Dubois Jay Noble Steuben	

### IOWA (IA) (99 counties) Capital: Des Moines

Adair	Clay	Hancock	Madison	Sac
Adams	Clayton	Hardin	Mahaska	Scott
Allamakee	Clinton	Harrison	Marion	Shelby
Appanoose	Crawford	Henry	Marshall	Sioux
Audubon	Dallas	Howard	Mills	Story
Benton	Davis	Humboldt	Mitchell	Tama
Black Hawk	Decatur	Ida	Monona	Taylor
Boone	Delaware	Iowa	Monroe	Union
Bremer	Des Moines	Jackson	Montgomery	Van Buren
Buchanan	Dickinson	Jasper	Muscatine	Wapello
Buena Vista	Dubuque	Jefferson	O'Brien	Warren
Butler	Emmet	Johnson	Osceola	Washington
Calhoun	Fayette	Jones	Page	Wayne
Carroll	Floyd	Keokuk	Palo Alto	Webster
Cass	Franklin	Kossuth	Plymouth	Winnebago
Cedar	Fremont	Lee	Pocahontas	Winneshiek
Cerro Gordo	Greene	Linn	Polk	Woodbury
Cherokee	Grundy	Louisa	Pottawattamie	Worth
Chickasaw	Guthrie	Lucas	Poweshiek	Wright
Clarke	Hamilton	Lyon	Ringgold	

## KANSAS (KS) (105 counties) Capital: Topeka

Allen	Doniphan	Jackson	Morris	Saline
Anderson	Douglas	Jefferson	Morton	Scott
Atchison	Edwards	Jewell	Nemaha	Sedgwick
Barber	Elk	Johnson	Neosho	Seward
Barton	Ellis	Kearny	Ness	Shawnee
Bourbon	Ellsworth	Kingman	Norton	Sheridan
Brown	Finney	Kiowa	Osage	Sherman
Butler	Ford	Labette	Osborne	Smith
Chase	Franklin	Lane	Ottawa	Stafford
Chautauqua	Geary	Leavenworth	Pawnee	Stanton
Cherokee	Gove	Lincoln	Phillips	Stevens
Cheyenne	Graham	Linn	Pottawatomie	Sumner
Clark	Grant	Logan	Pratt	Thomas
Clay	Gray	Lyon	Rawlins	Trego
Cloud	Greeley	McPherson	Reno	Wabaunsee
Coffey	Greenwood	Marion	Republic	Wallace
Comanche	Hamilton	Marshall	Rice	Washington
Cowley	Harper	Meade	Riley	Wichita
Crawford	Harvey	Miami	Rooks	Wilson
Decatur	Haskell	Mitchell	Rush	Woodson
Dickinson	Hodgeman	Montgomery	Russell	Wyandotte

#### KENTUCKY (KY) (120 counties) Capital: Frankfort

Adair	Caldwell	Estill	Harrison	Lee
Allen	Calloway	Fayette	Hart	Leslie
Anderson	Campbell	Fleming	Henderson	Letcher
Ballard	Carlisle	Floyd	Henry	Lewis
Barren	Carroll	Franklin	Hickman	Lincoln
Bath	Carter	Fulton	Hopkins	Livingston
Bell	Casey	Gallatin	Jackson	Logan
Boone	Christian	Garrard	Jefferson	Lyon
Bourbon	Clark	Grant	Jessamine	McCracken
Boyd	Clay	Graves	Johnson	McCreary
Boyle	Clinton	Grayson	Kenton	McLean
Bracken	Crittenden	Green	Knott	Madison
Breathitt	Cumberland	Greenup	Knox	Magoffin
Breckinridge	Daviess	Hancock	Larue	Marion
Bullitt	Edmonson	Hardin	Laurel	Marshall
Butler	Elliott	Harlan	Lawrence	Martin

Mason	Muhlenberg	Perry	Scott	Union
Meade	Nelson	Pike	Shelby	Warren
Menifee	Nicholas	Powell	Simpson	Washington
Mercer	Ohio	Pulaski	Spencer	Wayne
Metcalfe	Oldham	Robertson	Taylor	Webster
Monroe	Owen	Rockcastle	Todd	Whitley
Montgomery	Owsley	Rowan	Trigg	Wolfe
Morgan	Pendleton	Russell	Trimble	Woodford

#### LOUISIANA (LA) (64 parishes) Capital: Baton Rouge

Acadia	Concordia	Lafayette	Richland	Terrebonne
Allen	De Soto	Lafourche	Sabine	Union
Ascension	East Baton	La Salle	St. Bernard	Vermilion
Assumption	Rouge	Lincoln	St. Charles	Vernon
Avoyelles	East Carroll	Livingston	St. Helena	Washington
Beauregard	East Feliciana	Madison	St. James	Webster
Bienville	Evangeline	Morehouse	St. John the	West Baton
Bossier	Franklin	Natchitoches	Baptist	Rouge
Caddo	Grant	Orleans	St. Landry	West Carroll
Calcasieu	Iberia	Ouachita	St. Martin	West Feliciana
Caldwell	Iberville	Plaquemines	St. Mary	Winn
Cameron	Jackson	Pointe Coupee	St. Tammany	
Catahoula	Jefferson	Rapides	Tangipahoa	
Claiborne	Jefferson Davis	Red River	Tensas	

#### MAINE (ME) (16 counties) Capital: Augusta

Androscoggin	Hancock	Oxford	Somerset
Aroostook	Kennebec	Penobscot	Waldo
Cumberland	Knox	Piscataquis	Washington
Franklin	Lincoln	Sagadahoc	York

# MARSHALL ISLANDS (MH) (33 municipalities) Capital: Majuro

Ailinginae	Bokak	Kili	Mejit	Ujae
Ailinglaplap	Ebon	Kwajalein	Mili	Ujelang
Ailuk	Enewetak	Lae	Namorik	Utirik
Arno	Erikub	Lib	Namu	Wotho
Aur	Jabat	Likiep	Rongelap	Wotje
Bikar	Jaluit	Majuro	Rongrik	
Bikini	Jemo	Maloelap	Toke	

#### MARYLAND (MD) (24 counties) **Capital: Annapolis**

Allegany	Carroll	Garrett	Prince	Talbot
Anne Arundel	Cecil	Harford	George's	Washington
Baltimore	Charles	Howard	Queen Anne's	Wicomico
Calvert	Dorchester	Kent	St. Mary's	Worcester
Caroline	Frederick	Montgomery	Somerset	Baltimore city

## MASSACHUSETTS (MA) (14 counties)

**Capital: Boston** 

Barnstable Hampden Nantucket Suffolk Dukes Berkshire Essex Hampshire Norfolk Worcester Bristol Franklin Middlesex Plymouth

#### MICHIGAN (MI) (83 counties) **Capital: Lansing**

Alcona	Clare	Iosco	Marquette	Otsego
Alger	Clinton	Iron	Mason	Ottawa
Allegan	Crawford	Isabella	Mecosta	Presque Isle
Alpena	Delta	Jackson	Menominee	Roscommon
Antrim	Dickinson	Kalamazoo	Midland	Saginaw
Arenac	Eaton	Kalkaska	Missaukee	St. Clair
Baraga	Emmet	Kent	Monroe	St. Joseph
Barry	Genesee	Keweenaw	Montcalm	Sanilac
Bay	Gladwin	Lake	Montmorency	Schoolcraft
Benzie	Gogebic	Lapeer	Muskegon	Shiawassee
Berrien	Grand Traverse	Leelanau	Newaygo	Tuscola
Branch	Gratiot	Lenawee	Oakland	Van Buren
Calhoun	Hillsdale	Livingston	Oceana	Washtenaw
Cass	Houghton	Luce	Ogemaw	Wayne
Charlevoix	Huron	Mackinac	Ontonagon	Wexford
Cheboygan	Ingham	Macomb	Osceola	
Chippewa	Ionia	Manistee	Oscoda	

#### MINNESOTA (MN) (87 counties) Capital: St. Paul

Aitkin	Brown	Clearwater	Faribault	Hubbard
Anoka	Carlton	Cook	Fillmore	Isanti
Becker	Carver	Cottonwood	Freeborn	Itasca
Beltrami	Cass	Crow Wing	Goodhue	Jackson
Benton	Chippewa	Dakota	Grant	Kanabec
Big Stone	Chisago	Dodge	Hennepin	Kandiyohi
Blue Earth	Clay	Douglas	Houston	Kittson

Koochiching	Martin	Pennington	Roseau	Wabasha
Lac qui Parle	Meeker	Pine	St. Louis	Wadena
Lake	Mille Lacs	Pipestone	Scott	Waseca
Lake of the	Morrison	Polk	Sherburne	Washington
Woods	Mower	Pope	Sibley	Watonwan
Le Sueur	Murray	Ramsey	Stearns	Wilkin
Lincoln	Nicollet	Red Lake	Steele	Winona
Lyon	Nobles	Redwood	Stevens	Wright
McLeod	Norman	Renville	Swift	Yellow
Mahnomen	Olmsted	Rice	Todd	Medicine
Marshall	Otter Tail	Rock	Traverse	

#### MISSISSIPPI (MS) (82 counties) Capital: Jackson

Adams	Forrest	Kemper	Noxubee	Tate
Alcorn	Franklin	Lafayette	Oktibbeha	Tippah
Amite	George	Lamar	Panola	Tishomingo
Attala	Greene	Lauderdale	Pearl River	Tunica
Benton	Grenada	Lawrence	Perry	Union
Bolivar	Hancock	Leake	Pike	Walthall
Calhoun	Harrison	Lee	Pontotoc	Warren
Carroll	Hinds	Leflore	Prentiss	Washington
Chickasaw	Holmes	Lincoln	Quitman	Wayne
Choctaw	Humphreys	Lowndes	Rankin	Webster
Claiborne	Issaquena	Madison	Scott	Wilkinson
Clarke	Itawamba	Marion	Sharkey	Winston
Clay	Jackson	Marshall	Simpson	Yalobusha
Coahoma	Jasper	Monroe	Smith	Yazoo
Copiah	Jefferson	Montgomery	Stone	
Covington	Jefferson Davis	Neshoba	Sunflower	
DeSoto	Jones	Newton	Tallahatchie	

### MISSOURI (MO) (115 counties) Capital: Jefferson City

Adair	Boone	Cass	Crawford	Gasconade
Andrew	Buchanan	Cedar	Dade	Gentry
Atchison	Butler	Chariton	Dallas	Greene
Audrain	Caldwell	Christian	Daviess	Grundy
Barry	Callaway	Clark	DeKalb	Harrison
Barton	Camden	Clay	Dent	Henry
Bates	Cape Girardeau	Clinton	Douglas	Hickory
Benton	Carroll	Cole	Dunklin	Holt
Bollinger	Carter	Cooper	Franklin	Howard

Howell	McDonald	Nodaway	Randolph	Shelby
Iron	Macon	Oregon	Ray	Stoddard
Jackson	Madison	Osage	Reynolds	Stone
Jasper	Maries	Ozark	Ripley	Sullivan
Jefferson	Marion	Pemiscot	St. Charles	Taney
Johnson	Mercer	Perry	St. Clair	Texas
Knox	Miller	Pettis	Ste. Genevieve	Vernon
Laclede	Mississippi	Phelps	St. Francois	Warren
Lafayette	Moniteau	Pike	St. Louis	Washington
Lawrence	Monroe	Platte	Saline	Wayne
Lewis	Montgomery	Polk	Schuyler	Webster
Lincoln	Morgan	Pulaski	Scotland	Worth
Linn	New Madrid	Putnam	Scott	Wright
Livingston	Newton	Ralls	Shannon	St. Louis City

#### MONTANA (MT) (56 counties) Capital: Helena

Beaverhead	Fallon	Lewis and	Phillips	Stillwater
Big Horn	Fergus	Clark	Pondera	Sweet Grass
Blaine	Flathead	Liberty	Powder River	Teton
Broadwater	Gallatin	Lincoln	Powell	Toole
Carbon	Garfield	McCone	Prairie	Treasure
Carter	Glacier	Madison	Ravalli	Valley
Cascade	Golden Valley	Meagher	Richland	Wheatland
Chouteau	Granite	Mineral	Roosevelt	Wibaux
Custer	Hill	Missoula	Rosebud	Yellowstone
Daniels	Jefferson	Musselshell	Sanders	Yellowstone
Dawson	Judith Basin	Park	Sheridan	National Park
Deer Lodge	Lake	Petroleum	Silver Bow	

### NEBRASKA (NE) (93 counties) Capital: Lincoln

Adams	Butler	Dawes	Gage	Holt
Antelope	Cass	Dawson	Garden	Hooker
Arthur	Cedar	Deuel	Garfield	Howard
Banner	Chase	Dixon	Gosper	Jefferson
Blaine	Cherry	Dodge	Grant	Johnson
Boone	Cheyenne	Douglas	Greeley	Kearney
Box Butte	Clay	Dundy	Hall	Keith
Boyd	Colfax	Fillmore	Hamilton	Keya Paha
Brown	Cuming	Franklin	Harlan	Kimball
Buffalo	Custer	Frontier	Hayes	Knox
Burt	Dakota	Furnas	Hitchcock	Lancaster

Lincoln	Nemaha	Polk	Seward	Valley
Logan	Nuckolls	Red Willow	Sheridan	Washington
Loup	Otoe	Richardson	Sherman	Wayne
McPherson	Pawnee	Rock	Sioux	Webster
Madison	Perkins	Saline	Stanton	Wheeler
Merrick	Phelps	Sarpy	Thayer	York
Morrill	Pierce	Saunders	Thomas	
Nance	Platte	Scotts Bluff	Thurston	

#### NEVADA (NV) (17 counties) Capital: Carson City

Churchill	Esmeralda	Lincoln	Pershing	Carson City
Clark	Eureka	Lyon	Storey	City
Douglas	Humboldt	Mineral	Washoe	
Elko	Lander	Nve	White Pine	

#### NEW HAMPSHIRE (NH) (10 counties) Capital: Concord

Belknap	Cheshire	Grafton	Merrimack	Strafford
Carroll	Coos	Hillsborough	Rockingham	Sullivan

#### NEW JERSEY (NJ) (21 counties) Capital: Trenton

Atlantic	Cumberland	Mercer	Passaic	Warren
Bergen	Essex	Middlesex	Salem	
Burlington	Gloucester	Monmouth	Somerset	
Camden	Hudson	Morris	Sussex	
Cape May	Hunterdon	Ocean	Union	

#### NEW MEXICO (NM) (33 counties) Capital: Santa Fe

Bernalillo	Dona Ana	Lincoln	Rio Arriba	Socorro
Catron	Eddy	Los Alamos	Roosevelt	Taos
Chaves	Grant	Luna	Sandoval	Torrance
Cibola	Guadalupe	McKinley	San Juan	Union
Colfax	Harding	Mora	San Miguel	Valencia
Curry	Hidalgo	Otero	Santa Fe	
De Baca	Lea	Quay	Sierra	

## NEW YORK (NY) (62 counties) Capital: Albany

Albany	Dutchess	Madison	Putnam	Sullivan
Allegany	Erie	Monroe	Queens	Tioga
Bronx	Essex	Montgomery	Rensselaer	Tompkins
Broome	Franklin	Nassau	Richmond	Ulster
Cattaraugus	Fulton	New York	Rockland	Warren
Cayuga	Genesee	Niagara	St. Lawrence	Washington
Chautauqua	Greene	Oneida	Saratoga	Wayne
Chemung	Hamilton	Onondaga	Schenectady	Westchester
Chenango	Herkimer	Ontario	Schoharie	Wyoming
Clinton	Jefferson	Orange	Schuyler	Yates
Columbia	Kings	Orleans	Seneca	
Cortland	Lewis	Oswego	Steuben	
Delaware	Livingston	Otsego	Suffolk	

### NORTH CAROLINA (NC) (100 counties) Capital: Raleigh

Alamance	Chowan	Guilford	Mitchell	Rutherford
Alexander	Clay	Halifax	Montgomery	Sampson
Alleghany	Cleveland	Harnett	Moore	Scotland
Anson	Columbus	Haywood	Nash	Stanly
Ashe	Craven	Henderson	New Hanover	Stokes
Avery	Cumberland	Hertford	Northampton	Surry
Beaufort	Currituck	Hoke	Onslow	Swain
Bertie	Dare	Hyde	Orange	Transylvania
Bladen	Davidson	Iredell	Pamlico	Tyrrell
Brunswick	Davie	Jackson	Pasquotank	Union
Buncombe	Duplin	Johnston	Pender	Vance
Burke	Durham	Jones	Perquimans	Wake
Cabarrus	Edgecombe	Lee	Person	Warren
Caldwell	Forsyth	Lenoir	Pitt	Washington
Camden	Franklin	Lincoln	Polk	Watauga
Carteret	Gaston	McDowell	Randolph	Wayne
Caswell	Gates	Macon	Richmond	Wilkes
Catawba	Graham	Madison	Robeson	Wilson
Chatham	Granville	Martin	Rockingham	Yadkin
Cherokee	Greene	Mecklenburg	Rowan	Yancey

#### NORTH DAKOTA (ND) (53 counties) Capital: Bismarck

Adams	Divide	LaMoure	Pembina	Stark
Barnes	Dunn	Logan	Pierce	Steele
Benson	Eddy	McHenry	Ramsey	Stutsman
Billings	Emmons	McIntosh	Ransom	Towner
Bottineau	Foster	McKenzie	Renville	Traill
Bowman	Golden Valley	McLean	Richland	Walsh
Burke	Grand Forks	Mercer	Rolette	Ward
Burleigh	Grant	Morton	Sargent	Wells
Cass	Griggs	Mountrail	Sheridan	Williams
Cavalier	Hettinger	Nelson	Sioux	
Dickey	Kidder	Oliver	Slope	

# NORTHERN MARIANA ISLANDS (MP) (4 municipalities) Capital: Saipan

Northern	Rota	Saipan	Tinian
Islands		•	

#### OHIO (OH) (88 counties) Capital: Columbus

Adams	Darke	Hocking	Miami	Scioto
Allen	Defiance	Holmes	Monroe	Seneca
Ashland	Delaware	Huron	Montgomery	Shelby
Ashtabula	Erie	Jackson	Morgan	Stark
Athens	Fairfield	Jefferson	Morrow	Summit
Auglaize	Fayette	Knox	Muskingum	Trumbull
Belmont	Franklin	Lake	Noble	Tuscarawas
Brown	Fulton	Lawrence	Ottawa	Union
Butler	Gallia	Licking	Paulding	Van Wert
Carroll	Geauga	Logan	Perry	Vinton
Champaign	Greene	Lorain	Pickaway	Warren
Clark	Guernsey	Lucas	Pike	Washington
Clermont	Hamilton	Madison	Portage	Wayne
Clinton	Hancock	Mahoning	Preble	Williams
Columbiana	Hardin	Marion	Putnam	Wood
Coshocton	Harrison	Medina	Richland	Wyandot
Crawford	Henry	Meigs	Ross	
Cuyahoga	Highland	Mercer	Sandusky	

#### OKLAHOMA (OK) (77 counties) Capital: Oklahoma City

Adair	Cotton	Jackson	Mayes	Roger Mills
Alfalfa	Craig	Jefferson	Murray	Rogers
Atoka	Creek	Johnston	Muskogee	Seminole
Beaver	Custer	Kay	Noble	Sequoyah
Beckham	Delaware	Kingfisher	Nowata	Stephens
Blaine	Dewey	Kiowa	Okfuskee	Texas
Bryan	Ellis	Latimer	Oklahoma	Tillman
Caddo	Garfield	Le Flore	Okmulgee	Tulsa
Canadian	Garvin	Lincoln	Osage	Wagoner
Carter	Grady	Logan	Ottawa	Washington
Cherokee	Grant	Love	Pawnee	Washita
Choctaw	Greer	McClain	Payne	Woods
Cimarron	Harmon	McCurtain	Pittsburg	Woodward
Cleveland	Harper	McIntosh	Pontotoc	
Coal	Haskell	Major	Pottawatomie	
Comanche	Hughes	Marshall	Pushmataha	

#### OREGON (OR) (36 counties) Capital: Salem

D 1	D 1 .	r 1.	3.6	T 1.7
Baker	Deschutes	Josephine	Morrow	Wasco
Benton	Douglas	Klamath	Multnomah	Washington
Clackamas	Gilliam	Lake	Polk	Wheeler
Clatsop	Grant	Lane	Sherman	Yamhill
Columbia	Harney	Lincoln	Tillamook	
Coos	Hood River	Linn	Umatilla	
Crook	Jackson	Malheur	Union	
Curry	Iefferson	Marion	Wallowa	

#### PALAU (PW) (16 States) Capital: Melekeok

Aimeliik	Kayangel	Ngarchelong	Ngeremlengui
Airai	Koror	Ngardmau	Ngiwal
Angaur	Melekeok	Ngatpang	Peleliu
Hatohobei	Ngaraard	Ngchesar	Sonsorol

#### PENNSYLVANIA (PA) (67 counties) Capital: Harrisburg

Adams	Beaver	Blair	Butler	Carbon
Allegheny	Bedford	Bradford	Cambria	Centre
Armstrong	Berks	Bucks	Cameron	Chester

Clarion	Forest	Lebanon	Northumber-	Tioga
Clearfield	Franklin	Lehigh	land	Union
Clinton	Fulton	Luzerne	Perry	Venango
Columbia	Greene	Lycoming	Philadelphia	Warren
Crawford	Huntingdon	McKean	Pike	Washington
Cumberland	Indiana	Mercer	Potter	Wayne
Dauphin	Jefferson	Mifflin	Schuylkill	Westmoreland
Delaware	Juniata	Monroe	Snyder	Wyoming
Elk	Lackawanna	Montgomery	Somerset	York
Erie	Lancaster	Montour	Sullivan	
Fayette	Lawrence	Northampton	Susquehanna	

#### PUERTO RICO (PR) (78 municipios) Capital: San Juan

A 1:	C-4- ~ -	Gurabo	Maunabo	Can Irran
Adjuntas	Cataño			San Juan
Aguada	Cayey	Hatillo	Mayagüez	San Lorenzo
Aguadilla	Ceiba	Hormigueros	Moca	San Sebastián
Aguas Buenas	Ciales	Humacao	Morovis	Santa Isabel
Aibonito	Cidra	Isabela	Naguabo	Toa Alta
Añasco	Coamo	Jayuya	Naranjito	Toa Baja
Arecibo	Comerío	Juana Díaz	Orocovis	Trujillo Alto
Arroyo	Corozal	Juncos	Patillas	Utuado
Barceloneta	Culebra	Lajas	Peñuelas	Vega Alta
Barranquitas	Dorado	Lares	Ponce	Vega Baja
Bayamón	Fajardo	Las Marías	Quebradillas	Vieques
Cabo Rojo	Florida	Las Piedras	Rincón	Villalba
Caguas	Guánica	Loíza	Río Grande	Yabucoa
Camuy	Guayama	Luquillo	Sabana Grande	Yauco
Canóvanas	Guayanilla	Manatí	Salinas	
Carolina	Guaynabo	Maricao	San Germán	

## RHODE ISLAND (RI) (5 counties)

Capital: Providence

Bristol	Kent	Newport	Providence	Washington
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#### SOUTH CAROLINA (SC) (46 counties) Capital: Columbia

Abbeville	Beaufort	Chesterfield	Edgefield	Hampton
Aiken	Berkeley	Clarendon	Fairfield	Horry
Allendale	Calhoun	Colleton	Florence	Jasper
Anderson	Charleston	Darlington	Georgetown	Kershaw
Bamberg	Cherokee	Dillon	Greenville	Lancaster
Barnwell	Chester	Dorchester	Greenwood	Laurens

Lee	Marlboro	Pickens	Sumter
Lexington	Newberry	Richland	Union
McCormick	Oconee	Saluda	Williamsburg
Marion	Orangeburg	Spartanburg	York

# SOUTH DAKOTA (SD) (66 counties) Capital: Pierre

Aurora	Corson	Hand	McCook	Spink
Beadle	Custer	Hanson	McPherson	Stanley
Bennett	Davison	Harding	Marshall	Sully
Bon Homme	Day	Hughes	Meade	Todd
Brookings	Deuel	Hutchinson	Mellette	Tripp
Brown	Dewey	Hyde	Miner	Turner
Brule	Douglas	Jackson	Minnehaha	Union
Buffalo	Edmunds	Jerauld	Moody	Walworth
Butte	Fall River	Jones	Pennington	Yankton
Campbell	Faulk	Kingsbury	Perkins	Ziebach
Charles Mix	Grant	Lake	Potter	
Clark	Gregory	Lawrence	Roberts	
Clay	Haakon	Lincoln	Sanborn	
Codington	Hamlin	Lyman	Shannon	

### TENNESSEE (TN) (95 counties) Capital: Nashville

Anderson	Decatur	Henderson	Marion	Sequatchie
Bedford	DeKalb	Henry	Marshall	Sevier
Benton	Dickson	Hickman	Maury	Shelby
Bledsoe	Dyer	Houston	Meigs	Smith
Blount	Fayette	Humphreys	Monroe	Stewart
Bradley	Fentress	Jackson	Montgomery	Sullivan
Campbell	Franklin	Jefferson	Moore	Sumner
Cannon	Gibson	Johnson	Morgan	Tipton
Carroll	Giles	Knox	Obion	Trousdale
Carter	Grainger	Lake	Overton	Unicoi
Cheatham	Greene	Lauderdale	Perry	Union
Chester	Grundy	Lawrence	Pickett	Van Buren
Claiborne	Hamblen	Lewis	Polk	Warren
Clay	Hamilton	Lincoln	Putnam	Washington
Cocke	Hancock	Loudon	Rhea	Wayne
Coffee	Hardeman	McMinn	Roane	Weakley
Crockett	Hardin	McNairy	Robertson	White
Cumberland	Hawkins	Macon	Rutherford	Williamson
Davidson	Haywood	Madison	Scott	Wilson

## TEXAS (TX) (254 counties) Capital: Austin

Anderson	Coke	Freestone	Jasper	Matagorda
Andrews	Coleman	Frio	Jeff Davis	Maverick
Angelina	Collin	Gaines	Jefferson	Medina
Aransas	Collingsworth	Galveston	Jim Hogg	Menard
Archer	Colorado	Garza	Jim Wells	Midland
Armstrong	Comal	Gillespie	Johnson	Milam
Atascosa	Comanche	Glasscock	Jones	Mills
Austin	Concho	Goliad	Karnes	Mitchell
Bailey	Cooke	Gonzales	Kaufman	Montague
Bandera	Coryell	Gray	Kendall	Montgomery
Bastrop	Cottle	Grayson	Kenedy	Moore
Baylor	Crane	Gregg	Kent	Morris
Bee	Crockett	Grimes	Kerr	Motley
Bell	Crosby	Guadalupe	Kimble	Nacogdoches
Bexar	Culberson	Hale	King	Navarro
Blanco	Dallam	Hall	Kinney	Newton
Borden	Dallas	Hamilton	Kleberg	Nolan
Bosque	Dawson	Hansford	Knox	Nueces
Bowie	Deaf Smith	Hardeman	Lamar	Ochiltree
Brazoria	Delta	Hardin	Lamb	Oldham
Brazos	Denton	Harris	Lampasas	Orange
Brewster	DeWitt	Harrison	La Salle	Palo Pinto
Briscoe	Dickens	Hartley	Lavaca	Panola
Brooks	Dimmit	Haskell	Lee	Parker
Brown	Donley	Hays	Leon	Parmer
Burleson	Duval	Hemphill	Liberty	Pecos
Burnet	Eastland	Henderson	Limestone	Polk
Caldwell	Ector	Hidalgo	Lipscomb	Potter
Calhoun	Edwards	Hill	Live Oak	Presidio
Callahan	Ellis	Hockley	Llano	Rains
Cameron	El Paso	Hood	Loving	Randall
Camp	Erath	Hopkins	Lubbock	Reagan
Carson	Falls	Houston	Lynn	Real
Cass	Fannin	Howard	McCulloch	Red River
Castro	Fayette	Hudspeth	McLennan	Reeves
Chambers	Fisher	Hunt	McMullen	Refugio
Cherokee	Floyd	Hutchinson	Madison	Roberts
Childress	Foard	Irion	Marion	Robertson
Clay	Fort Bend	Jack	Martin	Rockwall
Cochran	Franklin	Jackson	Mason	Runnels

Rusk	Smith	Terry	Van Zandt	Willacy
Sabine	Somervell	Throckmorton	Victoria	Williamson
San Augustine	Starr	Titus	Walker	Wilson
San Jacinto	Stephens	Tom Green	Waller	Winkler
San Patricio	Sterling	Travis	Ward	Wise
San Saba	Stonewall	Trinity	Washington	Wood
Schleicher	Sutton	Tyler	Webb	Yoakum
Scurry	Swisher	Upshur	Wharton	Young
Shackelford	Tarrant	Upton	Wheeler	Zapata
Shelby	Taylor	Uvalde	Wichita	Zavala
Sherman	Terrell	Val Verde	Wilbarger	

#### UTAH (UT) (29 counties) Capital: Salt Lake City

Beaver	Duchesne	Kane	San Juan	Utah
Box Elder	Emery	Millard	Sanpete	Wasatch
Cache	Garfield	Morgan	Sevier	Washington
Carbon	Grand	Piute	Summit	Wayne
Daggett	Iron	Rich	Tooele	Weber
Davis	Juab	Salt Lake	Uintah	

#### VERMONT (VT) (14 counties) Capital: Montpelier

Addison	Chittenden	Grand Isle	Orleans	Windham
Bennington	Essex	Lamoille	Rutland	Windsor
Caledonia	Franklin	Orange	Washington	

#### VIRGIN ISLANDS (VI) (3 islands) Capital: Charlotte Amalie

St. Croix St. John St. Thomas

#### VIRGINIA (VA) (95 counties) Capital: Richmond

Accomack	Bedford	Charles City	Essex	Goochland
Albemarle	Bland	Charlotte	Fairfax	Grayson
Alleghany	Botetourt	Chesterfield	Fauquier	Greene
Amelia	Brunswick	Clarke	Floyd	Greensville
Amherst	Buchanan	Craig	Fluvanna	Halifax
Appomattox	Buckingham	Culpeper	Franklin	Hanover
Arlington	Campbell	Cumberland	Frederick	Henrico
Augusta	Caroline	Dickenson	Giles	Henry
Bath	Carroll	Dinwiddie	Gloucester	Highland

Isle of Wight	Madison	Orange	Richmond	Stafford
James City	Mathews	Page	Roanoke	Surry
King and	Mecklenburg	Patrick	Rockbridge	Sussex
Queen	Middlesex	Pittsylvania	Rockingham	Tazewell
King George	Montgomery	Powhatan	Russell	Warren
King William	Nelson	Prince Edward	Scott	Washington
Lancaster	New Kent	Prince George	Shenandoah	Westmoreland
Lee	Northampton	Prince William	Smyth	Wise
Loudoun	Northumber-	Pulaski	Southampton	Wythe
Louisa	land	Rappahannock	Spotsylvania	York
Lunenburg	Nottoway			

#### WASHINGTON (WA) (39 counties) Capital: Olympia

Adams	Douglas	King	Pacific	Stevens
Asotin	Ferry	Kitsap	Pend Oreille	Thurston
Benton	Franklin	Kittitas	Pierce	Wahkiakum
Chelan	Garfield	Klickitat	San Juan	Walla Walla
Clallam	Grant	Lewis	Skagit	Whatcom
Clark	Grays Harbor	Lincoln	Skamania	Whitman
Columbia	Island	Mason	Snohomish	Yakima
Cowlitz	Jefferson	Okanogan	Spokane	

#### WEST VIRGINIA (WV) (55 counties) Capital: Charleston

Grant	Logan	Nicholas	Summers
Greenbrier	McDowell	Ohio	Taylor
Hampshire	Marion	Pendleton	Tucker
Hancock	Marshall	Pleasants	Tyler
Hardy	Mason	Pocahontas	Upshur
Harrison	Mercer	Preston	Wayne
Jackson	Mineral	Putnam	Webster
Jefferson	Mingo	Raleigh	Wetzel
Kanawha	Monongalia	Randolph	Wirt
Lewis	Monroe	Ritchie	Wood
Lincoln	Morgan	Roane	Wyoming
	Greenbrier Hampshire Hancock Hardy Harrison Jackson Jefferson Kanawha Lewis	Greenbrier McDowell Hampshire Marion Hancock Marshall Hardy Mason Harrison Mercer Jackson Mineral Jefferson Mingo Kanawha Monongalia Lewis Monroe	Greenbrier McDowell Ohio Hampshire Marion Pendleton Hancock Marshall Pleasants Hardy Mason Pocahontas Harrison Mercer Preston Jackson Mineral Putnam Jefferson Mingo Raleigh Kanawha Monongalia Randolph Lewis Monroe Ritchie

#### WISCONSIN (WI) (72 counties) **Capital: Madison**

Adams	Douglas	Kewaunee	Ozaukee	Taylor
Ashland	Dunn	La Crosse	Pepin	Trempealeau
Barron	Eau Claire	Lafayette	Pierce	Vernon
Bayfield	Florence	Langlade	Polk	Vilas
Brown	Fond du Lac	Lincoln	Portage	Walworth
Buffalo	Forest	Manitowoc	Price	Washburn
Burnett	Grant	Marathon	Racine	Washington
Calumet	Green	Marinette	Richland	Waukesha
Chippewa	Green Lake	Marquette	Rock	Waupaca
Clark	Iowa	Menominee	Rusk	Waushara
Columbia	Iron	Milwaukee	St. Croix	Winnebago
Crawford	Jackson	Monroe	Sauk	Wood
Dane	Jefferson	Oconto	Sawyer	
Dodge	Juneau	Oneida	Shawano	
Door	Kenosha	Outagamie	Sheboygan	

#### WYOMING (WY) (23 counties) Capital: Cheyenne

Albany	Crook	Laramie	Platte	Uinta
Big Horn	Fremont	Lincoln	Sheridan	Washakie
Campbell	Goshen	Natrona	Sublette	Weston
Carbon	Hot Springs	Niobrara	Sweetwater	
Converse	Johnson	Park	Teton	

## **Common misspellings**

Geographers and cartographers omit the possessive apostrophe in placenames; however, apostrophes appearing in legally constituted names of counties should not be changed.

The names of the following counties are often misspelled and/or confused:

Allegany in Maryland and New York	Brooke in West Virginia
Alleghany in North Carolina and Virginia	Brooks in Georgia and Texas
Allegheny in Pennsylvania	Bulloch in Georgia
Andrew in Missouri	Bullock in Alabama
Andrews in Texas	Burnet in Texas
Aransas in Texas	Burnett in Wisconsin
Arkansas in Arkansas	Cheboygan in Michigan
Barber in Kansas	Sheboygan in Wisconsin
Barbour in Alabama and West Virginia	Clarke in Alabama, Georgia, Iowa,
Brevard in Florida	Mississippi, and Virginia
Broward in Florida	Clark in all other States

Coffee in Alabama, Georgia, and Tennessee

Coffey in Kansas Coal in Oklahoma Cole in Missouri

Cook in Illinois and Minnesota

Cooke in Texas

Coles in Illinois

Davidson in North Carolina and

Tennessee

Davie in North Carolina

Daviess in Indiana, Kentucky,

and Missouri

Davis in Iowa and Utah

Davison in South Dakota

DeKalb all one word Dickenson in Virginia

Dickinson in Iowa, Kansas, and

Michigan

Glasscock in Texas

Dickson in Tennessee Forrest in Mississippi Forest in all other States Glascock in Georgia

Green in Kentucky and Wisconsin

Greene in all other States
Harford in Maryland
Hartford in Connecticut
Huntingdon in Pennsylvania
Huntington in Indiana

Johnston in North Carolina and Oklahoma

Johnson in all other States Kanabec in Minnesota Kennebec in Maine Kearney in Nebraska Kearny in Kansas Kenedy in Texas

Linn in Iowa, Kansas, Missouri,

and Oregon Lynn in Texas Loudon in Tennessee

Loudoun in Virginia

Manatee in Florida Manistee in Michigan Merced in California

Mercer in all other States

Morton in Kansas Norton in Kansas Muscogee in Georgia Muskogee in Oklahoma

Park in Colorado and Montana

Parke in Indiana

Pottawatomie in Kansas and

Oklahoma

Pottawattamie in Iowa Prince George in Virginia Prince George's in Maryland

Sanders in Montana
Saunders in Nebraska
Smyth in Virginia
Smith in all other States
Stafford in Virginia
Strafford in New Hampshire

Strafford in New Hampshire Stanley in South Dakota Stanly in North Carolina

Stark in Illinois, North Dakota, and Ohio

Starke in Indiana

Stephens in Georgia, Oklahoma, and Texas

Stevens in Kansas, Minnesota, and Washington

Storey in Nevada

Story in Iowa

Terrell in Georgia and Texas Tyrrell in North Carolina

Tooele in Utah Toole in Montana Vermillion in Indiana Vermilion in all other States

Woods in Oklahoma Wood in all other States Wyandot in Ohio

. Wyandotte in Kansas

### 19. Congressional Record

# Code of laws of the United States and rules for publication of the Congressional Record

TITLE 44, SECTION 901. CONGRESSIONAL RECORD: ARRANGEMENT, STYLE, CONTENTS, AND INDEXES.—The Joint Committee on Printing shall control the arrangement and style of the Congressional Record, and while providing that it shall be substantially a verbatim report of proceedings, shall take all needed action for the reduction of unnecessary bulk. It shall provide for the publication of an index of the Congressional Record semimonthly during and at the close of sessions of Congress.

TITLE 44, SECTION 904. CONGRESSIONAL RECORD: MAPS, DIAGRAMS, ILLUSTRATIONS.—Maps, diagrams, or illustrations may not be inserted in the Record without the approval of the Joint Committee on Printing.

#### **General rules**

The rules governing document work (FIC & punc.) apply to the Congressional Record, except as may be noted herein. The same general style should be followed in the permanent (bound) Record as is used in the daily Record. It is important to be familiar with the exceptions and the forms peculiar to the Record.

Much of the data printed in the Congressional Record is forwarded to GPO using the captured keystrokes of the floor reporters. Element identifier codes are programmatically inserted, and galley output is accomplished without manual intervention. It is not cost-effective to prepare the accompanying manuscript as per the GPO Style Manual, and it is too time-consuming to update and change the data once it is already in type form. Therefore, the Record is to be FIC & punc. Because of its volume, it is not necessary to stamp the manuscript FIC & punc. However, Record style will be followed, as stated in the following rules:

Daily and permanent Record texts are set in 8-point type on a 9-point body. Extracts are set in 7-point type on an 8-point body.

An F-dash will be used preceding 8-point cap lines in the proceedings of the Senate and House.

All 7-point extracts and poetry will carry 2 points of space above and below unless heads appear, which generate their own space.

All extracts are set 7 point unless otherwise ordered by the Joint Committee on Printing.

Except as noted below, all communications from the President must be set in 8 point, but if such communications contain extracts, etc., the extracts are set in 7 point.

An address of the President delivered outside of Congress or referred to as an extract is set in 7 point.

A letter from the President to the Senate is set in 7 point when any form of treaty is enclosed that is to be printed in the Record in connection therewith. The letter is set in 7 point whether the treaty follows or precedes it or is separated from it by intervening matter.

In all quoted amendments and excerpts of bills and in reprinting bills, the style and manuscript as printed in the bill will be followed.

Except where otherwise directed, profanity, obscene wording, or extreme vulgarisms are to be deleted and a 3-em dash substituted.

Floor-approved statements in a foreign language, will be printed following their English translation.

Extreme caution must be used in making corrections in manuscript, and no important change will be made without proper authorization.

Observe the lists of names of Senators, Representatives, and Delegates, committees of both Houses, and duplicate names. Changes caused by death, resignation, or otherwise must be noted. There is no excuse for error in the spelling of names of Senators, Representatives, or department officials. In case of doubt, the Congressional Directory will be the authority.

Datelines should be followed on Extensions of Remarks. If any question arises as to the proper date to be used, a supervisor must be consulted.

Indented matter in leaderwork will be 1 em only.

Do not write queries on proofs.

### Capitalization

(See also Chapter 3 "Capitalization Rules")

If the name of the Congressional Record is mentioned, it must be set in caps and small caps and never abbreviated, even when appearing in citations, except in extract matter, then cap/lowercase.

The name of a Senator or a Representative preceding his or her direct remarks is set in caps and is followed by a period with equal spacing to be used.

The name of a Senator or a Representative used in connection with a bill or other paper—that is, in an adjectival sense—is lowercased, as the Engel bill, the Fish amendment, etc.; but UDALL's amendment, etc.

The names of Members and Members-elect of both Houses of the Congress, including those of the Vice President and Speaker, will be printed in caps and small caps if mention is made of them, except in extract matter.

Deceased Members' names will be set in caps and small caps in eulogies only on the first day the House or Senate is in session following the death of a Member, in a speech carrying date when the Member was eulogized, or on memorial day in the Senate and House. Eulogy day in one House will be treated the same in the other.

Certificates of Senators-elect of a succeeding Congress are usually presented to the current Congress, and in such cases the names of the Senators-elect must be in caps and small caps.

Names of Members of Congress must be set in caps and lowercase in votes, in lists set in columns, in the list of standing and select committees, in contested-election cases, in lists of pairs, and in all parts of tabular matter (head, body, and footnotes).

Observe that the names of all persons not certified Members of Congress are to be set in caps and lowercase; that is, names of secretaries, clerks, messengers, and others.

Names of proposed Federal boards, commissions, services, etc., are capitalized.

Capitalize principal words and quote after each of the following terms: address, album, article, book, caption, chapter heading, editorial, essay, heading, headline, motion picture or play (including TV or radio program), paper, poem, report, song, subheading, subject, theme, etc. Also, following the word entitled, except with reference to bill titles which are treated as follows: "A bill (or an act) transferring certain functions of the Price Administrator to the Petroleum Administrator for War," etc.

#### **Figures**

Follow the manuscript as to the use of numerals. Dollar amounts in Record manuscript are to be followed.

Figures appearing in manuscript as "20 billion 428 million 125 thousand dollars" should be followed.

#### Tabular matter and leaderwork

Record tables may be set either one or three columns in width, as follows:

One-column table: 14 picas (168 points).

Three-column table:  $43\frac{1}{2}$  picas (522 points). Footnote(s) will be set  $43\frac{1}{2}$  picas.

All short footnotes should be run in with 2 ems between each.

#### **Italic**

Italic, boldface, caps, or small caps shall not be used for emphasis; nor shall unusual indentions be used. This does not apply to literally reproduced quotations from historical, legal, or official documents. If italic other than restricted herein is desired, the words should be underscored and "Fol. ital." written on each folio. Do not construe this to apply to "*Provided*," "*Provided further*," "*Ordered*," "*Resolved*," "*Be it enacted*," etc.

Names of vessels must be set in italic, except in headings, where they will be quoted.

The prayer delivered in either House must be set in 8-point roman. If prefaced or followed by a quotation from the Bible, such quotation must be set in 8-point italic. Extracts from the Bible or other literature contained in the body of the prayer will be set in 8-point roman and quoted.

When general or passing mention is made of a case in 8 point, the title is set in roman, as Smith Bros. case. When a specific citation is indicated and reference follows, use italic for title, as *Smith Bros.* case (172 App. Div. 149).

In 8-point manuscript, titles of cases are always set in italic if followed by references. In 7 point, manuscript is followed.

In 8-point matter, when only the title of a case is given, set in roman, as United States versus 12 Diamond Rings.

When *versus* is used in other than legal phrases and for the purposes of showing contrast, it is not abbreviated or set in italic, as "airplanes versus battleships."

#### Miscellaneous

Do not quote any communication carrying date and signature. However, a letter (or other communication) bearing both date and signature that appears within a letter shall be quoted.

Do not put quotation marks on centerheads in 7-point extracts unless centerheads belong to original matter.

In newspaper extracts, insert place and date at beginning of paragraph. Use caps and small caps for name of place and roman lowercase for spelled-out date. Connect date and extract by a period and an em dash. If date and place are credited in a bracket line above extract, they need not be used again at the beginning of the paragraph.

Each *Whereas* in a preamble must begin a new paragraph. The *Therefore be it* must be preceded by a colon and be run in with the last *Whereas*. *Be it* will run in with the word *Therefore*, *but* it must not be supplied when not in manuscript. Note the following:

Whereas it has been deemed advisable

Resolved, That the committee, etc.

to, etc.: Therefore be it

In the titles of legal cases, manuscript is followed as to spelling, abbreviations, and use of figures.

Use single punctuation in citations of cases and statutes:

United States v. 12 Diamond Rings (124 U.S. 329; R.S. p. 310, sec. 1748).

Indent asterisk lines 2 ems on each side. Use five asterisks.

If a title is used as part of the name of an organization, vessel, etc., spell; thus, General Ulysses S. Grant Post No. 76, Grand Army of the Republic.

The order of subdivision of the Constitution of the United States is as follows: article I, section 2, clause 3.

If an exhibit appears at the end of a speech, the head *Exhibit* is set in 7-point caps and small caps.

In extracts containing votes the names must be run in, as Mr. Smith of Texas, AuCoin, and Clay, etc.

In a Senator's or a Representative's remarks, when amendments, sections, etc., are referred to by number, follow the manuscript.

In text references to Senate and House reports and in executive and miscellaneous documents, follow the manuscript.

In headings and text references to resolutions and memorials, follow the manuscript.

## In gross or en gros

When a bill comes to final action, in the presentment of amendments collectively for a vote, either the term "in gross" or the French equivalent "en gros" may be used.

## **Examples of Congressional Record**

#### USE OF CAPS AND SMALL CAPS

[Note the use of parentheses and brackets in the following examples. Each will be used as submitted, as long as they are consistent throughout.]

Mr. THUNE. (Name all caps when a Member or visitor addresses Senate or House.)

On motion by [or of] Mr. Franken, it was, etc.

The VICE PRESIDENT resumed the chair.

The PRESIDING OFFICER (Mr. Blunt). Is there objection?

The SPEAKER called the House to order.

Mr. Hudson's amendment was adopted.

Mr. FARR. Madam Speaker, I yield to Mr. Hoyer.

Mr. HOYER said: If not paired, I would vote "no" on this bill.

A Member. And debate it afterward. Several Senators. I object.

But: Several Senators addressed the Chair.

Mr. COATS, Mr. DONNELLY (and others). Let it be read.

The Acting Secretary. In line 11, after the word "*Provided*", it is proposed, etc.

Mrs. CAPPS was recognized, and vielded her time to Mr. Cárdenas.

[When two Members from the same State have the same surname, full name is used.l

On motion of Ms. Linda T. Sánchez of California...

On motion of Ms. Loretta Sanchez of California . . .

Mr. DESANTIS and Mr. MARIO DIAZ-BALART of Florida rose to a point of order.

The CHAIRMAN appointed Mr. Poe and Mr. Israel as conferees.

#### [Extracts that consist of colloquies will use caps and small caps for names of persons speaking, as shown below:]

Mr. DeFazio. I think this bill is so well understood that no time will be required for its discussion.

Ms. Norton. Does this bill come from the Committee on Armed Services?

The Speaker. It does.

#### SPECIAL ORDERS GRANTED

By unanimous consent, permission to address the House, following the legislative and any special orders heretofore entered, was granted to:

Mr. Hoyer, for 1 hour, on Wednesday, February 2.

Mr. Engel (at the request of Mr. HOYER), for 1 hour, on February 2.

(The following Members (at the request of Mr. King of New York) and to revise and extend their remarks and include therein extraneous matter:)

Mrs. Comstock, for 5 minutes, today. Mr. Holding, for 5 minutes, today.

Mr. Coffman, for 60 minutes, today.

#### [Note the following double action:]

(Mr. HOYER asked and was given permission to extend his remarks at this point in the Record and to include extraneous matter.)

(Mr. HOYER addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.)

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Nebraska (Mr. For-TENBERRY) is recognized for 5 minutes.

(Mr. FORTENBERRY addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.)

#### PUNCTUATION

Mr. REID. Mr. President, I call up my amendment which is identified as "unprinted amendment No. 1296," and ask that it be stated.

The bill was reported to the Senate as amended, and the amendment was concurred in.

The bill was reported to the Senate without amendment, ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, read the third time, and passed.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, read the third time, and passed.

#### [Use this form when title of bill is given:]

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read the third time, was read the third time, and passed.

The title was amended so as to read: "A bill for the relief of Maude S. Burman."

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table. [House.]

[Use this form when title of bill is not given:1

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, was read the third time, and passed, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table. [House.]

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, and passed.

The amendments were ordered to be engrossed and the bill to be read a third time.

The amendment was agreed to, and the bill as amended was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time; and being engrossed, it was accordingly read the third time and passed.

There was no objection, and, by unanimous consent, the Senate proceeded...

The question was taken, and the motion was agreed to.

The question being taken, the motion was agreed to.

Ordered to lie on the table and to be printed.

Ms. EDWARDS. Mr. Chairman, I move to strike the requisite number of words.

(Ms. EDWARDS asked and was given permission to revise and extend her remarks.)

## [Note use of interrogation mark in the following:]

Mr. NELSON. Mr. President, what does this mean?—

We have never received a dollar of this amount.

POM-376. A resolution adopted by the House of Representatives of the State of Rhode Island expressing its opposition to federal proposals to authorize increases in the size or weight of commercial motor vehicles; to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation.

House Resolution No. 8296

Whereas, The State of Rhode Island is committed to protecting the safety of motorists on its highways and to protecting taxpayers' investment in our highway infrastructure; and

Whereas, The General Assembly of the State of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations resolved jointly to urge the Congress of the United States to . . .

Resolved, That this House of Representatives of the State of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations hereby reaffirms its opposition to proposals, at all levels of government, that would authorize increases in the size and weight of commercial motor vehicles because of the impact that these increases would have on highway infrastructure, especially bridges; and be it further

Resolved, That the Secretary of State be and he hereby is authorized and directed to transmit duly certified copies of this resolution to the President and Vice President of the United States, the Speaker of the United States House of Representatives, the Majority Leader of the United States Senate and the Rhode Island Delegation to the Congress of the United States.

#### [Note use of italic in title of cases:]

. . . This is the occasion America did not have to consider what other options might guarantee maternal safety while protecting the unborn. This is our national opportunity to reconsider *Roe* v. *Wade*, 410 U.S. 113 (1973).

Roe against Wade and its companion case, *Doe* v. *Bolton*, 410 U.S. 179 (1973), granted abortion the elevated status of a fundamental constitutional right and invalidated almost all effective restrictions on abortion throughout the 9 months of pregnancy . . . .

#### PARENTHESES AND BRACKETS

[The use of parentheses and brackets will be followed as submitted for acronyms, symbols, or abbreviations.]

This legislation would exempt certain defined Central Intelligence Agency [CIA] operational files from the search and review process of the Freedom of Information Act [FOIA], thus permitting the Agency to respond much more quickly to those FOIA requests which are at all likely to result in the release of information.

Mr. HUFFMAN. Madam Speaker, I now yield 5 minutes to the gentleman from Indiana (Mr. Higgins).

(Mr. BUTTERFIELD asked and was given permission to revise and extend his remarks in the Record.)

Ms. MOORE. There is no "may not" about it. Here is the form in which they are printed.

Mr. DOYLE. I am in hopes we shall be able to secure a vote on the bill tonight.

["Vote! Vote!"]

Mr. HICE. The Chair rather gets me on that question. [Laughter.] I did not rise. [Cries of "Vote! Vote!"]

Mrs. CAPPS [one of the tellers]. I do not desire to press the point that no quorum has voted.

The CHAIRMAN [after a pause]. If no gentleman claims the floor, the Clerk will proceed with the reading of the bill.

Mr. HURD of Texas. Then he is endeavoring to restrict the liberty of the individual in the disbursement of his own money. [Applause on the Republican side.]

Mr. ELLISON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to ask unanimous consent that the time of the gentleman—[Cries of "Regular Order!"]

[Laughter.]

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the consideration of this bill at this time? [After a pause.] There is no objection.

The CHAIRMAN [rapping with his gavel]. Debate is exhausted.

Mr. HURT of Virginia. Patrick Henry said:

Ceasar had his Brutus, Charles I his Cromwell, and George III—
[here he was interrupted by cries of "Treason, Treason"]

and George III may profit by their example. If this be treason, let us make the most of it!

(Mr. MILLER of Florida addressed the Committee [or House]. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.) [Names of Senators or Representatives appearing in remarks of other Members of Congress should be enclosed in brackets, except in listing of tellers or when some title other than "Mr." is used, as in the following examples:

Mr. SCHUMER. Mr. President, I thank my friend from Rhode Island [Senator Whitehouse] for that magnificent exchange of correspondence between the Hebrew congregation of Newport, RI, and President Washington.

May I say that Senator Whitehouse, in his own bearing and substance, lives out the promise of religious freedom that our first President gave to all Americans.

Perhaps I should say I say that as one of the descendants of the Stock of Abraham who is privileged to be a Member of the Senate today. I thank Senator Whitehouse. I thank Senator Moran.

I am going to take the liberty, if I may, to speak for a few minutes while we are waiting for either Senator Murkowski, Senators Warner or Menendez, who are going to read documents before I conclude.

[In Senate manuscript a Senator is referred to as "the Senator from ——[Mr. ——]." Do not supply name and brackets if name does not appear in manuscript.]

[Note that brackets are used only when Mr., etc., appears in manuscript.]

[See also use of *Mr., Mrs., Miss, Ms.* in explanation of votes under "Pairs."]

#### VOTING IN THE HOUSE AND IN COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE

[Note that a dash is used only when a comma is necessary to separate the ayes and noes. If only the ayes or the noes are given, no punctuation is to be used. If the word and is used to connect the ayes and noes, as ayes 52 and noes 65, or 52 ayes and 65 noes, the dash is omitted after the word were or being.]

On the question of ordering the yeas and nays there were 18 ayes and 88

The House divided; and there were—ayes 52, noes 65.

So (no further count being called for) the amendment of Mr. Scott of Virginia was not agreed to.

So (two-thirds having voted in favor thereof) the rules were suspended, and the bill was passed.

So (two-thirds not having voted in favor thereof) the motion was rejected.

The CHAIRMAN. The gentleman raises the point of no quorum. The Chair will count. [After counting.]

Two hundred and seventeen present, a quorum. The noes have it, and the amendment is rejected.

The question being taken on the motion of Mr. Hoyer to suspend the rules and pass the bill, it was agreed to (two-thirds voting in favor thereof).

So (the affirmative not being onefifth of the whole vote) the yeas and nays were not ordered.

The question was taken by a viva voice vote, and the Speaker announced that two-thirds appeared to have voted in the affirmative and [after a pause] that the bill was passed.

The yeas and nays were ordered, there being 43 in the affirmative, more than one-fifth of the last vote.

The question being taken on Mr. Shelby's motion, there were—ayes 18, noes 35.

The question being taken on concurring in the amendments of the Senate, there were—ayes 101, noes 5.

The question was taken; and on a division [demanded by Mr. Hoyer] there were—aves 17. noes 29.

Mr. HOYER. Mr. Chairman, I demand a recorded vote, and pending that, I make the point of order that a quorum is not present.

The CHAIRMAN. Evidently a quorum is not present.

The Chair announces that pursuant to clause 2, rule XXIII, he will vacate proceedings under the call when a quorum of the Committee appears.

Members will record their presence by electronic device.

The call was taken by electronic device.

#### □ 1715

[The above box followed by a four-digit number indicates floor time in the House (5:15 p.m.)]

QUORUM CALL VACATED

The CHAIRMAN. One hundred Members have appeared. A quorum of the Committee of the Whole is present. Pursuant to rule XXIII, clause 2, fur-

ther proceedings under the call shall be considered as vacated.

The Committee will resume its business.

The pending business is the demand of the gentleman from Minnesota [Mr. Paulsen] for a recorded vote.

A recorded vote was refused.

So the amendment to the amendment offered as a substitute for the amendment was rejected.

The CHAIRMAN. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Pennsylvania [Mr. Meehan] as a substitute for the amendment offered by the gentlewoman from South Dakota [Mrs. Noem].

The question was taken; and the Chairman announced that the noes appeared to have it.

#### RECORDED VOTE

Mr. MEEHAN. Mr. Chairman, I demand a recorded vote.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 228, noes 188, answered "present" 1, not voting 47, as follows

#### [Roll No. 509] AYES—228

Abraham	Ellmers (NC)	Huelskamp
Babin	Farenthold	Sensenbrenner
Brooks (AL)	Fincher	Walker
Brooks(IN)	Garrett	Westerman
Chabot	Goodlatte	Yoho
Curbelo (FL)	Hartzler	Zeldin

#### NOES-188

Adams	Matsui	Takano
Bonamici	McCollum	Van Hollen
DeGette	O'Rourke	Vargas
Deutch	Ryan (OH)	Veasey
Hastings	Sarbanes	Wilson (FL)
Langevin	Schakowsky	Yarmuth

## ANSWERED "PRESENT"—1

#### Fleming

#### NOT VOTING-17

Bishop(UT)	Lipinski	Price (NC)
Duckworth	McKinley	Reichert
Gohmert	Nugent	Ross
Graves (LA)	Palazzo	Valadao

#### $\Box$ 1311

Mr. RYAN of Wisconsin changed his vote from "aye" to "no."

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ, Ms. ESHOO, and Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN changed their vote from "no" to "aye."

[The Speaker's vote is recorded only in the "Ayes" or "Noes." It is never recorded as "not voting."]

[If the Speaker votes, his name is not used, but at the end of the "yeas" or "nays," according to his vote, insert: "The Speaker."]

So the amendment offered as a substitute for the amendment was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

#### **VOTING BY YEAS AND NAYS**

#### Senate

OHORHM CALL

The clerk will call the roll.

The assistant legislative clerk proceeded to call the roll, and the following Senators entered the Chamber and answered to their names:

#### [Quorum No. 42]

Alexander	Murkowski	Tillis
Feinstein	Nelson	Udall
Grassley	Paul	Vitter
Hatch	Sullivan	Warner
Heinrich	Tester	Whitehouse
Kaine	Thune	Wicker

The PRESIDING OFFICER [Mr. Sasse]. A quorum is not present.

Mr. REID. Mr. President, I move that the Sergeant at Arms be instructed to require the attendance of absent Senators, and I ask for the yeas and nays on the motion.

THE PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there a sufficient second? There is a sufficient second.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the motion of the Senator from Nevada. On this question the yeas and nays have been ordered, and the clerk will call the roll.

The Assistant legislative clerk called the roll.

Mr. DURBIN. I announce that the Senator from Ohio (Mr. Brown), the Senator from Massachusetts (Mr. Markey), the Senator from Illinois (Mr. Kirk), the Senator from Arkansas (Mr. Boozman), and the Senator from

Montana (Mr. Tester) are necessarily absent.

Mr. CORNYN. The following Senators are necessarily absent: the Senator from Minnesota (Mr. Franklin), the Senator from Nevada (Mr. Heller), the Senator from South Carolina (Mr. GRAHAM), the Senator from New Hampshire (Mrs. SHAHEEN), the Senator from Arizona (Mr. McCain), the Senator from Alaska (Ms. Murkowski), the Senator from South Dakota (Mr. Thune), the Senator from Louisiana (Mr. VITTER). and the Senator from Mississippi (Mr. WICKER).

Further, if present and voting, the Senator from Minnesota (Ms. Klobuchar) would have voted "yea."

The result was announced—yeas 52, nays 40, as follows:

#### [Rollcall Vote No. 163 Leg.] YEAS—76

Baldwin	Heitkamp	Pryor
Begich	Hirono	Reed
Bennet	Johnson (SD)	Reid
Blumenthal	Kaine	Rockefeller
Booker	Klobuchar	Sanders
Boxer	Landrieu	Schatz
Brown	Leahy	Schumer
Cantwell	Levin	Shaheen
Cardin	Manchin	Stabenow
Carper	Markey	Tester
Casey	McCaskill	Udall (CO)
Coons	Menendez	Udall (NM)
Durbin	Merkley	Walsh
Feinstein	Mikulski	Warner
Franken	Murphy	Warren
Gillibrand	Murray	Whitehouse
Hagan	Nelson	Wyden
Heinrich		

Barrasso

Chambliss

Blunt.

	NAYS—10	
Alexander	Flake	Murkowski
Ayotte	Graham	Paul
Boozman	Grassley	Portman
Burr	Heller	Risch
Coats	Hoeven	Rubio
Coburn	Inhofe	Scott
Cochran	Isakson	Sessions
Collins	Johanns	Shelby
Corker	Johnson (WI)	Thune
Cornyn	King	Toomey
Crapo	Kirk	Vitter
Cruz	Lee	Wicker
Enzi	McCain	
Fischer	McConnell	

# NOT VOTING—14 Donnelly Moran Harkin Roberts

So the motion was agreed to.

Hatch

#### **PAIRS**

[The word with must always be used in pairs in the House, not and; and manuscript must be altered to conform thereto, as Mr. Smith with Mr. Jones—not Mr. Smith and Mr. Jones. Note use of lowercase for names in list of pairs in House.]

The Clerk announced the following pairs:

On this vote:

Mr. Abraham for, with Mr. Aderholt against.

Until further notice:

Mr. Barr with Mrs. Beatty.

Mrs. Capps with Mr. Calvert.

Ms. Maxine Waters of California with Mr. Sean Patrick Maloney of New York

Mr. Ackerman with Mr. Young of Alaska

Mr. HANNA of New York, Mrs. BUSTOS, Messrs. FOSTER, HILL, and ISRAEL changed their votes from "nav" to "yea."

So the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

Mr. BARR. Mr. Speaker, I voted, but, being paired with the gentlelady from Minnesota, Mrs. BEATTY, I withdraw my vote.

Ms. MAXINE WATERS of California. Mr. Speaker, I have a pair with the gentleman from New York, Mr. Sean Patrick Maloney of New York, who, if present, would have voted "yea." I voted "nay." I withdraw my vote and vote "present."

[In House pairs do not use brackets when members are referred to by name. In Senate pairs observe the following use of brackets:]

Mr. DAWES (when his name was called). I am paired on this question with the senior Senator from Massachusetts [Mr. Markey]. If he were here, I should vote "yea."

[Doll No. 41]

#### CALL OF THE HOUSE

Mr. PALLONE. Ms. Speaker, I move a call of the House.

A call of the House was ordered.

The call was taken by electronic device and the following Members responded to their names:

	[K011 NO. 41]	
Abraham	Garamendi	Tiberi
Aguilar	Hurd (TX)	Tipton
Brady (PA)	Hurt(VA)	Tonko
Brady (TX)	Neugebauer	Torres
Davis, Rodney	Perlmutter	Yoho
DeFazio	Ros-Lehtinen	Young (AK)

[No reference will be made of the names of those not voting.]

#### FORMS OF TITLES

[Always in roman lowercase, flush and hang 1 em, if more than two lines.]

H.J. Res. 2

Joint resolution authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to issue to

the public 2 per centum bonds or certificates, etc.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the . . .

#### H.R. 4487

A bill to authorize the Rock Island and Southwestern Railway Company to construct a bridge, etc.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of

America in Congress assembled, That it shall be lawful for the Rock Island and Southwestern Railway Company, a corporation organized under the general incorporation, etc.

#### ADDRESSES AND SIGNATURES

[No line spacing, street addresses, or ZIP	Dear Mr. Speaker: Having changed my
Code numbers are to be used in communica-	politics from Republican to Democrat, etc.
tions in the Record.]	With my best wishes.
The Honorable the Secretary of the	Sincerely,
NAVY.	Vincent J. Dellay. $\square$
Dear Mr. Secretary: This is in response	
to your letter, etc.	U.S. Senate, $\square$
□□□Very sincerely yours,	President pro tempore,
George W. Bush.	Washington, DC, March 17, 2016. $\square$
	To the Senate:
Columbia, $MO, \square\square$	Being temporarily absent from the
January 17, 2016.□	Senate, I appoint Hon. Rob Portman, a
Hon. Claire McCaskill,	Senator from the State of Montana, to
Cannon House Office Building,	perform the duties of the Chair during my
Washington, DC.	absence.
☐The President's farm message of today	ORRIN G. HATCH,
farmers and prevent the spread of this	President pro tempore. $\square$
depression to every part of our country.	
Missouri Farmers	
Association,	DESIGNATION OF SPEAKER PRO
F.V. Heinkel, $President$ .	TEMPORE
January 20, 2016. $\square$	The SPEAKER pro tempore laid before
Hon. Jacob J. Lew,	the House the following communication
The Secretary of the Treasury, Department	from the Speaker:
$\square\square$ of the Treasury, Washington, DC.	Washington, DC,
Dear Mr. Secretary: Mindful of the tre-	June 17, 2016. ☐
mendous workload, etc.	☐ I hereby appoint the Honorable Ken Buck
I would appreciate your comment on the	to act as Speaker pro tempore on this day.
foregoing proposal.	Paul D. Ryan,
Your proposal seems to be in the best in-	Speaker of the House of Representatives. $\square$
terest of all concerned.	
□□□Sincerely yours,	The International Union, United
John P. Sarbanes,	AUTOMOBILE, AEROSPACE AND AGRI-
Member of Congress.	CULTURAL IMPLEMENT WORKERS OF
	AMERICA,
Alexandria, $MN, \square\square$	Detroit, MI, March 25, 2016.
November 10, 2016. ☐	To the Senate of the United States.
Hon. Amy Klobuchar,	To the United States House of Representa-
Senate Office Building,	tives.
Washington, DC.	HONORABLE SIRS: April 7, 2016, being the
☐ We oppose the nomination of John Smith	60th anniversary of the modification, etc.
for Secretary of Agriculture because he re-	[Two to eight independent signatures, with
sists family farms.	or without titles, are aligned on the left.]
Raymond Wagner.	To the Honorable Senate and House of
Brandon, MN.	Representatives of the United States of
<del></del>	America Now Assembled at Washington,
January 17, 1972.□	$\square\square DC$ :
Re resignation from committee.	The undersigned, officers of the Navy of
Hon. Carl Albert,	the United States, respectfully show unto
The Speaker, U.S. House of Representa-	
$\Box$ tives, U.S. Capitol, Washington, DC.	

your honorable bodies the following information, etc.

James G. Green. W.H. Southerland. Thomas Harrison. F.F. Fletcher. Robert Whelan. C.C. Wilson.

Respectfully submitted,

KARL F. FELLER.

International President.

Thomas Rusch,

Director of Organization.

Arthur Gildea,

 $Secretary\text{-}Treasurer. \square$  Joseph E. Brady,

 $Director\ of\ Legislation.$ 

[More than eight signatures, with or without titles, are set full measure, caps and lowercase, run in, indented 2 and 3 ems, as follows:]

Gene H. Rosenblum, Cochairman; Paul H. Ray, Cochairman; Cynthia Asplund, James Pedersen, George Doty, Thomas Martin: Joan O'Neill: St. Lloyd Moosebrugger: Sam Kaplan; Ronald Nemer; Dean Potter; Philip Archer; Thomas McDonough: Mrs. Llovd Moosebrugger: Minnesota Young Democratic Civil Rights Committee.

TEXARKANA TEXTILE MERCHANTS & MANUFACTURERS' ASSOCIATION, JOHN L. JONES, Secretary.

#### CREDITS

[From the Wall Street Journal, Oct. 31, 2007]

Surveillance Sanity

(By Benjamin Civiletti, Dick Thornburgh and William Webster)

Following the terrorist attacks of Sept. 11, 2001, President Bush authorized the National Security Agency to target al Qaeda communications into and out of the country. Mr. Bush concluded that this was essential for protecting the country, that using the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act would not permit the necessary speed and agility, and that he had the constitutional power to authorize such surveillance without court orders to defend the country.

Since the program became public in 2006, Congress has been asserting appropriate oversight. Few of those who learned the details of the program have criticized its necessity. Instead, critics argued that if the president found FISA inadequate, he should have gone to Congress and gotten the changes necessary to allow the program to proceed under court orders. That process is now underway. The administration has brought the program under FISA, and the Senate Intelligence Committee recently reported out a bill with a strong bipartisan majority of 13-2, that would make the changes to FISA needed for the program to continue. This bill is now being considered by the Senate Judiciary Committee.

#### **POETRY**

[If poetry is quoted, each stanza should start with quotation marks, but only the last stanza should end with them. The lines of the poem should align on the left, those that rhyme taking the same indention. Poems are flush left; overs 3 ems; 2 points of space between stanzas, and 2 points of space above and below.]

CASEY AT THE BAT

The outlook wasn't brilliant for the Mudville nine that day:

The score stood four to two, with but one inning more to play.

And then when Cooney died at first, and Barrows did the same,

A pall-like silence fell upon the patrons of the game.

A straggling few got up to go in deep despair.

The rest clung to that hope which springs eternal in the human breast;

They thought, if only Casey could get but a whack at that—

We'd put up even money now, with Casey at the bat.

But Flynn preceded Casey, as did also Jimmy Blake,

And the former was a hoodoo and the latter was a cake;

So upon that stricken multitude grim melancholy sat,

For there seemed but little chance of Casey's getting to the bat.

But Flynn let drive a single, to the wonderment of all.

And Blake, the much despised, tore the cover off the ball;

And when the dust had lifted, and the men saw what had occurred.

There was Jimmy safe at second and Flynn a-hugging third.

Then from five thousand throats and more there rose a lusty yell;

It rumbled through the valley, it rattled in the dell:

It pounded on the mountain and recoiled upon the flat,

For Casey, mighty Casey, was advancing to the bat.

There was ease in Casey's manner as he stepped into his place;

There was pride in Casey's bearing and a smile lit Casey's face.

And when, responding to the cheers, he lightly doffed his hat,

No stranger in the crowd could doubt 'twas Casey at the bat.

Ten thousand eyes were on him as he rubbed his hands with dirt;

Five thousand tongues applauded when he wiped them on his shirt.

Then while the writhing pitcher ground the ball into his hip,

Defiance gleamed in Casey's eye, a sneer curled Casey's lip.

And now the leather-covered sphere came hurtling through the air,

And Casey stood a-watching it in haughty grandeur there.

Close by the sturdy batsman the ball unheeded sped—

"That ain't my style," said Casey. "Strike one," the umpire said.

From the benches, black with people, there went up a muffled roar,

Like the beating of the storm-waves on a stern and distant shore.

"Kill him! Kill the umpire!" shouted someone on the stand;

And it's likely they'd a-killed him had not Casey raised his hand.

With a smile of Christian charity great Casey's visage shone:

He stilled the rising tumult; he bade the game go on;

He signaled to the pitcher, and once more the dun sphere flew;

But Casey still ignored it, and the umpire said, "Strike two."

"Fraud!" cried the maddened thousands, and echo answered fraud;

But one scornful look from Casey and the audience was awed.

They saw his face grow stern and cold, they saw his muscles strain,

And they knew that Casey wouldn't let that ball go by again.

The sneer is gone from Casey's lip, his teeth are clenched in hate;

He pounds with cruel violence his bat upon the plate.

And now the pitcher holds the ball, and now he lets it go.

And now the air is shattered by the force of Casey's blow.

Oh, somewhere in this favored land the sun is shining bright;

The band is playing somewhere, and somewhere hearts are light,

And somewhere men are laughing, and somewhere children shout;

But there is no joy in Mudville—mighty Casey has struck out.

—Ernest Lawrence Thayer.

#### **EXTRACTS**

[Extracts must be set in 7 point unless ordered otherwise by the Joint Committee on Printing. This does not refer to a casual quotation of a few words or a quotation that would not make more than 3 lines of 7-point type. The beginning of the 7-point extract must start with a true paragraph; 8-point type following is always a paragraph.]

On February 29, Sue Payton, who is the Air Force's Assistant Secretary for Acquisition, said at a DOD news briefing:

We have been extremely open and

transparent. We have had a very thorough review of what we're doing. We've got it nailed.

A week later, she told the House Appropriations Subcommittee on Defense:

The Air Force followed a carefully structured source selection process,—

They what?

designed to provide transparency, maintain integrity, and ensure a fair competition.

And throughout the last 4 months, Air Force officials have insisted that they selected the cheapest plane that best met their criteria and that they made no mistakes.

[Note, as above, that following an excerpt, the 8 point must begin with a paragraph.]

[An address of the President delivered outside of Congress or referred to as an extract will be set in 7 point.]

#### SCHEME OF TEXT HEADINGS

[In 8-point, heads are 8-point caps. After the cap head, all sub heads are 7-point small caps, regardless of any perceived hierarchy.

[In 7-point, the progression is as follows (in descending order):

7-point caps and small caps.

7-point small caps.

7-point italic lowercase.

7-point roman caps and lowercase.

7-point roman lowercase.]

#### USE OF DOUBLE HEADS

This is something which has been entirely overlooked by the . . .

ANALYSIS OF SPECIFIC PROVISIONS OF THE COMMITTEE BILL

AMENDMENTS CHANGING THE INTERSTATE COMMERCE PROVISIONS OF THE ACE

As the law stands today, it applies only to an employee who...

#### EXECUTIVE PROGRAM

ESTATE TAX CONVENTION WITH CANADA

AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED

RECIPROCAL TRADE

WARREN AMENDMENT NO. 1194

HEADS USED IN EXTENSIONS OF REMARKS

VA ACCOUNTABILITY FIRST AND APPEALS MODERNIZATION ACT OF 2016

SPEECH OF

#### HON. CHRIS VAN HOLLEN

OF MARYLAND

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, September 13, 2016

The House in Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union had under consideration the bill (H.R. 5620) to amend title 38, United States Code, to provide for the removal or demotion of employees of the Department of Veterans Affairs based on performance or misconduct, and for other purposes:

[The words "Speech of" are to be used only when on manuscript and is an indication that that particular Extension of Remarks is to be inserted in the proceedings of the bound Record of the date used in the heading.]

#### MISSING CHILDREN

## HON, ORRIN G. HATCH

OF UTAH

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES
Wednesday, February 3, 1999

Mr. HATCH. Mr. President, I rise before this distinguished assembly to focus additional attention on the tragedy of missing children. The Department of Health and Human Services has estimated that approximately 1.3 million children disappear each year. A significant number do not leave of their own accord

#### CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS

## **SENATE**

Tuesday, July 12, 2016

(Legislative day of Monday, July 11, 2016)1

The Senate met at 9:30 a.m., on the expiration of the recess, and was called to order by the Honorable Lisa Merkowski, a Senator from the State of Alaska.

## [Above line to be used only when Senate had been in recess.]

The Senate met at 9:30 a.m., and was called to order by the Honorable James Lankford, a Senator from the State of Oklahoma.

#### [Note.—Entire prayer set in 8 point.]

#### PRAYER

The Chaplain, Dr. Barry C. Black, offered the following prayer:

Let us pray.

Our Father in heaven, we thank You for the beautiful differences in the human family, for its varied shapes and sizes, its features and colors, its abilities and talents. Deliver us from the forces that would destroy our unity by eliminating our diversity.

Bless the Members of this body. Help them in their debates to distinguish between substance and semantics, between rhetoric and reality. Free them from personal and partisan preoccupations that would defeat their aspirations and deprive Americans of just and equitable solutions. May our lawmakers avoid the works of darkness and put on Your armor of light.

We pray in Your holy Name. Amen.

#### PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

The Presiding Officer led the Pledge of Allegiance, as follows:

I pledge allegiance to the Flag of the United States of America, and to the Republic for which it stands, one nation under God, indivisible, with liberty and justice for all.

# APPOINTMENT OF ACTING PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will please read a communication to the Senate from the President pro tempore (Mr. Hatch).

The legislative clerk read the following letter:

U.S. Senate,
President pro tempore,
Washington, DC, September 26, 2016.

To the Senate

Under the provisions of rule I, section 3, of the Standing Rules of the Senate, I hereby appoint the Honorable Joni Ernst, a Senator from the State of Iowa, to perform the duties of the Chair.

Orrin G. Hatch, President pro tempore.

Mrs. ERNST thereupon assumed the chair as Acting President protempore.

# RECOGNITION OF THE MAJORITY LEADER

The ACTING PRESIDENT protempore. The majority leader is recognized.

#### SCHEDULE

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, following my remarks and those of Senator Reid, there will be a period of morning business for 1 hour, with Senators permitted to speak therein for up to 10 minutes each. The majority will control the first 30 minutes;

 $^{^{1}}$ To be used only when the Senate had been in recess.

the Republicans will control the second 30 minutes.

Following morning business, the Senate will resume consideration of the motion to proceed to S. 3044, the Consumer-First Energy Act. The first 4 hours of debate will be equally divided and controlled in 30-minute alternating blocks of time, with the majority controlling the first 30 minutes and Republicans controlling the next 30 minutes.

Upon conclusion of the controlled time, Senators will be permitted to speak for up to 10 minutes each.

As a reminder, yesterday, I filed cloture on the motion to proceed to S. 3101, the Medicare Improvements for Patients and Providers Act. That cloture vote will occur tomorrow morning.

### RESERVATION OF LEADER TIME

The ACTING PRESIDENT pro tempore. Under the previous order, the leadership time is reserved.

#### MORNING BUSINESS

The ACTING PRESIDENT pro tempore. Under the previous order, the Senate will proceed to a period of morning business for up to 1 hour, with Senators permitted to speak therein for up to 10 minutes each, with the time equally divided and controlled between the two leaders or their designees, with the majority controlling the first half and the Republicans controlling the final half.

Ms. BALDWIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the order for the quorum call be rescinded.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

#### CONCLUSION OF MORNING BUSINESS

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Morning business is now closed.

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2017—MOTION TO PROCEED

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Under the previous order, the Senate will resume consideration of the motion to proceed to H.R. 5325, which the clerk will report.

The senior assistant legislative clerk read as follows:

Motion to proceed to Calendar No. 516, H.R. 5325, a bill making appropriations for the Legislative Branch for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2017, and for other purposes.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The assistant Democratic leader.

ZIKA VIRUS FUNDING

Mr. DURBIN. Mr. President, I can still recall the first briefing I had as a Member of Congress on something called HIV/AIDS. . . .

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH APPRO-PRIATIONS ACT, 2017—MOTION TO PROCEED—Continued

[Note the use of bullets signifying that which was not spoken on the floor.]

#### ADDITIONAL STATEMENTS

#### TRIBUTE TO GEORGE TAKEI

• Ms. HIRONO. Mr. President, "Oh Myyy!" My friend George Takei is being honored with the National Asian Pacific American Bar Association's NAPABA, Inspire Award. In addition to his many contributions to the arts, George has been on the forefront for decades, fighting for those who don't have a voice. . . . ●

## MESSAGES FROM THE PRESIDENT

Messages from the President of the United States were communicated to the Senate by Mr. Pate, one of his secretaries.

# EXECUTIVE MESSAGES REFERRED

As in executive session the Presiding Officer laid before the Senate messages from the President of the United States submitting sundry nominations which were referred to the appropriate committees.

(The nominations received today are printed at the end of the Senate proceedings.)

REPORT OF THE VETO OF S. 2040, THE JUSTICE AGAINST SPON-SORS OF TERRORISM ACT, RECEIVED DURING ADJOURN-MENT OF THE SENATE ON SEPTEMBER 23, 2016—PM 56

The PRESIDING OFFICER laid before the Senate the following message from the President of the United States which was ordered to be printed in the Record, spread in full upon the Journal and held at the desk:

To the Senate of the United States:

I am returning herewith without my approval S. 2040, the "Justice Against Sponsors of Terrorism Act" (JASTA)....

The JASTA, however, does not contribute to these goals, does not enhance the safety of Americans from terrorist attacks, and undermines core U.S. interests. For these reasons, I must veto the bill.

Barack Obama.

The White House, September 23, 2016.

[The above to be 8 point.]

[When communications from the President contain extracts, etc., such extracts must be in 7 point.]

#### MESSAGES FROM THE HOUSE

At 12:21 p.m., a message from the House of Representatives, delivered by Mr. Novotny, one of its reading clerks, announced that the House has passed the following bill, with an amendement and an amendment to

the title, in which it requests the concurrence of the Senate:

S. 253. An act to amend the Communications Act of 1934 to consolidate the reporting obligations of the Federal Communications Commission in order to improve congressional oversight and reduce reporting burdens.

#### ENROLLED BILLS SIGNED

At 10:05 a.m., a message from the House of Representatives, delivered by Mr. Novotny, one of its reading clerks, announced that the Speaker has signed the following enrolled bill:

H.R. 5325. An act making continuing appropriations for fiscal year 2017, and for other purposes. The enrolled bill was subsequently signed by the President protempore (Mr. HATCH).

The President pro tempore (Mr. HATCH) announced that on today, September 29, 2016, he signed the following enrolled bills, which were previously signed by the Speaker of the House:

- S. 1878. An act to extend the pediatric priority review voucher program.
- S. 2683. An act to include disabled veteran leave in the personnel management system of the Federal Aviation Administration.

At 12:56 p.m., a message from the House of Representatives, delivered by Mr. Novotny, one of its reading clerks, announced that the House has passed the following bill, in which it requests the concurrence of the Senate:

H.R. 5303. An act to provide for improvements to the rivers and harbors of the United States, to provide for the conservation and development of water and related resources, and for other purposes.

#### MEASURES REFERRED

The following bills were read the first and the second times by unanimous consent, and referred as indicated:

H.R. 5065. An act to direct the Administrator of the Transportation Security Administration to notify air

carriers and security screening personnel of the Transportation Security Administration of such Administration's guidelines regarding permitting baby formula, breast milk, purified deionized water, and juice on airplanes, and for other purposes, to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation.

## MEASURES PLACED ON THE CALENDAR

The following bill was read the second time, and placed on the calendar:

S. 3326. A bill to give States the authority to provide temporary access to affordable private health insurance options outside of Obamacare exchanges.

## $\begin{array}{c} \text{MEASURES READ THE FIRST} \\ \text{TIME} \end{array}$

The following bill was read the first time:

H.R. 954. An act to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exempt from the individual mandate certain individuals who had coverage under a terminated qualified health plan funded through the Consumer Operated and Oriented Plan (CO-OP) program.

#### ENROLLED BILL PRESENTED

The Secretary of the Senate reported that on September 12, 2016, she had presented to the President of the United States the following enrolled bill:

S. 2040. An act to deter terrorism, provide justice for victims, and for other purposes.

# EXECUTIVE AND OTHER COMMUNICATIONS

The following communications were laid before the Senate, together with accompanying papers, reports, and documents, and were referred as indicated:

EC-7000. A communication from the Secretary of the Commodity Futures Trading Commission, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a rule entitled "System Safeguards Testing

Requirements for Derivatives Clearing Organizations" (RIN3038-AE29) received in the Office of the President of the Senate on September 21, 2016; to the Committee on

# REPORT ON CLASSIFIED INFORMATION (S. DOC. NO. 107)

Mr. WARNER. Mr. President, the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate has recently requested the Office of Public Relations of the Department of the Navy to submit to it a report on classified information. The Department of the Navy has complied with the request, and I now present the report and ask that it be published as a Senate document.

The VICE PRESIDENT. Without objection, the report will be printed as a document as requested by the Senator from Virginia.

[Note the insertion of S. Doc. No. — in cases where papers are ordered to be printed as a document. To be inserted only when ordered to be printed or its equivalent is in manuscript.]

#### Third reading and passage of a bill.

#### MISSOURI RIVER BRIDGE NEAR ST. CHARLES, MO

The bill (S. 4174) to extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Missouri River at or near St. Charles, MO, was considered, ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, read the third time, and passed, as follows:

#### S. 4174

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the times for commencing and completing the construction of the bridge across the Missouri River, etc.

# GOVERNMENT OF THE TERRITORY OF HAWAII

The Senate proceeded to consider the bill (S. 1881) to amend an act entitled "An act to provide a government for the Territory of Hawaii," approved April 30, 1900, as amended, to establish a Hawaiian Homes Commission, and for other purposes, which had been reported from the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs with amendments.

The first amendment was, on page 4 line 22, to strike out "Keaaupaha" and insert "Keaaukaha".

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, on page 6, line 19, after the figure "(1)", to insert "by further authorization of Congress and", so as to make the paragraph read:

(1) by further authorization of Congress and for a period of five years after the first meeting of the Hawaiian Homes Commission only those lands situated on the island of Molokaki, etc.

The Amendment was agreed to.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, read the third time, and passed.

#### Forms of amendments

The joint resolution (S.J. Res. 4) requesting the President to negotiate a treaty or treaties for the protection of salmon in retrain parts of the Pacific Ocean was announced as next in order.

Mr. INHOFE. Mr. President, I have just had an opportunity to examine this joint resolution. I offer this amendment.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Secretary will state the amendment offered by the Senator from Arizona.

The READING CLERK. On page 1, line 11, it is proposed to strike out the words "both within and", so as to make the joint resolution read:

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, requested to negotiate on behalf of the United States, as promptly as is practicable, etc.

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I observe in the report of the bill by the chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee that it is reported as a Senate joint resolution. I ask for a modification of it so that it will be a Senate resolution instead of a Senate joint resolution.

The LEGISLATIVE CLERK. It is proposed to strike out "S.J. Res. 4" and insert "S. Res. 85".

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the modification? The Chair hears one and it will be so modified.

Mr. INHOFE. Would it not be necessary to change the resolving clause also? The resolving clause reads:

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

The amendment was agreed to.

## [Note use of words, figures, and punctuation in the following example. Follow manuscript.]

next amendment was, page 34, in line 9, under the head-"Employees' Compensation Commission", before the word "assistants", to strike out "five" and insert "three"; in line 10, after the word "clerks" and before the words "of class 3", to strike out "seven" and insert "five"; in line 11, before the words "of class 2", to strike out "twelve" and insert "nine"; in the same line, before the words "of class 1", to strike out "twenty-seven" and insert "twenty"; in line 12, before the words "at \$1.000 each", to strike out "three" and insert "two"; and in line 18, to strike out "\$124,940" and insert "\$102,590", so as to read:

#### EMPLOYEE'S COMPENSATION COMMISSION

Salaries: Three Commissioners at \$4,000 each; secretary, \$2,750; attorney, \$4,000; chief statistician, \$3,000; chief of accounts, \$2,500; accountant, \$2,250; claim examiners—chief \$2,250, assistant \$2,000, assistant \$1,800, three assistants at \$1,600 each; special agents—two at \$1,800 each, two at \$1,600 each; clerks—five of class 3, nine of class 2, twenty of class 1, two at \$1,000 each; in all \$102,590.

Mr. UDALL submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the sundry civil appropriation bill,

which was ordered to lie on the table and to be printed, as follows:

Add a new section, as follows: "That the President of the Senate appoint three Members of the Senate; and the Speaker of the House three Members of the House."

The Senate resumed the consideration of the bill (H.R. 4075) to limit the immigration of aliens into the United States.

[An executive session usually being open, the following precedes the recess or adjournment heading:]

REPORT ON THE STATE OF THE UNION DELIVERED TO A JOINT SESSION OF CONGRESS ON JANUARY 12, 2016—PM 36

The PRESIDING OFFICER laid before the Senate the following message from the President of the United States which was ordered to lie on the table.

To the Congress of the United States:

Mr. Speaker, Mr. Vice President, Members of Congress, my fellow Americans:

Tonight marks the eighth year I've come here to report on the State of the Union. And for this final one, I'm going to try to make it shorter. I know some of you are antsy to get back to Iowa. I also understand that because it's an election season, expectations for what we'll achieve this year are low. Still, Mr. Speaker, I appreciate the constructive approach you and the other leaders took at the end of last year to pass a budget and make tax cuts permanent for working families. So I hope we can work together this year on bipartisan priorities like criminal justice reform, and helping people who are battling prescription drug abuse. We just might surprise the cynics agains.

But tonight, I want to go easy on the traditional list of proposals for the year ahead. Don't worry, I've got plenty, from helping students learn to write computer code to personalizing medical treatments for patients. And I'll keep pushing for progress on the work that still needs doing. Fixing a broken immigration system. Protecting our kids from gun violence. Equal pay for equal work, paid leave, raising the minimum wage. All these things still matter to hardworking families; they are still the right thing to do; and I will not let up until they get done. . . .

That's the America I know. That's the country we love. Clear-eyed. Bighearted. Optimistic that unarmed truth and unconditional love will have the final word. That's what makes me so hopeful about our future. Because of you. I believe in you. That's why I stand here confident that the State of our Union is strong.

Thank you, God bless you, and God bless the United States of America.

Barack Obama.  $\square$  The White House, *January 12*, 2016.

To the Senate of the United States:

To the end that I may receive the advice and consent of the Senate to ratification, I transmit herewith a treaty of arbitration and conciliation between the United States and Switzerland, signed at Washington on March 17, 1952.

HARRY S. TRUMAN. THE WHITE HOUSE, March 17, 1952.

[A letter from the President to the Senate is set in 7-point type when any form of treaty is encloses that is to be printed in the Record in connection therewith. The letter is set in 7-point type whether the treaty follows or precedes it or separated from it by intervening matter.]

## RECESS UNTIL TOMORROW AT 10:30 A.M.

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I know of no further business to come before the Senate. I move, in accordance with the order previously entered, that the Senate stand in recess until the hour of 10:30 a.m. tomorrow.

The motion was agreed to and, at 7:34 p.m., the Senate recessed until Wednesday, June 5, 2016, at 10:30 a.m.

[After the recess or adjournment the following may appear:]

#### NOMINATIONS

Executive Nominations received by the Senate.

[Under the heads Nominations, Confirmations, Withdrawal, and Rejection, the following scheme for subheads is to be followed:

[Heads indicating service, or branch or department of Government and subheads

indicating subdivision or type of service—7-point small caps.

[Subheads indicating new rank of appointee—7-point italic initial cap.

[Text is set in 5-point caps.

[Note: Nominations will be set first name, middle name (or first middle initial), and last name throughout followed by period. Asterisks, if any, precede names as in executive nominations.]

Executive nominations received by the Senate:

#### NATIONAL FOUNDATION ON

THE ARTS AND THE HUMANITIES

JANE MARIE DOGGETT, OF MONTANA, TO BE A MEMBER OF THE NATIONAL COUNCIL ON THE HUMANITIES FOR A TERM EXPIRING JANUARY 26, 2022, VICE CATHY M. DAVIDSON, TERM EXPIRED.

#### STATE JUSTICE INSTITUTE

WILFREDO MARTINEZ, OF FLORIDA, TO BE A MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE STATE JUSTICE INSTITUTE FOR A TERM EXPIRING SEPTEMBER 17, 2019. (REAPPOINTMENT)

#### INTHENAVY

THE FOLLOWING NAMED OFFICER FOR APPOINTMENT IN THE UNITED STATES NAVY TO THE GRADE

INDICATED WHILE ASSIGNED TO A POSITION OF IMPORTANCE AND RESPONSIBILITY UNDER TITLE 10, U.S.C., SECTION 601:

To be vice admiral

VICE ADMIN. DIXON R. SMITH

#### CONFIRMATIONS

Executive nominations confirmed by the Senate September 28, 2016:

IN THE AIR FORCE

THE FOLLOWING NAMED OFFICER FOR APPOINT-MENT IN THE UNITED STATES AIR FORCE TO THE GRADE INDICATED UNDER TITLE 10, U.S.C., SECTION 694

To be brigadier general

COL. KENNETH P. EKMAN

To be brigadier general

COL. ALFRED F. ABRAMSON III

COL. PETER B. ANDRYSIAK, JR.

COL. ROBERT W. BENNETT, JR.

#### HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Friday, September 9, 2016

[When the Speaker is in the Chair, follow this style.]

The House met at noon.

The Chaplain, the Reverend Patrick J. Conroy, offered the following prayer:

Merciful God, we give You thanks for giving us another day.

In this year of post-9/11, we pray that the children of this generation and their children's children may never have to experience another day like the one that flooded our TV screens so many years ago.

Protect and guide this Nation to a new security, built upon human integrity and communal solidarity with all who love freedom and human dignity, while respecting the lives and beliefs of others.

Empower the Members of Congress and governments around the world to establish just laws and seek the common good that will lead to ways of equity and peace.

May all that is done this day be for Your greater honor and glory.

Amen.

## [When the Speaker is not in the Chair, follow this style.]

The House met at 12:30 and was called to order by the Speaker protempore (Mr. Bost).

#### DESIGNATION OF SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore laid before the House the following communication from the Speaker:

Washington, DC, June 17, 2016.

I hereby appoint the Honorable Mike Bost to act as Speaker pro tempore on this day.

PAUL D. RYAN,

 $Speaker\ of\ the\ House\ of\ Representatives.$ 

#### PRAYER1

The Chaplain, the Reverend Patrick J. Conroy, offered the following prayer:

We give You thanks, O God, for giving us another day. In the wake of a great American holiday, we ask Your special blessing on American workers, those fortunate to have jobs during these difficult economic times and those desiring work. May they know and be confident of the nobility and sacredness of their labor.

As the Members of the people's House return to the Capitol, call them, as well, with Your gentling voice of collegiality.

When a sense of alienation shadows all of our souls, we find our differences difficult to bear; we move away from each other. Insofar as this spirit of alienation has descended upon this House, help each Member to overcome unnecessary divisions that hamper productive work on behalf of our Nation.

Bring them to a deeper level of awareness of Your spirit, and make us one Nation. Give the Members listening hearts, ready and willing to respond to Your spirit living in each

And may all that is done be for Your greater honor and glory.

Amen.

#### THE JOURNAL

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair has examined the Journal of the last day's proceedings and announces to the House his approval thereof.

Pursuant to clause 1, rule I, the Journal stands approved.

¹ Head is not used when the Speaker is in the chair. See preceding example.

#### PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Will the gentleman from Iowa (Mr. Blum) come forward and lead the House in the Pledge of Allegiance.

Mr. BLUM led the Pledge of Allegiance as follows:

I pledge allegiance to the Flag of the United States of America, and to the Republic for which it stands, one nation under God, indivisible, with liberty and justice for all.

#### SWEARING IN OF THE HONORABLE WARREN DAVIDSON, OF OHIO, AS A MEMBER OF THE HOUSE

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the gentleman from Ohio, the Honorable WARREN DAVIDSON, be permitted to take the oath of office today.

His certificate of election has not arrived, but there is no contest and no question has been raised with regard to his election.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentlewoman from Ohio?

There was no objection.

The SPEAKER. Will Representative-elect DAVIDSON and the members of the Ohio delegation present themselves in the well.

All Members will rise and the Representative-elect will please raise his right hand.

Mr. DAVIDSON appeared at the bar of the House and took the oath of office, as follows:

Do you solemnly swear that you will support and defend the Constitution of the United States against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that you will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; that you take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion; and that you will well and faithfully discharge the duties of the office on which you are about to enter, so help you God

The SPEAKER. Congratulations. You are now a Member of the 114th Congress.

WELCOMING THE HONORABLE WARREN DAVIDSON TO THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

[Welcoming speeches follow.]
[Initial speech of new Representative follows.]

## ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER

The SPEAKER. Under clause 5(d) of rule XX, the Chair announces to the House that, in light of the administration of the oath of office to the gentleman from Ohio (Mr. Davidson), the whole number of the House is 435.

#### OATH OF OFFICE OF MEMBERS

The oath of office required by the sixth article of the Constitution of the United States, and as provided by section 2 of the act of May 13, 1884 (23 Stat. 22), to be administered to Members, Resident Commissioner, and Delegates or the House of Representatives, the text of which is carried in 5 U.S.C. 3331:

"I, AB, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will support and defend the Constitution of the united States against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that you will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; that you take this obligation freely, without and mental reservation or purpose of evasion; and that you will well and faithfully discharge the duties of the office on which you are about to enter, so help you God.

has been subscribed to in person and filed in duplicate with the Clerk of the House of Representatives by the following Member of the 110th Congress, pursuant to Public Law 412 of the 80th Congress entitled "An act to amend section 30 of the Revised Statues of the United States" (2 U.S.C. 25, approved February 18, 1948:

Warren Davidson, 8th District of Ohio.

#### MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

A message from the Senate by Ms. Curtis, one of its clerks, announced that the Senate concurs in the amendment of the House to the bill (S. 2146) "An Act to authorize the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency to accept, as part of a settlement, dieselemission reduction Supplemental Environmental Projects, and for other purposes."

[Above usage occurs when there is only one bill referenced. For more than one bill, use the following style.]

#### MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

A message from the Senate by Ms. Curtis, one of its clerks, announced that the Senate has passed without amendment a bill of the House of the following titles:

H.R. 3969. An act to designate the Department of Veterans Affairs community-based Outpatient clinic in Laughlin, Nevada, as the "Master Chief Petty Officer Jesse Dean VA Clinic".

[Observe that bills from the Senate to the House read An act. If the manuscript should read A bill, change to An act in conformity with this rule, and place number first. Note also the following forms:]

PRESIDENTIAL ALLOWANCE
MODERNIZATION ACT OF 2016—
VETO MESSAGE FROM THE
PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED
STATES (H. DOC. NO. 114–155)

The SPEAKER pro tempore laid before the House the following veto message from the President of the United States:

To the House of Representatives:

II am returning herewith without my approval H.R. 1777, the "Presidential Allowance Modernization Act of 2016," which would amend the Former Presidents Act of 1958.

I agree with H.R. 1777's goal of reforming the pensions and allowances provided to former Presidents so as to reduce unnecessary costs to taxpayers. But if implemented as drafted. the bill would have unintended consequences. It would impose onerous and unreasonable burdens on the offices of former Presidents, including by requiring the General Services Administration to immediately terminate salaries and benefits of office employees and to remove furnishings and equipment from offices. It would withdraw the General Services Administration's ability to administer leases and negatively impact operations, with unanticipated implications for the protection and security of former Presidents.

My Administration will work with the authors of the bill and other leaders in the Congress, in consultation with the offices of former Presidents, to explore the best ways to achieve these goals going forward. If the Congress returns the bill having appropriately addressed these concerns, I will sign it. For now, I must veto the bill.

BARACK OBAMA.

The White House, July 22, 2016.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The objections of the President will be spread at large upon the Journal, and the veto message and the bill will be printed as a House document.

Without objection, further consideration of the veto message and the bill, H.R. 1777, is postponed until the legislative day of September 23, 2016.

There was no objection.

[Debate and vote follow.]

#### MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT

A message in writing from the President of the United States was communicated to the House by Mr. Sherman Williams, one of his secretaries, who also informed the House that on the following dates the

President approved and signed bills of the House and Senate of the following titles:

#### On July 1, 1996:

H.R. 3029. An act to designate the United States courthouse in Washington, District of Columbia, as the "E. Barrett Prettyman United States Courthouse."

#### On July 2, 1996:

H.R. 2803. An act to amend the anti-car theft provisions of title 49, United States Code, to increase the utility of motor vehicle title information to the State and Federal law enforcement officials, and for other purposes.

#### On July 3, 1996:

H.R. 3525, An act amend title 18, United States Code, to clarify the Federal jurisdiction over offenses relating to damage to religious property. . . .

[Observe that bills coming from the President take the form of *An act*. This rule must be followed invariably, even if the manuscript reads *A bill*.]

#### MOURNING THE LOSS OF SHIMON PERES

(Mr. CICILLINE asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. CICILLINE. Mr. Speaker, I rise to express my deep sadness on the passing of former Israeli President and Prime Minister Shimon Peres. Shimon Peres was devoted to the cause of the Jewish state and worked tirelessly to achieve a lasting peace in the Middle East.

He was the founding father of the State of Israel and remained, throughout his life, one of its greatest champions. He was the central architect of the Oslo Accords and was respected around the world for his strong leadership as Prime Minister and President of Israel. His example should be an inspiration to us all, as he fought so long for peace.

My thoughts are with his family and friends as well as the people of Israel, who have lost a beloved leader.

#### MRS. VIRGINIA THRIFT

Mr. GOSAR. Ms. Speaker, by direction of the Committee on House Administration, I offer a privileged resolution (H. Res. 321) and ask for its immediate consideration.

The Clerk read as follows:

#### H. Res. 321

Resolved, That there shall be paid out of the contingent fund of the House to Mrs. Virginia Thrift, widow of Chester R. Thrift, late an employee of the House, an amount equal to six months' salary compensation at the rate he was receiving at the time of his death, and an additional amount not to exceed \$250 to defray funeral expenses of the said Chester R. Thrift.

The Resolution was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

## BILLS PRESENTED TO THE PRESIDENT

Karen L. Haas, Clerk of the House, reported that on February 23, 2016, she presented to the President of the United States, for his approval, the following bill:

H.R. 644. To reauthorize trade facilitation and trade enforcement functions and activities, and for other purposes.

#### ENROLLED BILLS SIGNED

Ms. Lorraine C. Miller, Clerk of the House, reported and found truly enrolled bills of the House of the following titles, which were thereupon signed by the Speaker:

H.R. 430. An act to designate the United States bankruptcy courthouse located at 271 Cadman Plaza East in Brooklyn, New York, as the "Conrad B. Duberstein United States Bankruptcy Courthouse".

H.R. 781. An act to redesignate Lock and Dam No. 5 of the McClellan-Kerr Arkansas River Navigation System near Redfield, Arkansas, authorized by the Rivers and Harbors Act approved July 24, 1946, as the "Colonel Charles D. Maynard Lock and Dam".

H.R. 1019. An act to designate the United States customhouse building located at 31 Gonzalez Clemente Avenue in Mayagüez, Puerto Rico, as the "Rafael Martinez Nadal United States Customhouse Building".

#### PRIVATE CALENDAR

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mrs. BLACK). This is the day for the call of the Private Calendar.

The Clerk will call the bill on the calendar

#### CORINA DE CHALUP TURCINOVIC

The Clerk called called the bill (H.R. 306) for the relief of Corina de Chalup Turcinovic.

There being no objection, the Clerk read the bill as follows:

#### H.R. 306

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. PERMANENT RESIDENT STATUS FOR CORINA DE CHALUP TURCINOVIC.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding subsections (a) and (b) of section 201 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, Corina de Chalup Turcinovic shall be eligible for issuance of an immigrant visa or for adjustment of status to that of an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence upon filing an application for issuance of an immigrant visa under section 204 of such Act or for adjustment of status to lawful permanent resident. . . .
- (e) DENIAL OF PREFERENTIAL IMMIGRATION TREATMENT FOR CERTAIN RELATIVES.—The natural parents, brothers, and sisters of Corina de Chalup Turcinovic shall not, by virtue of such relationship, be accorded any right, privilege, or status under the Immigration and Nationality Act.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, was read the third time,

and passed, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. This concludes the call of the Private Calendar.

#### SENATE BILLS REFERRED

Bills of the Senate of the following titles were taken from the Speaker's table and, under the rule, referred as follows:

- S. 1479. An act to amend the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 to modify provisions relating to grants, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce; in addition, to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall with the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.
- S. 2829. An act to amend and enhance certain maritime programs of the Department of Transportation, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Armed Services; in addition, to the Committee on Transportation Infrastructure; to the Committee on Natural Resources: to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs; to the Committee on the Judiciary; and to the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

[In the reference of Senate acts to House committees the name of the committee will be repeated after the act, though there may be several acts referred to the same committee.]

# COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE HOUSE ON THE STATE OF THE UNION

WATER RESOURCES DEVELOP-MENT ACT OF 2016

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to House Resolution 897 and rule XVIII, the Chair declares the House in the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union for the further consideration of the bill, H.R. 5303.

Will the gentleman from Illinois (Mr. HULTGREN) kindly take the chair.

□ 1535

IN THE COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE

Accordingly, the House resolved itself into the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union for the

further consideration of the bill (H.R. 5303) to provide for improvements to the rivers and harbors of the United States, to provide for the conservation and development of water and related resources, and for other purposes, with Mr. HULTGREN (Acting Chair) in the chair.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The Acting CHAIR. When the Committee of the Whole rose earlier today, amendment No. 10 printed in House Report 114–790 offered by the gentleman from Louisiana (Mr. GRAVES) had been disposed of.

Pursuant to House Resolution 897, no further amendment to the amendment in the nature of a substitute referred to in House Resolution 892 shall be in order except those printed in House Report 114–794.

Each such further amendment shall be considered only in the order printed in the report, may be offered only by a Member designated in the report, shall be considered as read, shall be debatable for the time specified in the report equally divided and controlled by the proponent and an opponent, shall not be subject to amendment, and shall not be subject to a demand for division of the question.

AMENDMENT NO. 1 OFFERED BY MR. BYRNE

The Acting CHAIR. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 1 printed in House Report 114-794.

Mr. BYRNE. Mr. Chairman, I have an amendment at the desk.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

At the end of title I, add the following:

SEC. 11. GULF COAST OYSTER BED RECOVERY ASSESSMENT. . . .

(Voting occurs)

The amendment was agreed to.

The Acting CHAIR. Under the rule, the Committee rises.

Accordingly, the Committee rose; and the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. YODER) having assumed the chair, Mr. EMMER of Minnesota, Acting Chair of the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union, reported that that Committee, having had under consideration the bill (H.R. 5303) to provide for improvements to the rivers and harbors of the United States, to provide for the conservation and development of water and related resources, and for other purposes, and, pursuant to House Resolution 897, he reported the bill back to the House with an amendment adopted in the Committee of the Whole.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under the rule, the previous question is ordered.

Is a separate vote demanded on any amendment to the amendment reported from the Committee of the Whole?

If not, the question is on the amendment in the nature of a substitute, as amended.

The amendment was agreed to.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the engrossment and third reading of the bill.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, and was read the third time.

So the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

#### CONFERENCE REPORT AND STATEMENT

Conference reports and statements to be set in 7 point.

Use 3-point space before and after conference report and statement.

In the House the names of Members are to be first.

Follow manuscript literally in the report. Observe the form *Amendments numbered 1, 2, 3, etc.*, and, when the amendment is to make an independent paragraph, the phrase *And the Senate* [or *House*] *agree to the same* will be a paragraph by itself; otherwise it will be run in after the amendment with a semicolon. Examples of each are given in the report following.

In the statement change *numbered* to *No.*, as *amendment No. 1*, but do not supply *No.* or *amendment* if omitted in manuscript; otherwise regular style will prevail.

Conference Report (H. Rept. 114-669)

The committee of conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendments of the House do the bill (S. 524), to authorize the Attorney General to award grants to address the national epidemics of prescription opioid abuse and heroin use, having met, after full and free conference, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to their respective Houses as follows:

That the Senate recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the House to the text of the bill and agree to the same with an amendment as follows:

In lieu of the matter proposed to be inserted by the House amendment, insert the following:

## SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

(a) SHORT TITLE.—This act may be cited as the "Comprehensive Addiction and Recovery Act of 2016".

(b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

Title 1-PREVENTION AND EDUCATION
Sec. 101. Task force on pain management.
Sec. 102. Awareness campaigns. . . .

In lieu of the matter proposed to be inserted by the House amendment to the title of the bill, insert the following: "An Act to authorize the Attorney General and Secretary of Health and Human Services to award grants to address the prescription opioid abuse and heroin use crisis, and for other purposes.".

And the House agree to the same.

For consideration of the Senate bill and the House amendments, and modifications committed to conference:

> FRED UPTON. Joseph R. Pitts, LEONARD LANCE, BRETT GUTHRIE. Adam Kinzinger. LARRY BUCSHON, Susan W. Brooks. Bob Goodlatte. F. James SENSENBRENNER JR. Lamar Smith. Tom Marino, Doug Collins, DAVID A. TROTT. MIKE BISHOP, KEVIN MCCARTHY,

From the Committee on Education and the Workforce, for consideration of title VII of the House amendment, and modifications committed to conference:

LOU BARLETTA, EARL L. "BUDDY" CARTER.

From the Committee on Veterans' Affairs, for consideration of title III of the House amendment, and modifications committed to conference:

Gus M. Bilirakis, Jackie Walorski,

From the Committee on Ways and Means, for consideration of sec. 705 of the Senate bill, and sec. 804 of the House amendment, and modifications committed to conference:

Patrick Meehan, Robert J. Dold, Managers on the Part of the House.

CHUCK GRASSLEY,
LAMAR ALEXANDER,
ORRIN G. HATCH,
JEFF SESSIONS.

Managers on the Part of the Senate.

JOINT EXPLANATORY STATEMENT OF
THE COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE

The managers on the part of the House and the Senate at the conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendments of the House to the bill (S. 524), to authorize the Attorney General to award grants to address the national epidemics of prescription opioid abuse and heroin use, submit the following joint statement to the House and the Senate in explanation of the effect of the action agreed upon by the managers and recommended in the accompanying conference report:

The House amendment to the text of the bill struck all of the Senate bill after the enacting clause and inserted a substitute text.

The Senate recedes from its disagreement to the amendment of the House with an amendment that is a substitute for the Senate bill and the House amendment....

## CONSTITUTIONAL STATEMENT OF AUTHORITY

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following: Article I, Section 8, Clause 3 of the United States Constitution.

For consideration of the Senate bill and the House amendments, and modifications committed to conference:

> FRED UPTON. Joseph R. Pitts. LEONARD LANCE, BRETT GUTHRIE. ADAM KINZINGER. LARRY BUCSHON, Susan W. Brooks, BOB GOODLATTE, F. James Sensenbrenner, Jr., LAMAR SMITH. TOM MARINO. Doug Collins. DAVID A. TROTT, MIKE RISHOP KEVIN MCCARTHY,

From the Committee on Education and the Workforce, for consideration of title VII of the House amendment, and modifications committed to conference:

LOU BARLETTA, EARL L. "BUDDY" CARTER.

From the Committee on Veterans' Affairs, for consideration of title III of

the House amendment, and modifications committed to conference:

Gus M. Bilirakis, Jackie Walorski,

From the Committee on Ways and Means, for consideration of sec. 705 of the Senate bill, and sec. 804 of the House amendment, and modifications committed to conference:

Patrick Meehan,
Robert J. Dold,
Managers on the Part of the House.
Chuck Grassley,
Lamar Alexander,
Orrin G. Hatch,
Jeff Sessions,
Managers on the Part of the Senate.

#### Amendments

[As figures are used in bills to express sums of money, dates, paragraph numbers, etc., amendments involving such expressions must be set in figures thus: Strike out "\$840" and insert "\$1,000", etc. for other enumerations, etc., follow the manuscript as the data is picked up from the bill and used for the Record and then picked up from the Record and used for the report.]

#### EMANUEL F. LENKERSDORF

The Clerk called the bill (H.R. 2520) for the relief of Emanuel F. Lenkersdorf.

There being no objection, the Clerk read the bill as follows:

#### H.R. 2520

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That for the purposes of the Immigration and Nationality Act, Emanuel F. Lenkersdorf shall be held and considered to have been lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence as of the date of the enactment of this Act, upon payment of the required visa fee. Upon the granting of permanent residence to such alien as provided for in this Act, the Secretary of State shall instruct the proper officer to deduct one number from the total number of immigrant visas and conditional entries which are made available to natives of the country of the alien's birth under paragraphs (1) through (8) of section 203(a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act.

With the following committee amendment:

On page 2, strike lines 4 through 6 and insert in lieu thereof: "which are made available to natives of the country of the alien's birth under section 203(a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act or, if applicable, from the total number of such visas which are made available to such natives under section 202(3) of such Act."

The committee amendment was agreed to.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, was read the third time, and passed, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

CONTESTED ELECTION, CARTER AGAINST LECOMPTE—MESSAGE FROM THE CLERK OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES (H. DOC. NO. 235)

The SPEAKER laid before the House the following message from the Clerk of the House of Representatives, which was read and, with the accompanying papers, referred to the Committee on House Administration:

July 29, 2008.

The Honorable the Speaker, House of Representatives.

Sir: I have the honor to lay before the House of Representatives the contest for a seat in the House of Representatives from the Fourth Congressional District of the State of Iowa, Steven V. Carter against Karl M. LeCompte, notice of which has been filed in the office of the Clerk of the House; and also transmit herewith original testimony, papers, and documents relating thereto.

#### LEAVE OF ABSENCE

By unanimous consent, leave of absence was granted to:

Mr. Conyers (at the request of Mr. Hoyer) for today on account of personal business.

Mr. Engel (at the request of Mr. Hoyer) for today on account of a codel flight delay.

Mr. Gene Green of Texas (at the request of Mr. Hoyer) for today on account of a doctor's appointment.

#### SPECIAL ORDERS GRANTED

By unanimous consent, permission to address the House, following the legislative program and any special orders heretofore entered, was granted to:

(The following Members (at the request of Ms. Hahn) to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material:)

Ms. Hahn, for 5 minutes, today.

Mr. DeFazio, for 5 minutes, today.

Ms. Kaptur, for 5 minutes, today.

Mr. Simpson, for 5 minutes, today.

(The following Members (at the request of Mr. Smith of Nebraska) to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material:)

Mr. Poe, for 5 minutes, June 20, 23 and 24.

Mr. Jones of North Carolina, for 5 minutes, June 20, 23 and 24.

Mr. Bishop of Utah, for 5 minutes, today and June 18.

Mr. McCaul, for 5 minutes, June 19.

#### ADJOURNMENT

Mr. FORBES. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to; accordingly (at 9 o'clock and 56 minutes p.m.), under its previous order, the House adjourned until tomorrow, Wednesday, June 15, 2016, at 9:30 a.m.

#### RECESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 12(a) of rule I, the Chair declares the House in recess until 2 p.m. today.

Accordingly (at 12 o'clock and 50 minutes p.m.), the House stood in recess until 2 p.m.

#### □ 1400

#### AFTER RECESS

The recess having expired, the House was called to order by the Speaker protempore (Mr. Bost) at 2 p.m.

[Follow manuscript as to expressing time of adjournment as 6 o'clock and 25 minutes p.m., or 6:25 p.m.]

#### MOTION TO DISCHARGE COMMITTEE

March 17, 2008.

TO THE CLERK OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESEN-TATIVES:

Pursuant to clause 4 of rule XXVII, I, Percy J. Priest, move to discharge the Committee on Banking and Currency from the consideration of the bill (H.R. 2887) entitled "A bill transferring certain functions of the Price Administrator, with respect to petroleum and petroleum products, to the petroleum Administrator for War," which was referred to said committee March 7, 2008, in support of which motion the undersigned Members of the House of Representatives affix their signatures, to wit:

- 1. Percy J. Priest.
- 2. Oren Harris. . . .
- 217. William E. Hess.
- 218. James G. Polk.

This motion was entered upon the Journal, entered in the Congressioal Record with signatures thereto, and referred to the Calendar of Motions To Discharge Committees, February 29, 2008.

#### House briefs

[The briefs follow at end of day's proceedings, heads and dashes to be used as shown here. This data is supplied from the House and is printed as submitted.]

# $\begin{array}{c} \mathtt{EXECUTIVE}\,\mathtt{COMMUNICATIONS},\\ \mathtt{ETC} \end{array}$

Under clause 2 of rule XIV, executive communications were taken from the Speaker's table and referred as follows:

6340. A letter from the Congressional Review Coordinator, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, Department of Agriculture, transmitting the Department's interimrule—Tuberculosis in Cattle and Bison; State and Zone

Designations; California [Docket No.: APHIS-2016-0052] received August 8, 2016, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Agriculture.

6341. Aletterfrom the Director, Issuances Staff, Department of Agriculture, transmitting the Department's final rule—Eligibility of Namibia To Export Meat Products to the United States [Docket No.: FSIS-2012-0028] (RIN: 0583-AD51) received July 28, 2016, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1) (A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Agriculture.

## [Use the following form if only one communication is submitted—8 point:]

7147.Under clause 8 of rule XII, a letter from the Director, Regulatory Management Division, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule—(Z)-7.8-epoxy-2-methyloctadecane (Disparlure); Exemption from the Requirement of a Tolerance [EPA-HQ-OPP-2007-0596; FRL-8367-7] received June 9, 2016, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A), was taken from the Speaker's table, referred to the Committee on Agriculture, and ordered to be printed.

# REPORTS OF COMMITTEES ON PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 2 of rule XIV, executive communications were taken from the Speaker's table and referred as follows:

6340. A letter from the Congressional Review Coordinator, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, Department of Agriculture, transmitting the Department's interim rule—Tuberculosis in Cattle and Bison; State and Zone Designations; California [Docket No.: APHIS-2016-0052] received August 8, 2016, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Agriculture.

# REPORTS OF COMMITTEES ON PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 2 of rule XIII, reports of committees were delivered to the

Clerk for printing and reference to the proper calendar, as follows:

Mr. GOODLATTE: Committee on the Judiciary. H.R. 5578. A bill to establish certain rights for sexual assault survivors, and for other purposes (Rept. 114-707, Pt. 1). Referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union.

Mr. MILLER of Florida: Committee on Veterans' Affairs. H.R. 3286. A bill to encourage effective, voluntary private sector investments to recruit, employ, and retain men and women who have served in the United States military with annual presidential awards to private sector employers recognizing such efforts, and for other purposes; with an amendment (Rept. 114-708). Referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union.

[Use above form also when only one report is submitted.]

#### PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 2 of rule XII, public bills and resolutions of the following titles were introduced and severally referred, as follows:

#### By Mr. SHADEGG:

H.R. 6274. A bill to provide an equivalent to habeas corpus protection for persons held under military authority under that part of Cuba leased to the United States; to the Committee on the Judiciary, and in addition to the Committee on Armed Services, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. ROYCE (for himself, Mr. ZELDIN, Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN, Mr. NUNES, Mr. MEADOWS, Mr. THORNBERRY, Mr. SESSIONS, Mr. DONOVAN, Mr. MCCAUL, Mr. DENT, Mr. CHAFFETZ, Mr. CONAWAY, Mr. ROHRABACHER, Mr. RIBBLE, Mr. TROTT, Mr. YOUNG of Iowa, Mr. DESJARLAIS, Mr. COOK, Mr. PITTENGER, Mr. DESANTIS, Mr. DUFFY, Mr. STIVERS, Mr. FITZPATRICK, Mr. YOHO, Mr. ROTHFUS, Mr. CHABOT, and Mr. WILLIAMS):

H.R. 5931. A bill to provide for the prohibition on cash payments to the Government of Iran, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Ms. DUCKWORTH (for herself and Mr. ZELDIN):

H.R. 5932. A bill to amend title 38, United States Code, to eliminate copayments by

the Department of Veterans Affairs for medicines relating to preventive health services, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

## [Use the following form when only one bill or resolution is submitted:]

Under clause 2 of rule XII:

Mr. FATTAH (for himself and Mr. WOLF): introduced a bill (H.R. 5158) to provide for the sealing or expungement of records relating to Federal nonviolent criminal offenses, and for other purposes; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary, and in addition to the Committees on Agriculture, and Ways and Means, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

#### MEMORIALS

Under clause 3 of rule XII, memorials were presented and referred as follows:

# [Use the following form when submitted by the Speaker if By the Speaker is not in manuscript:]

296. The SPEAKER presented a memorial of the Senate of the State of California, relative to Senate Joint Resolution 26, calling upon the President of the United States to encourage the Secretary of the United States Department of Health and Human Services to adopt policies to repeal the current discriminatory donor suitability policies of the United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA) regarding blood donations by men who have had sex with another man and, instead, direct the FDA to develop science-based policies such as criteria based on risky behavior in lieu of sexual orientation: to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

297. Also, a memorial of the Senate of the State of California, relative to Senate Joint Resolution 29, declaring unnecessary and unexplained increases in pharmaceutical pricing is a harm to our health care system that will no longer be tolerated because the system cannot sustain it; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

#### MEMORIALS

Under clause 3 of rule XII,

[Use the following form when only one memorial is submitted:]

326. The SPEAKER presented a memorial of the Legislature of the State of Louisiana, relative to Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 51 memorializing the Congress of the United States to establish a grant program to assist the seafood industry in St. Tammany, St. Bernard, Orleans, and Plaquemines parishes; to the Committee on Financial Services.

## PRIVATE BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 3 of rule XII, private bills and resolutions of the following titles were introduced and severally referred, as follows:

By Mr. GROTHMAN:

H.R. 808. A bill to authorize the President to award the Medal of Honor to James Megellas, formerly of Fond du Lac, Wisconsin, and currently of Colleyville, Texas, for acts of valor on January 28, 1945, during the Battle of the Bulge in World War II; to the Committee on Armed Services.

By Mr. UPTON:

H.R. 809. A bill for the relief of Ibrahim Parlak: to the Committee on the Judiciary.

[Use the following form when only one bill or resolution is submitted:]

Under clause 3 of rule XII,

Mr. HUFFMAN introduced a bill (H.R. 6296) For the relief of Yeganeh Salehi Rezaian; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

#### ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Under clause 7 of rule XII, sponsors were added to public bills and resolutions, as follows:

H.R. 27: Mr. Renacci.

H.R. 169: Mr. Reichert.

H.R. 213: Mrs. Beatty and Mr. Connolly,

H.R. 265: Ms. McCollum,

H.R. 297: Ms. Roybal-Allard, Ms. Kelly of Illinois, Mr. Farr, Ms. Eddie Bernice Johnson of Texas, Mr. Ryan of Ohio, and Ms. Wilson of Florida.

[Note.—Set sponsors caps and Members caps and lower case.]

#### DISCHARGE PETITIONS

Under clause 2 of rule XV, the following discharge petitions were filed:

Petition 8, March 12, 2014, by Mr. BRADLEY S. SCHNEIDER on House Resolution 490, was signed by the following Members: Bradley S. Schneider, Steny H. Hoyer, James E. Clyburn, Sam Farr, Sanford D. Bishop, Jr., Joseph Crowley, Terri A. Sewell, Eddie Bernice Johnson, Adam B. Schiff, Sander M. Levin, Sheila Jackson Lee, Nydia M. Vela'zquez, Rube'n Hinojosa, Zoe Lofgren, Janice D. Schakowsky, . . .

#### DISCHARGE PETITIONS— ADDITIONS OR DELETIONS

The following Members added their names to the following discharge petitions:

Petition 1 by Ms. DELAURO on the bill (H.R. 377): Katherine M. Clark.

Petition 9 by Mr. GARCIA on the bill (H.R. 15): Rosa L. DeLauro, David Scott, William L. Enyart, Bennie G. Thompson, John Conyers Jr., Allyson Y. Schwartz, Eliot L. Engel, Brad Sherman, Suzan K. DelBene, Donald M. Payne Jr., Carolyn McCarthy, Theodore E. Deutch, John B. Larson, Henry A. Waxman, Emanuel Cleaver, G.K. Butterfield, Andre' Carson, William R. Keating, Terri A. Sewell, and Tim Ryan.

The following Member's name was deleted from the following discharge petition:

Petition 1 by Ms. DELAURO on H.R. 377: Edward J. Markey.

#### PETITIONS, ETC.

Under clause 3 of rule XII, petitions and papers were laid on the Clerk's desk and referred as follows:

19. The SPEAKER presented a petition of the City Commission of the City of Lauderhill, FL, relative to Resolution No. 15R-07-161, condemning the Dominican Republic's impending mass deportation of Haitian immigrants; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

20. Also, a petition of the Oakland County Board of Commissioners, Oakland County, MI, relative to Miscellaneous Resolution No. 15154, objecting to the development of a nuclear waste repository in close proximity to the Great Lakes; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

## [Use the following form when only one petition is submitted:]

Under clause 1 of rule XXII,

139. The SPEAKER presented a petition of the Council of the District of Columbia, relative to the Council-adopted resolution entitled, "National Park Service-Georgetown Branch Rail Right-of-Way Acquisition Resolution of 1990"; which was referred to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

#### AMENDMENTS

Under clause 8 of rule XVIII, proposed amendments were submitted as follows:

H.R. 5303

OFFERED BY: MR. KILDEE

AMENDMENT No.: Add at the end the following:

# TITLE V—DRINKING WATER SEC. 501. DRINKING WATER INFRASTRUCTURE.

(a) Definitions.—In this section: . . . .

### CONGRESSIONAL RECORD INDEX

#### **General instructions**

Set in 7 point on 8 point, Record measure (168 points, 14 picas).

Cap lines or italic lines are set flush left.

Entries are indented 1 em, with overs 2 ems.

Bill introductions are to be identified as to sponsor or cosponsor.

Bullet following page number in index identifies unspoken material.

Pages are identified as S (Senate), H (House), and E (Extensions).

Pages in bound Record index are entered numerically, without S, H, or E prefixes.

## Abbreviations and acronyms—

(for use on notation of content line)

### **Abbreviations**

Streets: St.; Ave.; Ct.; Dr.; Blvd.; Rd.; Sq.; Ter.

*Names:* Jr.; Sr.; II (etc.)

Businesses: Co.; Corp. (includes all Federal corporations); Inc.; Ltd.; Bros.

States: See rule 9.13.

Dept. of Agriculture	. Sec. of Agriculture.
Dept. of Commerce	. Sec. of Commerce.
Dept. of Defense	. Sec. of Defense.
Dept. of Education	. Sec. of Education.
Dept. of Energy	. Sec. of Energy.
Dept. of Health and Human Services	. Sec. of Health and
Dept. of Homeland Security	. Sec. of Homeland Security
Dept. of Housing and Urban Development	. Sec. of Housing and
Dept. of the Interior	. Sec. of the Interior.
Dept. of Justice	. Attorney General.
Dept. of Labor	. Sec. of Labor.
Dept. of State	. Sec. of State.
Dept. of Transportation	. Sec. of Transportation.
Dept. of the Treasury	. Sec. of the Treasury.
Dept. of Veterans Affairs	. Sec. of Veterans Affairs.

## **Acronyms**

Agency for International Development	AID
Acquired immunodeficiency syndrome	AIDS
American Association of Retired Persons	AARP
American Bar Association	ABA
American Civil Liberties Union	ACLU
American Federation of Labor and Congress of Industrial Organizations	AFL-CIO
American Medical Association	AMA
British Broadcasting Corp	BBC
Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives	ATF
Bureau of Indian Affairs	BIA
Bureau of Land Management	BLM
Bureau of Labor Statistics	BLS
Cable News Network	CNN
Cable Satellite Public Affairs Network	C-SPAN
Central Intelligence Agency	CIA
Civil Service Retirement System	CSRS
Civilian Health and Medical Program of the Uniformed Services	CHAMPUS
Commodity Credit Corp	CCC
Commodity Futures Trading Commission	CFTC
Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act	CERCLA
Congressional Budget Office	CBO
Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act	COBRA
Consumer Product Safety Commission	CPSC
Daughters of the American Revolution	DAR
Deoxyribonucleic acid	DNA
Disabled American Veterans	DAV
Drug Enforcement Administration	DEA
Employee Retirement Income Security Act	ERISA
Environmental Protection Agency	EPA
Equal Employment Opportunity Commission	EEOC
Export-Import Bank of the United States	EXIM Bank
Federal Aviation Administration	FAA
Federal Bureau of Investigation	FBI
Federal Communications Commission	FCC
Federal Crop Insurance Corp	FCIC
Federal Deposit Insurance Corp	FDIC
Federal Election Commission	FEC
Federal Emergency Management Agency	FEMA
Federal Employee Retirement System	FERS
Federal Energy Regulatory Commission	
Federal Housing Administration	
Federal Insurance Contributions Act	FICA

Federal National Mortgage Association	. Fannie Mae
Federal Reserve System	.FRS
Federal Trade Commission	.FTC
Food and Drug Administration	.FDA
General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade	.GATT
General Services Administration	.GSA
Government Accountability Office	.GAO
Government Publishing Office	.GPO
Gross national product	.GNP
Health maintenance organization(s)	.HMO(s)
Human immunodeficiency virus	.HIV
Internal Revenue Service	.IRS
International Business Machines Corp.	.IBM
International Monetary Fund	.IMF
International Trade Commission	.ITC
Legal Services Corp.	.LSC
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program	.LIHEAP
Missing in action	.MIA(s)
National Aeronautics and Space Administration	.NASA
National Association for the Advancement of Colored People	.NAACP
National Broadcasting Co	.NBC
National Collegiate Athletic Association	.NCAA
National Institute of Standards and Technology	.NIST
National Institutes of Health	
National Labor Relations Board	.NLRB
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration	.NOAA
National Railroad Passenger Corp	.Amtrak
National Rifle Association	.NRA
National Security Council	
National Science Foundation	.NSF
National Transportation Safety Board	.NTSB
North American Free Trade Agreement	.NAFTA
North Atlantic Treaty Organization	.NATO
Nuclear Regulatory Commission	.NRC
Occupational Safety and Health Administration	
Office of Management and Budget	.OMB
Office of Personnel Management	.OPM
Organization of American States	.OAS
Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries	.OPEC
Overseas Private Investment Corp	.OPIC
Palestine Liberation Organization	
Parent-Teachers Association	.PTA
Duison on of year	DOM

Public Broadcasting Service	PBS
Racketeer Influenced Corrupt Organization Act	RICO
Reserve Officers' Training Corps	ROTC
Securities and Exchange Commission	SEC
Small Business Administration	SBA
Social Security Administration	SSA
Supplemental security income	SSI
Tennessee Valley Authority	TVA
Trans-Pacific Partnership	TPP
United Auto Workers	
United Nations	U.N.
United Nations Children's Fund	UNICEF
United Nations Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Organization	UNESCO
Veterans of Foreign Wars	VFW
Voice of America	
Women, Infants, and Children Program	WIC
World Health Organization	WHO
Young Men's Christian Association	
Young Women's Christian Association	YWCA

## **Spacing**

Biweekly Record index folioed in upper right and left corner; no extra spacing.

Bound Record index folioed in upper right and left corner; no extra spacing.

History of Bills folioed in upper right and left corner using H.B. numbers; no extra spacing.

Bound History of Bills folioed in lower right and left corner, first folio numerically higher than the last folio of index; no extra spacing.

## Capitalization

Capitalize principal words after these formats:

Addresses Brochures

Analyses Conference reports
Appendices Descriptions
Articles and editorials Documents
Biographies Essays

Book reviews Essays: Voice of Democracy

Booklets Eulogies

Explanations Press releases
Factsheets Proclamations
Forewords Reports
Histories Report filed

Homilies Resolutions of ratification

Résumés Hymns Memorandums Sermons Messages Songs Oaths of office Statements **Pamphlets** Studies **Papers** Summaries Platforms Surveys Poems **Synopses** Pravers **Testimonies** Prayers by visitors Transcripts Prefaces Treaties

#### Lowercase after these formats:

Advertisements Communiques **Affidavits** Comparisons Agenda Cost estimates Court decisions Agreements Court documents Amendments Announcements Declarations Dedications Appointments Awards Definitions Bills and resolutions Descriptions

Bills and resolutions cosponsored Designated acting Presidents pro tempore

Bills and resolutions introduced Designated acting Speaker pro tempore

Bills and resolutions relative to

Briefs

Briefs

Briefings

Broadcasts

Broadcasts

Excerpts

Bulletins

Executive orders

Certificates of election Executive orders

Financial statements

Chronologies Granted

Citations Granted in the House Civilian Granted in the Senate

Cloture motions Guidelines
Colloquies Hearings
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InvocationsRecordedJournalsRegulationsLettersRemarks

Lists Remarks in House

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Motions Remarks in Senate relative to

Newsletters Resignations

Notices Resolutions by organizations

Obituaries Results
Opinion polls Reviews
Orders Rollcalls
Outlines Rosters
Petitions Rules

Petitions and memorials Rulings of the chair

Press conferences Schedules

Privilege of the floor Subpoena notices Subpoenas **Programs Tables Projects Proposals** Tests Questionnaires Texts of Transmittals Questions Tributes **Questions** and answers Voting record Quotations

#### **Punctuation**

Comma precedes folio figures.

If numbers of several bills are given, use this form: (see S. 24, 25); (see H.R. 217, 218), etc.; that is, do not repeat S. or H.R. with each number.

In consecutive numbers (more than two) use an en dash to connect first with last: S46–S48, 518–520.

Quotes are used for book titles.

A 3-em dash is used as a ditto for word or words leading up to colon:

Taxation: capital gains rates
——earned income tax credit
——rates

#### Roman and italic

Use italic for Members of Congress descriptive data:

COCHRAN, THAD (a Senator from Mississippi); CONYERS, JOHN, Jr. (a Representative from Michigan).

Names of vessels in italic:

Brooklyn (U.S.S.);

Savannah (vessel);

Columbia (space shuttle).

#### Flush cap lines

All cap lines are separate entries. They are set flush with overs indented 2 ems:

LEAHY, PATRICK (a Senator from Vermont)

YOUNG, DON (a Representative from Alaska)

PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES (Barack Obama)

VICE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES (Joseph R. Biden, Jr.)

COMMITTEE ON FOREIGN AFFAIRS (House)

COMMITTEE ON FOREIGN RELATIONS (Senate)

FARMERS see AGRICULTURE

SENATE related term(s) Committees of the Senate; Legislative Branch of the Government; Members of Congress; Votes in Senate

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR related term(s) BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT, BUREAU OF RECLAMATION

PRESIDENTIAL APPOINTMENTS

**VOTES IN HOUSE** 

**VOTES IN SENATE** 

No. XII

# Congressional Record Index

PROCEEDINGS AND DEBATES OF THE  $114^{th}$  congress, second session

Vol. 162

#### **IULY 21 TO AUGUST 8, 2016**

Nos. 119 to 132

NOTE.—For debate and action on bills and resolutions see "History of Bills and Resolutions" at end of Index, under numbers referred to in Index entry.

Dates, Issue Numbers, and	PAGES INCLUDED	IN INDEX XII	
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July 22No. 120 S6981-S7088	H6735-H6826	E1513-E1527	D923D930
July 23 No. 121 S7089-S7201	H6827-H7059	E1529-E1547	D931-D940
July 24	H7061-H7166	E1549E1554	D941-D948
July 25No. 123 S7435-S7485		E1555-E1572	D950-D956
July 26			. D958–D960
July 27			. D961–D962
July 28	H7167-H7169	E1573-E1577	D963-D966
July 29	H7171-H7330	E1579-E1591	D968-D980
July 30	H7331-H7631	E1593-E1625	D981-D994
July 31	H7633-H7707	E1627-E1640	D996-D1008
July 31 (Pt. II)* No. 129	. H7709–H7790	***************************************	. D996-D1008
August 1	H7791-H7810	E1641-E1703	D1009-D1016
August 5 No. 131 S8081		***************************************	. D1017-D1018
August 8 No. 132 S8083			D1019-D1020

*Continuation of proceedings

NOTE: Elements in brackets which follow page numbers in the Index refer to the dates of the Congressional Record in which those pages may be found. Unspoken material is indicated by a bullet (*).

#### AARP (ORGANIZATION)

Letters

Evaluate and extend the basic pilot program for employment eligibility confirmation and ensure protection of Social Security beneficiaries, H7592 [30JY]

Press releases

Medicare Trigger Ignores Real Problem-Skyrocketing Health Care Costs, H7125 [24JY]

## ABERCROMBIE, NEIL (a Representative from Hawaii)

Bills and resolutions cosponsored

Armed Forces: tribute to the 28th Infantry Division (see H. Con. Res. 390), H7308 [29JY]

Bulgaria: independence anniversary (see H. Res. 1383), H7630 [30JY]

Bureau of Prisons: provide stab-resistant personal body armor to all correctional officers and require such officers to wear such armor while on duty (see H.R. 6462), H6734 [21JY]

Diseases: improve and enhance research and programs on cancer survivorship (see H.R. 4450), H7308 [29JY]

Education: strengthen communities through English literacy, civic education, and immigrant integration programs (see H.R. 6617), H7164 [24JY]

Medicare: ensure more timely access to home health services for beneficiaries (see H.R. 6826), H7808 [1AU]

replace the prescription drug benefit with a revised and simplified program for all beneficiaries (see H.R. 6800), H7807 [1AU]

Motor vehicles: encourage increased production of

natural gas vehicles and provide tax incentives for natural gas vehicle infrastructure (see H.R. 6570), H7630 [30JY]

Palladio, Andrea: anniversary of birth (see H. Con. Res. 407), H7788 [31JY]

Power resources: open Outer Continental shelf areas to oil and gas leasing, curb excessive energy speculation, and require Strategic Petroleum Reserve sale and acquisitions of certain fuels (see H.R. 6670), H7628 [30JY]

—provide a comprehensive plan for greater energy independence (see H.R. 6709), H7785 [31JY] U.S. Public Service Academy: establish (see H.R. 1671), H7789 [31JY]

Yunus, Muhammad: award Congressional Gold Medal (see H.R. 1801), H7629 [30JY]

#### Remarks

Pearl Harbor, HI: anniversary of the Pearl Harbor Naval Shipyard (H. Res. 1139), H6773, H6774 [22JY]

#### ABORTION

Remarks in House

China, People's Republic of: mandatory abortion and sterilization policies, H7344, H7345 [30JY]

Supreme Court: anniversary of Roe v. Wade decision, H7283 [29JY], H7611 [30JY], H7776 [31JY], E1545 [23JY], E1701 [1AU]

U.S. Leadership Against HIV/AIDS, Tuberculosis, and Malaria Act: prohibit use of funds for any organization or program which supports or participates in the management of coerced abortions or involuntary sterilization, H7116 [24JY] Remarks in Senate

Dept. of HHS: proposed regulation to change the definition of abortion, S7141 [23JY]

# ACCESS, COMPARISON, CARE, AND ETHICS FOR SERIOUSLY ILL PATIENTS (ACCESS) ACT

Remarks in Senate

Enact (S. 3046), S7620 [29JY], S8021 [1AU]

#### ACCESS FOR ALL AMERICA ACT

Bills and resolutions

Enact (see S. 3412, 3413), S7905 [31JY]

Remarks in Senate

Enact (S. 3413), S7971-S7973 [31JY]

#### ACHIEVING OUR IDEA ACT

Remarks in House

Enact (H.R. 1896), E1701 [1AU]

# ACKERMAN, GARY L. (a Representative from New York)

Bills and resolutions cosponsored

Bangladesh: elections (see H. Res. 1402), H7788

China, People's Republic of: call for end to human rights abuses of citizens, cease repression of Tibetan and Uyghur people, and end support for Governments of Sudan and Burma (see H. Res. 1370), H7309 [29JY]

Dept. of the Treasury: establish a commemorative quarter dollar coin program emblematic of prominent civil rights leaders and important events advancing civil rights (see H.R. 6701), H7809 [1AU]

Great Lakes-St. Lawrence River Basin Water Resources Compact: grant congressional consent and approval (see H.R. 6577), H7165 [24JY]

Human rights: defeat campaign by some members of the Organization of the Islamic Conference to divert the U.N. Durban Review Conference from a review of problems in their own and other countries (see H. Res. 1361), H7059 [23JY]

Immigration: modify certain requirements with respect to H-1B nonimmigrants (see H.R. 5630), H7629 [30JY]

New York, NY: extend and improve protections and services to individuals directly impacted by the terrorist attack (see H.R. 6594), H7630 [30JY]

Palladio, Andrea: anniversary of birth (see H. Con. Res. 407), H7809 [1AU]

Religion: support spirit of peace and desire for unity displayed in the letter from leading Muslim scholars, and in the Pope Benedict XVI response (see H. Con. Res. 374), H7165 [24JY]

Bills and resolutions introduced

Syria: express concern regarding continued violations of political, civil, and human rights and call for release of prisoners of conscience and other political prisoners (see H. Res. 1398), H7788 [31JY]

#### ADAMS, MICHAEL F.

Lattare

Higher Education Opportunity Act, S7854 [31JY]

# ADERHOLT, ROBERT B. (a Representative from Alabama)

Bills and resolutions cosponsored

Crime: provide for the use of information in the

National Directory of New Hires in enforcing sex offender registration laws (see H.R. 6539), H7165 [24JY]

Dept. of the Interior: establish oil and gas leasing program for public lands within the Coastal Plain of Alaska (see H.R. 6758), H7787 [31JY]

House of Representatives: prohibit adjournment until approval of a bill to establish a comprehensive national energy plan addressing energy conservation and expansion of renewable and conventional energy sources (see H. Res. 1391), H7629 [30JY]

National Prostate Cancer Awareness Month: support goals and ideals (see H. Res. 672), H7790 [31JY]

Power resources: expedite exploration and development of oil and gas from Federal lands (see H.R. 6379), H7629 [30JY]

promote alternative and renewable fuels, domestic energy production, conservation, and efficiency, and increase energy independence (see H.R. 6566), H6824 [22JY]

provide a comprehensive plan for greater energy independence (see H.R. 6709), H7809 [1AU]

Schools: withhold Federal funds from schools that permit or require the recitation of the Pledge of Allegiance or the National Anthem in a language other than English (see H.R. 6783), H7806 [1AU]

Social Security: extend funding for the State Children's Health Insurance Program (see H.R. 6788), H7806 [1AU]

Bills and resolutions introduced

Power resources: enhance energy independence through the usage of existing resources and technology (see H. Con. Res. 401), H7787 [31JY]

# ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE, U.S. COURTS see

# ADOPTION see Families and Domestic Relations ADRIAN, MI

Remarks in House

Sand Creek Telephone Co.: anniversary, E1703 [1AU]

#### ADVANCING AMERICA'S PRIORITIES ACT

Bills and resolutions

Enact (see S. 3297), S7030 [22JY]

Cloture motions

Enact (S. 3297): motion to proceed, S7509 [26JY], S7551 [28JY]

Letters

Provisions: Lynne Zeitlin Hale, Nature Conservancy (organization), S7548 [28JY]

 Molly McCammon, National Federation of Regional Associations for Coastal and Ocean Observing, S7547 [28JY]

——Peter R. Orszag, CBO, S7510 [26JY], S7543 [28JY]

——several ocean and coastal research, education, and conservation organizations, S7547 [28JY]

Motions

Enact (S. 3297), S7509 [26JY]

Remarks in Senate

Appalachian Regional Development Act: reauthorize and improve, S7545 [28JY], S7888 [31JY]

Chesapeake Bay Initiative Act: provide for continuing authorization of the Chesapeake Bay Gateways.

In history of bills, sequence is: Senate bills, Senate joint resolutions, Senate concurrent resolutions, and Senate resolutions; then House bills, House joint resolutions, House concurrent resolutions, and House resolutions: S. 14, S.J. Res. 7, S. Con. Res. 26, S. Res. 5, H.R. 980, H.J. Res. 9, H. Con. Res. 16, and H. Res. 50.

# History of Bills and Resolutions

DATES, ISSUE NUMBERS AND BILLS INTRODUCED IN INDEX VIII						
May 12	No.		30013009 . 60216024		.S. Con. Res. 82	S. Res. 558–560
May 13	No.		3010–3014 . 6025–6046		H. Con. Res. 348	
May 19	No.		3030–3034 . 6083–6084		H. Con. Res. 354	S. Res. 569-570 H. Res. 1208-1209
May 21	No.		3045-3047 . 6104-6122	S.J. Res. 33 H.J. Res. 86–87	S. Con. Res. 83 H. Con. Res. 360	S. Res. 572-573 H. Res. 1217-1219
May 22	No	85 S	3048_3073	S.I. Ros. 34_36	S Con Rec 84-85	S Res 574_570

Bills receiving legislative action during this Index period numerically precede new bills introduced.

H.J. Res. 88-89

H.R. 6123-6166

#### SENATE BILLS

- S. 11—A bill to provide liability protection to volunteer pilot nonprofit organizations that fly for public benefit and to the pilots and staff of such nonprofit organizations, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.
  - Cosponsors added, S4621 [21MY]
- S. 2062—A bill to amend the Native American Housing Assistance and Self-Determination Act of 1996 to reauthorize that Act, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Indian Affairs.
  - Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs discharged, S814 [8FE]
  - Amendments, S850 [11FE], S4836, S4839, S4844

Passed Senate amended, S4839 [22MY]

#### SENATE JOINT RESOLUTIONS

S.J. Res. 17—A joint resolution directing the United States to initiate international discussions and take necessary steps with other Nations to negotiate an agreement for managing migratory and transboundary fish stocks in the Arctic Ocean; to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

Debated, H4067 [19MY]

Text, H4067 [19MY]

Rules suspended. Passed House, H4402 [21MY] Message from the House, S4790 [22MY]

S.J. Res. 28—A joint resolution disapproving the rule submitted by the Federal Communications

Commission with respect to broadcast media ownership; to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation.

H. Res. 1220-1232

H. Con. Res. 361-365

- By Mr. DORGAN (for himself, Ms. Snowe, Mr. Kerry, Ms. Collins, Mr. Dodd, Mr. Obama, Mr. Harkin, Mrs. Clinton, Ms. Cantwell, Mr. Biden, Mr. Reed, Mrs. Feinstein, Mr. Sanders, Mr. Tester, and Mr. Stevens), S1597 [5MR]
- Cosponsors added, S1704 [6MR], S1878 [11MR], S2136 [13MR], S2233 [31MR], S2348 [2AP], S2947 [10AP], S3081 [16AP], S3700 [1MY]

Reported (S. Rept. 110–334), S3975 [8MY] Passed Senate amended, S4267 [15MY]

Text, S4270 [15MY]

Message from the Senate, H4065 [19MY] Held at the desk, H4065 [19MY]

#### SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS

- S. Con. Res. 82—A concurrent resolution supporting the Local Radio Freedom Act; to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation.
  - By Mrs. LINCOLN (for herself, Mr. Wicker, Mr. Brownback, Mr. Allard, Mr. Nelson of Nebraska, Ms. Murkowski, and Mr. Webb), S4029 [12MY]
- S. Con. Res. 85—A concurrent resolution authorizing the use of the rotunda of the Capitol to honor Frank W. Buckles, the last surviving United States veteran of the First World War.
  - By Mr. SPECTER (for himself, Mr. Byrd, Mrs. Dole, Mr. McCain, Mr. Warner, Mr. Lieberman, Mr. Rockefeller, and Mr. Burr), S4793 [22MY]

S. Con. Res. 85—Continued Text, S4810, S4848 [22MY] Agreed to in the Senate, S4848 [22MY]

#### SENATE RESOLUTIONS

S. Res. 496—A resolution honoring the 60th anniversary of the commencement of the carving of the Crazy Horse Memorial; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. THUNE (for himself and Mr. Johnson), \$2346 [2AP]

Text, S2362 [2AP], S4427 [20MY]

Committee discharged. Agreed to in the Senate, S4427 [20MY]

- S. Res. 562—A resolution honoring Concerns of Police Survivors as the organization begins its 25th year of service to family members of law enforcement officers killed in the line of duty.
  - By Ms. MURKOWSKI (for herself, Mr. Biden, Mr. Brown, Mr. Menendez, Ms. Mikulski, Mr. Craig, Mr. Whitehouse, Mr. Baucus, Mr. Dodd, Mrs. Feinstein, Mr. Inouye, Mr. Lautenberg, Mrs. Lincoln, Mr. Nelson of Florida, Mr. Pryor, Mr. Smith, Ms. Stabenow, Mr. Stevens, Mr. Tester, and Mr. Thune), S4106 [13MY]

Text, S4114, S4121 [13MY]

Agreed to in the Senate, S4120 [13MY]

#### **HOUSE BILLS**

- H.R. 158—A bill to direct the Secretary of the Treasury to mint coins in commemoration of the battlefields of the Revolutionary War and the War of 1812, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Financial Services.
  - Cosponsors added, H3108 [6MY], H4061 [15MY]
- H.R. 503—A bill to amend the Horse Protection Act to prohibit the shipping, transporting, moving, delivering, receiving, possessing, purchasing, selling, or donation of horses and other equines to be slaughtered for human consumption, and for other purposes; to the Committees on Energy and Commerce; Agriculture.
  - By Ms. SCHAKOWSKY (for herself, Mr. Whitfield, Mr. Rahall, Mr. Spratt, Mr. Gallegly, Mr. Markey, Mr. Pallone, Mr. Nadler, Mr. Van Hollen, Ms. McCollum of Minnesota, Ms. Bordallo, Ms. Schwartz, Mr. Ackerman, Mr. Doyle, Ms. Lee, Mr. Cleaver, Mr. Serrano, Ms. Berkley, Mr. Shays, Mr. Jones of North Carolina, Mr. McCotter, Mr. Cummings, Ms. DeLauro, Mr. George Miller of California, Mr. Grijalva, Mrs. Capps, Ms. Bean, Ms. Matsui, Mr. King of New York, Mr. Burton of Indiana, Mr. Kildee, Ms. Kaptur, Mr. Dicks, Mr. Berman, Ms. Hirono, Mr. Chandler, Mr. Gerlach, Mr. Tierney, Mr. Bishop of New York, Mr. Frank of Massachusetts, Mr. Lynch, Mr. Kirk, Mr. Campbell of California, Mr. Wilson of South Carolina, Ms. Jackson-Lee of Texas, Mr. Sherman,

Mr. LaTourette, Mr. Larson of Connecticut, Mr. Israel, Ms. Woolsey, Mr. Brown of South Carolina, Ms. Eddie Bernice Johnson of Texas, Mr. Moore of Kansas, Mr. Moran of Virginia, Mr. McNulty, Mrs. Maloney of New York, Mr. Inslee, Mr. Wolf, Ms. Carson, Mr. Weiner, Mr. Ruppersberger, Mr. Smith of New Jersey, and Mr. Linder), H670 [17JA]

Cosponsors added, H1055 [301A], H1153 [31JA], H1565 [13FE], H1668 [14FE], H1896 [16FE], H2165 [5MR], H2621 [15MR], H2821 [21MR], H3279 [28MR], H3363 [29MR], H3476 [17AP], H3724 [20AP], H4553 [7MY], H5054 [15MY], H5927 [24MY], H6181 [71N], H6439, H6476 [14JN], H6828 [20JN], H7202 [261N], H8121 [18JY], H8821 [27JY], H9656 [2AU], H10696 [20SE], H11028 [27SE]

H.R. 4841—A bill to approve, ratify, and confirm the settlement agreement entered into to resolve claims by the Soboba Band of Luiseno Indians relating to alleged interences with the water resources of the Tribe, to authorize and direct the Secretary of the Interior to execute and perform the Settlement Agreement and related waivers, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Natural Resources.

Cosponsors added, H390 [22JA], H480 [28JA], H558 [29JA]

Reported with amendment (H. Rept. 110–649), H4059 [15MY]

Debated, H4075 [19MY]

Text, H4075 [19MY]

Rules suspended. Passed House amended, H4401 [21MY]

Message from the House, S4790 [22MY] Passed Senate, S7197 [23JY]

- H.R. 6081—A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide benefits for military personnel, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Ways and Means.
  - By Mr. RANGEL (for himself, Mr. Stark, Mr. McDermott, Mr. Lewis of Georgia, Mr. Neal of Massachusetts, Mr. Pomeroy, Mrs. Jones of Ohio, Mr. Larson of Connecticut, Mr. Emanuel, Mr. Blumenauer, Mr. Kind, Ms. Berkley, Mr. Crowley, Mr. Van Hollen, Mr. Meek of Florida, Mr. Altmire, Mrs. Boyda of Kansas, Mr. Cohen, Ms. DeLauro, Mr. Ellsworth, Mr. Loebsack, Ms. Tsongas, Mr. Welch of Vermont, Mr. Walz of Minnesota, Mr. Arcuri, Ms. Shea-Porter, Mr. Becerra, Mrs. Davis of California, and Mr. Doggett), H4064 [16MY]

Cosponsors added, H4151 [19MY]

Debated, H4160 [20MY]

Text, H4160 [20MY]

Rules suspended. Passed House amended, H4187 [20MY]

Message from the House, S4617 [21MY]

Passed Senate, S4772 [22MY]

Message from the Senate, H4821 [22MY]

- H.R. 6166—A bill to impose certain limitations on the receipt of out-of-State municipal solid waste, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.
  - By Mr. WITTMAN of Virginia (for himself, Mr. Wolf, Mr. Moran of Virginia, and Mr. Donnelly),

#### 20. Reports and Hearings

The data for these publications arrives at GPO from many different sources. Congressional committee staff members are responsible for gathering the information printed in these publications.

Report language is compiled and submitted along with the bill language to the clerks of the respective Houses. The clerks assign the report numbers, etc., and forward this information to GPO for typesetting and printing. In many instances the reports are camera-ready copy, needing only insertion of the assigned report number.

Likewise, hearings are also compiled by committee staff members. The data or captured keystrokes as submitted by the various reporting services are forwarded to GPO where the element identifier codes are programmatically inserted and galley or page output is accomplished without manual intervention. It is not cost effective to prepare the manuscript as per the GPO STYLE MANUAL as it is too time-consuming to update and change the data once it is already in type form. Therefore, these publications are to be FIC & punc., unless specifically requested otherwise by the committee. It is not necessary to stamp the copy. However, style as stated in the following rules will be followed.

## Style and format of congressional reports

Below are rules that should be followed for the makeup of congressional numbered reports. In either Senate or House reports, follow bill style in extracts from bills. Report numbers run consecutively from first to second session:

- 1. All excerpts to be set in 10-point type, cut in 2 ems on each side, except as noted in paragraph 3 below. For ellipses in cut-in matter, lines of five asterisks are used.
  - 2. Contempt proceedings to be considered as excerpts.
  - 3. The following are to be set in 10-point type, but not cut in:
    - (a) Letters that are readily identified as such by salutation and signature.
    - (b) Appendixes and/or exhibits that have a heading readily identifying them as such; and

- (c) Matter printed in compliance with the Ramseyer rule.¹
- 4. All leaderwork and lists of more than six items to be set in 8-point type.
  - 5. All tabular work to be set in 7-point gothic type.
- 6. An amendment in the nature of a substitute to be set in 8-point type, but quotations from such amendment later in the report to be treated as excerpts, but set full measure (see paragraph 10 below).
- 7. Any committee print having a report head indicated on original copy to be set in report type and style.
- 8. Committee prints not having a report head indicated on original copy to be set in committee print style; that is, excerpts to be set in 8 point, full measure.
- 9. If a committee print set as indicated in paragraph 8 is later submitted as a report or included in a report, and the type is available for pickup, such type shall be picked up and used as is in the report.
- 10. On matter that is cut in on the left only for purposes of breakdown, no space is used above and below, but on all matter that is cut in on both sides, 4 points are used above and below. Because of the indentions and the limited number of element identifiers, do not squeeze bills that are submitted as excerpts.
- 11. In reports of immigration cases, set memorandums in full measure unless preceded or followed directly by committee language. Memorandums are indented on both sides if followed by such language. Preparers should indicate the proper indention on copy.
- 12. Order of printing (Senate reports only): (1) Report, (2) minority or additional views, (3) the Cordon rule, ² (4) appendix (if any).

¹If a House report contains the "Changes in Existing Law" section (in compliance with the Ramseyer rule), all main heads within that report should be set in caps and small caps, with secondary heads set in all small caps.

²If a Senate report contains the "Changes in Existing Law" section (in compliance with the Cordon rule) with potential changes in law indicated, all main heads within that report should be set in caps and small caps, with secondary heads set in all small caps. However, if the "Changes in Existing Law" section consists of only an explanatory paragraph, all main heads within that report should be set in all small caps.

- 13. Minority or additional views will begin a new page with 10-point cap heading. In Senate reports, "Changes in Existing Law" begins a new page if following "views." In conference reports, "Joint Explanatory Statement" begins a new odd page.
- 14. Minority or additional views are printed only if they have been signed by the authoring congressperson.

#### [Sample of excerpt]

In *Palmer v. Mass.*, decided in 1939, which involved the reorganization of the New Haven Railroad, the Supreme Court said:

The judicial processes in bankruptcy proceedings under section 77 are, as it were, brigaded with the administrative processes of the Commission.

#### [Sample of an excerpt with an added excerpt]

The Interstate Commerce Commission in its report dated February 29, 1956, which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, states that it has no objection to the enactment of S. 3025, and states, in part, as follows:

The proposed amendment, however, should be considered together with the provisions of section 959(b), title 28, United States Code, which reads as follows:

"A trustee, receiver, or manager appointed in any cause pending in any court of the United States," etc.

#### [Sample of amendment]

On page 6, line 3, strike the words "and the service", strike all of lines 4, 5, and 6, and insert in lieu thereof the following:

and, notwithstanding any other provision of law, the service credit authorized by this clause 3 of rule XIII of the Rule of the House of Representatives, change shall not—

(A) be included in establishing eligibility for voluntary or involuntary retirement or separation from the service, under any provision of law;

#### [Sample of amendment]

The amendments are indicated in the bill as reported and are as follows: On page 2, line 15, change the period to a colon and add the following:

*Provided*, That such approaches shall include only those necessary portions of streets, avenues, and boulevards, etc.

On page 3, line 12, after "operated", insert "free of tolls".

[Sample of amendment in the nature of a substitute]

The amendment is as follows:

Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the following:

That the second paragraph under the heading "National Park Service" in the Act of July 31, 1953 (67 Stat. 261, 271), is amended to read as follows: "The Secretary of the Interior shall hereafter report in detail all proposed awards of concessions leases and contracts involving a gross annual business of \$100,000 or more, or of more than five years in duration, including renewals thereof, sixty days before such awards are made, to the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives for transmission to the appropriate committees."

#### [Sample of letter inserted in report]

The Department of Defense recommends enactment of the proposed legislation and the Office of Management and Budget interposes no objection as indicated by the following attached letter, which is hereby made a part of this report:

March 21, 2008.

Hon. Nancy Pelosi, Speaker of the House of Representatives, Washington, DC.

My Dear Madam Speaker: There is forwarded herewith a draft of legislation to amend section 303 of the Career Compensation Act.

*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Sincer	ely yours,					
				Douglas	A. Brook,	
			Assista	nt Secreta	$ry$ of the $\Lambda$	$Javy \square \square \square$
				(Finan	cial Mana	gement). $[$

[Sample of cut-in for purposes of breakdown; no spacing above or below]

Under uniform regulations prescribed by the Secretaries concerned, a member of the uniformed services who—

- (1) is retired for physical disability or placed upon the temporary disability retired list; or
- (2) is retired with pay for any other reason, or is discharged with severance pay, immediately following at least eight years of continuous active duty (no single break therein of more than ninety days);

may select his home for the purposes of the travel and transportation allowances payable under this subsection, etc.

### [Sample of leaderwork]

Among the 73 vessels mentioned above, 42 are classified as major combatant ships (aircraft carriers through escort vessels), in the following types:

Forrestal-c Destroyers							4 10
Destroyers	••••••	•••••	•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••	•••••	10
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Guided-mis	sile subma	arine					1
Total						_	42

#### [Sample of sectional analysis]

#### SECTIONAL ANALYSIS

Section 1. Increase of 1 year in constructive service for promotion purposes

The principal purpose of the various subsections of section 1 is to provide a 1-year increase for medical and dental officers in . . .

* * * * * * *

Subsection 101(a) is in effect a restatement of the existing law

This subsection authorizes the President to make regular appointments in the grade of first lieutenant through .  $\,$ .

* * * * * * * *

#### [Sample of amendment under Ramseyer rule]

#### CHANGES IN EXISTING LAW

In compliance with clause 3 of rule XII of the Rules of the House of Representatives, changes in existing law made by the bill, as introduced, are shown as follows (existing law proposed to be omitted is enclosed in black brackets, new matter is printed in italic, existing law in which no change is proposed is shown in roman):

EXPORT CONTROL ACT OF 1949

* * * * * * *

#### TERMINATION DATE

Sec. 12. The authority granted herein shall terminate on June 30, [1956] 1959, or upon any prior date which the Congress by concurrent resolution or the President may designate.

[The following examples are for sample purposes only]
[Sample of "Report" Skeleton]

114TH CONGRESS

2d Session

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

REPORT 114–716

PROVIDING FOR STABILITY OF TITLE TO CERTAIN LANDS IN THE STATE OF LOUISIANA, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES ¹

SEPTEMBER 6, 2016.—Committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed  2 

Mr. BISHOP of Utah, from the Committee on Natural Resources, submitted the following

#### REPORT

together with

#### DISSENTING VIEWS

[To accompany H.R. 3342]

[Including cost estimate of the Congressional Budget Office]

The Committee on Natural Resources, to whom was referred the bill (H.R. 3342) to provide for stability of title to certain lands in the State of Louisiana, and for other purposes, having considered the same, report favorably thereon without amendment and recommend that the bill do pass.  3 

#### PURPOSE OF THE BILL 4

The purpose of H.R. 3342 is to provide for the stability of title to certain lands in the State of Louisiana.

#### BACKGROUND AND NEED FOR LEGISLATION

In 1842, the U.S. government completed a survey of lands in Louisiana that included the area surrounding Lake Bistineau. Using the results of this survey, Louisiana delineated its ownership of lands under the Equal Footing Doctrine and transferred 7,000 acres of land around Lake Bistineau to the Commissioners of the Bossier Levee District in 1901. Three years later, the Commissioners of the Bossier Levee District conveyed this land to private ownership.

¹ If title makes more than three lines in 10-point caps, set in 8-point caps.

²Must be set as indicated in copy. If illustrations accompany copy and are not ordered to be printed, do not add *with illustrations*. Return copy to Production Manager.

³ If the wording in this paragraph is prepared in the singular form, follow.

 $^{^4}$ For Senate Committee on Finance and House Committee on Ways and Means, heads are set in bold caps.

#### [Sample of "Report" Skeleton]

#### Calendar No. 584 ¹

114TH CONGRESS 2d Session

SENATE

Report 114–312

#### JOHN MUIR NATIONAL HISTORIC SITE EXPANSION ACT

August 30, 2016.—Ordered to be printed

Filed, under authority of the order of the Senate of July 14, 2016 2

Ms. Murkowski, from the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, submitted the following

#### REPORT

[To accompany H.R. 1289]

The Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, to which was referred the bill (H.R. 1289) to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to acquire approximately 44 acres of land in Martinez, California, and for other purposes, having considered the same, reports favorably thereon without amendment and recommends that the bill do pass.

#### PURPOSE

The purpose of H.R. 1289 is to acquire approximately 44 acres of land in Martinez, California.

#### BACKGROUND AND NEED

The John Muir National Historic Site was established by Congress in 1964 (Public Law 88–547) and is located in the San Francisco Bay Area, in Martinez, California. The historic site preserves the 14-room Italianate Victorian mansion where the naturalist and writer John Muir lived, as well as a nearby 325-acre tract of native oak woodlands and grasslands historically owned by the Muir family.

The legislation would authorize the Department of the Interior to acquire by donation approximately 44 acres for inclusion in the John Muir National Historic Site. The 44 acres includes adjacent lands from John Swett's historic estate, who was also a farmer, friend, and neighbor of John Muir in the Alhambra Valley hills. Securing this property would benefit the Muir site as it will help pro-

¹Use this type and form only on Senate reports. There is only one calendar in the Senate.

² Style for filed line, if present.

#### [Sample of "Report" Skeleton]

 $\begin{array}{c} 114 \text{TH Congress} \\ 2d \ Session \end{array}$ 

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

REPORT 114-724

PROVIDING  1  FOR CONSIDERATION OF THE BILL (H.R. 5063) TO LIMIT DONATIONS MADE PURSUANT TO SETTLEMENT AGREEMENTS TO WHICH THE UNITED STATES IS A PARTY, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES  2 

SEPTEMBER 6, 2016.—Referred to the House Calendar and ordered to be printed

Mr. Collins of Georgia, from the Committee on Rules, submitted the following

#### REPORT

[To accompany H. Res. 843]

The Committee on Rules, having had under consideration House Resolution 843, by a record vote of 9 to 2, report the same to the House with the recommendation that the resolution be adopted.

#### SUMMARY OF PROVISIONS OF THE RESOLUTION

The resolution provides for consideration of H.R. 5063, the Stop Settlement Slush Funds Act of 2016, under a structured rule. The resolution waives all points of order against consideration of the bill. The resolution provides one hour of general debate equally divided and controlled by the chair and ranking minority member of the Committee on the Judiciary. The resolution makes in order as original text for the purpose of amendment the amendment in the nature of a substitute recommended by the Committee on the Judiciary now printed in the bill and provides that it shall be considered as read. The resolution waives all points of order against that amendment in the nature of a substitute. The resolution makes in order only those further amendments printed in this report. Each such amendment may be offered only in the order printed in this report, may be offered only by a Member designated in this report, shall be considered as read, shall be debatable for the time specified in this report equally divided and controlled by the proponent and an opponent, shall not be subject to amendment, and shall not be subject to a demand for division of the question in the House or in the Committee of the Whole. The resolution waives all points of order against the amendments printed in this report. The resolution provides one motion to recommit with or without instructions.

¹ If copy reads "To make" change to "Making", "To provide" change to "Providing", "To amend" change to "Amending".

² Sample of 8-point head.

114TH CONGRESS

1st Session

#### HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Rерокт 114–376

# TRADE FACILITATION AND TRADE ENFORCEMENT ACT OF 2015

DECEMBER 9, 2015.—Ordered to be printed

Mr. Brady of Texas, from the committee of conference, submitted the following

#### CONFERENCE REPORT

[To accompany H.R. 644]

The committee of conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendment of the House to the amendment of the Senate to the bill (H.R. 644), to reauthorize trade facilitation and trade enforcement functions and activities, and for other purposes, having met, after full and free conference, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to their respective Houses as follows:

That the Senate recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the House to the amendment of the Senate and agree to the same with an amendment as follows:

In lieu of the matter proposed to be inserted by the House amendment, insert the following:

#### SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the "Trade Facilitation and Trade Enforcement Act of 2015".
- (b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents for this Act is follows:
- Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
- Sec. 2. Definitions.

#### TITLE I—TRADE FACILITATION AND TRADE ENFORCEMENT

- Sec. 101. Improving partnership programs.
- Sec. 102. Report on effectiveness of trade enforcement activities.
- Sec. 103. Priorities and performance standards for customs modernization, trade facilitation, and trade enforcement functions and programs.
- Sec. 104. Educational seminars to improve efforts to classify and appraise imported articles, to improve trade enforcement efforts, and to otherwise facilitate legitimate international trade.
- Sec. 105. Joint strategic plan.
- Sec. 106. Automated Commercial Environment.
- Sec. 107. International Trade Data System.

# JOINT EXPLANATORY STATEMENT OF THE COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE

The managers on the part of the House and the Senate at the conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendment of the House to the amendment of the Senate to the bill (H.R. 644), to reauthorize trade facilitation and trade enforcement functions and activities, and for other purposes, submit the following joint statement to the House and the Senate in explanation of the effect of the action agreed upon by the managers and recommended in the accompanying conference report:

The Senate amendment struck all of the House bill after the

enacting clause and inserted a substitute text.

The House amendment struck all of the Senate amendment

after the enacting clause and inserted a substitute text.

The Senate recedes from its disagreement to the amendment of the House with an amendment that is a substitute for the House amendment and the Senate amendment. The differences between the Senate amendment, the House amendment, and the substitute agreed to in conference are noted below, except for clerical corrections, conforming changes made necessary by agreements reached by the conferees, and minor drafting and clarifying changes.

#### DIVISION A—TRADE FACILITATION AND TRADE ENFORCEMENT ACT OF 2015

TITLE I—TRADE FACILITATION AND TRADE ENFORCEMENT

SECTION 101. IMPROVING PARTNERSHIP PROGRAMS

#### Present Law

The Customs-Trade Partnership Against Terrorism (C–TPAT), codified in the Security and Accountability for Every Port Act (SAFE Port Act) of 2006 (6 U.S.C. 961 et seq.), is a voluntary trade partnership program in which Customs and Border Protection (CBP) and members of the trade community work together to secure and facilitate the movement of legitimate trade. Companies that are members of C–TPAT are considered low-risk, which expedites cargo clearance based on the company's security profile and compliance history.

#### House Amendment

Section 101 requires the Commissioner of CBP to work with the private sector and other Federal agencies to ensure that all CBP partnership programs provide trade benefits to participants. This would apply to partnership programs established before enactment of this bill, and any programs established after enactment. It establishes elements for the development and operation of any such partnership programs, which require the Commissioner to: 1) con-

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EARMARK, LIMITED TAX BENEFITS, AND LIMITED TARIFF BENEFITS

In compliance with clause 9(e), 9(f), and 9(g) of Rule XXI of the Rules of the House of Representatives, the conference report and joint explanatory statement contain no earmarks, limited tax benefits, or limited tariff benefits.

#### CONSTITUTIONAL STATEMENT OF AUTHORITY

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following: Article I, Section 8, Clause 3 of the United States Constitution.

For consideration of the Senate bill and the House amendments, and modifications committed to conference:

FRED UPTON,
JOSEPH R. PITTS,
LEONARD LANCE,
BRETT GUTHRIE,
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MIKE BISHOP,
KEVIN MCCARTHY,

From the Committee on Education and the Workforce, for consideration of title VII of the House amendment, and modifications committed to conference:

Lou Barletta,

EARL L. "BUDDY" CARTER,

From the Committee on Veterans' Affairs, for consideration of title III of the House amendment, and modifications committed to conference:

GUS M. BILIRAKIS, JACKIE WALORSKI,

From the Committee on Ways and Means, for consideration of sec. 705 of the Senate bill, and sec. 804 of the House amendment, and modifications committed to conference:

Patrick Meehan, Robert J. Dold, Managers on the Part of the House.

CHUCK GRASSLEY,
LAMAR ALEXANDER,
ORRIN G. HATCH,
JEFF SESSIONS,
Managers on the Part of the Senate.

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# FINANCIAL SERVICES AND GENERAL **GOVERNMENT APPROPRIATIONS FOR 2016**

# **HEARINGS**

BEFORE A

#### SUBCOMMITTEE OF THE

# COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

ONE HUNDRED FOURTEENTH CONGRESS FIRST SESSION

SUBCOMMITTEE ON FINANCIAL SERVICES AND GENERAL GOVERNMENT APPROPRIATIONS

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JOSÉ E. SERRANO, New York MIKE QUIGLEY, Illinois CHAKA FATTAH, Pennsylvania

NOTE: Under Committee Rules, Mr. Rogers, as Chairman of the Full Committee, and Mrs. Lowey, as Ranking Minority Member of the Full Committee, are authorized to sit as Members of all Subcommittees.

> WINNIE CHANG, KELLY HITCHCOCK, ARIANA SARAR, and AMY CUSHING, Subcommittee Staff

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WILLIAM E. SMITH, Clerk and Staff Director

[House Appropriation Hearing sample]

#### DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY APPROPRIATIONS FOR 2009

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 2008.

# IMMIGRATION ENFORCEMENT: IDENTIFICATION AND REMOVAL OF CRIMINAL ALIENS, STUDENT AND EXCHANGE VISITOR PROGRAM FEE INCREASES

#### WITNESSES

CATHERYN COTTEN, DIRECTOR, INTERNATIONAL OFFICE, DUKE UNIVERSITY

JULIE L. MYERS, ASSISTANT SECRETARY, U.S. IMMIGRATION AND CUSTOMS ENFORCEMENT [ICE], DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

Mr. PRICE. Subcommittee will come to order. Good morning, everyone. Today we will be discussing the wide variety of activities carried out by Immigration and Customs Enforcement, or ICE, and we will first focus on the Agency's Student and Exchange Visitor Program.

#### BALANCING SECURITY AND STUDENT NEEDS

Mr. PRICE. Thank you very much. We will put your entire statement in the record, which of course elaborates on the points you made and goes beyond them. Let me ask you first a rather broad question, and then I will zero in somewhat on the fee increases and the benefits that might accrue from an increased flow of fee revenue.

#### [Note style for questions and answers]

Question. What percentage of cases presented to prosecutors along the Southwest border are prosecuted? Provide by sector and/or state. What was the prosecution rate of criminals picked up off the street? (Culberson)

Answer. ICE does not track prosecutions, however, ICE works closely with U.S. Attorneys and state and local prosecutors nationwide on a wide variety of cases.

FY2007 SAC office	Criminal arrests	Indictments	Convictions*
El Paso, TX	2,435	1,882	1.704
Phoenix, AZ	1.641	623	770
San Antonio, TX	1.588	1.172	1,155
San Diego, CA	2,318	1,147	1,842
Fiscal Year Total	7,982	4,824	5,471

^{*}Indictments and convictions may be comprised of arrests from previous years.

Mr. CULBERSON. Okay.

#### [Standard Hearing sample]

# ORGANIZATIONAL MEETING ON ADOPTION OF COMMITTEE RULES; CONSIDERATION OF INTERIM REPORT; AND HEARING ON VOTING IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

#### THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 2007

House of Representatives,	
SELECT COMMITTEE TO INVESTIGATE THE VOTING	
IRREGULARITIES OF AUGUST 2, 2007,□□[	
Washington, DC.[	

The committee met, pursuant to call, at 9:11 a.m., in Room H-313, The Capitol, Hon. William D. Delahunt (Chairman of the committee) presiding.

Present: Representatives Delahunt, Davis, Herseth Sandlin,

Pence, LaTourette and Hulshof.

The CHAIRMAN. A quorum being present, the select committee will come to order.

Today we are meeting to do three tasks: adopt our committee rules, adopt the internal report, and to hear for the first time—of what we expect to be multiple occasions—from the Office of the House Clerk. We will wait for the gentlelady from South Dakota, who was at her other select committee.

I now recognize myself for 5 minutes to make an opening statement, but before I do, let me note I will then go to Congressman Pence as the Ranking Member. And in subsequent hearings, it would be our hope that just he and I would make opening statements. But on this initial hearing, any member of the panel that wishes to make an opening statement is most welcome.

I would be remiss not to begin by thanking the Chair of the House Rules Committee, Louise Slaughter, and the Ranking Member, David Dreier, for making their hearing room available to the select committee.

I also want to welcome everyone to this initial meeting of the select committee that has been mandated by the House to review roll call No. 814. I would note that none of the Members sought this particular assignment, but each of us appreciates the role and the significance of the House in our unique constitutional order, and recognize that the integrity of the system by which we cast our votes on the House floor is essential to the confidence that the American people have in this institution, aptly described as the people's House.

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